Title
second line

Vojtěch Sýkora [* 1]   **Denis Kovačević** [* 2]   **Nam Nguyen The** [* 3]

Abstract

Code is available at https://github.com/sykoravojtech/IHD_germany_2024.

1. Introduction

This discrepancy, as highlighted in the analysis by Jasilionis et al. (2023) in "*The underwhelming German life expectancy*," poses critical questions about the underlying factors contributing to this phenomenon.

2. Data and Methods

2.1. Cardiovascular Diseases data

In Figure 1 we can see that Germany has very high incidence and death rate of cardiovascular diseases.

Table 1. Overview of the data sources. The missing data is calculated for the time period from 1990 to 2019.

Data source	No. of countries	Missing data
Ischemic heart disease	206	0%
Health expenditure	50	0%
Fat consumption	194	0%
Alcohol consumption	49	0%
Population age	238	0%

3. Results

results

4. Discussion & Conclusion

discuss conclude

Contribution Statement

contribution

References

Jasilionis, D., van Raalte, A. A., Klüsener, S., and Grigoriev, P.   The underwhelming german life expectancy. *European Journal of Epidemiology*, 38(8): 839–850, 2023.   ISSN 1573-7284.   doi: 10.1007/s10654-023-00995-5.   URL https://doi.org/10.1007/s10654-023-00995-5.
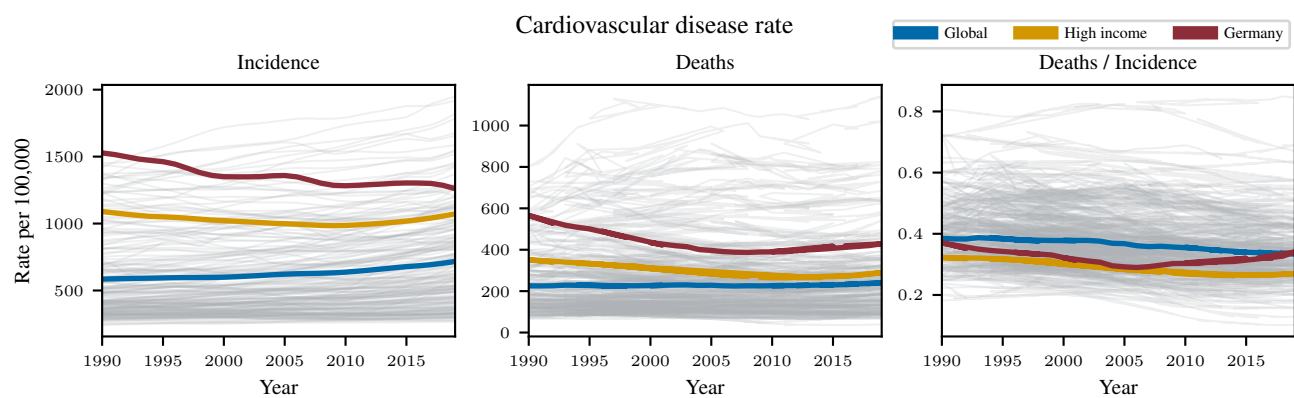
---

[*]Equal contribution   [1]Matrikelnummer 6636502, vojtech.sykora@student.uni-tuebingen.de, MSc Machine Learning [2]Matrikelnummer 6707752, denis.kovacevic@student.uni-tuebingen.de, MSc Machine Learning [3]Matrikelnummer 6608479, nam.nguyen-the@student.uni-tuebingen.de, MSc Machine Learning.

Figure 1. Cardiovascular diseases in the world over time. From left to right: incidence rate, death rate, and the ratio of death rate to incidence rate.