## RIDGE REGRESSION

## Generalized Ridge regression

Consider the regression model

$$Y = X\beta_* + \varepsilon,$$

where  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$ ,  $\beta_*$  is an unknown vector in  $\mathbb{R}^d$  and  $\varepsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2 I_n)$ . Define the generalized Ridge estimator by:

$$\widehat{\beta} \in \operatorname{Argmin}_{\beta \in \mathbb{R}^d} \left\{ (Y - X\beta)^\top W (Y - X\beta) + (\beta - \beta_0)^\top \Delta (\beta - \beta_0) \right\} ,$$

where  $\beta_0 \in \mathbb{R}^d$ ,  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  is a diagonal matrix with elements in [0,1],  $\Delta \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$  is a symmetric definite-positive matrix.

- 1. Provide the expression of  $\widehat{\beta}$  when  $\beta_0 = 0$ ,  $W = I_n$  and  $\Delta = \lambda I_d$  where  $\lambda > 0$ .
- 2. Solve the optimization problem in the general case.
- 3. Compute  $\mathbb{E}[\widehat{\beta}]$  and show that the estimator is unbiased when  $\beta_0 = \beta_*$ .
- 4. Compute  $\mathbb{V}[\widehat{\beta}]$  and the mean squared error  $\mathbb{E}[\|\widehat{\beta} \beta_*\|_2^2]$  when  $\beta_0 = \beta_*$ .
- 5. Assume that  $W = I_n$ ,  $\beta_0 = 0$  and  $\Delta = V\Lambda V^{\top}$  where  $X = UDV^{\top}$  is a singular value decomposition of X and  $\Lambda$  is a diagonal matrix with positive diagonal components. Provide an expression of  $\hat{\beta}$  as a function of U, D, V,  $\Lambda$  and Y.