Lecture

Intro to Docstrings







Documentation Strings



```
>>> def add(a, b):
    """Add two integers and return the resulting integer."""
    return a + b
```



```
>>> def add(a, b):
"""Add two integers and return the resulting integer."""
return a + p
```



- String literal
- First statement in a class, method, module, or function.
- Should be included for all public methods (including __init__()).
- One-line or Multi-line



Document your code

- Human-Readable comments.
- Purpose and logic.
- Data types (parameters, return value).
- Specific and relevant information:
 - Valid ranges and values for the context, exceptions.

Docstring vs. Comment

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- Docstrings can be read using help(<elem>) in the interactive shell.
 Comments can only be read directly in the source code.
- Docstrings are "linked" to the element that they describe through the
 __doc___ attribute. Comments are not part of the code at all.
- Docstrings can be converted into documentation.



