```
> library("vcf2R")
> library("snpStats")
> data("BMP4-european-all.sm")
> data(ped, package = "trioClasses")
After loading the necessary packages and data we first make sure that the pedigree data frame contains fields
F, M and O for father, mother and offspring ids. Note that these ids should match those in the vcf file.
> pedigreeInfo <- with(ped.df, {</pre>
     F <- as.character(fid)
     M <- as.character(mid)</pre>
     0 <- as.character(id)</pre>
     ped <- substr(id, 1, 7)</pre>
     father <- F
     mother <- M
     affected <- rep(FALSE, length(0))
     affected[grep("_01", 0)] <- TRUE
     data.frame(ped = ped, id = id, father = father, mother = mother,
         affected = affected)
7)
> rownames(pedigreeInfo) <- pedigreeInfo$id
First we do our best to retrieve ids from the vcf/geno data and manipulate them to match the pedigree file.
> id.vec <- rownames(sm)</pre>
> head(id.vec)
[1] "H_ME-DS11103_02-DS11103_02" "H_ME-DS11103_03-DS11103_03"
[3] "H_ME-DS11107_02-DS11107_02" "H_ME-DS11107_03-DS11107_03"
[5] "H_ME-DS11107_01-DS11107_01" "H_ME-DS11108_02-DS11108_02"
> foo <- strsplit(x = id.vec, split = "-")</pre>
> id.vec <- as.character(data.frame((do.call("rbind", foo)))[,</pre>
     31)
> length(id.vec)
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> head(id.vec)
[1] "DS11103_02" "DS11103_03" "DS11107_02" "DS11107_03" "DS11107_01"
[6] "DS11108_02"
> rownames(sm) <- id.vec
> maf <- colSums(as(sm, "numeric"), na.rm = TRUE)/colSums(!is.na(sm))/2
> maf <- ifelse(maf > 0.5, 1 - maf, maf)
> sub <- which(maf >= 0.05)
> tdt.obj <- tdt.snp(data = pedigreeInfo, snp.data = sm,
     snp.subset = sub)
```

Analysing 65 potentially complete trios in 65 different pedigrees

> qq.chisq(chi.squared(tdt.obj, 1), df = 1)

 ${\tt omitted}$ lambda N 113.000000 0.000000 2.518584

QQ plot

