



6WIND VSR and Sysrepo



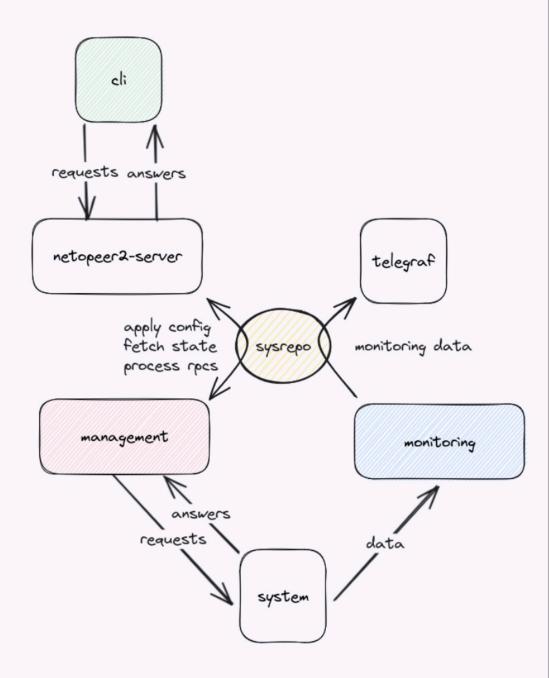
6WIND VSR

- 6WIND VSR is a product line comprising of high performance software routers
- Network functions: Security Gateway, Border Router, Provider Edge, Firewall, BNG,
 UPF
- Deployment model: Baremetal, VNF, CNF
- x86 and Arm
- Orchestrator: Openstack, Kubernetes, Red Hat Openshift, VMware
- More informations on *6WIND* website



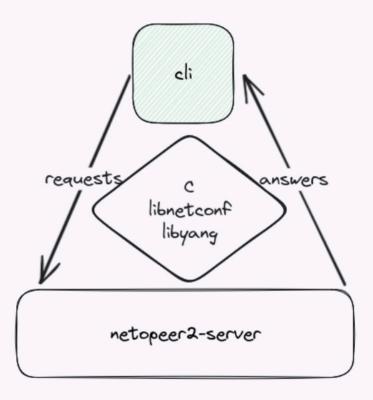
Global architecture

- users since 2017
- 3 components using the sysrepo suite
 - · monitoring
 - · cli
 - · management



Zoom on cli

- role: user interface, issue configuration requests,
 rpcs, and fetch state
- NETCONF client, written in C, using libnetconf and libyang
- cli syntax derived from custom YANG models (completion, validation)
- hierarchical model (modules augment a root)
- two trees: each config leaf as its state counterpart



Zoom on cli - YANG

```
container config {
 list vrf {
               // vrouter module
   container interface { // vrouter-interface module
     list loopback { // vrouter-loopback module
       container ipv4 {
         leaf address {
           type inet:ipv4-address;
container state {
               // vrouter module
 list vrf {
   container interface { // vrouter-interface module
     list loopback { // vrouter-loopback module
       container ipv4 {
         leaf address {
           type inet:ipv4-address;
```

Zoom on cli - config

Configure a 1o1 loopback with address 1.1.1.1/24

```
vsr> edit running
vsr running config# / vrf main interface loopback lo1 ipv4 address 1.1.1.1/324
ERROR: Failed to parse command
   / vrf main interface loopback lo1 ipv4 address 1.1.1.1/324
Expected:
  <A.B.C.D/M>
                       The IPv4 address on the interface and optionally its prefix.
vsr running config# / vrf main interface loopback lo1 ipv4 address 1.1.1.1/24
vsr running config# commit
vsr running config# show config absolute xml vrf main interface loopback lo1
<config xmlns="urn:6wind:vrouter">
  <vrf>
    <name>main</name>
    <interface xmlns="urn:6wind:vrouter/interface">
      <loopback xmlns="urn:6wind:vrouter/loopback">
        <name>lo1</name>
        <ipv4>
          <address>
            <ip>1.1.1.1/24</ip>
          </address>
        </ipv4>
      </loopback>
    </interface>
  </vrf>
</config>
```

Zoom on cli - state

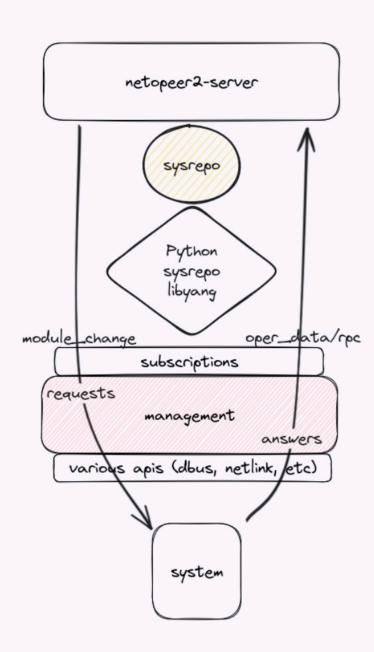
• Check that the interface address is in the right state, diff running config with state

```
vsr running config# show state vrf main interface loopback lo1
loopback lo1
   ipv4
      address 1.1.1.1/24
      ...
   (...)
vsr running config# diff running state vrf main interface loopback lo1
vsr running config#
```



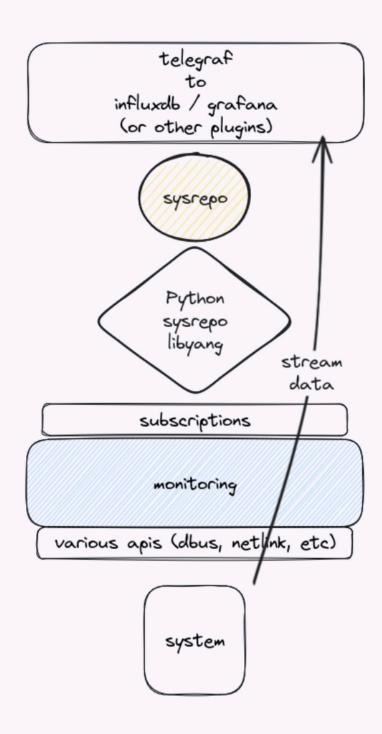
Zoom on management

- role: configure the system and fetch its state, process rpcs using sysrepo subscriptions
- written in Python (sysrepo and libyang wrappers)
- only one subscription for module_change,
 because we need a consistent tree for all modules, as there are dependencies between the modules
- push state on events from the system (e.g: network interfaces link status on netlink event)



Zoom on monitoring

- role: stream data to an analytics solution
- written in Python (sysrepo and libyang wrappers)
- streamed data are modeled using YANG
- oper_data subscriptions for each type of streamed data (network bandwidth, etc)
- telegraf gets the data via sysrepo, and outputs it to influxdb / grafana (or similar)





Contribution policy

- Our policy
 - · 6WIND upstreams everything that makes sense on those projects
 - · try to solve ourselves when a bug is found, else open an issue
- What we did
 - · about 30 patches contributed so far
- What we will do
 - · improvements in netopeer2-server notifications (Jeremie Leska)
 - · bug fixes, optimizations and issues as we find them



Team's Feedback

- well documented
- amazing support
- receptive and helpful with contributions
- but
 - · bottlenecks in libyang/sysrepo for big configs
 - · some parts are complex, making it hard for us to contribute (libsysrepo/libyang internals for instance)
 - · we did not find a statisfying way to manage YANG model updates



