Apply filters to SQL queries

Project description

We need to retrieve specific information about employees, their machines, and the departments they work in from an SQL database. This data is being used to investigate security issues and update user machines.

Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

MariaDB [ord	+		-	t		:00' AND success = 0
event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0
18	pwashing	2022-05-11	19:28:50	US	192.168.66.142	0
20	tshah	2022-05-12	18:56:36	MEXICO	192.168.109.50	0
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0
34	drosas	2022-05-11	21:02:04	US	192.168.45.93	0
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	บร	192.168.4.157	0
52	cjackson	2022-05-10	22:07:07	CAN	192.168.58.57	0
69	wjaffrey	2022-05-11	19:55:15	USA	192.168.100.17	0
82	abernard	2022-05-12	23:38:46	MEX	192.168.234.49	0
87	apatel	2022-05-08	22:38:31	CANADA	192.168.132.153	0
96	ivelasco	2022-05-09	22:36:36	CAN	192.168.84.194	0
104	asundara	2022-05-11	18:38:07	บร	192.168.96.200	0
107	bisles	2022-05-12	20:25:57	USA	192.168.116.187	0
111	aestrada	2022-05-10	22:00:26	MEXICO	192.168.76.27	j 0 j
127	abellmas	2022-05-09	21:20:51	CANADA	192.168.70.122	0
131	bisles	2022-05-09	20:03:55	US	192.168.113.171	0
155	cgriffin	2022-05-12	22:18:42	USA	192.168.236.176	j 0 j
160	jclark	2022-05-10	20:49:00	CANADA	192.168.214.49	j 0 j
199	yappiah	2022-05-11	19:34:48	MEXICO	192.168.44.232	0
++++++						

First, let's investigate failed login attempts made after business hours. We'll apply the SQL filter:

```
SELECT * FROM log_in_attempts WHERE login_time > '18;00' AND success
= 0;
```

This will first fetch all fields in the <u>log_in_attempts</u> table, but only show entries made after 6pm (18:00 in computer time) and only if the login attempt was a failure. Successes and failures are denoted by boolean logic values of 1 and 0 respectively.

Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

riaDB [or	ganization]	> SELECT * FRO	OM log_in_atte	empts WHERI	E login_date = '20	22-05-09'
event_id	+ username	+ login_date	login_time	country	+	success
1	 jrafael		04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0
24	arusso	2022-05-09	06:49:39	MEXICO	192.168.171.192	1
25	sbaelish	2022-05-09	07:04:02	US	192.168.33.137	1
26	apatel	2022-05-08	17:27:00	CANADA	192.168.123.105	1
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0
30	yappiah	2022-05-09	03:22:22	MEX	192.168.124.48	1
32	acook	2022-05-09	02:52:02	CANADA	192.168.142.239	0
36	asundara	2022-05-08	09:00:42	US	192.168.78.151	1
38	sbaelish	2022-05-09	14:40:01	USA	192.168.60.42	1
39	yappiah	2022-05-09	07:56:40	MEXICO	192.168.57.115	1
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US	192.168.4.157	0
43	mcouliba	2022-05-08	02:35:34	CANADA	192.168.16.208	0
44	daquino	2022-05-08	07:02:35	CANADA	192.168.168.144	0
47	dkot	2022-05-08	05:06:45	US	192.168.233.24	1
49	asundara	2022-05-08	14:00:01	US	192.168.173.213	0
53	nmason	2022-05-08	11:51:38	CAN	192.168.133.188	1
56	acook	2022-05-08	04:56:30	CAN	192.168.209.130	1
58	ivelasco	2022-05-09	17:20:54	CAN	192.168.57.162	0
61	dtanaka	2022-05-09	09:45:18	USA	192.168.98.221	1
65	aalonso	2022-05-09	23:42:12	MEX	192.168.52.37	1
66	aestrada	2022-05-08	21:58:32	MEX	192.168.67.223	1
67	abernard	2022-05-09	11:53:41	MEX	192.168.118.29	1
68	mrah	2022-05-08	17:16:13	US	192.168.42.248	1
7.0	tmitabol	2022 05 00	10.55.17	MEVICO	102 160 07 100	1

Let's investigate a suspicious event that occurred on 2022-05-09. We also want to retrieve events that happened on the day before: 2022-05-08. We'll input the following request:

```
SELECT * FROM log_in_attempts WHERE login_date = '2022-05-09' OR
login_date = "2022-05-08';
```

This retrieves all login attempts that occurred on either date of 2022-05-09 or the day before it.

Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

MariaDB [org	<pre>dariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM log_in_attempts WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';</pre>								
event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	ip_address	success			
1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	192.168.243.140	1			
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0			
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA	192.168.151.162	1			
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA	192.168.178.71	0			
5	jrafael	2022-05-11	03:05:59	CANADA	192.168.86.232	0			
7	eraab	2022-05-11	01:45:14	CAN	192.168.170.243	1			
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US	192.168.119.173	0			
10	jrafael	2022-05-12	09:33:19	CANADA	192.168.228.221	0			
11	sgilmore	2022-05-11	10:16:29	CANADA	192.168.140.81	0			
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA	192.168.100.158	1			
13	mrah	2022-05-11	09:29:34	USA	192.168.246.135	1			
14	sbaelish	2022-05-10	10:20:18	US	192.168.16.99	1			
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA	192.168.183.51	0			

Now we need to investigate login attempts that did not occur in Mexico. We'll input the following:

```
SELECT * FROM log in attempts WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';
```

This will retrieve all login attempts that are not from Mexico. Because the column has entries that are written as both 'MEXICO' and 'MEX' simply writing NOT country = 'Mexico' won't work. It will fail to exclude entries listed as 'MEX'. This is where % comes in. % is a wildcard for any number of characters. Therefore writing NOT country LIKE 'MEX%' excludes both 'MEX' and 'MEXICO' entries.

Retrieve employees in Marketing

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM employees WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE 'East%';
 employee_id | device_id
                                username
                                            department
                                                          office
         1000
                a320b137c219
                                 elarson
                                            Marketing
                                 jdarosa
                a192b174c940
                                            Marketing
         1052
                                                          East-195
                x573y883z772
k8651965m233
                                 fbautist
         1075
                                            Marketing
                                                          East-267
         1088
                                 rgosh
                                            Marketing
                                                          East-157
         1103
                NULL
                                 randerss
                                            Marketing
                                                          East-460
                a184b775c707
                                dellery
                                            Marketing
         1156
                                                          East-417
         1163
                h679i515j339
                                 cwilliam
                                            Marketing
                                                          East-216
 rows in set (0.013 sec)
```

Our team needs to update some company machines. We need information about employees and their devices from the Marketing department in all offices in the East building. Let's put in the following SQL query:

```
SELECT * FROM employees WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office
LIKE 'East%';
```

Since office numbers are denoted by "(building)-(number)" we need to use the LIKE 'East%' filter to find everyone in the East building.

Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

```
MariaDB [organization]> SELECT * FROM employees WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
 employee_id |
                device_id
                               username
                                           department
                                                         office
                               sgilmore
         1003
                d394e816f943
                                           Finance
                                                         South-153
                h174i497j413
         1007
                                wjaffrey
                                           Finance
                                                         North-406
         1008
                i858j583k571
                                abernard
                                                         South-170
                                           Finance
                                lrodriqu
         1009
                                           Sales
                                                         South-134
                k2421212m542
                                                         South-109
         1010
                                jlansky
                                           Finance
         1011
                1748m120n401
                                drosas
                                           Sales
                                                         South-292
                p611q262r945
                                jsoto
                                           Finance
                                                         North-271
                r550s824t230
                                jclark
                                           Finance
                                                         North-188
                s310t540u653
                                abellmas
                                           Finance
                                                         North-403
                                                         West-465
                w237x430y567
                                arusso
                                           Finance
                y976z753a267
                                iuduike
                                           Sales
                                                         South-215
                z381a365b233
                                jhill
                                           Sales
                                                         North-115
                d336e475f676
                                ivelasco
                                           Finance
                                                         East-156
                j236k3031245
                                bisles
                                           Sales
                                                         South-171
                n253o917p623
                                cjackson
                                           Sales
                                                         East-378
                                cgriffin
                                           Sales
                                                         North-208
                p929q222r778
                s429t157u159
                                tbarnes
                                           Finance
                                                         West-415
                                                         East-115
                                pwashing
                                           Finance
```

Now we need to do a different system update on all employees devices in the Finance and Sales department. To find both we'll input:

```
SELECT * FROM employee WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department =
'Sales';
```

Retrieve all employees not in IT

MariaDB [organ:	ization]> SELEC	r * FROM em	ployees WHERE NOT	department = 'Inform	ation Technology';
employee_id	device_id	username	department	office	
1000	a320b137c219	elarson	Marketing	East-170	
1001	b239c825d303	bmoreno	Marketing	Central-276	
1002	c116d593e558	tshah	Human Resources	North-434	
1003	d394e816f943	sgilmore	Finance	South-153	
1004	e218f877g788	eraab	Human Resources	South-127	
1005	f551g340h864	gesparza	Human Resources	South-366	
1007	h174i497j413	wjaffrey	Finance	North-406	
1008	i858j583k571	abernard	Finance	South-170	
1009	NULL	lrodriqu	Sales	South-134	
1010	k2421212m542	jlansky	Finance	South-109	
1011	1748m120n401	drosas	Sales	South-292	
1015	p611q262r945	jsoto	Finance	North-271	
1016	g793r736s288	sbaelish	Human Resources	North-229	

Now we need to do one final update. This update was done on every employee device in the IT department already. Let's filter out the IT department by inputting the following:

SELECT * FROM employee WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';

Summary

Here, we applied filter to SQL queries to obtain specific information. The $\overline{\texttt{AND}}$, $\overline{\texttt{OR}}$, and $\overline{\texttt{NOT}}$ are the main filters for information. The $\overline{\texttt{LIKE}}$ and wildcard (%) syntax also filters for patterns inside columns.