

Representations of Celestial Coordinates in FI

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Initial FITS Coordinate Specification

Keywords

CTYPE*n* Coordinate type (8 characters)

CRPIX*n* Reference pixel location

CRVAL*n* Coordinate value at reference pixel

CDEL*Tn* Coordinate increment at reference pixel

CROTA*n* Coordinate “rotation”

Problems with this

- Types inadequate for celestial coordinates, velocities
- Physical meaning of reference pixel undefined
- Rotation undefined, inadequate for general use
- No provision for skew in images

AIPS enhancements

- Types defined for some celestial coordinates, velocities
- Reference pixel defined as tangent point
- Rotation limited to celestial coordinates
- Still no skew or offset rotations
- Limited view of projective geometries

Proposed FITS Coordinate Specification

Keywords for All Coordinate Types

CDn_m = **CDnnnnmmmm** Matrix

- Replaces **CDEL**T*n* and **CROT**A*n* keywords
- Allows skew, offset and general rotations
- Allows dissimilar coordinates to be rotated together
- Relative coordinates given by linear transform :

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{CD1_1} & \text{CD1_2} & \text{CD1_3} & \dots \\ \text{CD2_1} & \text{CD2_2} & \text{CD2_3} & \dots \\ \text{CD3_1} & \text{CD3_2} & \text{CD3_3} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} i - i_0 \\ j - j_0 \\ k - k_0 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

Proposed FITS Coordinate Specification

Keywords for Celestial Coordinates

CTYPE n format defined

- First 4 characters give type of “standard coordinate system”
equatorial — **RA--** and **DEC--**
galactic — **GLON** and **GLAT**
ecliptic — **ELON** and **ELAT**
- Second 4 characters give type of projection as **-ccc**
where *ccc* defined by convention, such as
SIN, **TAN**, **ARC**, **AIT**

CRPIX n meaning defined by projection

- Each projection has “native coordinate system”
- Reference pixel is native north pole (0, 90°) for
azimuthal and conical projections
- Reference pixel is native origin (0, 0) for
cylindrical and conventional projections

Proposed FITS Coordinate Specification

Celestial Coordinates Continued

CRVAL n clarified

- Value in standard coordinates at the reference pixel
- **LONGPOLE** keyword added for generality
 - Native longitude of north pole of standard system
 - Default value is 180°

PROJP j keywords added to define some projections

Astrometry-related keywords added

- **EQUINOX** replaces **EPOCH** for the epoch of the mean equator and equinox in years
- **MJD-OBS** modified Julian date of observation in days
- **RADECSYS** frame of reference of equatorial coordinates as **FK4**, **FK4-NO-E**, **FK5**, **GAPPT**

Proposed FITS Coordinate Specification

Conventions and Matters of “Good Form”

1. The center of each pixel is its location.
2. Default viewing convention:
 - First pixel at lower left corner,
 - First axis displayed along horizontal,
 - Second axis displayed along vertical.
3. Diagonal elements of **CD** $_{i-j}$ should predominate.
 - Do not hide transpositions in the **CD** matrix.
4. Forbid rotation into axes which have only integral values.
5. **NCP** projection (of WSRT) changed to offset **SIN** projection.
6. When possible, **CDEL** T_n should be written along with n .
7. For longitude axis i and latitude axis j , the conversion

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{CD}_{i-i} & \mathbf{CD}_{i-j} \\ \mathbf{CD}_{j-i} & \mathbf{CD}_{j-j} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{CDEL}T_i \cos(\mathbf{CROTA}_j) & -\mathbf{CDEL}T_j \sin(\mathbf{CROTA}_j) \\ \mathbf{CDEL}T_i \sin(\mathbf{CROTA}_j) & \mathbf{CDEL}T_j \cos(\mathbf{CROTA}_j) \end{pmatrix}$$