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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/33

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' Version	Syllabus	Paper		
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9702	33		
(a) (ii)	Value	e of h_0 in range 0.70 m > h_0 > 0.50 m. Consistent with ur	nit.	[1]		
(b) (iii)	Value	e of <i>h,</i> less than <i>h</i> ₀ in (a)(ii) , with unit.		[1]		
	(c) Five sets of readings of <i>h</i> and <i>m</i> scores 5 marks, four sets scores 4 marks etc. Major help from Supervisor –2 (setting up apparatus). Minor help from Supervisor –1. [5]					
	Range of <i>m</i> : [1] To include 0.350 kg.					
Ead The	Column headings: [1] Each column heading must contain a quantity and a unit. The unit must conform to accepted scientific convention e.g. m / kg , $m(kg)$ or m in kg , $(h_0 - h)/m / m kg^{-1}$, $1/m / kg^{-1}$					
	Consistency: [1] All values of <i>h</i> must be given to the nearest mm.					
Sig	Significant figures: [1 Significant figures for every row of values of $1/m$ same as or one greater than m as recorded in the table.					
	lculation	on: $(h_0 - h)/m$ calculated correctly.		[1]		
(d) (i)	Sens Scale both Scale	: bible scales must be used, no awkward scales (e.g. 3: es must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy x and y directions. es must be labelled with the quantity that is being plotte e markings must be no more than 3 large squares apa	at least half the	[1] e graph grid in		
	All ob Diam	ng of points: oservations in the table must be plotted. neter of plots must be ≤ half a small square (no 'blobs' to an accuracy of half a small square.).	[1]		
		ity: pints in the table must be plotted (at least 4) for this n s must be less than 0.5 kg ⁻¹ (0.0005 g ⁻¹) of 1/ <i>m</i> of a s		[1] ded. Scatter of		
(ii)	Judg There Allow	of best fit: e by balance of all points on the grid about the candid e must be an even distribution of points either side of one anomalous point only if clearly indicated by the o must not be kinked or thicker than half a small square	the line along th candidate.			
(iii)	The I	ient: hypotenuse of the triangle must be at least half the lender read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in be				

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

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Do not allow $\Delta x / \Delta y$.

Page 3)	Mark Scheme, reachers version	Syllabus	rapei
			GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	9702	33
		Eithe Chec Read Or:	ercept: er: ck correct read off from a point on the line and substituded off must be accurate to half a small square in both x ck read-off of the intercept directly from the graph.	•	
	(e) Val	ue of	P = candidate's gradient. Value of Q = candidate's inte	ercept.	[1]
	Uni	it for <i>F</i>	(e.g. m) consistent with value, and Q (m kg ⁻¹)		[1]
					[Total: 20]
2	(b) (ii)	Valu	e of $ heta_0$ to the nearest degree or 0.5° in range 70° # $ heta$ $ heta$	⊭ 80°	[1]
	(iii)	Valu	e of $ heta$ with unit, $ heta< heta_0$		[1]
	(iv)	Corre	ect calculation of $(\theta_0 - \theta)$		[1]
	(c) (i)	Valu	e of raw <i>d</i> with unit to nearest mm.		[1]
	(ii)	If rep	plute uncertainty in 2 mm < d < 5 mm. Deated readings have been taken, then the absolute. Correct method shown to find the percentage uncer	•	[1] an be half the
	Sec Sec	cond v	value of θ_0 within 1 °C of first value of θ_0 . value of θ . value of $\Delta\theta$ first value of $\Delta\theta$ (check second value of $\Delta\theta$ of repeat readings of d here or in (c)(i) .	d > first value of	[1] [1] d). [1]
	(e) (i)	Two	values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.		[1]
	(ii)	Justi	fication of s.f. in k linked to significant figures in d and	$\Delta \theta$.	[1]
	(iii)		sible comment relating to the calculated values of ified by the candidate.	k, testing again	nst a criterion [1]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

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(f)

	(i) Limitations 4 max.	(ii) Improvements 4 max.	No credit/not enough
A	two results not enough	take more readings <u>and plot a</u> <u>graph/</u> calculate more <i>k</i> values and <u>compare</u>	'repeat readings' on its own/ few readings/ take more readings and (calculate) average k/ only one reading
В	heat lost through sides and /or bottom	method to reduce heat loss/ lag/ insulate/ polystyrene container	use of lid/ heat loss in warming bowl/cup/ draughts/ heat loss to surroundings
С	temperature change is small/ $\Delta \theta$ values too close	time for longer/ higher starting temperature/ greater range of surface areas	
D	large (percentage) uncertainty in $\Delta \theta$	use thermometer with greater sensitivity or precision/ use thermometer that can read to 0.1°C	use more accurate thermometer/ thermometer not precise enough/ not just 'digital thermometer'
E	water in bowl barely covers (bulb of) thermometer	use larger volume of water/ use of thermocouple/ other <u>small</u> temperature <u>sensor</u> (e.g. probe)	not just 'digital thermometer' any reference to stirrer/ non-uniform temperature/ thermometer touching base
F	parallax error in measuring <u>d</u> / reason for difficulty in access in measuring <u>d</u>	use dividers/calipers	string measurements to measure <i>d</i>
G	difficult to mark level with reason	method of making mark stay e.g. depth gauge/ calibrated marks/ marker on outside	

Do not allow: use of coloured ink/reaction time/fans/draughts/water left behind/beakers not accurate/ helpers.

[Total: 20]