

Aufgabe 39

$$\vec{R} = \frac{1}{2m} (\vec{p} \times \vec{L} - \vec{L} \times \vec{p}) - \gamma \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$$

$$\vec{R} = \vec{R}, [\vec{R}, \hat{H}]$$

a) $\vec{R} = \alpha_1 \frac{\vec{r}}{r} + \alpha_2 L (\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) + \alpha_3 \vec{p}$

$$(\vec{L} \times \vec{p})_x = \hat{L}_y \hat{p}_z - \hat{L}_z \hat{p}_y = \hat{L}_y \hat{p}_z - \hat{p}_z \hat{L}_y + \hat{p}_z \hat{L}_y - \hat{L}_z \hat{p}_y$$

für y & z analog:

$$= +i\hbar p_x + \hat{p}_z \hat{L}_y - \hat{L}_z \hat{p}_y + \hat{p}_y \hat{L}_z - \hat{p}_y \hat{L}_y$$

$$= +i\hbar p_x + (\vec{p} \times \vec{L})_x$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{R} = \frac{1}{2m} (2(\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) - 2i\hbar \vec{p}) - \gamma \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} (\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) - \frac{i\hbar}{m} \vec{p} - \gamma \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$$

b) $\vec{L} \cdot \vec{R} = 0$

$$\vec{L} \cdot \vec{R} = \frac{1}{m} \left\{ \underbrace{\vec{L} \cdot (\vec{p} \times \vec{L})}_0 - \frac{i\hbar}{m} \underbrace{\vec{L} \cdot \vec{p}}_0 - \gamma \underbrace{\vec{L} \cdot \frac{\vec{r}}{r}}_0 \right.$$

$$\left. - \vec{L} \times \vec{p} + 2i\hbar \vec{p} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \left(-(\underbrace{\vec{L} \times \vec{L}}_{i\hbar L}) \vec{p} + i\hbar \vec{L} \vec{p} \right) = 0$$

c) $\vec{R}^2 = \left(\frac{1}{m} (\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) - \frac{i\hbar}{m} \vec{p} - \gamma \frac{\vec{r}}{r} \right)^2$

$$= \frac{1}{m^2} (\vec{p} \times \vec{L})^2 - \frac{i\hbar}{m^2} (\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) \cdot \vec{p} - \frac{\gamma}{m} (\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) \cdot \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$$

$$- \frac{i\hbar}{m^2} \vec{p} \cdot (\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) - \frac{\hbar^2}{m^2} \vec{p}^2 + \frac{i\hbar\gamma}{m} \vec{p} \cdot \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$$

$$- \frac{\gamma}{m} \frac{\vec{r}}{r} \cdot (\vec{p} \times \vec{L}) + \frac{i\hbar\gamma}{m} \frac{\vec{r}}{r} \cdot \vec{p} + \frac{\gamma^2}{r^2} r^2$$

$$(I) \hat{\vec{r}} \cdot (\hat{\vec{p}} \times \hat{\vec{L}}) = (\hat{\vec{r}} \times \hat{\vec{p}}) \cdot \hat{\vec{L}} = \hat{\vec{L}}^2$$

$$(II) (\hat{\vec{p}} \times \hat{\vec{L}}) \cdot \hat{\vec{r}} = (-\hat{\vec{L}} \times \hat{\vec{p}} + 2i\hbar \hat{\vec{p}}) \cdot \hat{\vec{r}} = (-\hat{\vec{L}} \times \hat{\vec{p}}) \cdot \hat{\vec{r}} + 2i\hbar \hat{\vec{p}} \cdot \hat{\vec{r}} = \hat{\vec{L}}^2 + 2i\hbar \hat{\vec{p}} \cdot \hat{\vec{r}}$$

$$(III) \hat{\vec{p}} \cdot (\hat{\vec{p}} \times \hat{\vec{L}}) = (\hat{\vec{p}} \times \hat{\vec{p}}) \cdot \hat{\vec{L}} = 0$$

$$(IV) (\hat{\vec{p}} \times \hat{\vec{L}}) \hat{\vec{p}} = (-\hat{\vec{L}} \times \hat{\vec{p}} + 2i\hbar \hat{\vec{p}}) \hat{\vec{p}} = 2i\hbar \hat{\vec{p}}^2$$

$$(V) (\hat{\vec{p}} \times \hat{\vec{L}})^2 = \hat{\vec{p}}^2 \hat{\vec{L}}^2$$

$$\frac{\hat{\vec{r}} \cdot \hat{\vec{p}}}{\hat{r}} = \hat{r} \cdot \frac{1}{\hat{r}} \hat{\vec{p}} = \hat{r} \left(\hat{\vec{p}} \frac{1}{\hat{r}} - i\hbar \frac{\hat{\vec{r}}}{\hat{r}^3} \right) = \frac{\hat{\vec{r}} \cdot \hat{\vec{p}}}{\hat{r}} - i\hbar \frac{\hat{r}^2}{\hat{r}^3} \\ = \left(\frac{\hat{\vec{r}} \cdot \hat{\vec{p}}}{\hat{r}} - i\hbar \right) \frac{1}{\hat{r}} = \left(\hat{\vec{p}} \frac{\hat{\vec{r}}}{\hat{r}} + 2i\hbar \right) \frac{1}{\hat{r}} = \frac{\hat{\vec{p}} \cdot \hat{\vec{r}}}{\hat{r}} + \frac{2i\hbar}{\hat{r}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{R}^2 = \frac{1}{m^2} \hat{\vec{p}}^2 \hat{\vec{L}}^2 - \frac{i\hbar}{m^2} 2i\hbar \hat{\vec{p}}^2 - \frac{8}{m} \left(\hat{\vec{L}}^2 + 2i\hbar \hat{\vec{p}} \frac{\hat{\vec{r}}}{\hat{r}} \right) \frac{1}{\hat{r}} \\ - \frac{\hbar^2}{m^2} \hat{\vec{p}}^2 + \frac{i\hbar 8}{m} \frac{\hat{\vec{p}} \cdot \hat{\vec{r}}}{\hat{r}} - \frac{8}{m} \frac{\hat{\vec{L}}^2}{\hat{r}} + \frac{i\hbar 8}{m} \frac{\hat{\vec{r}} \cdot \hat{\vec{p}}}{\hat{r}} + 8^2 \\ = \frac{1}{m^2} \hat{\vec{p}}^2 \left(\hat{\vec{L}}^2 + \hbar^2 \right) - \frac{28}{m} \frac{\hat{\vec{L}}^2}{\hat{r}} + 8^2 - \frac{i\hbar 8}{m} \frac{\hat{\vec{p}} \cdot \hat{\vec{r}}}{\hat{r}} + \frac{i\hbar 8}{m} \left(\frac{\hat{\vec{p}} \cdot \hat{\vec{r}}}{\hat{r}} + \frac{2i\hbar}{\hat{r}} \right) \\ = 8^2 + \frac{1}{m^2} \hat{\vec{p}}^2 \left(\hat{\vec{L}}^2 + \hbar^2 \right) - \frac{28}{m} \frac{\hat{\vec{L}}^2}{\hat{r}} - \frac{2\hbar^2 8}{m \hat{r}} \\ = 8^2 + \left(\frac{2\hbar}{m} \right) \left(\hat{\vec{L}}^2 + \hbar^2 \right)$$

$$d) \hat{A}_{\pm} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\hat{\vec{L}} \pm \sqrt{\frac{m}{-2\hbar}} \hat{R}^2 \right]$$

$$\hat{A}_{\pm}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \left(\hat{\vec{L}}^2 - \frac{m}{2\hbar} \hat{R}^2 \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \left(\hat{\vec{L}}^2 - \hat{\vec{L}}^2 - \hbar^2 - \frac{m 8^2}{2\hbar} \right) \\ = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\hbar^2 + \frac{m 8^2}{2\hbar} \right) \Rightarrow \hat{H} = -\frac{m 8^2}{2(4\hbar^2 + \hbar^2)}$$

(III), (VI)

$$\Rightarrow E = \frac{-m 8^2}{2(4\hbar^2 + \hbar^2)}$$