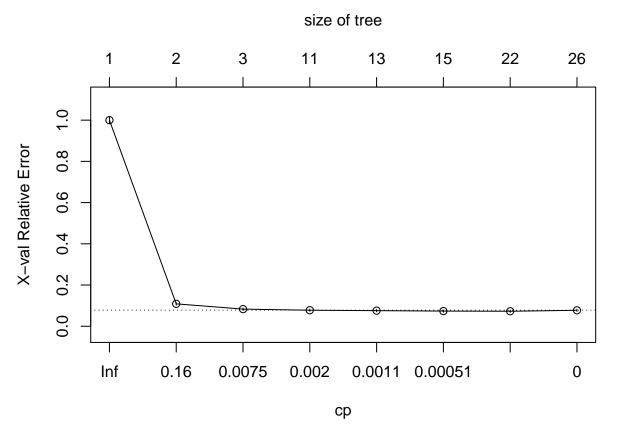
grid_rf syh June 8, 2017

```
# import grid data
grid data <- read.csv(file = "data/grid all.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)[,-1]
# have a look at them
str(grid_data)
                   6970 obs. of 6 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ date : int 20160618 20160618 20160618 20160618 20160618 20160618 20160618 20160618 20160618 2016
## $ hour : int 0000000000...
## $ grid : int 190 191 193 194 195 196 197 198 216 217 ...
## $ rrate: num 0.705 0.556 0.333 0.462 0.507 0.528 0.486 0.029 0.61 0.828 ...
## $ speed: num 8.2 6.29 4.97 5.42 3.83 ...
## $ demo : int 0000000000...
head(grid_data)
        date hour grid rrate speed demo
             0 190 0.705 8.195
## 1 20160618
## 2 20160618
               0 191 0.556 6.292
             0 193 0.333 4.969
## 3 20160618
## 4 20160618
               0 194 0.462 5.424
## 5 20160618
               0 195 0.507 3.831
                                     0
## 6 20160618
                0 196 0.528 3.294
summary(grid_data)
                                          grid
##
        date
                          hour
                                                        rrate
## Min.
          :20160618 Min. : 0.00
                                     Min.
                                           :190.0
                                                    Min.
                                                           :0.000
## 1st Qu.:20161116 1st Qu.: 5.00
                                     1st Qu.:223.0
                                                    1st Qu.:0.328
## Median :20161126 Median :11.00
                                     Median :274.0
                                                    Median :0.492
## Mean
         :20161045 Mean :11.09
                                     Mean
                                          :277.1
                                                    Mean
                                                           :0.474
## 3rd Qu.:20161202 3rd Qu.:17.00
                                     3rd Qu.:324.0
                                                    3rd Qu.:0.635
## Max.
          :20161203 Max.
                            :23.00
                                     Max. :380.0
                                                    Max. :1.000
##
                        demo
       speed
## Min. : 0.090 Min.
                          :0.00000
## 1st Qu.: 2.901
                   1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median : 3.993
                   Median :0.00000
         : 4.553
## Mean
                   Mean
                         :0.03199
## 3rd Qu.: 5.698
                    3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max.
          :17.021
                   Max.
                          :1.00000
# check if there is missing value
# sapply(grid_data, function(x){sum(is.na(x))})
# let's remove date column becasue we can't use date to predict if there is a demo
# But we can discuss if there is relations between demo and special day
# such as holiday. If so we can make a new catergocial feature by date
grid_data <- subset(x = grid_data, select = -date)</pre>
```

```
# let's convert , hour, grid, demo to factors
grid_data[,"hour"] <- as.factor(grid_data[,"hour"])</pre>
grid_data[,"grid"] <- as.factor(grid_data[,"grid"])</pre>
grid_data[,"demo"] <- as.factor(grid_data[,"demo"])</pre>
# as we know that the data is seriously imbalanced
# so we need to deal with this problem by ROSE
library(ROSE)
## Loaded ROSE 0.0-3
grid_data <- ROSE(demo ~ ., data = grid_data, p = 0.5, seed = 1)$data
table(grid_data$demo)
##
##
      0
## 3503 3467
summary(grid_data)
                        grid
##
         hour
                                       rrate
                                                         speed
                                                                       demo
                        : 207
## 18
          :1092
                   222
                                  Min.
                                        :-0.3278
                                                     Min.
                                                            :-1.090
                                                                       0:3503
## 19
          : 955
                   242
                        : 191
                                  1st Qu.: 0.3429
                                                     1st Qu.: 2.485
                                                                       1:3467
           : 953
                          : 186
                                  Median : 0.5310
                                                     Median : 3.608
## 21
                   190
##
   20
           : 842
                   198
                          : 183
                                  Mean : 0.5262
                                                     Mean : 4.030
## 3
           : 181
                          : 181
                                  3rd Qu.: 0.7164
                                                     3rd Qu.: 5.104
                   191
## 7
           : 180
                   195
                          : 181
                                  Max. : 1.4236
                                                     Max. :16.641
## (Other):2767
                   (Other):5841
# for hour, I think we can make it like morning, afternoon, evening
# for grid, we can aggregate them into bigger areas
# let split data into train and test
set.seed(1)
train_ind <- sample(x = c(1:dim(grid_data)[1]), size = dim(grid_data)[1] * 0.7)
train_data <- grid_data[train_ind,]</pre>
test_data <- grid_data[-train_ind,]</pre>
# train_x <- train_data[,1:dim(train_data)[2] - 1]</pre>
# train_y <- train_data[dim(train_data)[2]]</pre>
# let's first use rpart to train a decision tr
library(rpart)
tree <- rpart(formula = "demo ~. -demo", data = train_data,</pre>
              method = "class", control=rpart.control(cp=0))
# look at what the tree is like
tree
## n= 4879
##
## node), split, n, loss, yval, (yprob)
##
         * denotes terminal node
##
##
      1) root 4879 2392 0 (0.509735602 0.490264398)
```

```
##
        2) hour=0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,22,23 2227
                                                                      0 0 (1.000000000 0.000000000)
##
       3) hour=18,19,20,21 2652 260 1 (0.098039216 0.901960784)
                                                                                               0 0 (1.
##
         6) grid=220,246,247,248,269,272,273,300,323,324,325,326,348,349,372,374,375,378 65
         7) grid=190,191,192,193,194,195,196,197,198,216,217,218,221,222,223,224,242,243,244,245,249,2
##
##
          14) grid=243,244,245,250,268,270,271,274,276,294,297,298,299,301,322,327,328,352,353,373 633
            28) rrate< 0.7854899 344
                                      84 1 (0.244186047 0.755813953)
##
              56) grid=245,297,298,299,301,352,353,373 33
                                                             9 0 (0.727272727 0.272727273)
##
               112) rrate< 0.7188368 24
##
                                           2 0 (0.916666667 0.083333333) *
##
               113) rrate>=0.7188368 9
                                          2 1 (0.22222222 0.777777778) *
              57) grid=243,244,250,268,270,271,274,276,294,322,327,328 311
                                                                             60 1 (0.192926045 0.80707
##
##
               114) rrate>=0.5784397 102
                                          40 1 (0.392156863 0.607843137)
                 228) grid=244,250,276,322 16
                                                 2 0 (0.875000000 0.125000000) *
##
##
                 229) grid=243,268,294,327,328 86 26 1 (0.302325581 0.697674419)
                                       17 0 (0.500000000 0.500000000)
##
                   458) hour=19,21 34
##
                     916) grid=243,268,327 9
                                                0 0 (1.000000000 0.000000000) *
##
                     917) grid=294,328 25
                                             8 1 (0.320000000 0.680000000) *
                                         9 1 (0.173076923 0.826923077)
##
                   459) hour=18,20 52
##
                     918) speed< 4.297129 24
                                                8 1 (0.333333333 0.666666667)
                                              3 0 (0.666666667 0.3333333333) *
##
                      1836) grid=294,328 9
##
                      1837) grid=243,327 15
                                               2 1 (0.133333333 0.866666667) *
##
                     919) speed>=4.297129 28
                                               1 1 (0.035714286 0.964285714) *
               115) rrate< 0.5784397 209
                                          20 1 (0.095693780 0.904306220)
##
                 230) grid=268,270,271,274,276 78
                                                   18 1 (0.230769231 0.769230769)
##
                                    0 0 (1.000000000 0.0000000000) *
##
                   460) hour=21 10
                                            8 1 (0.117647059 0.882352941) *
##
                   461) hour=18,19,20 68
##
                 231) grid=243,244,250,294,322,327,328 131
                                                              2 1 (0.015267176 0.984732824) *
##
            29) rrate>=0.7854899 289
                                       6 1 (0.020761246 0.979238754) *
          15) grid=190,191,192,193,194,195,196,197,198,216,217,218,221,222,223,224,242,249,275,295,296
##
            30) rrate< 0.7405895 1470 96 1 (0.065306122 0.934693878)
##
              60) rrate>=0.2987195 1107 87 1 (0.078590786 0.921409214)
##
               120) grid=302,347 19
##
                                       6 1 (0.315789474 0.684210526) *
##
               121) grid=190,191,192,193,194,195,196,197,198,216,217,221,222,223,224,242,249,275,295,2
##
                 2 0 (0.777777778 0.222222222) *
##
                   484) grid=216,217,321 9
##
                   485) grid=190,191,192,193,195,196,221,223,224,242,249,275,295,296,354,380 107
                 243) speed< 5.035315 972 66 1 (0.067901235 0.932098765)
##
##
                   486) rrate>=0.7104805 61
                                             10 1 (0.163934426 0.836065574)
##
                     972) grid=190,194,195,242,295 9
                                                        3 0 (0.66666667 0.3333333333) *
                     973) grid=191,193,196,197,198,216,217,221,222,223,224,249,275,321,354 52
##
                   487) rrate< 0.7104805 911 56 1 (0.061470911 0.938529089) *
##
              61) rrate< 0.2987195 363
                                          9 1 (0.024793388 0.975206612)
##
##
               122) speed< -0.1777405 7
                                           2 1 (0.285714286 0.714285714) *
##
               123) speed>=-0.1777405 356
                                             7 1 (0.019662921 0.980337079)
##
                 246) hour=21 77
                                    6 1 (0.077922078 0.922077922)
##
                   492) grid=295,296,320,347 23
                                                   5 1 (0.217391304 0.782608696)
                                               3 0 (0.571428571 0.428571429) *
##
                     984) rrate>=0.136492 7
##
                     985) rrate< 0.136492 16
                                                1 1 (0.062500000 0.937500000) *
##
                   493) grid=190,192,193,195,196,197,198,218,221,222,223,242,346,379 54
                                                                                           1 1 (0.0185
                 247) hour=18,19,20 279
##
                                           1 1 (0.003584229 0.996415771) *
            31) rrate>=0.7405895 484
                                        9 1 (0.018595041 0.981404959) *
# xerror: error in cross validation
# xstd: standard deviation of error in cross vaidation
printcp(tree)
```

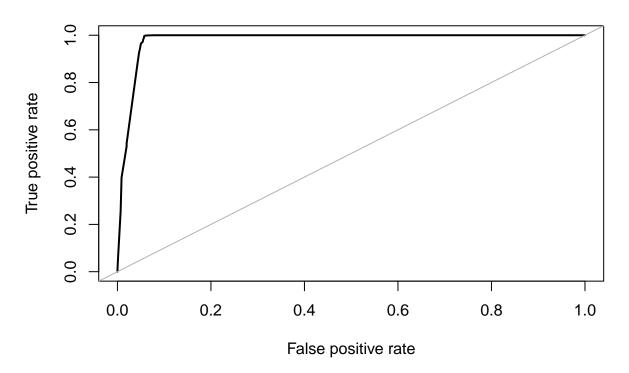
```
##
## Classification tree:
## rpart(formula = "demo ~. -demo", data = train_data, method = "class",
       control = rpart.control(cp = 0))
##
## Variables actually used in tree construction:
## [1] grid hour rrate speed
##
## Root node error: 2392/4879 = 0.49026
##
## n= 4879
##
             CP nsplit rel error
##
                                   xerror
                     0 1.000000 1.000000 0.0145980
## 1 0.89130435
## 2 0.02717391
                     1
                        0.108696 0.108696 0.0065589
## 3 0.00209030
                     2
                        0.081522 0.083194 0.0057759
## 4 0.00188127
                    10
                        0.063963 0.077759 0.0055918
## 5 0.00062709
                        0.060201 0.075669 0.0055191
                    12
## 6 0.00041806
                        0.058946 0.073579 0.0054452
                    14
## 7 0.00010452
                        0.055602 0.072742 0.0054154
                    21
                        0.055184 0.077341 0.0055774
## 8 0.00000000
                    25
# let's have a look at complexity parameter against xerror
plotcp(tree)
```



```
# let's find a appropriate cp
cptable <- as.data.frame(tree$cptable)</pre>
```

```
opt_cp <- cptable[with(cptable,which.min(xerror)),"CP"]</pre>
# prune tree
opt_tree <- prune(tree,cp = opt_cp)</pre>
# let's apply it on test data
est_demo <- predict(object = opt_tree, newdata = test_data)</pre>
# let's check the performance of opt_tre
accuracy.meas(response = test_data$demo, predicted = est_demo[,2], threshold = 0.5)
##
## Call:
## accuracy.meas(response = test_data$demo, predicted = est_demo[,
       2], threshold = 0.5)
##
## Examples are labelled as positive when predicted is greater than 0.5
## precision: 0.948
## recall: 0.992
## F: 0.485
# let's look at roc, auc
roc.curve(response = test_data$demo, predicted = est_demo[,2], plotit = T)
```

ROC curve



Area under the curve (AUC): 0.979

```
# let's plot ROC curve
# library(ROCR)
# pre <- prediction(predictions = est_demo[,2], labels = test_data$demo)</pre>
# roc_per <- performance(prediction.obj = pre, measure = "tpr", x.measure = "fpr")</pre>
# plot(roc_per, col = "blue")
# abline(a = 0, b = 1)
# auc_perf = performance(pre, measure = "auc")
# paste("AUC is ", auc_perf@y.values)
\# we would like to find the largest sensitivity + specificity with cutoff
# opt.cut = function(perf, pred){
    # cut.ind = mapply(FUN=function(x, y, p){
        \# d = (x - 0)^2 + (y-1)^2
        # ind = which(d == min(d))
        # c(sensitivity = y[[ind]], specificity = 1-x[[ind]],
            # cutoff = p[[ind]])
    # }, perf@x.values, perf@y.values, pred@cutoffs)
# print(opt.cut(roc_per, pre))
```