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Cambridge International Advanced Level

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CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

9702/53 **PHYSICS**

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

October/November 2014 1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

International Examinations

1 A thin card is inserted between two separate iron cores. A coil is wound around one core as shown in Fig. 1.1.

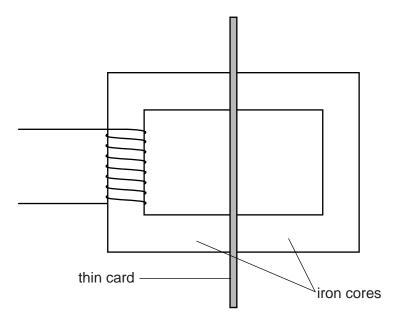


Fig. 1.1

A current in the coil may induce an e.m.f. in another coil wound on the other core. The induced e.m.f. *V* depends on the thickness *t* of the card.

A student suggests that

$$V = V_0 e^{-\sigma t}$$

where V_0 is the induced e.m.f. without card between the cores and σ is a constant.

Design a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between V and t and determine the value of σ . You should draw a diagram, on page 3, showing the arrangement of your equipment. In your account you should pay particular attention to

- (a) the procedure to be followed,
- (b) the measurements to be taken,
- (c) the control of variables,
- (d) the analysis of the data,
- (e) the safety precautions to be taken.

[15]

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Defining the problem	Methods of data collection	Method of analysis	Safety considerations	Additional detail



2 A student investigates how the final velocity *v* of a cylinder rolling down a board varies with the height *h* of the board as shown in Fig. 2.1.

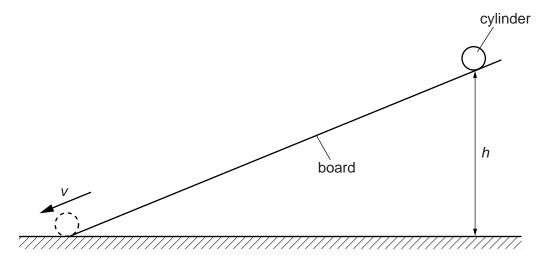


Fig. 2.1

For different values of *h*, the velocity *v* is determined using a light sensor connected to a data logger.

It is suggested that v and h are related by the equation

$$2gh = v^2Z$$

where g is the acceleration of free fall and Z is a constant.

(a) A graph is plotted of v^2 on the *y*-axis against *h* on the *x*-axis. Determine an expression for the gradient in terms of *g* and *Z*.

(b) Values of *h* and *v* are given in Fig. 2.2.

h/m	v/ms ⁻¹	
0.230	1.40 ± 0.05	
0.280	1.55 ± 0.05	
0.320	1.65 ± 0.05	
0.360	1.75 ± 0.05	
0.400	1.85 ± 0.05	
0.450	1.95 ± 0.05	

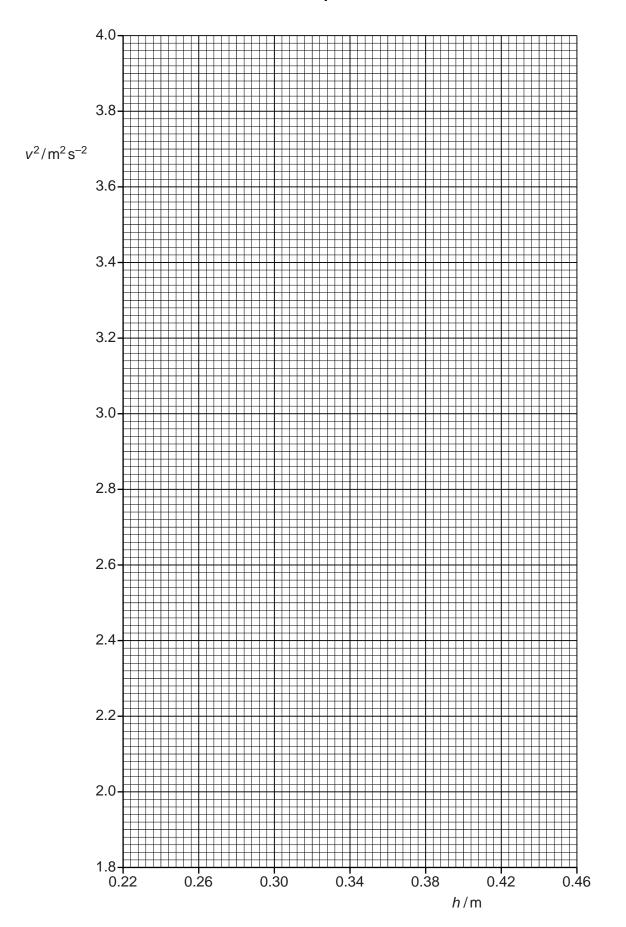
Fig. 2.2

Calculate and record values of $v^2/\text{m}^2\text{s}^{-2}$ in Fig. 2.2. Include the absolute uncertainties in v^2 . [3]

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of v^2/m^2s^{-2} against h/m. Include error bars for v^2 . [2]
 - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Both lines should be clearly labelled. [2]
 - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the uncertainty in your answer.

gradient =[2]	
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1	(h)	The	experiment is	s repeated	with	h=	0.700 m
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(i)	Using your answer to	(c)(iii)	determine the valu	e of v using	a the relationship	o aiven.
111	Coming your arrower to	(>)(111)	, actorring the valu	C OI V GOIII	g tile relationship	J GIVCII.

(ii) Determine the percentage uncertainty in the value of v.

(e) The constant Z is given by

$$Z = \left(1 + \frac{K}{mr^2}\right)$$

where *m* is the mass of the cylinder and *r* is the radius of the cylinder.

Using your answers to **(a)** and **(c)(iii)**, determine the value of *K*. Include the absolute uncertainty in your value and an appropriate unit.

Data: $g = 9.81 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-2}}$, $m = 2.5 \,\mathrm{kg}$ and $r = 0.015 \,\mathrm{m}$.

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