IE 498 HW2

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I defined my filter of convolution to be 5x5 with 32 channels. Since the input layer was 28x28 and I did not apply padding, the size of the hidden layer should be 24x24. The size of output layer was the same as the fully connected neural network which was 10x1. I initialized the kernel and the weight the same way as the weights in FCNN while the size of kernel was $32x5^2$ (for the vectorized operation) and the size of weight was 10x32x12x12. Bias was initialized as all zeros and learning rate α was 0.01

Then I wrote my own functions for transformation of the input layer, for mean pooling layer and for backward step of mean pooling. However, I used three pairs of nested for loops and I wonder if these could be replaced with vectorized operation. I also wanted to use the max pooling, but I was not able to figure out how to put these max elements back to their original positions in the backward procedure.

I did not use mini batch in my convolution network. So the input layer in each epoch was a single observation randomly chosen from trn_x . Then I reshaped my input as a square matrix and applied my tranformation function on it. Next I just multipled it with kernel and, reshaped the product back into 32x24x24 and applied the mean pooling function on it. Here I was also not sure if I should add the pooling layer at this step, or on the result from the activation function. The following steps were similar to FCNN until I applied the backward pooling on the dot product of $\sigma'(z)$ and δ .

I did all the operations for 3d and 4d arrays with the numpy.einsum(). I set the number of epoch to be 20000 and I got 95 percent of prediction accuracy on the testing set. I also tried to adjust my parameters but the accuracy only dropped a little bit as a result. The best prediction accuracy on both training and tesing sets are shown below in Figure 1.

> Training Accuracy is : 0.9544666666666667 Testing Accuracy is : 0.9572

Figure 1: Prediction Accuracy.