6.S091 Problem Set 1

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Preliminaries

(a)

$$\mathbb{P}_X = P(U)P(A|U)P(M|A)P(Y|M, U)$$
= Ber(0.5) Ber(U/4) Ber(0.5 + 0.1A) Ber(M/2 + U/4)

(b)

$$\mathbb{P}_X(Y=1) = 0.38125$$

 $\mathbb{P}_X(Y=1 \mid M=0, A=0) = 0.10714285714285714$
 $\mathbb{P}_X(Y=1 \mid M=0, A=1) = 0.25$

Interventional

(c)

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(U, A^{I} = 1, M, Y \mid \text{do}(A = 1)) = P(U)P(M|A = 1)P(Y|M, U, A = 1)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(0.6) \cdot \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

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$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(U, A^{I} = 1, M, Y \mid \text{do}(A = 0)) = P(U)P(M|A = 0)P(Y|M, U, A = 0)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

(d)

$$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y \mid \text{do}(A=1)) = \begin{cases} 0.425 & \text{if } Y=1\\ 0.575 & \text{if } Y=0 \end{cases}$$
 (1)

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y \mid do(A = 1)) = \begin{cases}
0.425 & \text{if } Y = 1 \\
0.575 & \text{if } Y = 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y \mid do(A = 0)) = \begin{cases}
0.375 & \text{if } Y = 1 \\
0.625 & \text{if } Y = 0
\end{cases}$$
(2)

(e)

If A = 1, U = 0, P(A = 1, U = 0) = 0. Therefore, P(Y|A = 1, U = 0) is undefined. So I check only for the case of do(A = 0) which doesn't involve P(Y|A=1, U=0) as a component in its process of computation.

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid \text{do}(A = 0)) = 0.375$$

$$\sum_{u \in \{0,1\}} \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = 0, U = u) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U = u) = \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = 0, U = 1) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U = 1) + \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = 0, U = 0) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U = 0)$$

$$= 0.5 * 1/2 + 0.25 * 1/2$$

$$= 0.375 \quad \text{(match)}$$

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y=0\mid \text{do}(A=0)) = 0.625$$

$$\sum_{u\in\{0,1\}} \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y=0\mid A=0,U=u) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U=u) = \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y=0\mid A=0,U=1) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U=1) + \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y=0\mid A=0,U=0) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U=0)$$

$$= 0.5*1/2 + 0.75*1/2$$

$$= 0.625 \quad (\text{match})$$

(f)

$$\sum_{m \in \{0,1\}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(M=m \mid A=0) \sum_{a' \in \{0,1\}} \left(\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}} \left(Y \mid M=m, A=a' \right) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}} \left(A=a' \right) \right)$$

Problem 2

(a)

(Ask whether we start from $V = \overline{\operatorname{an}}_{\mathcal{G}}(A \cup B \cup S)$) By the setting, $V = \overline{\operatorname{an}}_{\mathcal{G}}(A \cup B \cup S)$. Since γ is d-connecting path, all nodes in γ are unblocked. For a node to be unblocked, either 1) it is not collider and not in S or 2) it is collider but it is not in S and so is its decendents. In both cases, the node is not in S. In addition, since the definition of path doesn't include starting and end point which are in S and S respectively, we can exclude the self S or S from S, i.e. $V = \operatorname{an}_{\mathcal{G}}(A \cup B \cup S)$

(b)

Since there exists a d-connecting path γ , $(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{S}) \notin \mathcal{I}_{\perp}(\mathcal{G})$. Since all nodes in γ doesn't include any node in S as shown in (a), we can use γ as a path in $\overline{\mathcal{G}[\mathbf{V}]}$ from A to B which doesn't pass through S by replacing the directed edges to undirected ones.

Problem 3

(a)

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = N) = \sum_{S \in \{L,R\}} \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid S, A = N) \mathbb{P}_{X}(S)$$

$$= 0.73 \cdot 0.49 + 0.93 \cdot 0.51$$

$$= 0.832$$

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = O) = \sum_{S \in \{L,R\}} \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid S, A = O) \mathbb{P}_{X}(S)$$

$$= 0.69 \cdot 0.49 + 0.87 \cdot 0.51$$

$$= 0.7818$$

(b)

(Ask how to draw ζ^I) Since S satisfies backdoor criterion, we can say $\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=1\mid \operatorname{do}(A=N)) = \sum_{\mathbf{s}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y\mid A=N,\mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s})\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(\mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s}) = 0.832$ and $\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=1\mid \operatorname{do}(A=O)) = \sum_{\mathbf{s}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y\mid A=O,\mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s})\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(\mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s}) = 0.7818$.

Problem 4