# 6.S091 Problem Set 1

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## **Preliminaries**

(a)

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(U, A, M, Y) = P(U)P(A|U)P(M|A)P(Y|M, U)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \text{Ber}(U/4) \text{Ber}(0.5 + 0.1A) \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

**(b)** 

$$\mathbb{P}_X(Y=1) = 0.38125$$
 $\mathbb{P}_X(Y=1 \mid M=0, A=0) = 0.10714285714285714$ 
 $\mathbb{P}_X(Y=1 \mid M=0, A=1) = 0.25$ 

### **Interventional**

(c)

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(U, A = 1, M, Y \mid \text{do}(A = 1)) = P(U)P(A = 1|A = 1)P(M|A = 1)P(Y|M, U, A = 1)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot 1 \cdot \text{Ber}(0.6) \cdot \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(0.6) \cdot \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

In the similar vein, we can compute

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(U, A = 1, M, Y \mid \text{do}(A = 0)) = P(U)P(A = 0|A = 0)P(M|A = 0)P(Y|M, U, A = 1)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot 1 \cdot \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

$$= \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(0.5) \cdot \text{Ber}(M/2 + U/4)$$

(d)

$$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y \mid \text{do}(A=1)) = \begin{cases} 0.425 & \text{if } Y=1\\ 0.575 & \text{if } Y=0 \end{cases}$$
 (1)

$$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y \mid \text{do}(A=1)) = \begin{cases} 0.425 & \text{if } Y=1\\ 0.575 & \text{if } Y=0 \end{cases}$$

$$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y \mid \text{do}(A=0)) = \begin{cases} 0.375 & \text{if } Y=1\\ 0.625 & \text{if } Y=0 \end{cases}$$
(2)

<sup>\*</sup> I computed the above values by computing the distribution  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U,A,M,Y)$  as dictionary in python and marginalized. See https: //github.com/syyunn/6.S091/blob/main/pset1/problem\_1b.py

<sup>\*</sup> I computed the above values by computing the distribution  $\mathbb{P}_X(U, A, M, Y)$  as dictionary in python and marginalized. See https://github. com/syyunn/6.S091/blob/main/pset1/problem\_1d\_doA0.py and https://github.com/syyunn/6.S091/blob/main/pset1/problem\_1d\_doA1.py

**(e)** 

In case of do(A = 0), we have

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid \text{do}(A = 0)) = 0.375 \quad \text{from (d)}$$

$$\sum_{u \in \{0,1\}} \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = 0, U = u) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U = u) = \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = 0, U = 1) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U = 1) + \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = 0, U = 0) \mathbb{P}_{X}(U = 0)$$

$$= 0.5 * 1/2 + 0.25 * 1/2$$

$$= 0.375 \quad \text{(match)}$$

$$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid \text{do}(A=0)) = 0.625 \quad \text{from (d)}$$
 
$$\sum_{u \in \{0,1\}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid A=0, U=u) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U=u) = \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid A=0, U=1) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U=1) + \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid A=0, U=0) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U=0)$$
 
$$= 0.5 * 1/2 + 0.75 * 1/2$$
 
$$= 0.625 \quad \text{(match)}$$

In case of do(A = 1), we have

$$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y = 1 \mid \text{do}(A = 1)) = 0.425 \quad \text{from (d)}$$
 
$$\sum_{u \in \{0,1\}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y = 1 \mid A = 1, U = u) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U = u) = \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y = 1 \mid A = 1, U = 1) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U = 1) + \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y = 1 \mid A = 1, U = 0) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U = 0)$$
 
$$= 0.55 * 1/2 + \text{undefined}$$
 
$$= \text{undefined}$$

$$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid \text{do}(A=1)) = 0.625 \quad \text{from (d)}$$
 
$$\sum_{u \in \{0,1\}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid A=1, U=u) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U=u) = \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid A=1, U=1) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U=1) + \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=0 \mid A=1, U=0) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U=0)$$
 
$$= 0.45 * 1/2 + \text{undefined}$$
 
$$= \text{undefined}$$

**(f)** 

In case of do(A = 0), we have

$$\begin{split} &\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y=1\mid \text{do}(A=0))=0.375 \quad \text{from (d)} \\ &\sum_{m\in[0,1]}\mathbb{P}_{X}(M=m\mid A=0)\sum_{a'\in[0,1]}\left(\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(Y=1\mid M=m, A=a'\right)\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(A=a'\right)\right) \\ &=\mathbb{P}_{X}(M=0\mid A=0)\cdot\sum_{a'\in[0,1]}\left(\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(Y=1\mid M=0, A=a'\right)\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(A=a'\right)\right) \\ &+\mathbb{P}_{X}(M=1\mid A=0)\cdot\sum_{a'\in[0,1]}\left(\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(Y=1\mid M=1, A=a'\right)\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(A=a'\right)\right) \\ &=1/2\cdot(0.10714285714285714\cdot0.875+0.25\cdot0.125)+1/2\cdot(0.6071428571428571\cdot0.875+0.75\cdot0.125) \\ &=0.375 \quad \text{(match)} \\ &\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y=0\mid \text{do}(A=0))=0.625 \quad \text{from (c)} \\ &\sum_{m\in[0,1]}\mathbb{P}_{X}(M=m\mid A=0)\sum_{a'\in[0,1]}\left(\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(Y=0\mid M=m, A=a'\right)\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(A=a'\right)\right) \\ &=\mathbb{P}_{X}(M=0\mid A=0)\cdot\sum_{a'\in[0,1]}\left(\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(Y=0\mid M=0, A=a'\right)\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(A=a'\right)\right) \\ &+\mathbb{P}_{X}(M=1\mid A=0)\cdot\sum_{a'\in[0,1]}\left(\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(Y=0\mid M=1, A=a'\right)\mathbb{P}_{X}\left(A=a'\right)\right) \\ &=1/2\cdot(0.8928571428571429\cdot0.875+0.750000000000001\cdot0.125)+1/2\cdot(0.39285714285714285\cdot0.875+0.25\cdot0.125) \\ &=0.62500000000000000001218750 \quad \text{(match)} \end{split}$$

In case of do(A = 1), we have

### **Problem 2**

(a)

Let's take a arbitrary node  $\gamma_m \in \gamma$ . Then  $\gamma_m$  should be unblocked since  $\gamma$  is d-connecting path and it means all nodes in  $\gamma$  are unblocked. Then since  $\gamma_m$  is unblocked, we can think of two cases where  $\gamma_m$  is collider or  $\gamma_m$  is non-collider. First, in case of  $\gamma_m$  is collider, then  $\gamma_m \in S$  or its descendent  $\deg(\gamma_m) \in S$ . If  $\gamma_m \in S$ ,  $\gamma_m \in V$  since V include S itself. If  $\deg(\gamma_m) \in S$ ,  $\gamma_m \in \deg(S)$ , and it implies  $\gamma_m \in V$ . Second, in case of  $\gamma_m$  is non-collider,  $\gamma_m \notin S$ . In this case, let's think about the sub-path  $\gamma_m \to \gamma_{m+1}, \gamma_{m+2}, \cdots, b$  where S is the destination of the path S. Among the nodes in this sub-path, if there exists a node that is collider, then this node is in S or ancestor of S as we've shown in the first scenario. Then S becomes ancestor of S and it implies S and it implies S in an ancestor of S in an ancestor of S and it implies S in an ancestor of S in an ancestor of S and it implies S in an ancestor of S in an

**(b)** 

From (a), we know that  $\gamma_m \in S$  only in case that  $\gamma_m$  is collider. By the definition of moral graph, if  $\gamma_m$  is collider, we can marry  $\gamma_{m-1}$  and  $\gamma_{m+1}$  which are left and right nodes of  $\gamma_m$ . Therefore, with given path  $\gamma$ , we can construct a new path  $\gamma'$  by visiting each node in  $\gamma$  and marry left and right nodes when the node we're visiting is collider. Then this new path  $\gamma'$  doesn't pass through S and  $\gamma'$  is a valid path in moral graph G[V] since its all nodes and edges are included in G[V].

### Problem 3

(a)

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = N) = \sum_{S \in \{L,R\}} \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid S, A = N) \mathbb{P}_{X}(S)$$

$$= 0.73 \cdot 0.49 + 0.93 \cdot 0.51$$

$$= 0.832$$

$$\mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid A = O) = \sum_{S \in \{L,R\}} \mathbb{P}_{X}(Y = 1 \mid S, A = O) \mathbb{P}_{X}(S)$$

$$= 0.69 \cdot 0.49 + 0.87 \cdot 0.51$$

$$= 0.7818$$

**(b)** 

Since *S* satisfies backdoor criterion,  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=1 \mid \text{do}(A=N)) = \sum_{\mathbf{s}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y \mid A=N, \mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s}) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(\mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s}) = 0.832$  and  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y=1 \mid \text{do}(A=O)) = \sum_{\mathbf{s}} \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(Y \mid A=O, \mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s}) \mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(\mathbf{S}=\mathbf{s}) = 0.7818$ .

# **Problem 4**

$\beta_{aw}$	$\hat{eta}_{aw}$	$\hat{eta}_{yw}$	$\widehat{eta}_{yw}/\widehat{eta}_{aw}$	$ \mathbb{E}[Y A] - \widehat{\beta}_{yw}/\widehat{\beta}_{aw} $
5	4.52	33.84	7.47	0.03
0.5	0.72	5.54	7.60	0.1
0.05	0.32	2.49	7.62	0.12

As shown in the table, the ratio well estimates the true  $\mathbb{E}[Y|A] = 0.75$ . Also we can notice that the absolute value of bias  $|\mathbb{E}[Y|A] - \widehat{\beta}_{yw}/\widehat{\beta}_{aw}|$  increases as  $\beta_{aw}$  decreases.

<sup>\*</sup> I computed the above values by computing the distribution  $\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{X}}(U, A, M, Y)$  as dictionary in python and marginalized. See <a href="https://github.com/syyunn/6.S091/blob/main/pset1/problem4.py">https://github.com/syyunn/6.S091/blob/main/pset1/problem4.py</a>