

**LATIHAN DAN TUGAS PRAKTIKUM**  
**MODUL 5**  
**PRAKTIKUM ALGORITMA DAN STRUKTUR DATA**



DISUSUN OLEH:

Nama : Syifaul Qolbi Auliya' Darojat

NIM : L200200141

KELAS : F

**UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH SURAKARTA**

## Tugas

### Nomer 1 :

```
1 class MhsTIF(object):
2     def __init__(self, nama, umur, tinggal, nim):
3         self.nama = nama
4         self.umur = umur
5         self.kotaTinggal = tinggal
6         self.nim = nim
7
8
9 def swap(A,p,q):
10     tmp = A[p]
11     A[p] = A[q]
12     A[q] = tmp
13
14
15 list = [MhsTIF('Ika', 10, 'Sukoharjo', 'L200200141'),
16         MhsTIF('Budi', 51, 'Sragen', 'L200200169'),
17         MhsTIF('Ahmad', 2, 'Surakarta', 'L200200151'),
18         MhsTIF('Chandra', 18, 'Surakarta', 'L200200176'),
19         MhsTIF('Eka', 4, 'Boyolali', 'L200200170'),
20         MhsTIF('Fandi', 31, 'Salatiga', 'L200200189'),
21         MhsTIF('Deni', 13, 'Klaten', 'L200200145'),
22         MhsTIF('Galuh', 5, 'Wonogiri', 'L200200190'),
23         MhsTIF('Janto', 23, 'Klaten', 'L200200195'),
24         MhsTIF('Hasan', 64, 'Karanganyar', 'L200200172'),
25         MhsTIF('Khalid', 29, 'Purwodadi', 'L200200189')]
26
27
28 def cekNim(object):
29     for i in object:
30         print(i.nim)
31
32
33 def urutNim(object):
34     n = len(object)
35     for i in range(n-1):
36         for j in range(n-i-1):
37             if object[j].nim > object[j+1].nim:
38                 swap(object,j,j+1)
39
```

Hasil :

```
RESTART: C:/Users/syifa/OneDrive/Documents/PrakAlgoStrukDat/Modul 5/demo 5.py
>>> cekNim(list)
L200200141
L200200169
L200200151
L200200176
L200200170
L200200189
L200200145
L200200190
L200200195
L200200172
L200200189
>>> urutNim(list)
>>> cekNim(list)
L200200141
L200200145
L200200151
L200200169
L200200170
L200200172
L200200176
L200200189
L200200189
L200200190
L200200195
>>>
```

## Nomer 2

```
def BubbleSort(value):  
    for passnum in range(len(value)-1, 0, -1):  
        for i in range(passnum):  
            if value[i] > value[i+1]:  
                temp = value[i]  
                value[i] = value[i+1]  
                value[i+1] = temp  
  
DaftarAngka = [24, 8, 30, 99, 3, 14, 11, 20]  
BubbleSort(DaftarAngka)  
  
a = DaftarAngka  
DaftarAngka1 = [50, 51, 52, 53]  
BubbleSort(DaftarAngka1)  
  
b = DaftarAngka1  
DaftarAngka2 = (a+b)  
BubbleSort(DaftarAngka2)  
  
c = DaftarAngka2  
print(c)
```

Hasil :

```
syifa@syifaulQolbi-PC MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Documents/P  
$ "C:/Program Files/Python39/python.exe" "c:/Users/s  
[3, 8, 11, 14, 20, 24, 30, 50, 51, 52, 53, 99]
```

## Nomer 3

```
from time import time as detik
from random import shuffle as kocok

def bubbleSort(A):
    n = len(A)
    for i in range(n-1):
        for j in range(n-i-1):
            if A[j] > A[j+1]:
                swap(A, j, j+1)

def selectionSort(A):
    n = len(A)
    for i in range(n-1):
        indexKecil = cariPosisiYangTerkecil(A, i, n)
        if indexKecil != i:
            swap(A, i, indexKecil)

def insertionSort(A):
    n = len(A)
    for i in range(1, n):
        nilai = A[i]
        pos = i
        while pos > 0 and nilai < A[pos - 1]:
            A[pos] = A[pos - 1]
            pos = pos - 1
        A[pos] = nilai
```

```

def swap(A, p, q):
    tmp = A[p]
    A[p] = A[q]
    A[q] = tmp

def cariPosisiYangTerkecil(A, p, q):
    posisiYangTerkecil = p
    for i in range(p+1, q):
        if A[i] < A[posisiYangTerkecil]:
            posisiYangTerkecil = i
    return posisiYangTerkecil

k = []
for i in range(1, 6001):
    k.append(i)
kocok(k)

u_bub = k[:]
u_sel = k[:]
u_ins = k[:]

```

```

aw = detak()
bubbleSort(u_bub)
ak = detak()
print('bubble: %g detik' % (ak-aw))
aw = detak()
selectionSort(u_sel)
ak = detak()
print('selection: %g detik' % (ak-aw))
aw = detak()
insertionSort(u_ins)
ak = detak()
print('insertion: %g detik' % (ak-aw))

```

Hasil :



```
syifa@syifaulqolbi-PC MINGW64 ~  
$ "C:/Program Files/Python39/pyt  
bubble: 3.19689 detik  
selection: 0.0042696 detik  
insertion: 1.68495 detik
```

Jadi yang paling cepat adalah menggunakan algoritma selection