Classes *gTrio* and *iTrio*: Derivatives of *TrioSet* for use with genotype and intensity data in package *trioClasses*

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I found it difficult to construct an extension of *gSet* that was flexible with the AssayData, e.g., geno, lrr and baf. I think it makes sense to begin with the individual class scheme, and to strip the *TrioSet* class down to bare-bones so we can build it up into something that suits our present needs. Ultimately, I think a one class scheme is best, but I think it will be challenging to implement. So, what I've done is define two classes *gTrio*, for genotype data, and *iTrio* for probe intensity data (lrr and baf). Each of these classes is the TrioSet class defined in MD gutted to have only the bare essentials. I would like to add *eSet*/*gSet*-type objects in as we go, so that I understand exactly what they do. The class *gTrio* has somemethods defined for it to as demonstrated in this vignette. The class *iTrio* has no methods defined for it yet. Presumably we can simpy port in methods from MD.

```
> rm(list = ls())
> library("trioClasses")
> library("trio")
```

First we load the sample pedigree data frame included in local versions of the trioClasses package.

```
> data(ped)
> head(ped.df)
```

```
             id     mid     fid  Population     PI Ethnicity
578_01   578_01  578_03  578_02 PHILIPPINES Murray  filipino
578_02   578_02    <NA>    <NA> PHILIPPINES Murray  filipino
578_03   578_03    <NA>    <NA> PHILIPPINES Murray  filipino
1539_01 1539_01 1539_03 1539_02        IOWA Murray  european
1539_02 1539_02    <NA>    <NA>        IOWA Murray  european
1539_03 1539_03    <NA>    <NA>        IOWA Murray  european
```

```
> pedigreeInfo <- within(ped.df, {
     F <- as.character(fid)
     M <- as.character(mid)
     O <- as.character(id)
 })
> tg.ped <- Pedigree(pedigreeInfo = pedigreeInfo)
> tg.ped
```

```
This pedigree object contains 1812 complete trios.
For access to the data frame use the trios() accessor function.
```

After we ensure that F, M and O exist in the data frame we create a Pedigree object. Note the terse show method for the Pedigree object.

1 *gTrio* class

Next we load the genotype matrix with well-named rows and columns, with rows for subjects and columns for SNPs.

```
> data(geno)
> head(geno.mat[, 1:6])

        snp1 snp2 snp3 snp4 snp5 snp6
578_01     2    2    0    2    2    1
578_02     1    0    1    0    2    2
578_03     0    2    2    0    2    2
1539_01    2    0    2    2    2    0
1539_02    1    1    2    0    1    0
1539_03    1    0    2    2    0    2
```

Now we format the genotype matrix for input into gTrio() and use the copleteTrios method to remove trios that do not have genotype information for all members.

```
> geno.trio <- genoMat(tg.ped, geno.mat)
> (tg.ped.comp <- completeTrios(tg.ped, colnames(geno.trio)))

This pedigree object contains 33 complete trios.
For access to the data frame use the trios() accessor function.
```

Now we create the gTrio object from a complete pedigree and properly formatted, well-named, genotype matrix.

```
> (gTrio.obj <- gTrio(tg.ped.comp, geno = geno.trio))

gTrio (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
assayData: 10 features, 33 samples
  element names: geno
protocolData: none
phenoData: none
featureData
  featureNames: snp1 snp2 ... snp10 (10 total)
  fvarLabels: position chromosome isSnp
  fvarMetadata: labelDescription
experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
Annotation:
genome:  hg19

> class(gTrio.obj)

[1] "gTrio"
attr(,"package")
[1] "trioClasses"
```

Now we use the getGeno method to retrieve a genotype matrix formatted, in this case, for use in Holger's trio package.

```
> geno <- getGeno(gTrio.obj, type = "holger")
> dim(geno)

[1] 99 10

> (aTDT <- allelicTDT(mat.snp = geno, size = 10000))

      Allelic TDT

Top 5 SNPs:
      Statistic p-value
snp10    3.8571 0.04953
snp4     2.5714 0.10881
snp5     1.1429 0.28505
snp8     1.0000 0.31731
snp6     0.6923 0.40538
```

2 *iTrio* class

```
> (iTrio.obj <- iTrio(tg.ped.comp, lrr = geno.trio, baf = geno.trio))

iTrio (storageMode: lockedEnvironment)
assayData: 10 features, 33 samples
  element names: baf, lrr
protocolData: none
phenoData: none
featureData
  featureNames: snp1 snp2 ... snp10 (10 total)
  fvarLabels: position chromosome isSnp
  fvarMetadata: labelDescription
experimentData: use 'experimentData(object)'
Annotation:
genome:  hg19
```