

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES SCHOOL OF COMPUTING

STIQK3014 REAL-TIME PROGRAMMING

GROUP A

GROUP DISCUSSION

LECTURER:

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STIWK3014 REAL TIME PROGRAMMING

Tutorial / Exercise 10: TrafficLightController by using ReentrantLock Method (Group Discussion)

Instruction:

Simulate a traffic light controller for a 4-way intersection where only one direction can have the

green light at a time. Each direction has its own thread controlling the light using Java's for synchronization. The concept used are:

- ReentrantLock from java.util.concurrent.locks
- Thread-based simulation (4 threads for 4 directions)
- Light states: green, yellow, red
- Fair scheduling using locks

Submission:

Platform: 1. Online Learning - Sample Coding & Output in PdF form

- 2. GitHub Upload the coding file to your GitHub account.
- 3. Only leader will submit the answer.

Date: 21 May 2025 (Wednesday, before 12.30 noon)

Coding

```
import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;
public class TrafficLightController {
  private static final ReentrantLock lock = new ReentrantLock();
  private static final int GREEN TIME = 5000; // milliseconds
  private static final int YELLOW_TIME = 2000;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    for (int i = 1; i <= 4; i++) {
       final int direction = i;
       new Thread(() -> controlLight(direction)).start();
         Thread.sleep(GREEN_TIME + YELLOW_TIME); // Stagger thread start
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
      }
    }
  }
  private static void controlLight(int direction) {
    while (true) {
      lock.lock();
       try {
         System.out.println("Direction " + direction + ": GREEN");
         Thread.sleep(GREEN_TIME);
         System.out.println("Direction " + direction + ": YELLOW");
         Thread.sleep(YELLOW_TIME);
         System.out.println("Direction " + direction + ": RED\n");
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
       } finally {
         lock.unlock();
      }
       // Sleep a bit before trying again
       try {
         Thread.sleep(1000); // avoid starvation
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Output

