# Effective\_Java Study



Item 34 by 알파



1. Enum이란?

2. Enum으로 할 수 있는 것

3. Enum을 써야 하는 이유



Def: An enum type is a special data type that enables for a variable to be a set of predefined constants.

EX. 월요일, 화요일 등 요일, 동서남북 등 방향



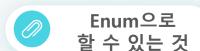
My Def: 미리 정의된 상수들을 모아놓은 객체!



코드로는 어떻게?



```
public enum Days {
    MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY,
    THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY,
    SUNDAY;
}
```



생성자, 인스턴스 변수, 클래스 변수

```
public enum Days {
    MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY,
    THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY,
    SUNDAY;

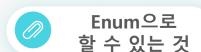
public Days() {};
}
```

```
public enum Days {
    MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY,
    THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY,
    SUNDAY;

private Days() {};
}
```

Predefined가 아니기 때문!

```
public enum Days {
    MONDAY( order: 1), TUESDAY( order: 2), WEDNESDAY( order: 3),
    THURSDAY( order: 4), FRIDAY( order: 5), SATURDAY( order: 6),
    SUNDAY( order: 7);
    private static final String NAME = "WEEK";
    private final int order;
    Days(int order) {
        this.order = order;
```



인스턴스 메소드, 클래스 메소드

```
public enum Days {
    MONDAY( order: 1), TUESDAY( order: 2), WEDNESDAY( order: 3),
    THURSDAY( order: 4), FRIDAY( order: 5), SATURDAY( order: 6),
    SUNDAY( order: 7);
    private static final String NAME = "WEEK";
   Days(int order) {
        this.order = order;
    public int getOrder() {
    public static String getNAME() {
```

내장된 메소드..?

```
public class Main {

public static void main(String[] args) {

    Days[] days = Days.values();
}
}
```

```
public class Main {

public static void main(String[] args) {
    System.out.println(Days.valueOf("MONDAY"));
}

Main ×

"C:\Program Files (x86)\Java\jdk1.8.0_311\bin\java.exe" ...

MONDAY

Process finished with exit code 0
```

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println(Days.MONDAY.ordinal());
0
Process finished with exit code 0
```

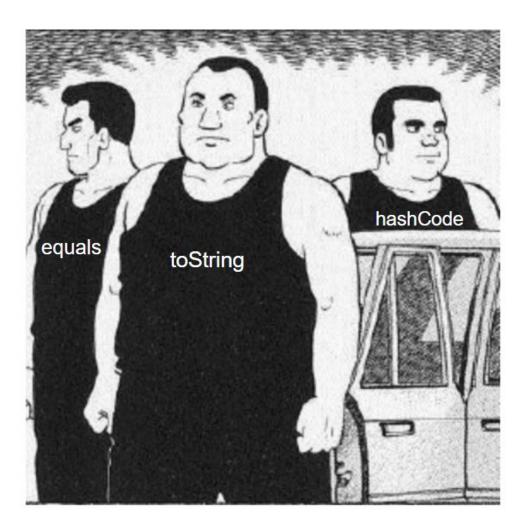
```
public class Main {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       System.out.println(Days.MONDAY.compareTo(Days.FRIDAY));
       System.out.println(Days.FRIDAY.compareTo(Days.MONDAY));
       System.out.println(Days.TUESDAY.compareTo(Days.TUESDAY));
-4
```



그런데 정적 팩토리 메소드를 곁들인

```
public enum Days {
   private static final String NAME = "WEEK";
   Days(int order) {
       this.order = order;
   public int getOrder() {
   public static String getNAME() {
   public static Days from(int order) {
       return Arrays.stream(Days.values()).filter(eachDay -> eachDay.order == order).findAny().get();
```

3형제







equals, hashCode는 Override 할 수 없다,

그러나 toString은 가능하다!

그런데 두 상수간 비교는 어떻게?

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println(Days.from(3) == Days.WEDNESDAY);
Main ×
"C:\Program Files (x86)\Java\jdk1.8.0_311\bin\java.exe" ...
 true
Process finished with exit code 0
```





Pigeonhole Principle

ETC...

```
public class MyClass {

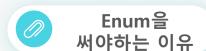
    //...
enum MyEnum {

    //...
}
}
```

```
public class MyClass {
```

```
public enum MyEnum {
    ONE, TWO;

enum InsideMyEnum {
    THREE, FOUR
}
}
```

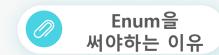


그냥 상수 클래스 하나 박아넣으면 안돼?



Q. 상수는 타입이 안전한가?

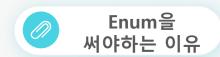
```
public class MyClass {
   private static final int MALE_KID = 3;
   private static void MALE_CONDITION(int maleConst) {
       if (maleConst == 1) {
           System.out.println("2000년 이전 출생 남성입니다.");
       else {
           System.out.println("2000년 이후 출생 남성입니다.");
   private static void someMethod() {
       System.out.println(MALE_ALPHA == FEMALE_BETA);
```



```
public class MyClass {
   private static void MALE_CONDITION(MaleEnum maleConst) {
       if (maleConst.getNumber() == 1) {
          System.out.println("2000년 이전 출생 남성입니다.");
           System.out.println("2000년 이후 출생 남성입니다.");
```

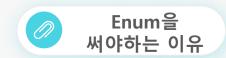
```
public enum MaleEnum {
    BEFORE_2000_MALE( number: 1),
    AFTER_2000_MALE( number: 3);
    private final int number;
    MaleEnum(int number) { this.number = number; }
    public int getNumber() { return this.number; }
```

A. Enum으로 빼준다면 관련없는 값을 넣을 수 없다. 즉, 타입 안전을 보장할 수 있다.

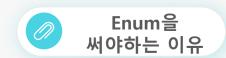


Q. 클래스가 내부의 상수만 관련있는 로직을 관리하는 게 클래스의 책임 원칙에 부합하는가?

```
public enum Planet {
   EARTH( mass: 5.975e+24, radius: 6.378e6),
    private final double radius;
   Planet(double mass, double radius) {
        this.radius = radius;
        this.surfaceGravity = G * this.mass / (this.radius * this.radius);
    public double surfaceWeight(double mass) {
```

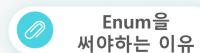


A. Enum을 사용하면 관련 있는 상수, 필드, 메소드를 Enum에서만 관리할 수 있다



Q. 상수끼리 다른 로직을 처리해야 할 때 이것이 가능한가?

```
Jimport static com.company.PayRollDay.PayType.WEEKDAY;
                                                                         enum PayType {
import static com.company.PayRollDay.PayType.WEEKEND;
                                                                                 int overtimePay(int minutesWorked, int payRate) {
                                                                                     if (minutesWorked <= MINS_PER_SHIFT) {</pre>
public enum PayRollDay {
    MONDAY (WEEKDAY), TUESDAY (WEEKDAY), WEDNESDAY (WEEKDAY),
                                                                                     return (minutesWorked - MINS_PER_SHIFT) * payRate / 2;
    THURSDAY (WEEKDAY), FRIDAY (WEEKDAY), SATURDAY (WEEKEND),
    SUNDAY (WEEKEND);
                                                                                 int overtimePay(int minutesWorked, int payRate) {
    private final PayType payType;
    PayRollDay(PayType payType) {
        this.payType = payType;
                                                                             abstract int overtimePay(int minutesWorked, int payRate);
                                                                             public int pay(int minutesWorked, int payRate) {
                                                                                 int basePay = minutesWorked * payRate;
    int pay(int minutesWorked, int payRate) {
                                                                                 return basePay + overtimePay(minutesWorked, payRate);
        return this.payType.pay(minutesWorked, payRate);
```



A. Enum을 사용하면 상수간 다른 동작을 효율적으로 수행할 수 있다



그러나....

상수들 간의 관계가 Enum을 이룰만큼 큰 연관이 없고, 단순한 값으로만 사용된다면 굳이 Enum으로 뺄 이유 는 없지 않을까?

## E.O.D



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