Choice Matters: Contrasting Package Manager User Experience



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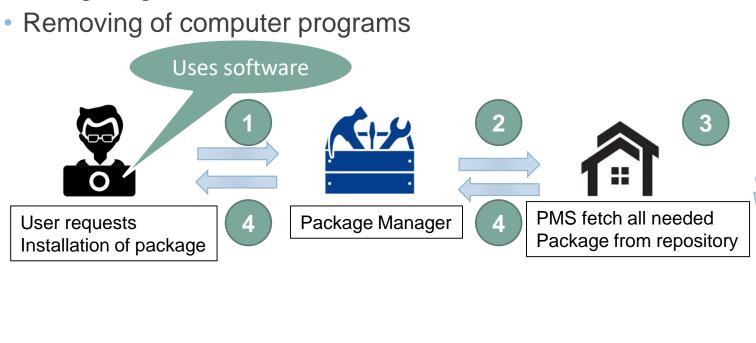


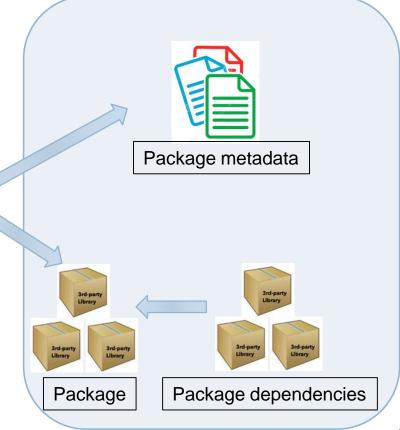




Package Managers are Crucial to Most Technology Stack

- Automates the process of
 - installing
 - upgrading
 - configuring and



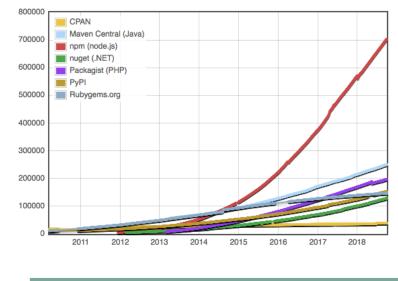




Package Managers are Automated Solution for Applications that Heavily Rely on Third-party Packages

- Package Managers act as a broker of packages
 - Web building &
 - Mobile application development





Year

Serve over 5 million open source packages

Ensuring the integrity and authenticity of the package

Grouping packages by function to reduce user confusion



Diversity of Technology Stack has Led to Variety of Package Manager

•Libraries.io monitors 4,189,420 open source packages across 37 different package managers [1]





Related Research on Package Manager

- Studies on package dependency update
 - Bogart et al. investigates the reasons why developers do not update dependency [1]
 - Kula et al. found that 69% of the developers are unaware of the need to update dependency and perceived to extra workload [2].
 - Dietrich et. al, reported that developers are facing challenge on which version of package to depend [3].
- The common assumption is
 - Package manager itself does not factor when developers manage their dependencies.

- 1. Bogart, Christopher, et al. "How to break an API: cost negotiation and community values in three software ecosystems." Proceedings of the 2016 24th ACM SIGSOFT International Symposium on Foundations of Software Engineering. 2016.
- 2. Kula, Raula Gaikovina, et al. "Do developers update their library dependencies?." Empirical Software Engineering 23.1 (2018): 384-417.
- 3. Dietrich, Jens, et al. "Dependency versioning in the wild." 2019 IEEE/ACM 16th International Conference on Mining Software Repositories (MSR). IEEE, 2019.



Study Design: Objective and Data Source

Objective

- Mining information need on package manager
 - Characterize package manager issues faced by users
 - Investigate how the choice of package manager impacts the users experience of software developers.

Data Source

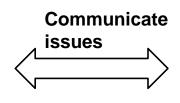


- Libraries.io
 - 16 Package managers
 - Dedicated webpage achieve and not a operating system manager
- Stack Overflow



Developers question posts



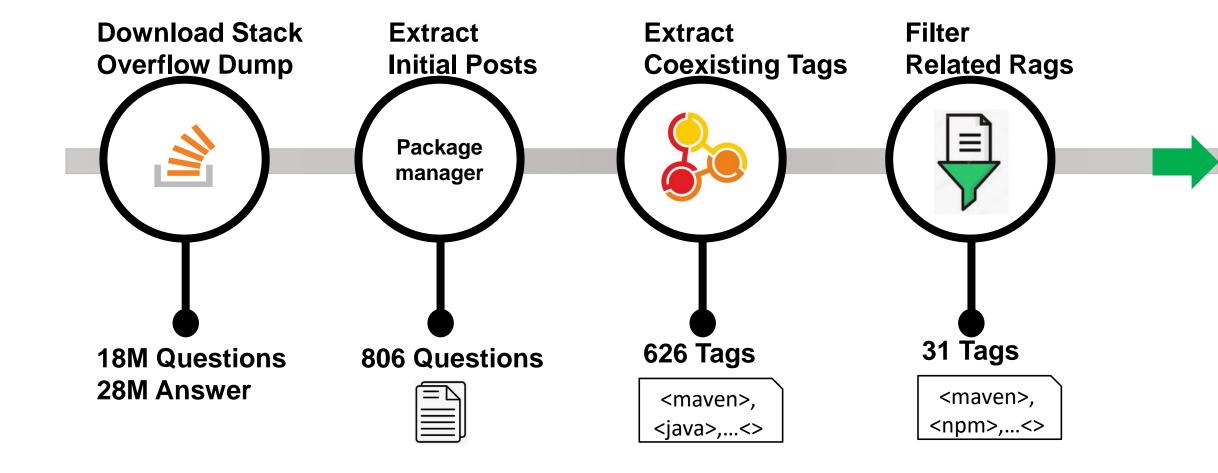


Developers



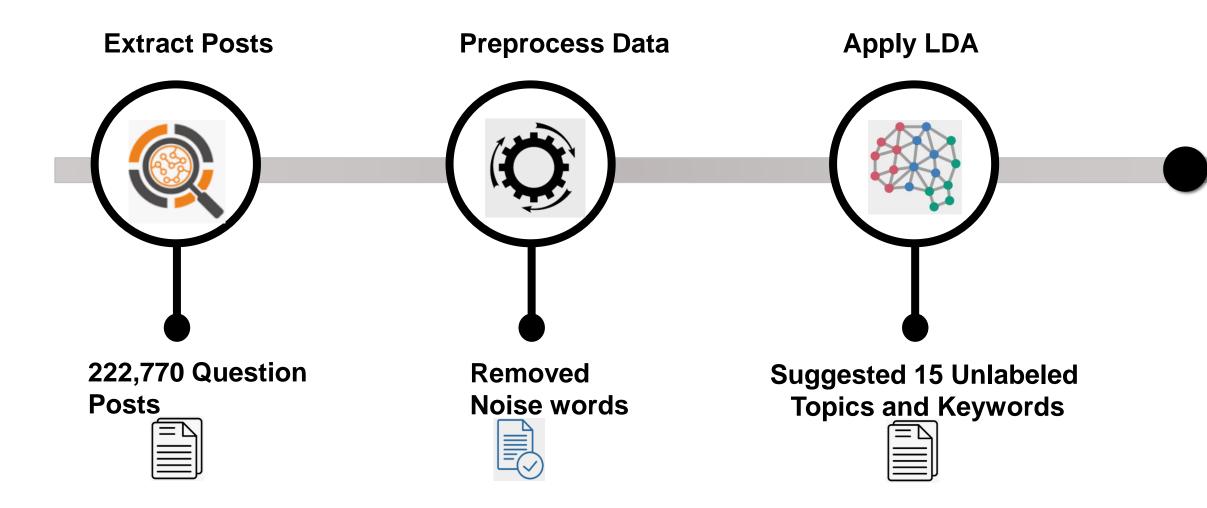


Collecting Package Manager Related Posts from Stack Overflow [1/2]



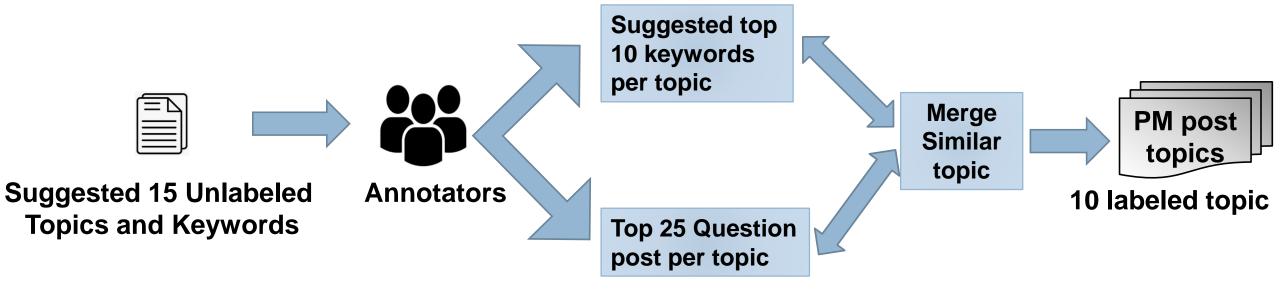


Topic Modeling on Package Manager Posts from Stack Overflow [2/2]



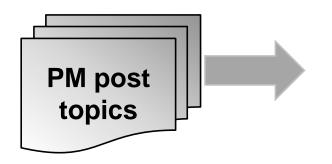


Naming Process of the Unlabeled Topics





Characterizing Package Manager Issues



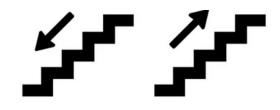
Contrasts in user experience: Question Topics



Contrasts in features: Topics and Features

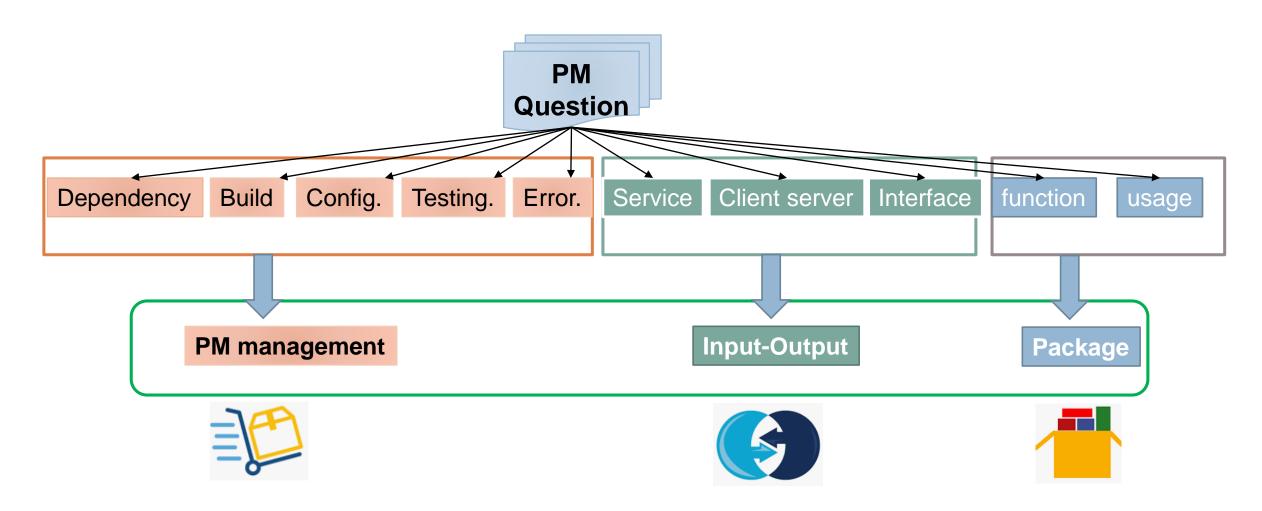


Contrasts in responses: Popularity and Difficulty





Contrasts in User Experience: Topics [1/5]





Contrasts in Features: Topics [2/5]



NuGet, CPAN, PyPI, Conda users have configuration related issues

Packagist, Maven, CRAN users have dependency related issues

RubyGems, Puppet users have dependency related issues

- 30

- 15

GO, Meteor, and Elm users have package usage and functionalies related issues



Contrasts in Features: Theme [3/5]

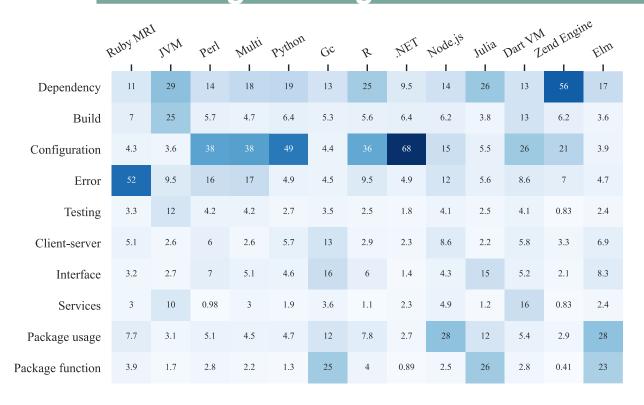


GO, Meteor, and Elm users may face different issues compared to other PM users



Contrasts in Features: Environment [4/5]

Package Managers Environment



.NET users face configuration related issues.

- 60

- 45

- 30

- 15

Ruby users face error related issues.

PhP users face dependency related issues.

Go users face package function related issues.



Contrasts in Features: Dependency Tree [5/5]

Package Managers Dependency Tree

Flat 14 Dependency Build 15 5.8 15 Configuration 11 Error 12 12 Testing 7.3 4.1 **-** 15 Interface 8.9 5.4 Client-server 6.8 4.4 **-** 10 Services 6.4 4.9 Package usage 6.5 29 Package function 2.6

PM with nested dependency tree have high package usage issues

PM with flat dependency tree have high library dependency issues



Contrast in Response: Popularity & Difficulty [1/2]

Characterize PM topics popularity and difficulty based on Yang et al.[1].

Popularity

Post Score (median)

Post Views (median)

Favorite count (median)

Difficulty

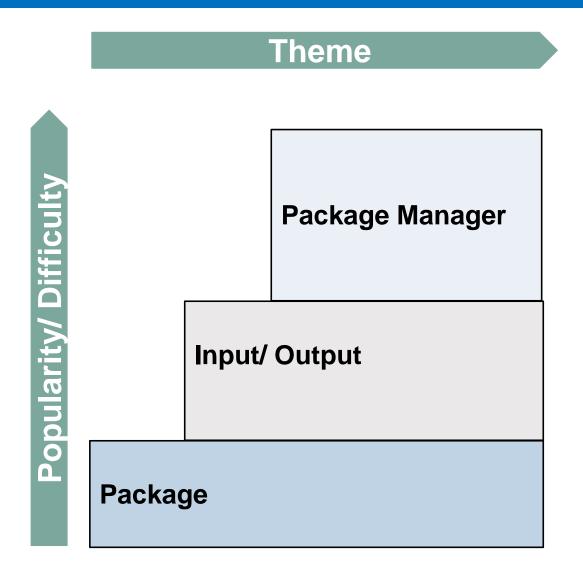
Accepted answer count (avg.)

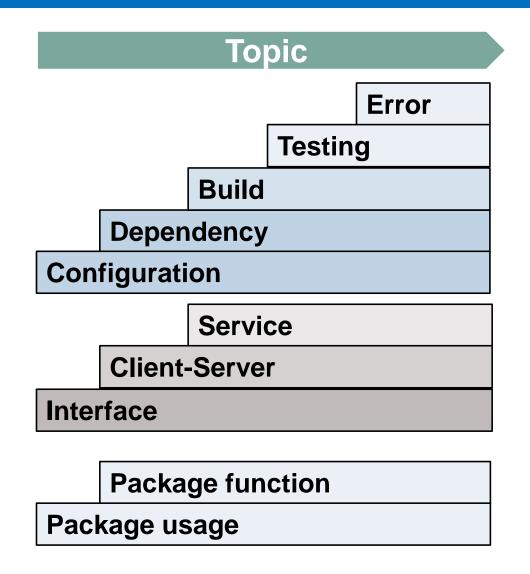
PD Score (%)

1. Yang, Xin-Li, et al. "What security questions do developers ask? a large-scale study of stack overflow posts." *Journal of Computer Science and Technology* 31.5 (2016): 910-924.



Contrasts in Response: Popularity & Difficulty [2/2]







Implications for Developers

Contrasts in Features: Topics



Contrasts in Features: Theme



Developers should be conscious that their choice of a PM will impact user experience

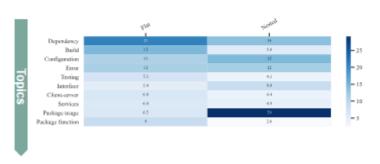
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Contrasts in Features: Environment



Contrasts in Features: Dependency Tree

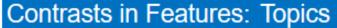




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Implications for PM Designers





Contrasts in Features: Theme

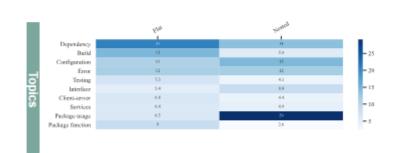


Designers should be proactive on issues frequently encountered by PM users.

C<mark>ontrasts in reatures. Environment</mark>



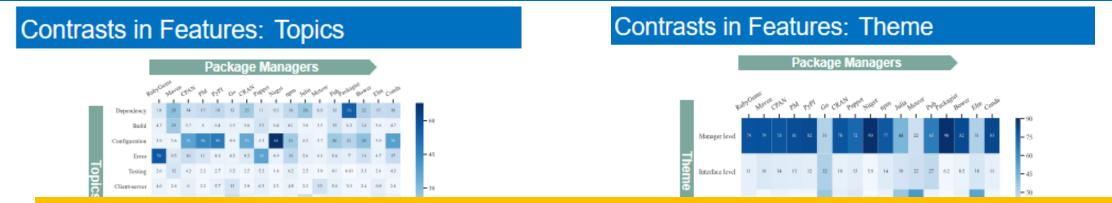
Contrasts in Features: Dependency Tree



Package Managers Dependency Tree

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Implications for Researchers



Researchers can investigate the trade-offs between design features and potential issues to understand what an ideal PM would look like.



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Conclusions and Future works

- •We explore 16 PMs
 - In terms of features correlate with user experience.
- Developers ask PM questions
 - 10 different topics,
 - 3 themes (Package management, Input/Output, Package).
- The next logical step is further exploration of PM into
 - Underlying causes and
 - Benefits and drawbacks

