

weg?

$$\Rightarrow J = m\dot{x} \cos(\omega t) + \omega m \sin(\omega t) x \quad (\checkmark)$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial J}{\partial t} &= m(\ddot{x} \cos(\omega t) + \omega \dot{x} \sin(\omega t) + \omega^2 x \cos(\omega t) + \omega \dot{x} \sin(\omega t)) \\ &= m(\cos(\omega t) (\ddot{x} + \omega^2 x) + \sin(\omega t) (\dot{x} \omega - \dot{x} \omega)) \\ &= 0 \quad (\text{harm. Oszillator}) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 0 \quad \square \quad (\checkmark) \quad \text{„durch bekannte Lösung des harm. Oszillators“}$$

c)  $x' = x + \alpha t$        $\ddot{x} = -g$  nicht bekannt, ok.

$$\begin{aligned} L = T - V &= \frac{m}{2} \dot{x}^2 - mgx, \quad L' = \frac{m}{2} (\dot{x}^2 + 2\dot{x}\alpha + \alpha^2) - mg(x + \alpha t) \\ &= \underbrace{\frac{m}{2} \dot{x}^2 - mgx}_L + \frac{m}{2} (2\dot{x}\alpha + \alpha^2) - mg\alpha t \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} J = m\dot{x}\alpha - mg\alpha t + f(\alpha^2) \quad \text{wird 0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \frac{\partial J}{\partial \alpha} \right|_{\alpha=0} = m \int \dot{x} - g t \, dt = m(x - \frac{1}{2} g t^2)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dJ}{dt} = m(\dot{x} + \ddot{x}t + gt - \dot{x}) = m(\ddot{x}t + gt) = m + \underbrace{(\ddot{x}t + gt)}_{=0} = 0 \quad \checkmark}$$

$$\Rightarrow J = m\dot{x}t - m(x - \frac{1}{2} g t^2) = m(-\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + \dot{x}t - x) \quad \checkmark$$

4.5/5