

# Transformers

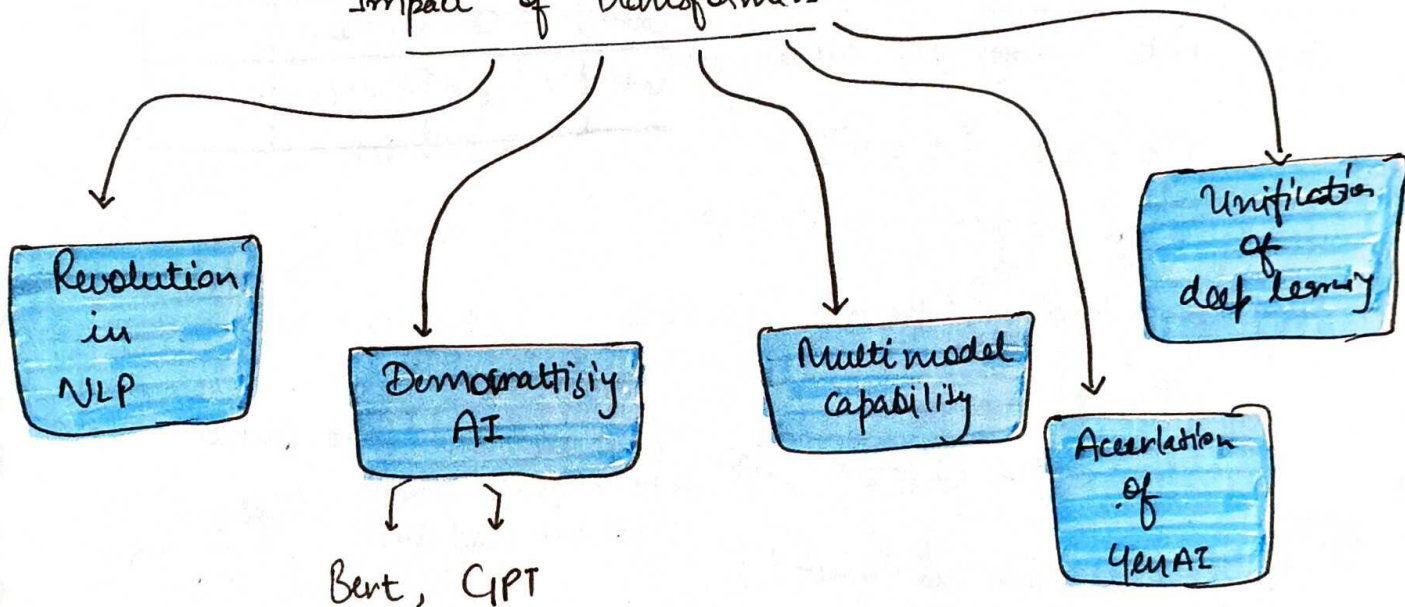
ANN → Tabular Data

CNN → Image Data

RNN → Sequence data  
(Text)

Transformer → Sequence  
to Sequence  
task

## Impact of Transformers



# Self Attention

The what

NLP → Words to number [vectorization]

Very important

Methods

1. OHE

mat cat mat  
cat rat rat

$[100]$   $[010]$   $[100]$

|     | mat | cat | rat |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| mat | 1   | 0   | 0   |
| cat | 0   | 1   | 0   |
| rat | 0   | 0   | 1   |

2) Bag of words (BOW)

mat rat cat

$s_1$   $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  → cat 1 times in first sentence

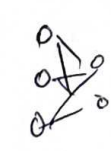
↳ mat 2 times in first sentence

$s_2$  0 2 1

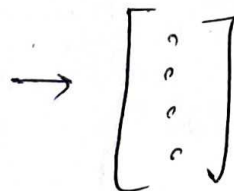
↳ 2nd sentence

3) Word embedding → Semantic Meaning

Training Data (Very large) →



NN



↳ n-dim vector

Each word converted into n-dim vector

Let say, we have 5-dim vector

king  $\rightarrow [0.6 \ 0.2 \ 1.0 \ 0.9]$

Queen  $\rightarrow [0.3 \ 0.2 \ 0.4 \ 1.0]$

If both words are similar <sup>or same</sup> then Vector of the both words will be similar because of we are finding Semantic.

The problem of "Average Meaning"

1) An apple a day keeps the doctor away

2) Apple is healthy.

3) Apple is better than orange.

4) Apple makes great phones

...

1st line  $\rightarrow$  Apple khane/taste  $\rightarrow [x \ y]$   
ki baat ho rhi  $\rightarrow [0.6 \ 0]$

2nd line  $\rightarrow$  More sure  $\downarrow$   
Apple khane/taste  $[0.7 \ 0]$   
ki baat ho rhi

3rd line  $\rightarrow$  Apple khane/taste  $[0.8 \ 0]$   
ki baat ho rhi

4th line  $\rightarrow$  Technology ki  $[0.8 \ 0.2]$   
bat ho rhi

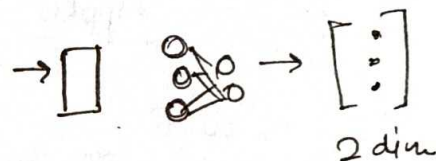
Total sentence  $\rightarrow 10000$

9000 sentence  
 $\downarrow$   
Fruits/taste

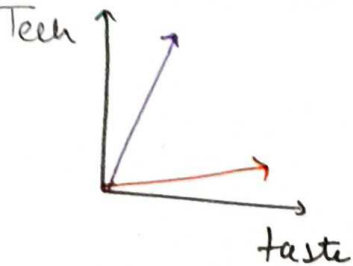
1000 sentence  
 $\downarrow$   
Tech

$\rightarrow$  Overall Vector  
 $[0.9 \ 0.3]$

more tilted to taste than tech



$[x \ y]$   
taste  $\leftarrow$   $\rightarrow$  technology



Data → tilted toward taste than Tech

Data → tilted toward Tech than taste

## Problem

Word embedding create one time and use many time.

↳ Static

↳ ek baar embedding ban gya to har bar wahi use karne hai.

eg: Apple launched a new phone while I was eating an orange.

↳ Eng to Hindi  
Translation

\* But our data is tilted toward taste  
So this Apple treated as a fruit not technology.  $[0.9 \quad 0.3]$

But we want to change value based on content.

So, this problem solve self Attention.

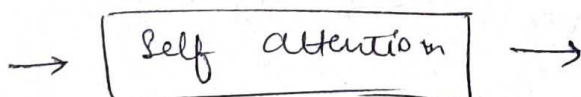
e<sub>apple</sub>

e<sub>launch</sub>

e<sub>phone</sub>

e<sub>orange</sub>

↳ embeddings



y<sub>apple</sub>

y<sub>launch</sub>

y<sub>phone</sub>

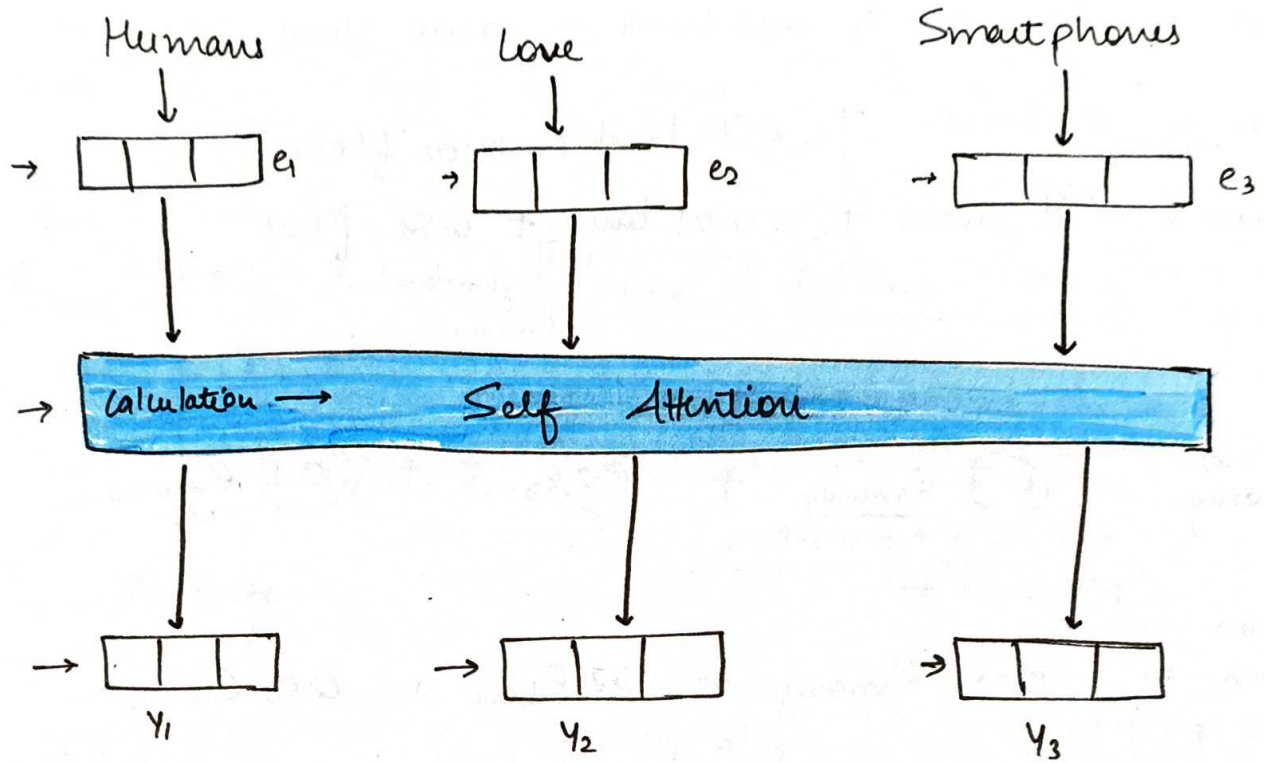
y<sub>orange</sub>

↳

New  
embeddings

(Smart contextual embedding)





### First principle Approach

money bank grows

$$\text{bank} \rightarrow 0.3 \text{ money} + 0.7 \text{ bank} + 0.1 \text{ grows}$$

river bank flows

$$\text{bank} \rightarrow 0.5 \text{ river} + 0.4 \text{ bank} + 0.1 \text{ flows}$$

So, bank word not only made with bank but also made with other words too.

$$\text{money} = 0.7 \text{ money} + 0.2 \text{ bank} + 0.1 \text{ grows}$$

$$\text{bank} = 0.25 \text{ money} + 0.7 \text{ bank} + 0.05 \text{ grow}$$

$$\text{grows} = 0.1 \text{ money} + 0.2 \text{ bank} + 0.7 \text{ grows}$$

$$\text{river} = 0.8 \text{ river} + 0.15 \text{ bank} + 0.05 \text{ flows}$$

$$\text{bank} = 0.2 \text{ river} + 0.78 \text{ bank} + 0.02 \text{ flows}$$

$$\text{flows} = 0.4 \text{ river} + 0.01 \text{ bank} + 0.59 \text{ flows}$$

$$e_{\text{money}}^{(\text{new})} = 0.7 e_{\text{money}} + 0.2 e_{\text{bank}} + 0.1 e_{\text{grows}}$$

$\nearrow$   $n$  dim vector □ □ □

$$e_{\text{bank}}^{(\text{new})} = 0.25 e_{\text{money}} + 0.7 e_{\text{bank}} + 0.05 e_{\text{grows}}$$

$$e_{\text{grows}}^{(\text{new})} = 0.1 e_{\text{money}} + 0.2 e_{\text{bank}} + 0.7 e_{\text{grows}}$$

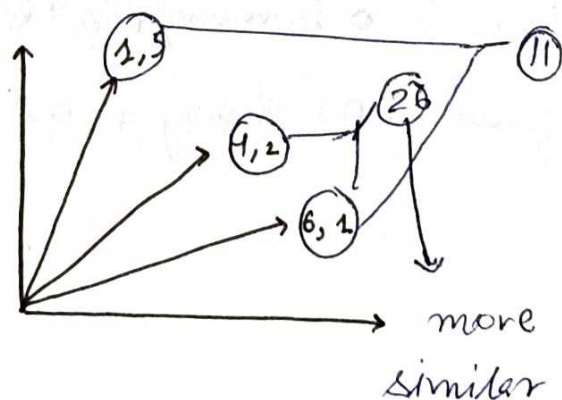
$\left[ \begin{array}{l} 0.7 \text{ times old embedding money se bna hai} \\ 0.2 \text{ times old embedding bank se bna hai} \\ 0.1 \text{ times old embedding grows se bna hai} \end{array} \right]$

as we can say

$\left[ \begin{array}{l} 0.7 \rightarrow \text{similarity bet}^n \text{ money embedding and money embedding} \\ 0.2 \rightarrow \text{similarity bet}^n \text{ money embedding and bank embedding} \\ 0.1 \rightarrow \text{similarity bet}^n \text{ money embedding and grows embedding} \end{array} \right]$

And All these  
embeddings are  
vectors. And Dot

product bet<sup>n</sup> vectors  
is known as similarity



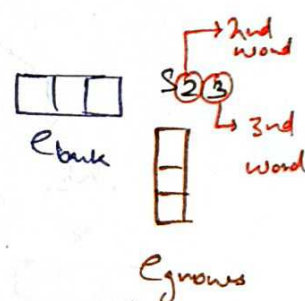
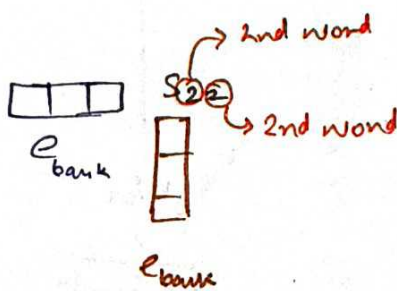
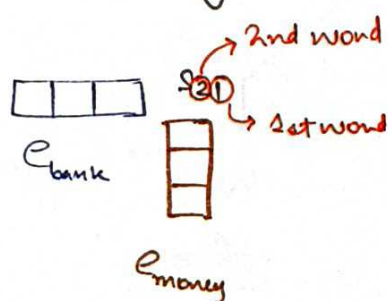
$$e_{\text{bank}}^{(\text{new})} = 0.25 e_{\text{money}} + 0.7 e_{\text{bank}} + 0.05 e_{\text{grows}}$$

$$e_{\text{bank}}^{(\text{new})} = [e_{\text{bank}} \cdot e_{\text{money}}^T] e_{\text{money}} + [e_{\text{bank}} \cdot e_{\text{bank}}^T] e_{\text{bank}} + [e_{\text{bank}} \cdot e_{\text{grows}}^T] e_{\text{grows}}$$

$$0.25 + 0.7 + 0.05 = 1$$

→ Normalized

Similarity



Soft Max

$w_{21}$

$$w_{21} = \frac{e^{s_{21}}}{e^{s_{21}} + e^{s_{22}} + e^{s_{23}}}$$

$w_{22}$

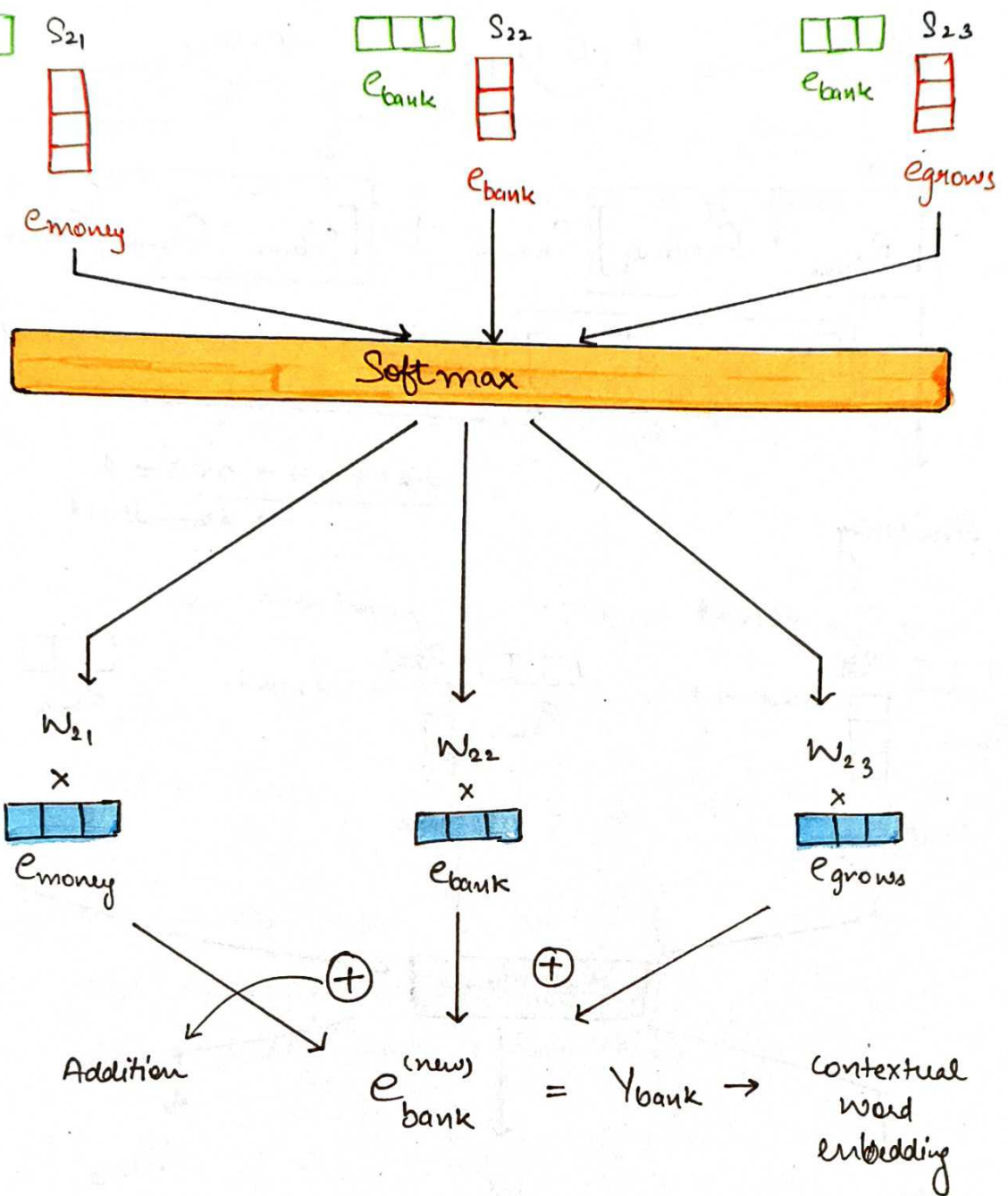
$$w_{22} = \frac{e^{s_{22}}}{e^{s_{21}} + e^{s_{22}} + e^{s_{23}}}$$

$w_{23}$

$$w_{23} = \frac{e^{s_{23}}}{e^{s_{21}} + e^{s_{22}} + e^{s_{23}}}$$

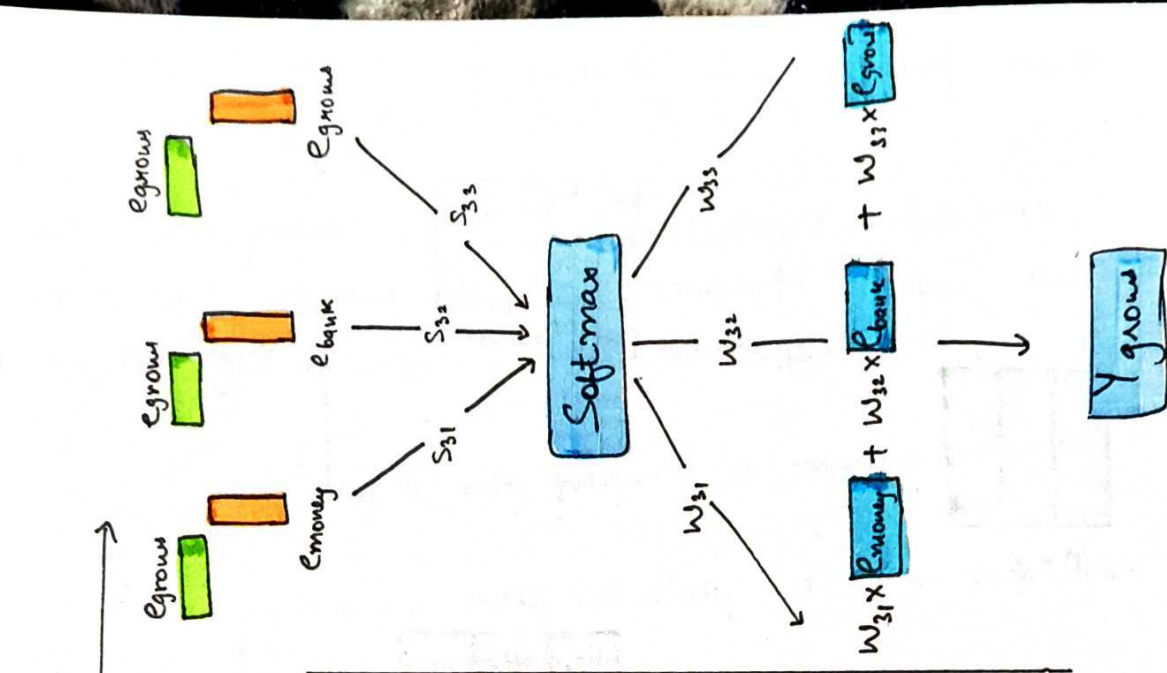
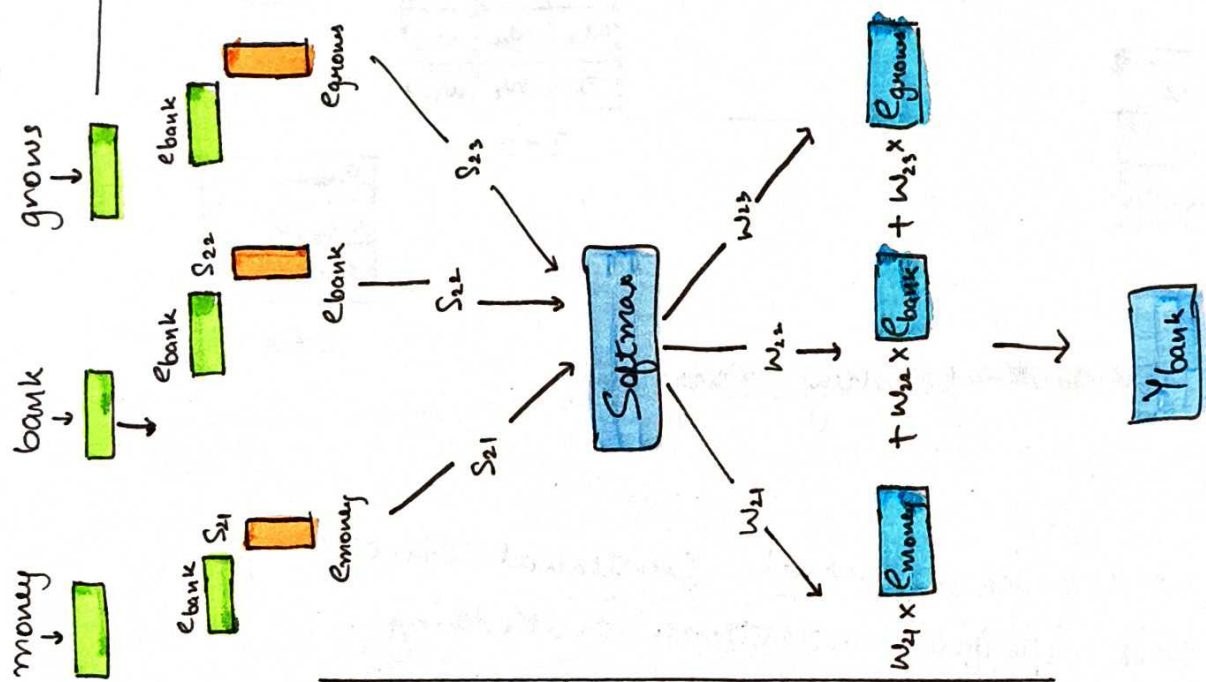
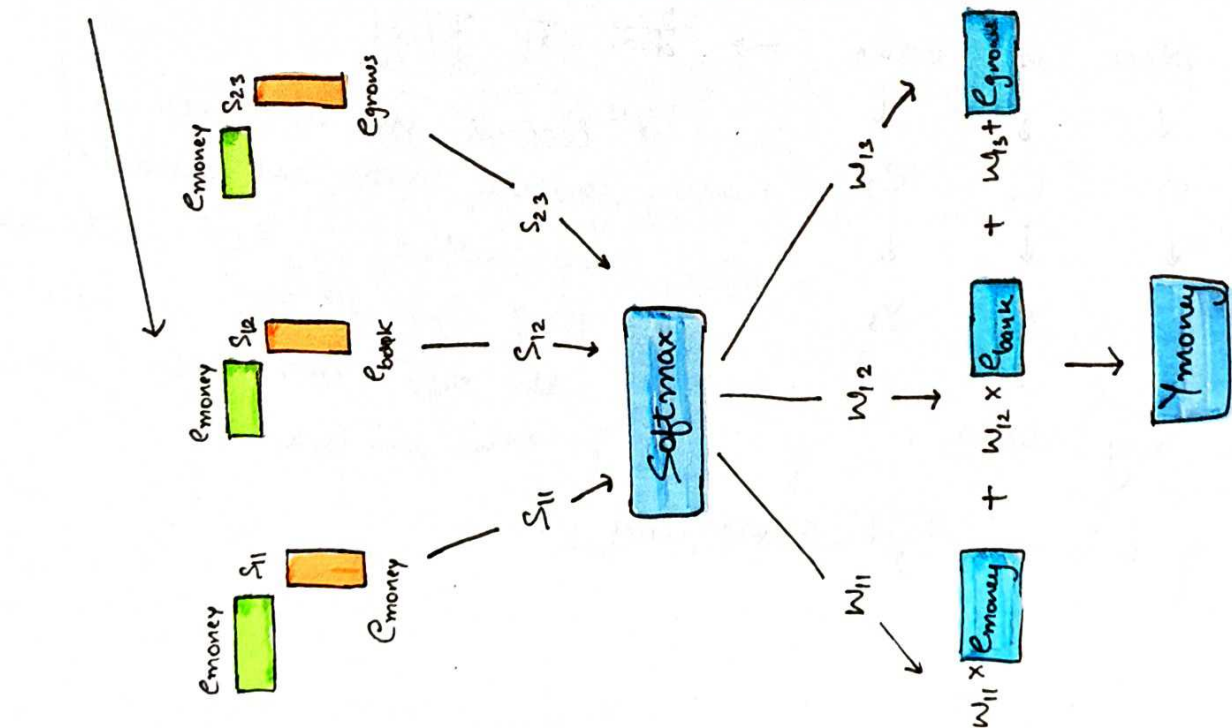
$w_{21}$ ,  $w_{23}$  and  $w_{22}$  is Normalized because sum of  $w_{21} + w_{23} + w_{22}$  is 1.



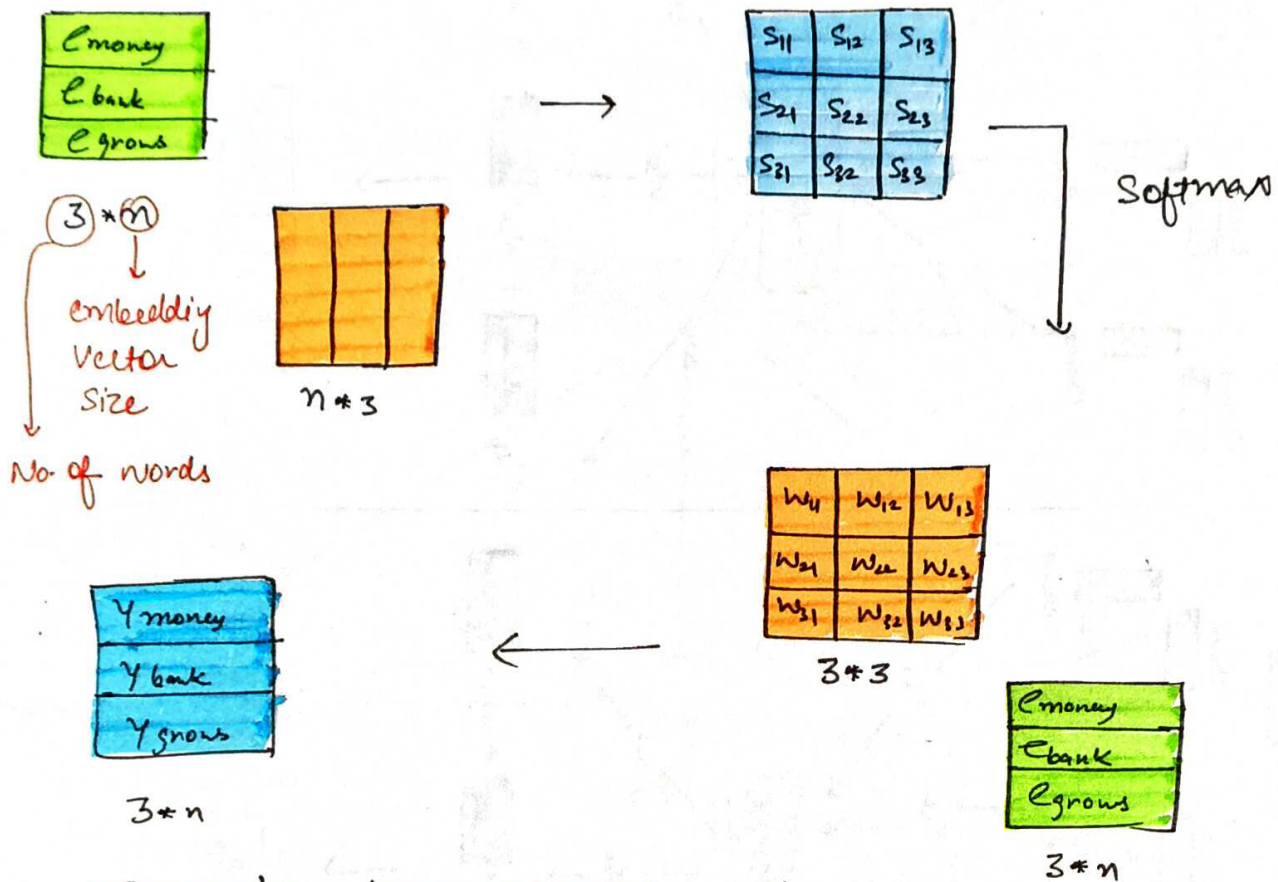


This diagram is only for  $Y_{bank}$   
 and  $e_{bank}$  is contextual word embedding





How to train process in Parallel?



There is not learning parameter.

Problem

Our Approach is general contextual embedding  
Not task specific contextual embedding.

eg:- piece of cake  $\rightarrow$  केक का टुकड़ा

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$   
 $e_1 \quad e_2 \quad e_3$   
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$   
 $y_1 \quad y_2 \quad y_3$

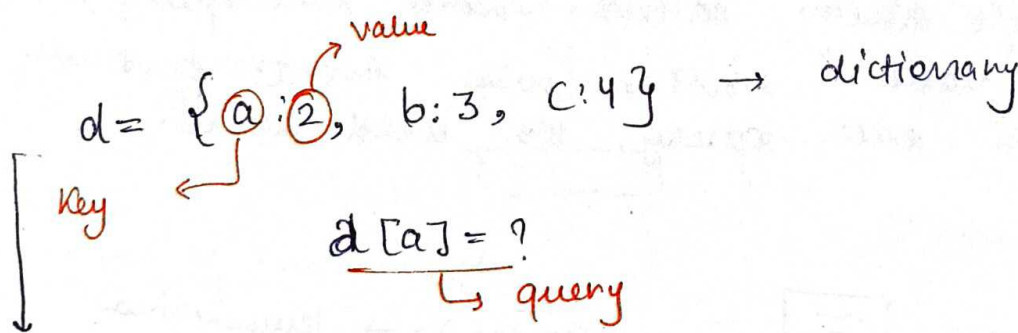
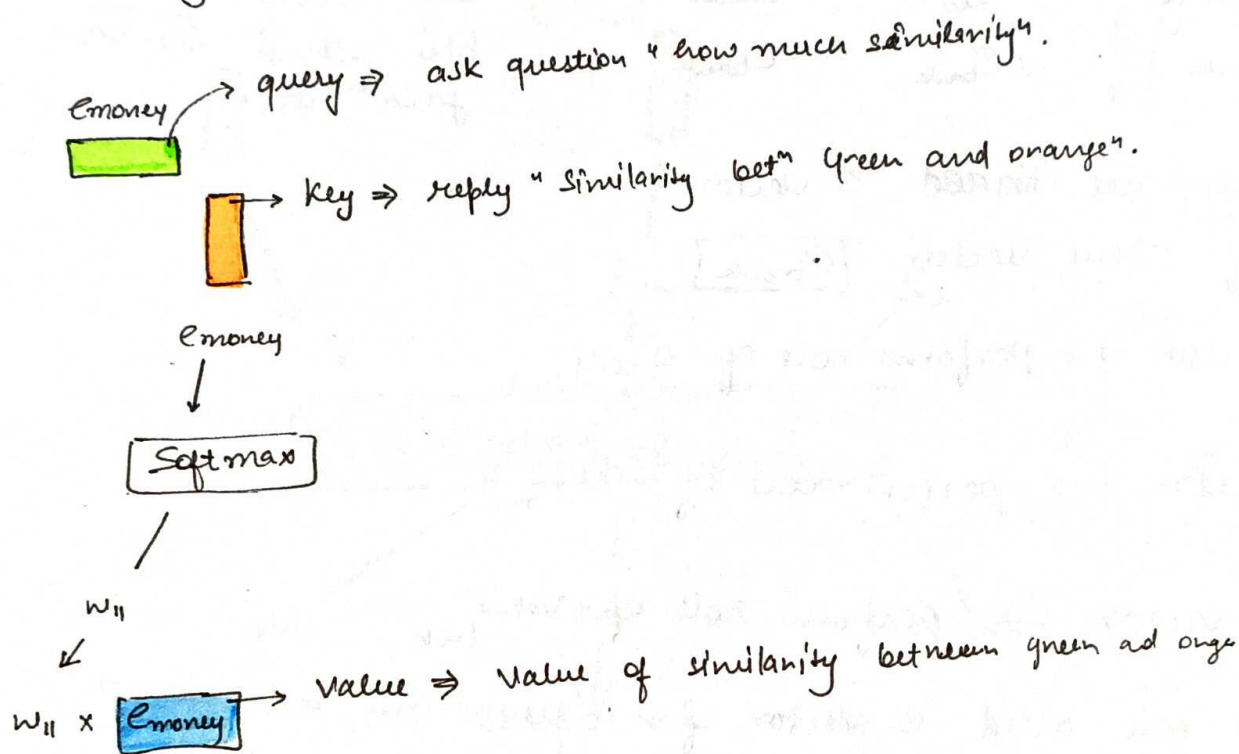
\* Because we are using general contextual embedding our output is बहुत आसान काम।  
~~कभी~~ \* केक का टुकड़ा। कभी  
 भी "बहुत आसान काम" output  
 नहीं कर सके।

but in my data

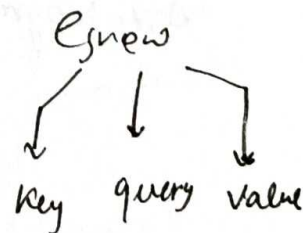
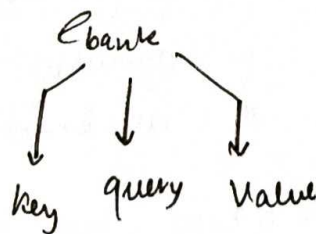
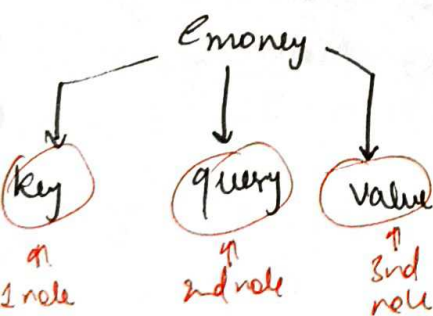
piece of cake  $\rightarrow$  बहुत आसान काम

If Task specific contextual embedding use then must be output is "वर्ण्य आशय कोय".

At some point general contextual embedding will fail.  
If I am doing sentiment analysis then embedding  $\rightarrow$  accordingly to sentiment analysis task.

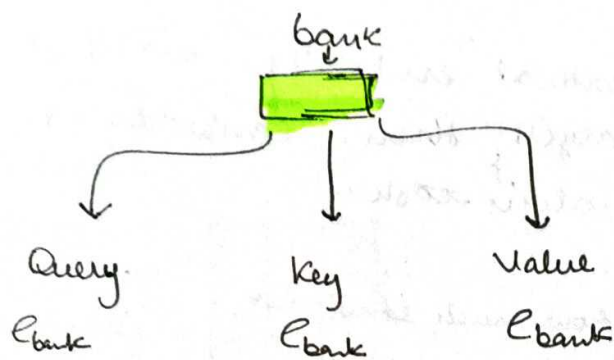


$\rightarrow$  doing same thing on diagram.  
 $\rightarrow$  every embedding play 3 roles.





# Query, Key & Value Vectors



## Problem

Ye query bli khud li ban jata hai. Key bli and Value bli khud li ban jata hai.

\* ideally we need 3 vector of this vector. Query bank

1 Vector → perform role of Query bank

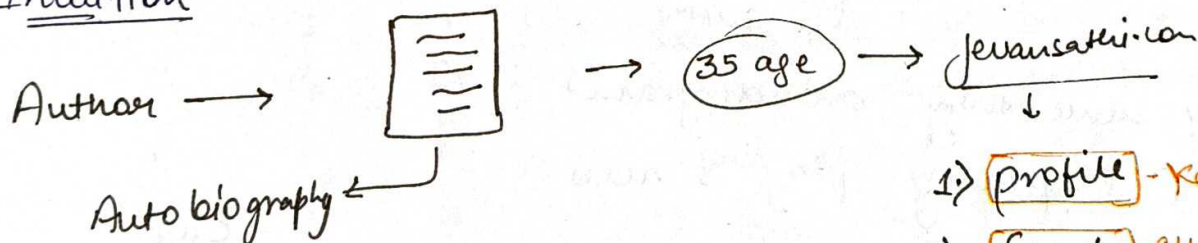
2 Vector → perform role of Key bank

3 Vector → perform role of Value bank

Why we need 3 vector for query, key and value?

because single vector cannot work like query, key and value. That's why create particular vector for each query, key and value.

## Intuition



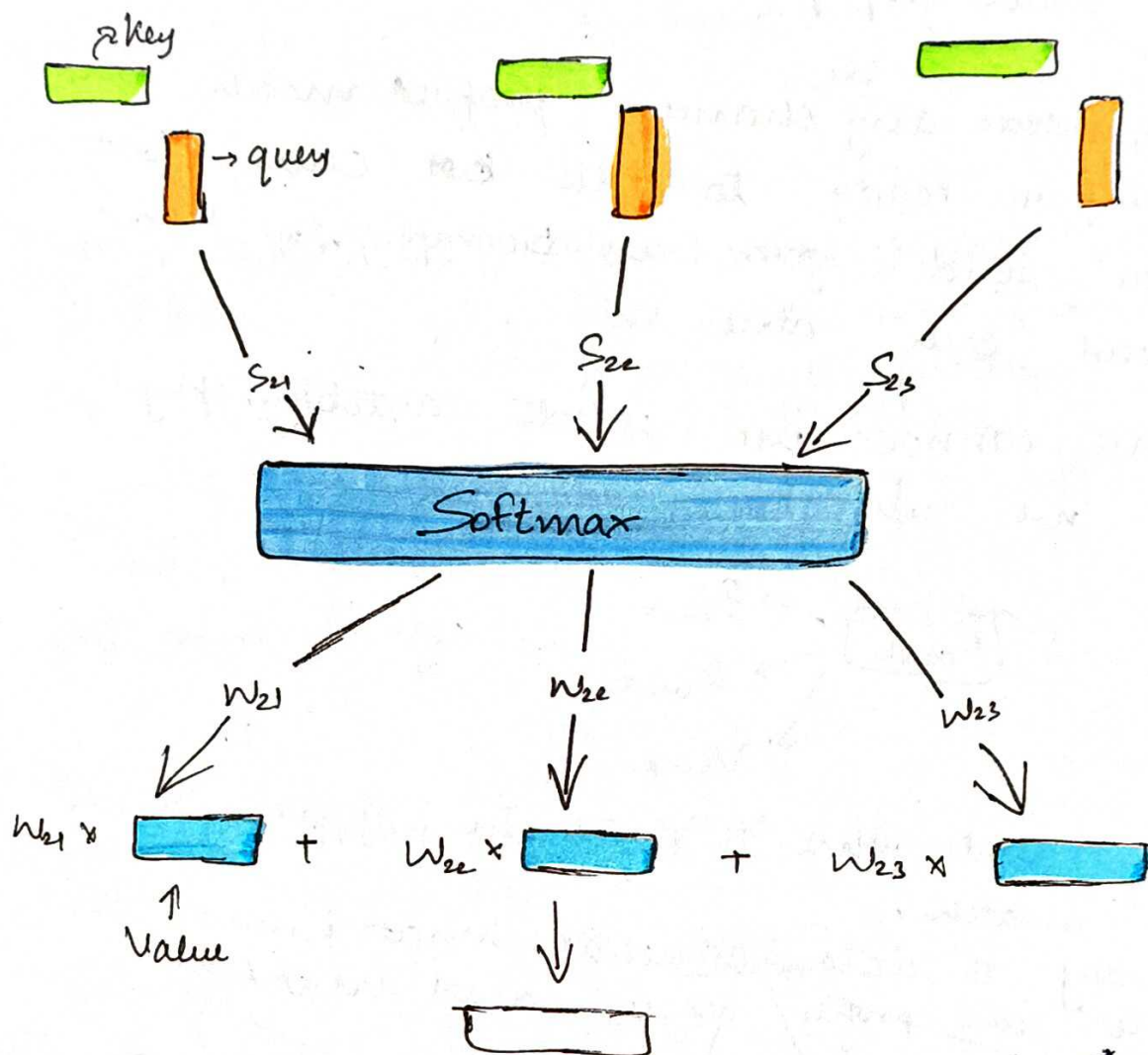
Auto biography

- 1) profile - Key
- 2) Search query →
- 3) Match - value

query  $\rightarrow$  qualification of girl, state of living, hobbies

key  $\rightarrow$  My profile  $\Rightarrow$  girl know about me.

Value  $\rightarrow$  After match  $\Rightarrow$  Start conversation.



Conclusion of this example:

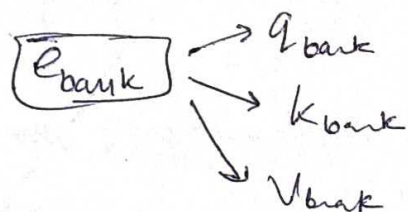
Embedding  $\rightarrow$  key  
                   $\rightarrow$  query  
                   $\rightarrow$  value

1. If I want to share my profile to girl then I'll share personalities, good things, hobbies. If I'll share my Autobiography instead of simple profile because in autobiography already written so, it will create awkwardness to other girl.
2. If I want search girl and I write all autobiography in search bar because in autobiography also wrote

about which type of girls I like to marry.  
Write whole biography in search bar and  
may be <sup>↓ give suggest</sup> wrong girls option because of  
long autobiography.

3. By ~~giving~~ any chance profiled match and  
girl is ready to talk ~~but~~ chat but  
you send your autobiography to know  
about each other.

So, we cannot use whole autobiography.  
That's we use key, query, value.



How I decide what to write in Profile, Search  
and match.

→ According to data I decide what I want to  
write in profile search and match.

How?

→ First I write → I wrote political books <sup>Suggestion</sup> → ~~only~~ Those  
in profile girls who are  
interested in  
politics

According to data, I  
understood that I have  
to change profile from  
Political book writer to  
Authors / writer.

but I don't  
like girls who  
are interested in  
politics



→ First I write  
in Search

→ Working profession / Non-Working

I like only  
working girls

Decision

After conversation <sup>with</sup> of  
both type of girls,

Data

→ First I write  
in Match

→

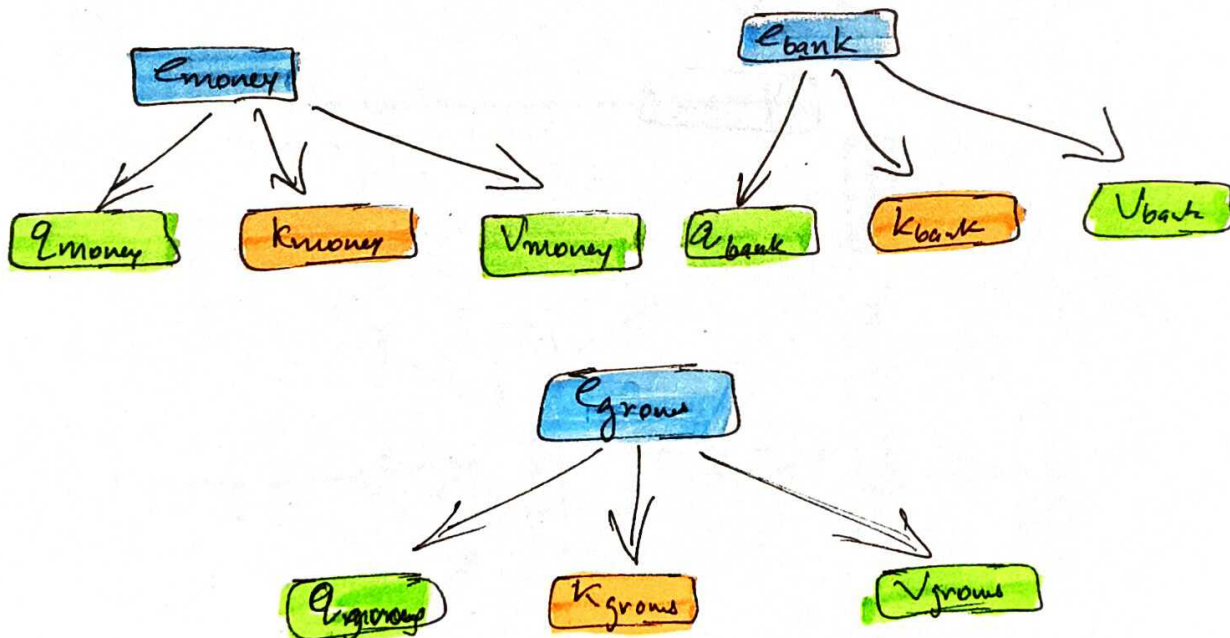
After Match I talk with  
girls with more enthusiasm  
And most of the girl  
not like it.

Data

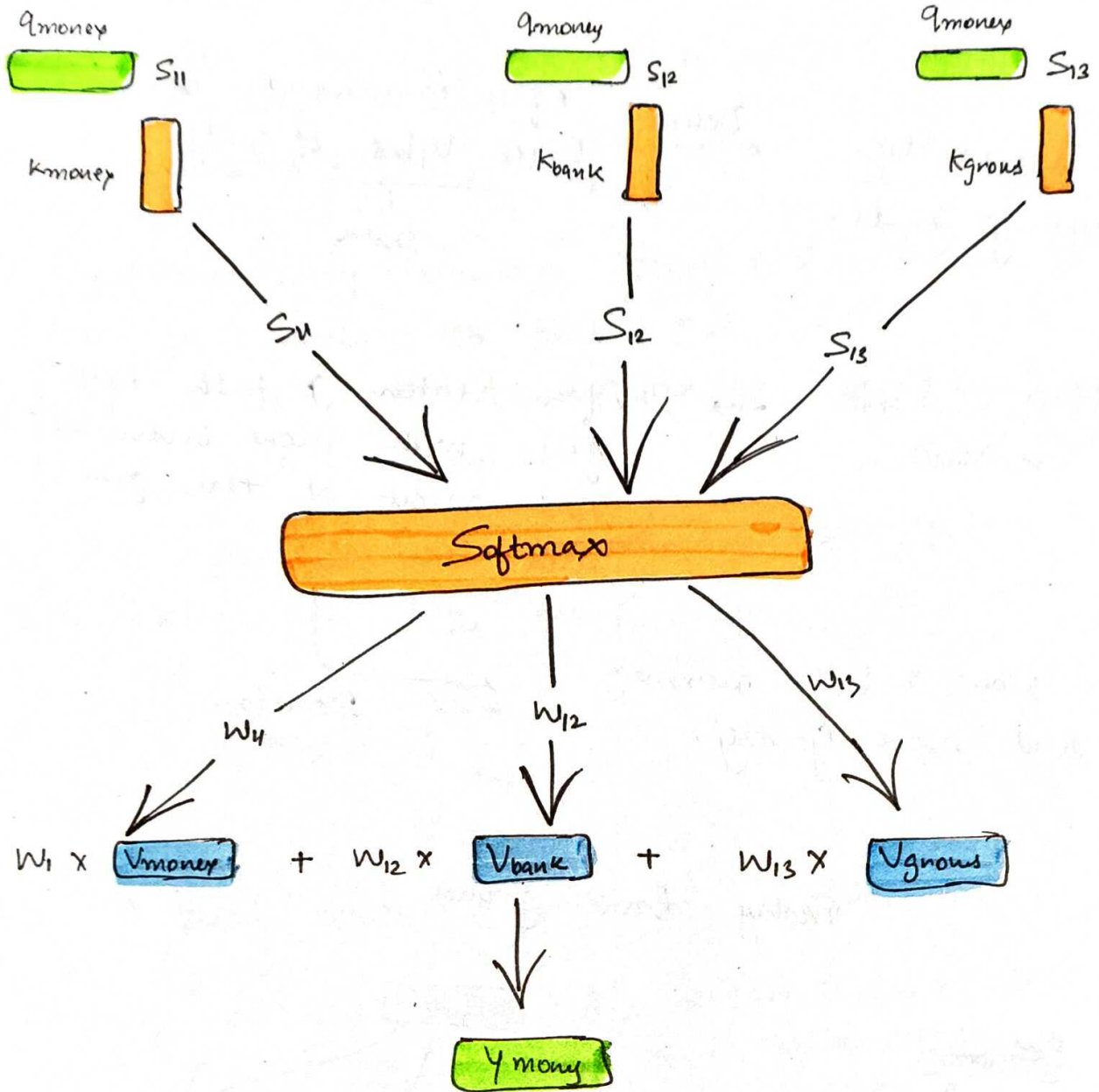
Now, I talk normally  
and more gently.

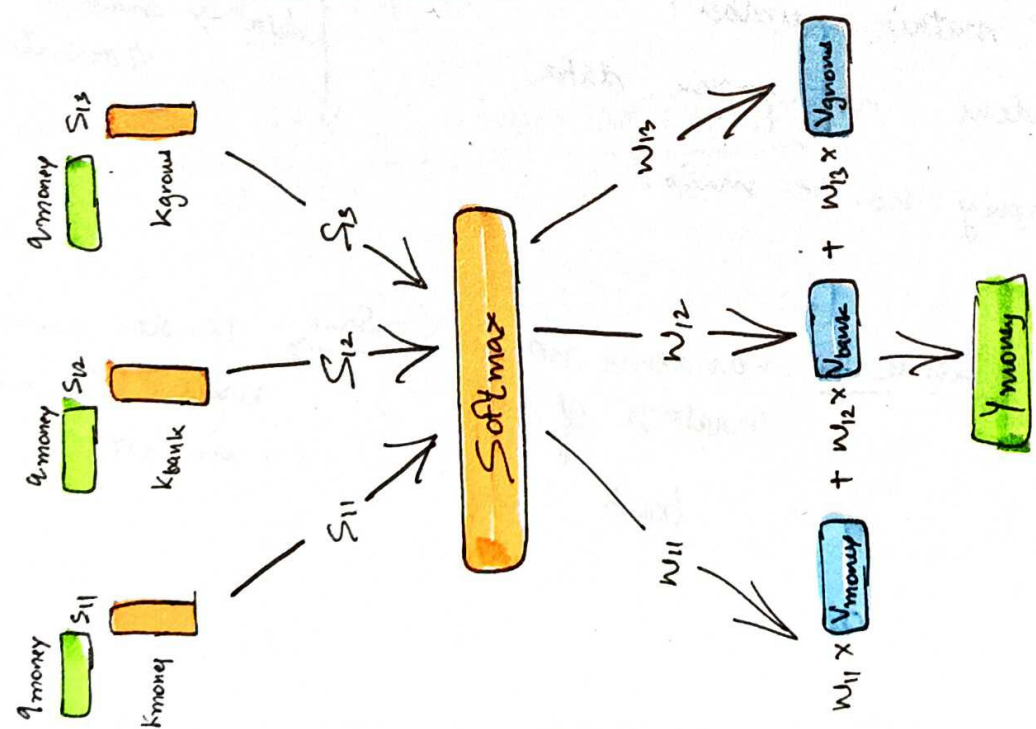
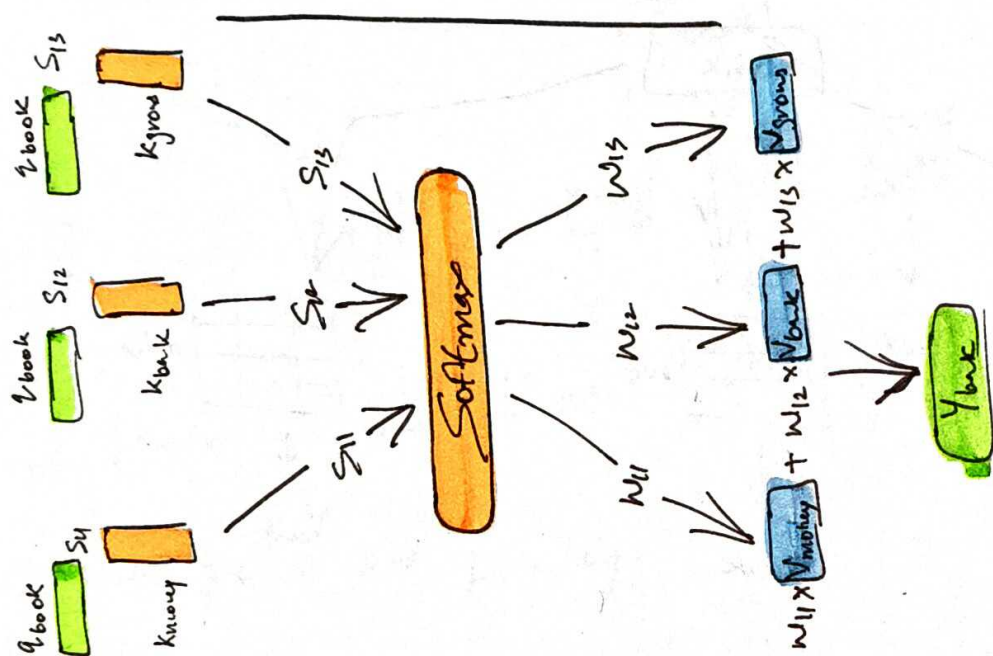
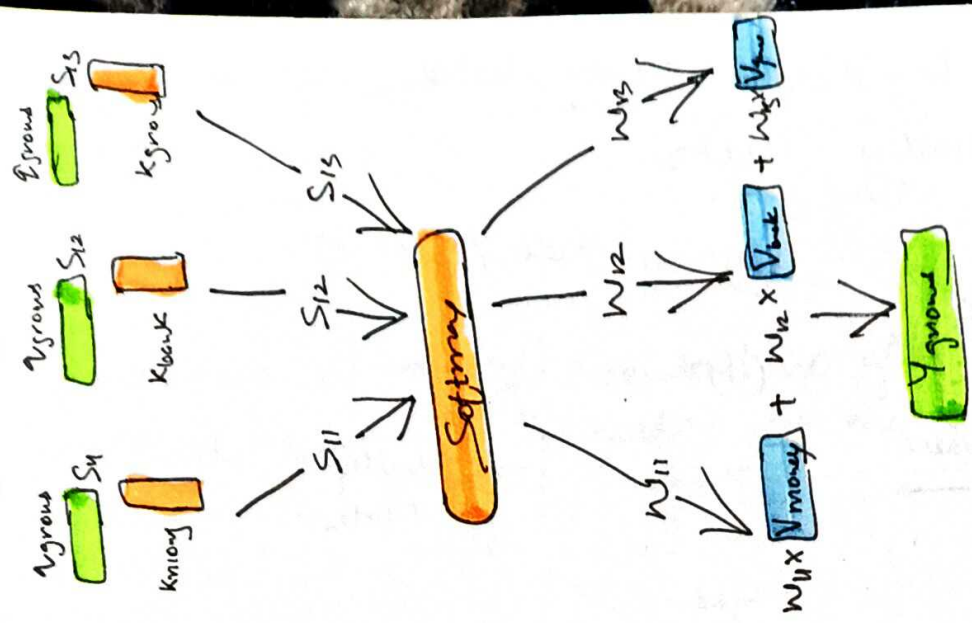
Decision

money bank grows



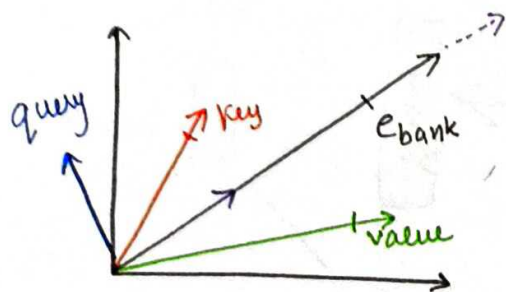
Money







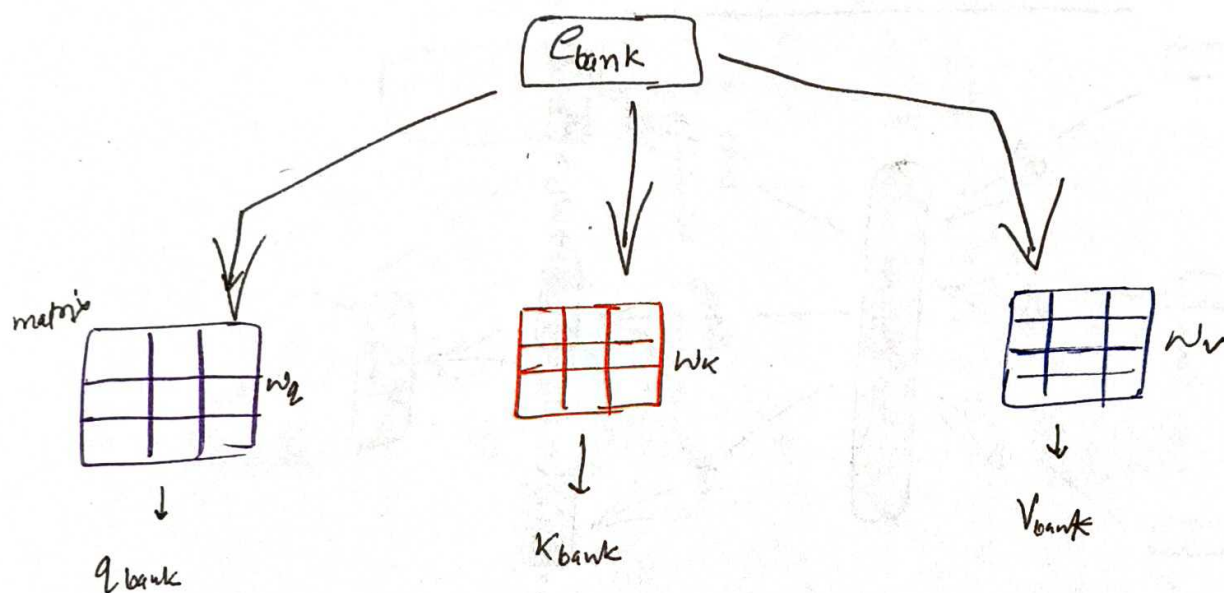
How to make Key Vector, query Vector, Value Vector from embedding vector.



(i) magnitude (Scaling)

(ii) Linear transform

$[ ] \rightarrow$  Multiply with Matrix



How to find matrix number?

$\rightarrow$  first random no. from data

$\rightarrow$  Then improve no. in matrix.

eg: data  $\rightarrow$  machine translation

random no. in  
matrix of  $w_q$   
Money

same  $\rightarrow$

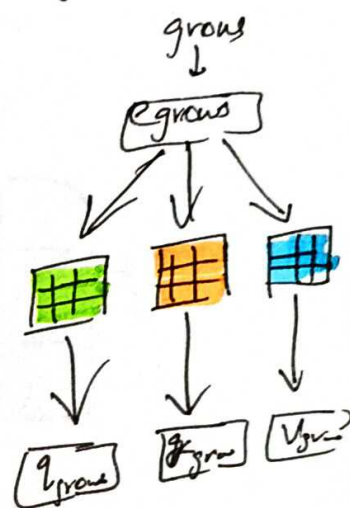
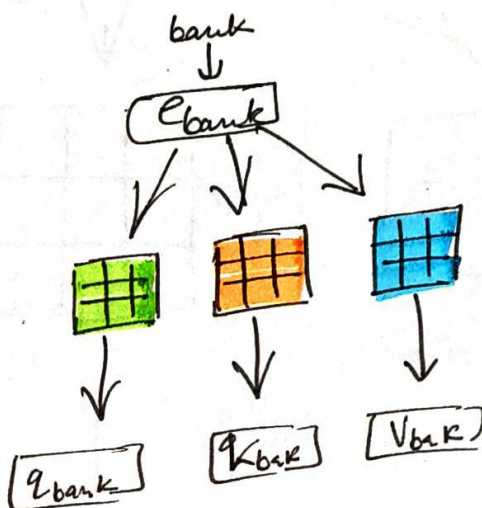
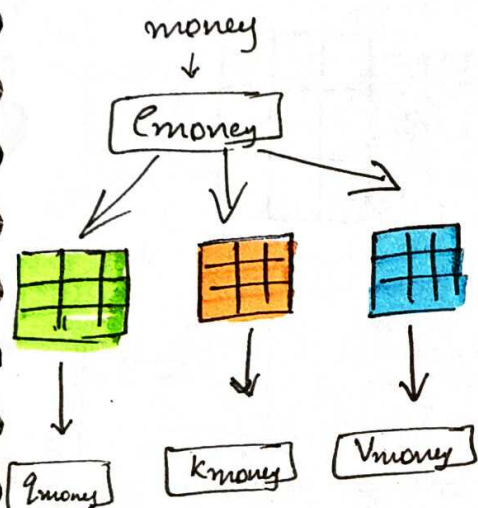
random no. in  
matrix of  $w_k$   
bank

same  $\rightarrow$

random no. in  
matrix of  $w_v$   
in groups

random no. of matrix in  $w_k$  (money)  $\xrightarrow{\text{Same}}$  random no. of matrix in  $w_k$  (bank)  $\xrightarrow{\text{Same}}$  random no. of matrix in  $w_k$  (grows)

random no. of matrix in  $w_k$  money  $\xrightarrow{\text{Same}}$  random no. of matrix in  $w_k$  bank  $\xrightarrow{\text{Same}}$  random no. of matrix in  $w_k$  grows



All this process are parallelly.

Mathematical formula

$$\text{Attention}(Q, K, V) = \text{Softmax}(QK^T)V$$