

## MA155

### Project 3: General Probability and Discrete Probability Distribution Applications

#### Scenario:

A health insurance policy covers visits to a doctor's office. Each visit costs \$230. The annual deductible on the policy is \$300. For a policy, the number of visits per year has the following probability distribution.

Number of Visits	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Probability	0.6	0.15	0.1	0.08	0.04	0.02	0.01

1. Use Microsoft Excel to create a table with the following column headings: Visit, Probability, Annual Deductible, Cost, and Payment.

**Note:** Cost = Visits x Cost per Visit; Payment = MAX(0, Cost – Annual Deductible)

Visits	Probability	Annual Deductible	Cost	Payment
0	0.60	300.00	0	0.00
1	0.15	300.00	230	0.00
2	0.10	300.00	460	160.00
3	0.08	300.00	690	390.00
4	0.04	300.00	920	620.00
5	0.02	300.00	1150	850.00
6	0.01	300.00	1380	1080.00

2. A policy is selected at random from those where costs exceed the deductible.
  - i. Calculate the probability that this policyholder had exactly 3 office visits (Round your answer to three decimal places).

$$\frac{0.08}{0.10 + 0.08 + 0.04 + 0.02 + 0.01} = \frac{0.08}{0.25} = \frac{8}{25} = 0.320 = 32\%$$

- ii. Calculate the probability that this policyholder had exactly 5 office visits (Round your answer to three decimal places).

$$\frac{0.02}{0.10 + 0.08 + 0.04 + 0.02 + 0.01} = \frac{0.02}{0.25} = \frac{2}{25} = 0.08 = 8\%$$

- iii. Briefly comment (no more than two sentences) on your results from parts 2.i) and 2.ii).

Given that a policy is randomly selected from those where costs exceed deductible, the policyholder is more likely to have exactly 3 visits to a doctor's office compared to exactly 5 visits.

3. Use the Table in part 1 to answer respond to the following questions:  
i. Find the expected payment for visits to a doctor on this policy.

$$\text{Expected Payment} = \sum \text{Payment} \times \text{Probability} = \$99.80.$$

- ii. Find the standard deviation of payments for visits to a doctor on this policy.

$$\text{Standard Deviation} = \sqrt{(\text{Payment} - \text{Expected Payment})^2 \times \text{Probability}} = \$215.08$$

- iii. Briefly comment (no more than two sentences) on your results from parts 3.i) and 3.ii).

The expected payment for visits to a doctor's office under this health insurance policy is \$99.08 and the variability or standard deviation corresponding to this estimate (expected payment) is \$215.08. It is obvious that the standard deviation is larger than the expected payment by more than two folds.