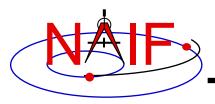


Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

Preparing for Programming Using the SPICE Toolkits

March 2017



Setting Path to Toolkit Executables

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Recommended for all languages

Unix

 csh, tcsh: Use the set command to add the location of toolkit executables to your path.

```
» set path = ($path /my_directory/toolkit/exe)
» set path = ($path /my_directory/cspice/exe)
» set path = ($path /my_directory/icy/exe)
» set path = ($path /my_directory/mice/exe)
```

bash

```
» PATH=$PATH:/my_directory/toolkit/exe

» PATH=$PATH:/my_directory/cspice/exe

» PATH=$PATH:/my_directory/icy/exe

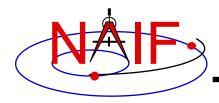
» PATH=$PATH:/my_directory/mice/exe
```

Windows

 Add location of toolkit executables to the environment variable PATH from the Advanced pane on the System Control Panel (Control Panel->System->Advanced).

```
» drive:\my_directory\toolkit\exe
» drive:\my_directory\cspice\exe
» drive:\my_directory\icy\exe
» drive:\my_directory\mice\exe
```

Replace the *italics* with the path in which you installed the toolkit on your computer.



Unix/Linux: Builds

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Assume your Toolkit distribution is installed at:

```
/naif/cspice/ for CSPICE (C toolkits)
/naif/toolkit/ for SPICE (Fortran toolkits)
```

- Compile and link an application-let's pretend it's named program-against the CSPICE or SPICELIB library.
 - For C:

```
$ gcc program.c -I/naif/cspice/include /naif/cspice/lib/cspice.a -lm
```

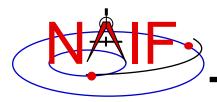
– For FORTRAN:

```
$ gfortran program.f /naif/toolkit/spicelib.a
```

The default SPICE library names do not conform to the UNIX convention libname.a. So you cannot use the conventional library path/name options -L and -l, e.g.

```
$ gcc ... -L/path_to_libs/ -lname
```

unless you rename the SPICE library.



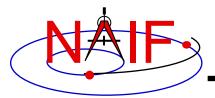
Windows: C compiler settings

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- The standard installation of Microsoft Visual Studio may not update environment variables needed to use the C compiler (cl) from the standard DOS shell. This depends on your version of the Microsoft development environment.
 - If programming in an XP 32-bit environment, you can set the environment variables by executing from a DOS shell one of the "vars32" batch scripts supplied with Microsoft compilers:
 - » vars32.bat
 - » vcvars32.bat
 - » vsvars32.bat
 - If available on your system, you can execute the script "Visual Studio version Command Prompt" utility from the

Programs -> Microsoft Visual Studio version -> Visual Studio Tools

menu. The utility spawns a DOS shell set with the appropriate environment variables. Caution: there may be 32-bit and 64-bit versions.



Windows: ifort compiler settings

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- The standard installation of Intel ifort may not update environment variables needed to use the Fortran compiler (ifort) from the standard DOS shell.
 - Intel provides batch scripts to spawn DOS shells properly configured for 32-bit or 64-bit Fortran development. Find the scripts by navigating to the menu

Programs -> Intel Software Development Tools -> Intel Visual Fortran Compiler (version)

The script for a 32-bit ifort environment:

Fortran Build Environment for applications running on IA-32

The script for a 64-bit ifort environment:

Fortran Build Environment for applications running on Intel 64

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Assume the SPICE distribution is installed at:

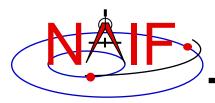
```
C:\naif\cspice\ for C toolkits
C:\naif\toolkit\ for Fortran toolkits
```

- Compile and link an application, say program, against the CSPICE or SPICELIB library.
 - For C toolkits:

```
> cl program.c -IC:\naif\cspice\include C:\naif\cspice\lib\cspice.lib
```

– For FORTRAN toolkits:

```
> ifort program.f C:\naif\toolkit\lib\SPICELIB.LIB
```



Icy: Register the Icy DLM to IDL (1)

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Required for "lcy"

- Unix and Windows
 - Use the IDL register command:

```
IDL> dlm_register, '_path_to_directory_containing_icy.dlm_'
e.g.

IDL > dlm_register, '/naif/icy/lib/icy.dlm'
```

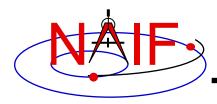
- Or, copy icy.dlm and icy.so (or icy.dll) to IDL's binary directory located at {The IDL install directory}/bin/bin.user architecture, e.g.
 - » Unix, X86 architecture

```
cp icy.dlm icy.so /Applications/exelis/idl/bin/bin.darwin.x86_64/
```

» Windows, X86 architecture

```
cp icy.dlm icy.dll C:\Program Files\Exelis\idl83\bin\bin.x86_64\
```

continued on next page



Icy: Register the Icy DLM to IDL (2)

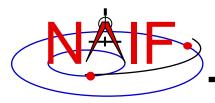
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Unix specific:

- Start the IDL application from a shell in the directory containing both icy.dlm and icy.so.
- Append the path to your icy.dlm to the IDL_DLM_PATH environment variable to include the directory containing icy.dlm and icy.so, e.g.:

```
setenv IDL_DLM_PATH "<IDL_DEFAULT>:_path_to_directory_containing_icy.dlm_"
```

Caveat: with regards to the lcy source directory, *icy/src/icy*, do not invoke IDL from the directory, do not register the directory, and do not append to IDL_DLM_PATH the directory. This directory contains an "icy.dlm" but not "icy.so."



Icy: Register the Icy DLM to IDL (3)

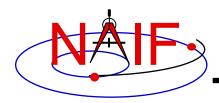
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- Windows specific:
 - Set environment variable IDL_DLM_PATH from the Advanced pane of the System Control Panel.
- Once registered (by whatever means) confirm IDL recognizes and can access lcy.
 - Using the help command:

```
IDL> help, 'icy', /DL
**ICY - IDL/CSPICE interface from JPL/NAIF (not loaded)
```

- » Appearance of the words "not loaded" might suggest something is wrong, but this is expected state until you execute an Icy command.
- Execute a trivial lcy command:

```
IDL> print, cspice_icy('version')
% Loaded DLM: ICY.
Icy 1.4.20 25-DEC-2008 (EDW)
```

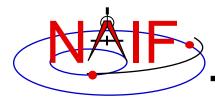


Icy: Using the IDL IDE

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Recommended for "lcy"

- Use the IDL IDE's preferences panel to set the current working directory to the location where you will be developing your code.
- Optional: Place your dlm_register command in a start up script. Specify the script using the IDL IDE's preferences panel.



Mice

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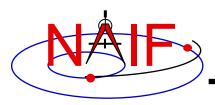
Required for "Mice"

- Assume the Mice distribution is installed at c:\naif\mice\ on Windows, or /naif/mice/ on Unix/Linux. Use of Mice from Matlab requires the Mice source and library directories exist in the Matlab search path. The easiest way to update the Matlab path is with the "addpath" command.
 - On Windows:

```
>> addpath('C:\naif\mice\lib')
>> addpath('C:\naif\mice\src\mice')
```

– On Unix/Linux:

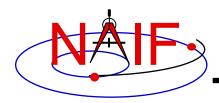
```
>> addpath('/naif/mice/lib')
>> addpath('/naif/mice/src/mice')
```



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Backup

- Icy programming example
- Mice programming example
- References
- Matlab 2016a MEX Change



Simple Icy Example

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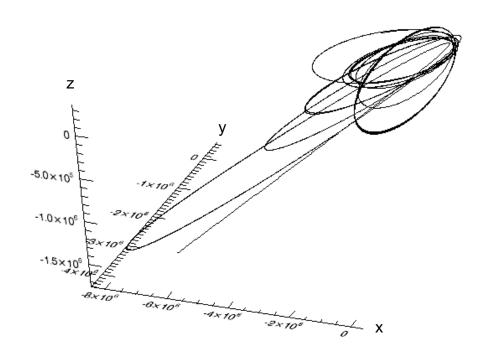
 As an example of Icy use with vectorization, calculate and plot the trajectory in the J2000 inertial frame of the Cassini spacecraft from June 20, 2004 to December 1, 2005.

```
;; Construct a meta kernel, "standard.tm", which will be used to load the needed
;; generic kernels: "naif0009.tls," "de421.bsp," and "pck0009.tpc."
;; Load the generic kernels using the meta kernel, and a Cassini spk.
cspice furnsh, 'standard.tm'
cspice furnsh, '/kernels/cassini/spk/030201AP SK SM546 T45.bsp'
;; Define the number of divisions of the time interval and the time interval.
STEP = 10000
utc = [ 'Jun 20, 2004', 'Dec 1, 2005' ]
cspice str2et, utc, et
times = dindgen(STEP) * (et[1]-et[0]) /STEP + et[0]
cspice spkpos, 'Cassini', times, 'J2000', 'NONE', 'SATURN BARYCENTER', pos, ltime
;; Plot the resulting trajectory.
x = pos[0, *]
y = pos[1,*]
z = pos[2, *]
iplot, x, y, z
cspice kclear
```

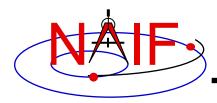


Graphic Output

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Trajectory of the Cassini vehicle in the J2000 frame, for June 20, 2004 to Dec 1, 2005

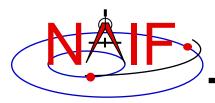


Simple Mice Example

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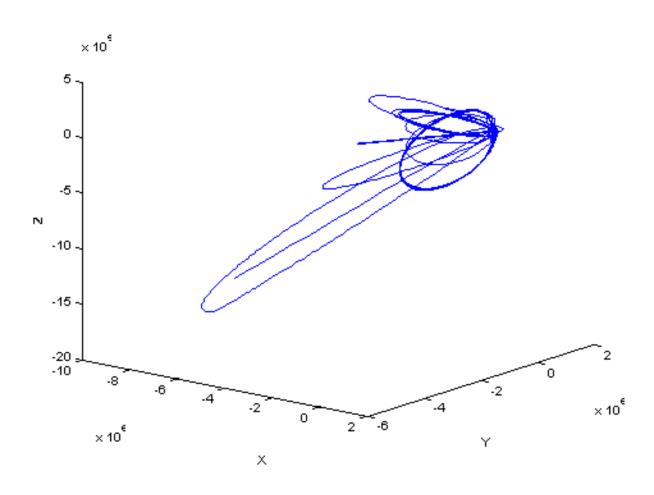
 As an example of Mice use with vectorization, calculate and plot the trajectory in the J2000 inertial frame of the Cassini spacecraft from June 20, 2004 to December 1, 2005

```
% Construct a meta kernel, "standard.tm", which will be used to load the needed
% generic kernels: "naif0009.tls," "de421.bsp," and "pck0009.tpc."
% Load the generic kernels using the meta kernel, and a Cassini spk.
cspice furnsh( { 'standard.tm', '/kernels/cassini/spk/030201AP SK SM546 T45.bsp'} )
% Define the number of divisions of the time interval and the time interval.
STEP
           = 1000;
            = cspice str2et( {'Jun 20, 2004', 'Dec 1, 2005'});
et
            = (0:STEP-1) * (et(2) - et(1))/STEP + et(1);
times
[pos, ltime] = cspice spkpos( 'Cassini', times, 'J2000', 'NONE', 'SATURN BARYCENTER' );
% Plot the resulting trajectory.
x = pos(1,:);
y = pos(2,:);
z = pos(3,:);
plot3(x,y,z)
cspice kclear
```



Graphic Output

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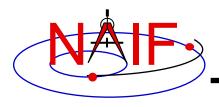
Trajectory of the Cassini vehicle in the J2000 frame, for June 20, 2004 to Dec 1, 2005



References

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- NAIF documents providing more information concerning SPICE programing:
 - "icy.req," Icy Required Reading
 - » icy/doc/icy.req
 - » icy/doc/html/req/icy.html
 - "mice.req," Mice Required Reading
 - » mice/doc/mice.req
 - » mice/doc/html/req/mice.html
 - "cspice.req," CSPICE Required Reading
 - » cspice/doc/cspice.req
 - » cspice/doc/html/req/cspice.html
 - "Introduction to the Family of SPICE Toolkits" tutorial



Matlab 2016a MEX Change

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Mathworks changed the operation of the MEX utility in the Matlab 2016a. Use of the mkprodct.csh/mkprodct.bat build script included with SPICE Toolkit N66 or earlier will fail to build Mice against 2016a or later. NAIF will include a modified version of the build scripts in the version N67 Toolkits.