Song Cheng

Ph.D candidate

Institute of Physics
Chinese Academy of Sciences
100190 Beijing China

(+86) 18500048192

□ physichengsong@iphy.ac.cn
Birth: May, 24, 1992

Education

2014,9- **Ph.D in theoretical physics**, *Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences*, Beijing, present China.

Supervisors: Prof. Tao Xiang and Prof. Lei Wang

2010.9— **B.S. in Physics**, *Sichuan University*, Chengdu, China. 2014.6

Skills

- o DMRG and Tensor Networks numerical algorithms
- Machine Learning models (graphical models, neural nets. etc.) and frameworks (tensor-flow/pytorch)
- Python/Matlab language

Interests

- Currently, I'm interest in both the traditional tensor network algorithms(on many body physics) and its application on machine learning problems.
- Meanwhile, I also have a strong curiosity on the quantum information/decoding field and also feel happy to do something related.

Experience

2010–2014 At the undergraduate level, I participated in the Ministry of Education's top talents program. This program selects about 5%-10% of students from the science colleges of 21 top universities in China each year to encourage them to engage in fundamental scientific research. I once as the captain of the Sichuan University Team, participated in the China Undergraduate Physics Tournament and won a second prize. In this level, I was well trained in a very classic theoretical physics style.

2014–2016 After graduating, I joined the group of Prof. Tao Xiang. In the first two years, with the help of Prof. Zhiyuan Xie, I was focus on optimizing the accuracy of the tensor RG algorithm on the antiferromagnetic J1-J2 model. I have tried algorithms such as TEBD, TRG, SRG, HOTRG, HOSRG, etc. At the same time, I also cooperate with Prof. Xie and Prof. Xiang on studying and improving the TNR and loop-TNR algorithm. During this time, I received a very specific and professional training on the tensor network numerical algorithm.

2017 At the beginning of my third year, as we started to noticed the connection between tensor network and machine learning, I started to cooperate with Prof. Lei Wang and transferred my research to machine learning. Our first result is theoretically proved the exact mapping between RBM and MPS[3].

Our second result is to examine the feasibility of applying tensor network to machine learning problems from the perspective of information theory, and also proposing the quantum extension of Boltzmann machines: Born machinex[2].

During this time I learned about Monte Carlo, machine learning algorithms, data structures and algorithms, scientific computing programming paradigm, etc.

2018-present

Since 2018, I started working with Prof. Lei Wang and Prof. Pan Zhang to find a more powerful generative model than the previous MPS. Our choice is tree tensor network. Now we have obtained the current best result of the tensor network generative modeling. The article is in preparation[1]. During this time, I learned many statistical inference, spin glass, GPU parallelism and experience of programming from Pan.

Awards

- 2017 Director Scholarship of the Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences.
- 2012, 2013 Top Talents Scholarship on Fundamental Disciplines of the Ministry of Education of The P. and 2014 R. China (three times).

Publications

- [1] Tree Tensor Networks for Generative Modeling.
 (In preparation)
- [2] Information perspective to probabilistic modeling: Boltzmann machines versus born machines.
 - S. Cheng, J. Chen, L. Wang, Entropy 2018, 20, 583.
- [3] Equivalence of restricted Boltzmann machines and tensor network states. J. Chen, S. Cheng, H. Xie, L. Wang, T. Xiang, Physical Review B, 2018.
- [4] Phase Transition of the q-State Clock Model: Duality and Tensor Renormalization. Chen, J., Liao, H.-J., Xie, H.-D., Han, X.-J., Huang, R.-Z., Cheng, S., et al. 2017, Chinese Physics Letters, 34, 050503.
- Quantum entanglement: from quantum states of matter to deep learning.
 S. Cheng, J. Chen, L. Wang, Physics, 2017.
 *Physics is a popular article in Chinese language

Conferences

- 1 Born machine: generative modeling using tensor network states.

 The 8th Workshop on Quantum Many-Body Computation, Huangzhou, 2018, Invited talk.
- 2 A brief review on the application of tensor networks to the machine Learning problem.
 - Workshop on the Statistical Physics and Machine Learning, Anging, 2018, Invited talk.
- 3 Pixel Correlation and Mutual Information: Implication to Unsupervised Learning. Fall Meeting of the China Physics Society, Chengdu, 2017, Invited talk.