The FITS IMAGE Extension. A Proposal

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Abstract

This paper describes the FITS IMAGE extension which provides a simple means for storing two or more related but not necessarily identical arrays in a single FITS file. The proposed extension is structured in a manner identical to that of a standard FITS header and data unit, thereby making it simple to interpret and if desired, easily converted to separate FITS primary array files.

1 Introduction

The IMAGE extension conforms to the generalized FITS extension format described by Grosbøl et al (ref. 3). It was first proposed by Muñoz (ref. 6) for use by the International Ultraviolet Explorer (IUE) project, as a means for combining image data with related auxiliary information which could not be easily stored using GROUP format or merged with the image data to create a single primary array. The IMAGE extension is a simple replication of the primary data array with the following features:

- 1. Allows the storage of an unlimited number of multidimensional arrays. (Note: support for multidimensional arrays has been suggested for, but is not currently included in, the proposed binary table extension (ref. 7).
- 2. Arrays are stored in separate extensions, thereby allowing each array to have its own header and semantic contents.
- 3. FITS readers can easily skip over reading separate extensions.
- 4. No additional keywords or conventions need to be adopted.
- 5. Dividing each individual header and data unit in a FITS IMAGE extension file results in simple primary array format files without any further processing (other than replacing the XTENSION = 'IMAGE⊔⊔⊔' keyword with SIMPLE = T).

The IMAGE extension is being proposed for use in the IUE Archive reprocessing project, to store data quality flags associated with the spectral images.

2 Identification

The IMAGE extension may appear in a FITS file if the primary header of the FITS file has the keyword EXTEND set to T and the first keyword of the associated extension header has XTENSION = 'IMAGE_LLL'.

No other modifications are required although NAXIS = 0 is not recommended since it would not make sense to extend a non-existing image with another image.

3 Extension Header

The extension header would begin in the first byte of the first record following the primary data array or the previous extension file. The format is identical to the primary header format and is described in the *FITS* Draft standard (ref. 7). The content of the header should be sufficient to allow a *FITS* reader to decide if it should read or skip over the extension.

3.1 Required Keywords

The card images in the header of the IMAGE extension use the following keywords in the order indicated in Table 1.

Principal HDU	Proposed IMAGE Extension
SIMPLE	XTENSION ¹
BITPIX	BITPIX
NAXIS	NAXIS
NAXISn	${\tt NAXISn}^2$
\mathtt{EXTEND}^3	PCOUNT = 0
END	GCOUNT = 1
	END

¹ XTENSION= $_{\square}$ 'IMAGE $_{\square\square\square}$ ' for the proposed extension.

Table 1: Mandatory *FITS* keywords for the Principal HDU and the proposed IMAGE extension.

3.1.1 XTENSION Keyword

The value field shall contain the character string 'IMAGE____'.

3.1.2 BITPIX Keyword

The value field shall contain an integer. The absolute value is used in computing the size of the data structure. It shall specify the number of bits that represent a data value. All BITPIX values allowed in the Primary Header for the primary data matrix are also allowed for the IMAGE extension header.

 $^{^2}$ n = 1, ..., NAXIS.

³ Required only if extension present.

3.1.3 NAXIS Keyword

The value field shall contain a non-negative integer no greater than 999, representing the number of axes in the data array.

3.1.4 NAXISn Keywords

The value field of this indexed keyword shall contain a non-negative integer, representing the number of positions along axis n (n=1, 2, ..., NAXIS) of the data array.

3.1.5 PCOUNT Keyword

The value field shall contain a non-negative integer that shall be used in any way appropriate to define the data structure, consistent with the equation for NBITS in the FITS Draft Standard (ref. 7). A simple IMAGE extension will have PCOUNT = 0.

3.1.6 GCOUNT Keyword

The value field shall contain a non-negative integer that shall be used in any way appropriate to define the data structure, consistent with the equation for NBITS in the FITS Draft Standard (ref. 7). A simple IMAGE extension will have GCOUNT = 1.

3.1.7 END Keyword

This keyword has no associated value. Columns 9-80 shall be filled with ASCII blanks.

Conforming	Bibliographic	Commentary	Observation	Array
Extension	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords	Keywords
EXTNAME	AUTHOR	COMMENT	DATE-OBS	BSCALE
EXTVER	REFERENC	HISTORY	TELESCOP	BZERO
EXTLEVEL			INSTRUME	BUNIT
			OBSERVER	BLANK
			OBJECT	CTYPEn
			EQUINOX	CRPIXn
			\mathtt{EPOCH}^1	CROTAn
				CRVALn
				CDELTn
				DATAMAX
				DATAMIN

¹ See comment on EPOCH in ref. 7.

Table 2: Reserved keywords for the proposed IMAGE extension. The keywords are defined in the *FITS* Draft Standard (ref.7).

3.2 Reserved Keywords

Additional keywords, located in the extension header after the GCOUNT keyword and before END, may be used to describe history of the data, characteristics of the observations, characteristics of the data array and other information.

These keywords are optional but, when used to describe an extension, they shall have the meaning described in the *FITS* Draft Standard (ref. 7). Table 2 summarizes the reserved keywords.

4 Data Sequence

The data format is identical to that of a primary data array and is described in detail in the *FITS* Draft Standard (ref. 7). This format will allow each IMAGE extension to contain a single data array of 1-999 dimensions with a data structure and scale factors independent of other arrays.

The IMAGE extension data shall begin in the first byte of the first record following the last header record. The first value of each subsequent row of the array shall immediately follow the last value of the previous row. In this manner, the array structure is independent of the record structure. Arrays of more than one dimension shall consist of a sequence such that the index of the first dimension varies most rapidly, and the index of the last dimension varies least rapidly.

5 Example IMAGE Extension Header

The following is an example of how this type of extension can be used. In this example, the primary data array contains an IUE linearized image file with the associated pixel quality flags stored using the IMAGE extension.

Main Header

```
2
                            3
         1
                                                5
                                                          6
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345\dots
SIMPLE =
                            T / Standard FITS format
BITPIX =
                          16 / 2-Bytes, 2-s complement integers
NAXIS =
                           2 / Number of axes
                        768 / Number of pixels per row
768 / Number of rows
NAXIS1 =
NAXIS2 =
EXTEND =
                           T / Extensions may be present
CTYPE1 = 'SAMPLE '
                             / X axis
CTYPE2 = 'LINE '
                             / Y axis
BSCALE =
           3.1250E-02 / REAL = (FITS * BSCALE) + BZERO
                   0. / Bias
TELESCOP= 'IUE ' / INSTitution generating tape

TIENAME ' / IUE telegrame
BZERO
                          / IUE telescope
/ Filename (camera)(image).LI(disp)
FILENAME= 'SWP12345.LIHI'
DATE
     = '12/10/92'
                              / Date tape was written as DD/MM/YY
END
                       Extension Header
                  2
                            3
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345\dots
XTENSION= 'IMAGE'
                              / IMAGE extension
BITPIX =
                          16 / 2-Bytes, 2-s complement integers
NAXIS
                           2 / Number of axes
NAXIS1 =
                          768 / Number of pixels per row
NAXIS2 =
                         768 / Number of rows
PCOUNT =
                           0 / Number of parameters per group
GCOUNT =
                           1 / Number of groups
CTYPE2 = 'LINE ' / X axis
FILENAME- 'COMPANY ' / Y
                          / Filename (camera)(image).LF(disp)
/ Data quality flags
FILENAME= 'SWP12345.LFHI'
EXTNAME = 'LFHI '
. . .
END
```

6 References

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