PP-Module for WIDS/WIPS

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Version: 1.0

20192020-1101-0716

National Information Assurance Partnership

Revision History

Version Date Comment 2016-10-06 Initial Release - EP for NDcPP 1.0

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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This Protection Profile Module (PP-Module) describes security requirements for a 802.11 Wireless Intrusion Detection System (WIDS) defined to be an IEEE 802.11 network intrusion detection product located at the edge of a private network that can collect, inspect, and analyze real-time network traffic and alert the administrator of policy violations. This PP-Module is intended to provide a minimal baseline set of requirements that are targeted at mitigating well defined and described threats.

This PP-Module contains optional requirements for a Wireless Intrustion Protection System WIPS), a security product that in addition to the 802.11 WIDS capability, provides network security administrators with the additional ability to react in real-time to potentially malicious wireless (IEEE 802.11) network traffic.

This PP-Module extends the collaborative Protection Profile for Network Devices (NDcPP).

1.2 Terms

The following sections list Common Criteria and technology terms used in this document.

1.2.1 Common Criteria Terms

Grounds for confidence that a TOE meets the SFRs [CC] Assurance Common Criteria (CC) Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation.

Common Evaluation Methodology Common Evaluation Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation. (CEM)

A **TOE** composed of multiple components operating as a logical whole. Distributed TOE

Operational Environment (OE) Hardware and software that are outside the <u>TOE</u> boundary that support the <u>TOE</u> functionality and security policy.

Protection Profile (PP) An implementation-independent set of security requirements for a category of products.

Protection Profile Configuration A comprehensive set of security requirements for a product type that consists of at least one Base-PP and at least one PP-Module.

An implementation-independent statement of security needs for a TOE type complementary to one or more Base Protection Protection Profile Module (PP-Module)

Security Assurance Requirement (SAR) A requirement to assure the security of the TOE. Security Functional Requirement (SFR) A requirement for security enforcement by the **TOE**.

A set of implementation-dependent security requirements for a specific product. Security Target (ST)

TOE Security Functionality (TSF) The security functionality of the product under evaluation. **TOE** Summary Specification (TSS) A description of how a TOE satisfies the SFRs in a ST.

Target of Evaluation (TOE) The product under evaluation

1.2.2 Technical Terms

Access Point (AP) A device that provides the network interface that enables 802.11 wireless client hosts to access a wired network.

An 802.11 enabled device that has the ability to process, transmit, and/or store information. End User Device (EUD)

Service Set Identifier (SSID) The primary name associated with an 802.11 wireless local area network (WLAN).

A security product that provides network security administrators with the ability to monitor, collect, and log real-time to potentially malicious wireless Wireless Intrustion Detection (IEEE 802.11) network traffic. System (WIDS)

Wireless Intrustion Prevention A security product that provides network security administrators with the ability to monitor, collect, log, and react in real-time to potentially malicious System (WIPS) wireless (IEEE 802.11) network traffic.

Wireless Local Area Network

A-An 802.11 wireless computer network that links two or more devices using wireless communication to form a local area network (LAN) within a limited area such as a home, school, computer laboratory, campus, office building etc.

1.3 Compliant Targets of Evaluation

1.3.1 TOE Boundary

This PP-Module specifically addresses Wirele on Detection/Prevention Systems-(WIDS/WIPS). A conformant WIDS is a product that can monitor, collect, inspect, and analyze real-time network traffic and alert the administrator of policy violations. <u>WIPS</u> functionality is not required to conform to this <u>PP</u>-Module, and it is optional for the <u>TOE</u> to have the additional ability to react in real-time to potentially malicious wireless (IEEE 802.11) network traffic.

A WIDS/WIPS TOE consists of multiple sensors that passively scan the RF environment on the WLAN radio frequency spectrum and a centralized mechanism such as a Server or Controller that processes the data collected by the sensors. Conformant TOEs must use a secure communication path(s) between WIDS/WIPS components

A WIDS/WIPS can be Integrated (be part of the WLAN infrastructure) or Overlay Standalone (independent from WLAN) architecture depending on vendor implementation. The two different architectures are illustrated in the Figure 1 figure below

A WIDS/WIPS is expected to inspect layers 1 and 2 network traffic, per the OSI network mode, and monitor wireless frames in the RF spectrum utilized by IEEE 802.11 a, b, g, n, and ac. Monitoring and inspection of other technologies (e.g., cellular) and protocols are optional.

Conformant TOEs will detect potentially malicious network traffic using various approaches. Broadly speaking, the traffic analysis could be based on identification of 'known' threats, or 'unknown' threats. Identification of 'known' threats may be performed through pattern matching, (e.g. by matching strings of characters within a frame with known patterns, or by matching traffic patterns common with reconnaissance or denial of service (DoS) attacks). Identification of 'unknown' threats may be performed through use of various forms of anomaly detection whereby the WIDS/WIPS is provided with (or learns/creates) a definition of expected/typical traffic patterns, such that it's able to detect and react to anomalous (unexpected/atypical) traffic patterns.

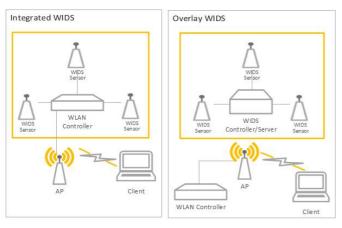


Figure 1: General TOE

1.4 Use Cases

[USE CASE 1] Use Case 1

2 Conformance Claims

Conformance Statement

This PP-Module inherits exact conformance as required from the specified Base-PP and as defined in the CC and CEM addenda for Exact Conformance, Selection-Based SFRs, and Optional SFRs (dated May 2017).

The following PPs and PP-Modules are allowed to be specified in aPP-Configuration with this PP-Module

· Network Device cPP, version 2.1

CC Conformance Claims

This PP-Module is conformant to Parts 2 (extended) and 3 (conformant) of Common Criteria Version 3.1, Release 5 CC ackage Claims

This PP-Module does not claim conformance to any packages.

3 Security Problem Description

<u>WIDS</u> address a range of security threats related to detection of and reaction to potentially malicious<u>WLAN</u> traffic. The malicious traffic may pose a threat to one or more endpoints on the monitored networks, to the network infrastructure, or to the <u>TOE</u> itself. Attacks against a <u>WLAN</u> could compromise the confidentiality and integrity of <u>WLAN</u> users and system data as well as the availability of the <u>WLAN</u> to legitimate users.

The term "monitored network" is used here to represent any <u>WLAN</u> and/or wired network that the <u>TOE</u> is configured to monitor and detect intrusions on. This extends to the wired networks as intrusions on the wireless network can also be damaging to the wired infrastructure. The <u>WIDS/WIPS</u> also protect the wired infrastructure by detecting rogue devices that are directly connected to the wired infrastructure, which may expose the wired network, or unauthorized <u>WLAN</u> devices deployed in a no-wireless zone. The terms "Wi Fi", "Wi Fi Network" and "WLAN" will be used interchangeably to represent a Wi Fi network.

The proper installation, configuration, and administration of the WIDS are is critical to its correct operation. A site is responsible for developing its security policy and configuring a rule set that the WIDS will enforce and provide an appropriate response to meet their needs, relative to their own risk analysis and their perceived threats.

Note that this <u>PP-Module</u> does not repeat the threats identified in the NDcPP, though they all apply given the conformance and hence dependence of this <u>PP-Module</u> on the NDcPP. Note also that while the NDcPP contains only threats to the ability of the <u>TOE</u> to provide its security functions, this <u>PP-Module</u> addresses only threats to resources in the operational environment. Together the threats of the NDcPP and those defined in this <u>PP-Module</u> define the comprehensive set of security threats addressed by a <u>MIDS TOE</u>.

3.1 Threats

T.UNAUTHORIZED_DISCLOSURE_OF_INFORMATION

Unintended/unauthorized disclosure of sensitive information on a protected <u>WLAN</u>, such as sending unencrypted sensitive data. The <u>WIDS</u> will be capable of collecting and analyzing <u>WLAN</u> data to detect unauthorized disclosure of information.

T.UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS

An attacker may attempt to gain unauthorized access to a network, endpoints, or services, by methods such as impersonation of an authorized AP to get an <u>EUD</u> to connect to the unauthorized AP if malicious external APs or EUDs are able to communicate with APs or EUDs on the protected <u>AVLAN</u>, then those devices may be susceptible to the unauthorized disclosure of information.

T.DISRUPTION

Attacks against the <u>WLAN</u> infrastructure might lead to denial of service <u>DoS</u>) attacks within a protected <u>WLAN</u>. A wireless <u>DoS</u> may occur in two ways: at the physical layer through RF Jamming, or at the data link layer through packet injection.

3.2 Assumptions

These assumptions are made on the Operational Environment in order to be able to ensure that the security functionality specified in the PP-Module can be provided by the TOE. If the TOE is placed in an Operational Environment that does not meet these assumptions, the TOE may no longer be able to provide all of its security functionality.

A.CONNECTIONS

It is assumed that the <u>TOE</u> is connected to distinct networks in a manner that ensures that the <u>TOE</u>'s security policies will be enforced on all applicable network traffic flowing among the attached networks.

A.PROPER_ADMIN

The administrator of the WIDS is not careless, willfully negligent or hostile, and administers the WIDS within compliance of the applied enterprise security policy.

3.3 Organizational Security Policies

An organization deploying the TOE is expected to satisfy the organizational security policy listed below in addition to all organizational security policies defined by the claimed baseP.

P ANALYZE

Analytical processes and information to derive conclusions about potential intrusions must be applied to WIDS data and appropriate response actions taken.

4 Security Objectives

4.1 Security Objectives for the TOE

O.SYSTEM_MONITORING

To be able to analyze and react to potential network policy violations, the WIDS must be able to collect and store essential data elements of network traffic on monitored networks.

O.WIDS_ANALYZE

The WIDS must be able to analyze collected or observed WLAN activity on monitored network to identify potential violations of approved WLAN policies, unauthorized connections involving internal WLAN devices, and non-secure communications

sed by: FAU ARP.1. FAU ARP EXT.2. FAU IDS EXT.1. FAU INV EXT.1. FAU INV EXT.2. FAU INV EXT.3. FAU SAA.1. FAU WID EXT.1. FAU WID EXT.2. AU ANO EXT.1(OPTIONAL), FAU INV EXT.4(OPTIONAL), <u>FAU_MAC_EXT.1(OPTIONAL), FAU_SIG_EXT.1(OPTIONAL), FAU_WID_EXT.6(OPTIONAL), FAU_WID_EXT.7(OPTIONAL), FAU_WID_EXT.8(OPTIONAL)</u> O.WIPS REACT

The TOE must be able to react as configured by the administrators to isolate/containWLAN devices that have been determined to violate administrator-definedWIPS policies.

Addressed by: FAU_WIP_EXT.1 (OPTIONAL)

O.TOE ADMINISTRATION

To address the threat of unauthorized administrator access that is defined in the base PP, Conformant TOEs will provide the functions necessary for an administrator to configure the WIDS Capabilities of the TOE

essed by: FMT_SMF.1/WIDS

O.INSECURE_OPERATIONS

There may be instances where the TOE's hardware malfunctions or the integrity of the TOE's software is compromised, the latter being due to malicious or non-malicious intent. To address the concern of the TOE operating outside of its hardware or software specification, the TOE will log or produce an alert upon discovery of a problem reported via the self-test mechanism

Addressed by: FPT_FLS.1(Optional)
O.TRUSTED_COMMUNICATIONS

To further address the threat of untrusted communications channels that is defined in the base PP, conformant TOEs will provide trusted communications between distributed components if any exist.

ed by: <u>FPT_ITT.1, FTP_ITC.1</u>

4.2 Security Objectives for the Operational Environment

The Operational Environment of the TOE implements technical and procedural measures to assist the TOE in correctly providing its security functionality (which is defined by the security objectives for the <u>TOE</u>). The security objectives for the Operational Environment consist of a set of statements describing the goals that the Operational Environment should achieve. This section defines the security objectives that are to be addressed by the IT domain or by non-technical or procedural means. The assumptions identified in Section 3 are incorporated as security objectives for the environment. The following security objectives for the operational environment assist the TOE in correctly providing its security functionality. These track the assumptions about the environment.

OE.CONNECTIONS

T.UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS

T DISRUPTION

O.WIPS REACT

A.CONNECTIONS

A.PROPER_ADMIN

TOE administrators will ensure that the TOE is installed in a manner that will allow the TOE to effectively enforce its policies on the network traffic of monitored networks. OF PROPER ADMIN

The administrator of the WIDS is not careless, willfully negligent or hostile, and administers the WIDS within compliance of the applied enterprise security policy.

4.3 Security Objectives Rationale

This section describes how the assumptions, threats, and organization security policies map to the security objectives. , O.WIDS_ANALYZE, O.WIPS_REACT, O.TOE_ADMINISTRATION, O.WIDS_ANALYZE, O.WIPS_REACT

Security Objectives Threat, Assumption, or OSP

O.SYSTEM_MONITORING

T.UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

O.SYSTEM_MONITORING as this provides for visibility into the network which enables detection of network violations.

Rationale

The threat T.Unauthorized_Disclosure_of_Information is countered by O.WIDS_ANALYZE as this provides detection of potential violations of

The threat T.Unauthorized Disclosure of Information is countered by

approved network usage.

The threat T.Unauthorized_Disclosure_of_Information O.WIPS_REACT

is countered by O.WIPS_REACT as this provides

containment of unauthorized APs and EUDs.

O.SYSTEM MONITORING

O.WIDS_ANALYZE

The threat T.UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS is countered by O.SYSTEM MONITORING as this provides for visibility into the

network which enables detection of unauthorized APs and EUDs.

The threat T.UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS is countered by O.WIDS_ANALYZE

O.WIDS_ANALYZE as this provides detection of potential violations of approved network usage.

The threat T.UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS is countered by O.WIPS REACT O.WIPS_REACT as this provides containment of unauthorized APs

and EUDs.

The threat T.UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS is countered by O.TOE_ADMINISTRATION.

O.TOE ADMINISTRATION

O.SYSTEM_MONITORING

The threat T.DISRUPTION is countered by O.SYSTEM_MONITORING as this provides for visibility into the

network which enables detection of DoS attacks.

The threat T.DISRUPTION is countered by O.WIDS ANALYZE as O.WIDS_ANALYZE this provides for detection of potential violations of approved network

usage.

The threat T.DISRUPTION is countered by O.WIPS REACT as this provides containment of

unauthorized APs and EUDs.

OE.CONNECTIONS

OE.PROPER_ADMIN

The operational environment objective OE.CONNECTIONS is realized through A.CONNECTIONS.

The operational environment objective OE.PROPER_ADMIN is realized through A.PROPER ADMIN.

P.ANALYZE The organizational security policy P.ANALYZE is facilitated through O.WIDS $\,$ ANALYZE. O.WIDS ANALYZE

5 Security Requirements

This chapter describes the security requirements which have to be fulfilled by the product under evaluation. Those requirements comprise functional components from Part 2 and assurance components from Part 3 of [CC]. The following notations are used:

- Refinement operation (denoted by bold text or strikethrough text): is used to add details to a requirement (including replacing an assignment with a more restrictive selection) or to remove part of the requirement that is made irrelevant through the completion of another operation, and thus further restricts a requirement.
- Selection (denoted by italicized text): is used to select one or more options provided by the CCI in stating a requirement.
- Assignment operation (denoted by italicized text): is used to assign a specific value to an unspecified parameter, such as the length of a password. Showing the value in square brackets indicates assignment.
- Iteration operation: is indicated by appending the SFR name with a slash and unique identifier suggesting the purpose of the operation, e.g. "/EXAMPLE1",

5.1 ND PP Security Functional Requirements Direction

In a PP-Configuration that includes ND PP, the TOE is expected to rely on some of the security functions implemented by the Network Device as a whole and evaluated against the ND PP. The following sections describe any modifications that the ST author must make to the SFRs defined in the NDPP in addition to what is mandated by Section 5.2 TOE Security **Functional Requirements**

5.1.1 Modified SFRs

The SFRs listed in this section are defined in the ND Protection Profile and relevant to the secure operation of the TOE.

5.1.1.1 Protection of the TSF (FPT)

FPT ITT.1 Basic Internal TSF Data Transfer Protection

FPT_ITT.1.1
The TSF shall protect TSF data from disclosure and detect its modification when it is transmitted between separate parts of the TOE through the use of [selection: IPsec, SSH, TLS, TLS/HTTPS].

Application Note: FPT_ITT.1 is optional in NDcPP, however, since a WIDS/WIPS TOE is distributed, FPT_ITT.1 shall be included in the ST as modified in this PP-Module and is applicable to the data transmitted between the sensors and controller.

This requirement ensures all communications between components of a distributed TOE is protected through the use of an encrypted communications channel. The data passed in this trusted communication channel are encrypted as defined in the protocol chosen in the selection. The <u>ST</u> author chooses the mechanisms supported by the <u>TOE</u>, and then ensures that the detailed protocol requirements in Appendix B of NDcPP corresponding to their selection are included in the <u>ST</u>, if not already present.

5.1.1.2 Trusted Paths/Channels (FTP)

FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel

FTP_ITC.1.1
The ISF shall be capable of using [selection: <u>IPsec</u>, <u>SSH</u>, <u>TLS</u>, <u>HTTPS</u>] to provide a trusted communication channel between itself and authorized IT entities supporting the following capabilities: audit server, [selection: database server, [assignment: other capabilities], no other capabilities] that is logically distinct from other communication channels and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the channel data from disclosure and detection of modification of the channel data.

The TSF shall permit the TSF or the authorized IT entities to initiate communication via the trusted channel.

FTP_ITC.1.3

The TSF shall initiate communication via the trusted channel for assignment: list of services for which the TSF is able to initiate communications.

Application Note: The intent of the above requirement is to provide a means by which a cryptographic protocol may be used to protect external communications with authorized IT entities that the <u>TOE</u> interacts with to perform its functions. The <u>TOE</u> uses at least one of the listed protocols for communications with the server that collects the audit information.

If the TSF uses a separate database server, the database server selection must included in the ST.

If other authorized IT entities are protected, the ST author makes the appropriate assignments (for those entities) and selections (for the protected, the ST author makes the appropriate assignments). connections). The ST author selects the mechanism or mechanisms supported by the TOE, and then ensures that the detailed protocol requirements in Appendix B of NDcPP corresponding to their selection are included in the ST

5.2 TOE Security Functional Requirements

The following section describes the SFRs that must be satisfied by any TOE that claims conformance to this PP-Module. These SFRs must be claimed regardless of which PP-Configuration is used to define the TOE

5.2.1 Security Audit (FAU)

FAU_ARP.1 Security Alarms

FAU ARP.1.3

The ISF shall display an alert to Authorized Administrator in sufficient detail to include identity of APs and EUDs involved, description of alert and severity level anitselection: capture raw frame traffic that triggered the violation, no other actions] upon detection of a potential security violation.

Application Note: If "capture raw frame traffic that triggers the violation" is selected then FAU_STG_EXT.1/PCAP shall be included in the ST.

FAU ARP EXT.2 Security Alarm Filtering

FAU_ARP_EXT.2.1
The TSF shall provide the ability to apply **assignment**: methods of selection] to selectively exclude alerts from being generated.

FAU_GEN.1/WIDS Audit Data Generation

FAU GEN 1 1/WIDS

The TSF shall be able to generate an audit record of the following auditable events:

- a. Start-up and shutdown of the audit functions:
- b. All auditable events for the [not specified] level of audit;
 c. [Auditable events listed in: Auditable Events Table 1;
- d. Failure of wireless sensor communication].

Requirement	Auditable Events	Additional Audit Record Contents
FAU ANO EXT.1 (OPTIONAL)	None	None
FAU_ARP.1	Actions taken due to potential security violations	None
FAU_ARP_EXT.2	None	None
FAU_GEN.1/WIDS	None	None
FAU IDS EXT.1	None	None
FAU_INV_EXT.1	Presence of whitelisted device	Type of device (AP or EUD), MAC Address
FAU INV EXT.2	None	None
FAU INV EXT.3	None	None
FAU_INV_EXT.4	Location of AP or EUD	MAC Address, device type, classification of device, sensor(s) that detected device, signal strength as received by detecting sensor(s), proximity to detecting sensor(s)
FAU_INV_EXT.5 (OPTIONAL)	None	None
FAU_INV_EXT.6 (OPTIONAL)	None	None
FAU_MAC_EXT.1 (OPTIONAL)	None	None

AU SAA.1 AU SI<u>G EXT.1</u> None None None None (OPTIONAL) AU_STG_EXT.1/PCAP None None (OPTIONAL) Detection of rogue AP or None **EUD** FAU WID EXT.1 Detection of unauthorized None SSID Sensor wireless transmissions FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless transmission cappabilities are turned on. capabilities. FAU WID EXT.3 None Use of an unauthorized authentication MAC Address, device type, classification of the device, FAU WID EXT.4 authentication method used schemes Use of an unauthorized MAC Address, device type, classification of the device, FAU_WID_EXT.5 encryption method used encryption schemes Detection of Frequency band, channel used within frequency band. network devices identification information (MAC address if applicable or AU WID EXT.6 operating in other similar unique ID), device technology (i.e., cellular), sensor(s) that detected devices (OPTIONAL) selected RF hands FAU_WID_EXT.7 (OPTIONAL) None

Description of violation, type of containment used, was Isolation containment triggered manually or automatically, sensor of AP or performing the containment (if wireless), details about EUD the device (s) being contained (classification, device type, MAC address)

FDP_IFC.1 None None FMT SMF.1/WIDS None None

None

Indication that there was a failure, type of failure, device FPT_FLS.1 Information

None

(OPTIONAL) that failed, and time of failure. about failure.

FPT ITT.1 None None FTP ITC.1 None None : Auditable Events Table 1: Auditable Events

Application Note: The auditable events defined in -Auditable Events Table 1 are for the SFRs that are explicitly defined in this PP-Module and are intended to extend FAU_GEN.1 in the Base-PP. The events in the - Auditable Events Table 1 should be combined with those of the ND cPP in the context of a conforming Security Target.

EXT.1

(OPTIONAL)

The Auditable Events (: Auditable EventsTable 1) includes optional and objective SFRs. The auditing of optional and objective SFRs is only required if that SFR is included in the ST.

Per FAU_STG_EXT.1 in the Base-PP, the TOE must support transfer of the audit data to an external IT entity using a trusted channel.

The TSF shall record within each audit record at least the following information:

a. Date and time of the event, type of event, and subject identity (if applicable);

b. For each audit event type, based on the auditable event definitions of the functional components included in the PP/ST, [auditable events listed in Auditable Events Table 1].

Application Note: The subject identity in this case is the whitelisted inventory item.

FAU_GEN_EXT.1 Intrusion Detection System - Reporting Methods

FAU GEN EXT.1.1

FAU WID EXT.8

The TSF shall provide [selection:

- Syslog using [selection: defined API, Syslog, [assignment: other detection method]],
 SNMP trap reporting using [selection: defined API, Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), [assignment: other detection method]]

Application Note: Syslog and/or SNMP trap reporting can be used. At least one reporting method must be selected.

FAU GEN EXT.1.

The TSF shall provide the ability to import data from the system: **\$election**: custom API, Syslog, common log format, CSV, [assignment: vendor detection method (e.g. Splunk)]] Application Note: The system shall provide the ability to interact with an extensible interface to a third party wireless monitoring system for the purposes of importing data from the

FAU_IDS_EXT.1 Intrusion Detection System - Intrusion Detection Methods

FAU_IDS_EXT.11
The TSE shall provide the following methods of intrusion detection selection: anomaly-based, signature-based, behavior-based, [assignment: other detection method]]. Application Note: At least one detection method must be selected. If multiple detection methods are supported, each method supported shall be selected.

If anomaly-based detection is selected, then FAU_ANO_EXT.1 shall be included in the ST. If signature-based detection is selected, then FAU_SIG_EXT.1 shall be included in the ST.

FAU_INV_EXT.1 Environmental Inventory

FAU_INV_EXT.1.1
The TSF shall determine if a given AP or EUD is authorized based on MAC addresses.

The TSF shall detect the presence of whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

FAU INV EXT.1.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of non-whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

Application Note: The inventory of authorized APs and EUDs is defined by FMT_SMF.1/WIDS

This inventory is used as a whitelist to indicate to the <u>WIDS</u> which APs and EUDs are legitimate members of the wireless network. The terminology used to describe an inventoried or whitelisted device may vary by vendor product. This <u>PP-Module</u> utilizes whitelisted to describe APs and EUDs that are part of the inventory and non-whitelisted to describe APs and EUDs that are not part of the inventory

FAU INV EXT.2 Characteristics of Environmental Objects

FAU INV EXT.2.1

The TSF shall detect the

- current RF band current channel
- MAC Address
- classification of APs and EUDs

• [selection: [assignment: other details], no other details]

of all APs and EUDs within range of the $\underline{\mathsf{TOE}}$'s wireless sensors.

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for APs:

- encryptionnumber of connected EUDs.

Application Note: For detection of encryption type, the ISF should be able to differentiate between the differentWLAN encryption methods and when no encryption is in use.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.3
The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for EUDs:

• SSID and BSSID of AP it is connected to.

FAU INV EXT.3 Behavior of Environmental Objects

FAU_INV_EXT.3.1
The TSF shall detect when inventoried EUDs exhibit the following behavior:

An <u>EUD</u> establishes a peer-to-peer connection with any other<u>EUD</u>,

[selection:

- An <u>EUD</u> bridges two network interfaces,
 An <u>EUD</u> uses internet connection sharing,
- [assignment: other connection types],
- no other connections types

Application Note: For this requirement, it is acceptable for the WIDS to use a generic terms for bridges or peer-to-peer connections when generating an alert for the detection of different types of bridges or peer-to-peer connections. The type of connection does not have to be specific.

FAU INV EXT.4 Location of Environmental Objects

The TSE shall detect information on the eurrent physical location of APs and EUDs and APs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors. Application Note: This SFR only checks for the ability of the WIDS to track the location of APs and EUDs either by placing them on a map or providing the distance of the AP or EUD from the sensor but does not mandate a certain degree of accuracy to within [assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location ors. Application Note: This SFR only checks for the

FAU INV EXT.4.2

The ISF shall detect received signal strength and selection: RF power levels above a predetermined threshold, no other characteristics of hardware operating within range of the **TOE**'s wireless sensors

FAU

ect the physical location of APs and EUDs to within <mark>assignment:</mark> value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual locat The TSF shall do

FAU SAA.1 Potential Violation Analysis

The TSF shall be able to apply a set of rules for monitoring the wireless traffic and based upon these rules indicate a potential malicious action.

The TSF shall enforce the following rules for monitoring wireless traffic:

- a. Accumulation or combination of [assignment: subset of defined auditable events] known to indicate a potential security violation;
- b. [other potential security violations as defined by: Potential Security Violations2].

Potential Security ViolationAdditional Information

a. Detection of authorized <u>EUD</u> establishing peer-to-peer connection with any other<u>EUD</u>

.Description of behavior detected (i.e., bridge, ICS connection), MAC address ess of whitelisted device, MAC address of the device that the connection start and end

b. Detection of **EUD** bridging two network interfaces

Description of behavior detected (i.e., bridge, ICS connection), MAC address of whitelisted device, MAC address of the device that the whitelisted device made a connection with, connection start and end.

b. Detection of packet flooding/DoS/DDoS

Description of behavior detected (i.e., bridge, ICS connection), MAC address of whitelisted device, MAC address of the device that the whitelisted device may be a device that the device that the device may be a device that the device that the device that the device may be a device that the dev connection start and end.

b. Detection of ICS connection

Description of behavior detected (i.e., bridge, ICS connection), MAC address of whitelisted device, MAC address of the device that the whitelisted device made a connection with, connection start and end.

b. Detection of rogue device

Description of alert, type of device AP or EUD), MAC Address, associations made between authorized devices (which APs are EUDs connected to), channel detected on, RF Band detected on, encryption type used by rogue, IEEE 802.11 standard used (a, b, g, n, ac), SSID (if AP).

b. Detection of mac spoofing

. Description of alert, type of device AP or EUD), MAC Address, associations made between authorized devices (which APs are EUDs connected to), channel detected on, RF Band detected on, encryption type used by rogue, IEEE 802.11 standard used (a, b, g, n, ac), SSID (if AP), location as labeled by administrator,

b. Alert generated by violaton of user defined signature

.Name of alert being triggered (as provided when creating the signature), description of alert (as provided when creating the signature), MAC address of devices involved.

b. Detection of rogue AP

Identity information of the devices involved

b. Detection of malicious **EUD**

.Identity information of the devices involved

```
b. Detection of traffic with excessive transmit power level
      ntity information of the devices involved
  b. Detection of active probing
Identity information of the devices involved
  b. Detection of MAC spoofing
     ntity information of the de
      Whitelisted <u>EUD</u> connected to unauthorized <u>SSID</u>;
  b.
   c. Detection of RF-based denial of service
.MAC Address, device type, classification AP or EUD attacked

    Detection of deauthentication flooding

.MAC Address, device type, and classification AP or EUD attacked.
  b. Detection of disassociation flooding
.MAC Address, device type, and classification AP or EUD attacked.
  b. Detection of request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse
.MAC Address, device type, and classification AP or EUD attacked.
  b. Detection of unauthorized authentication scheme use
  b. Detection of unauthorized encryption scheme use
      Detection of unencrypted traffic; [assignment: any other rules].
  c.
: Potential Security Violations Table 2: Potential Security Violations
FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects
FAU WID EXT.1.1
The TSF shall apply [selection: configurable, automatic] classification rules to detect rogue APs.
Application Note: If "configurable" is selected then, "Define classification rules to detect rogue APs" shall be selected in FMT_SMF.1WIDS.
The TSF shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.
FAU_WID_EXT.1.3 The TSF shall provide the ability to determine if a givenSSID is authorized.
Application Note: FMT_SMF.1/WIDS defines the subset of authorized SSID(s)
FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring
The ISF shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

    2.4 GHz

    • 4.9/5.0 GHz
[selection:
   • channels outside regulatory domain,

non-standard channel frequencies,
no other domains

Application Note: If "nonsimultaneously" is selected, then "Define the amount of time sensor monitors a specific channel" shall be selected in FMT_SMF.1WIDS
The "802.11 monitoring SFP" is a security function policy and the SFRs that reference this policy describe what the policy does. The "802.11 monitoring SFP" is established in FDP_IFC.1> and defined through the FAU_WID_EXT.1, FAU_WID_EXT.2, FAU_WID_EXT.3, FAU_WID_EXT.4 and FAU_WID_EXT.5, in addition to optional SFRs FAU_WID_EXT.6 and FAU_WID_EXT.7. A vendor does not have to formally define this policy, it only needs to comply with the SFRs.
FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The TSF shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that $election: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not
transmit data
Application Note: If "can be configured to prevent transmission of data" is selected then "Enable/Disable transmission of data by wireless sensor" shall be selected in FMT_SMF.1WIDS.
The intent of this <u>SFR</u> is to employ <u>WIDS</u> sensors that can have all wireless transmission capabilities disabled for instances where a site wishes to implement a no wireless policy. The "802.11 monitoring SFP" is a security function policy and the SFRs that reference this policy describe what the policy does. The "802.11 monitoring SFP" is established in <u>FDP_IFC.1</u> and defined through the <u>FAU_WID_EXT_SFRs. A vendor does not have to formally define this policy, it only needs to comply with the SFRs_1, FAU_WID_EXT_2</u>
The TSF shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized connections and unauthorized network traffic
       unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs
      APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelisted APs and EUDs authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs
       unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
      unauthorized point to point wireless bridges by whitelisted APs
      active probing
      NULL SSID associations
      selection:

    illegal state transitions,

          o protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X],
```

The 802.11 standard allows APs to beacon with the SSID field set to null. This is referred to as a hidden or cloaker SSID. The client seeking to associate with an AP using a hidden SSID must first send out a Probe Request that contains the SSID of that network, then the AP will return with a Probe Request of its own. The TSF needs to be able to detect if an AP is allowing clients to associate without providing the valid SSID of the AP, FAU WID EXT.3, FAU WID EXT.4 and FAU WID EXT.5, in addition to optional SFRsFAU WID EXT.6 and FAU WID EXT.7. A vendor does not have to formally define this policy, it only needs to comply with the SFRs FAU WID EXT.2.

The <u>TSF</u> shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Application Note: Attackers possess the capability to distribute an attack across multiple frames in an attempt to avoid traditional detection measures that solely focus on packet headers. Stateful frame inspection will allow for the identification of obfuscation techniques centered around spreading an attack across multiple frames.

FAU WID EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

The ISF shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and \$election: [assignment: other DoS methodsl. no other DoS methodsl

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1
The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to useWLAN authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Application Note: Whitelisted APs and EUDs are defined in FMT_SMF.1/WIDS

FAU WID EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

The ISF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN encryption schemes that are not authorized.

Application Note: Whitelisted APs and EUDs are defined in FMT SMF.1/WIDS

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Application Note: Whitelisted APs and EUDs are defined in FMT_SMF.1WIDS. When referring to unencrypted data being received by a whitelisted AP or EUD it refers to unencrypted data being sent to a whitelisted AP or EUD from either a non-whitelisted or whitelisted AP or EUD

5.2.2 User Data Protection (FDP)

FDP IFC.1 Information Flow Control Policy

FDP IFC.1.1

The TSF shall enforce the [802.11 monitoring SFP] on [all IEEE 802.11 a, b, g, n, ac frame types and subtypes between:

- authorized APs and authorized EUDs
- authorized APs and unauthorized EUDs
- unauthorized APs and authorized EUDsl.

Application Note: "Authorized" EUDs/APs are those that are assigned to the whitelist as defined by FMT_SMF.1/WIDS

The "802.11 monitoring SFP" is a security function policy and the SFRs that reference this policy describe what the policy does. The "802.11 monitoring SFP" is established in FDP_IFC.1 and defined through the FAU_WID_EXT.1, FAU_WID_EXT.2, FAU_WID_EXT.3, FAU_WID_EXT.4 and FAU_WID_EXT.5, in addition to optional SFRs FAU_WID_EXT.6 and FAU WID EXT.7. A vendor does not have to formally define this policy, it only needs to comply with the SFRs

5.2.3 Security Management (FMT)

FMT SMF.1/WIDS Specification of Management Functions (WIDS)

FMT SMF.1.1/WIDS

The $\overline{\text{ISF}}$ shall be capable of performing the following management functions for $\underline{\text{WIDS}}$ functionality:

- Define an inventory of authorized APs based on MAC addresses,
 Define an inventory of authorized EUDs based on MAC addresses,
- Define rules for monitoring and alerting on the wireless traffic,
 Define authorized <u>SSID(s)</u>,
 Define authorized <u>WLAN</u> authentication schemes,

- Define authorized WLAN encryption schemes
- [selection:
 - Specification of periods of network activity that constitute baseline of expected behavior
 - Definition of anomaly activity,
 - Define classification rules to detect rogue APs, [selection: Enable, Disable] transmission of data by wireless sensor,
 - Define attack signatures,

 - Define rules for overwriting previous packet captures
 - Define the amount of time sensor monitors a specific **\$election**: frequency, channel],
 - no other capabilities

Application Note: Define authorized WLAN authentication and encryption schemes does not enforce, but rather establishes a baseline to determine if an unauthorized scheme is used.

If FAU_ANO_EXT.1 is included in the ST, "Specification of periods of network activity that constitute baseline of expected behavior" shall be selected. IFAU_ANO_EXT.1 is included in the ST and "manual configuration by administrators" is selected in FAU_ANO_EXT.1, then "Definition of anomaly activity" shall be selected.

If "can be configured to prevent transmission of data" is selected in FAU_WID_EXT.2 then "Enable/Disable transmission of data by wireless sensor" shall be selected.

It is expected that an Authorized Administrator will be responsible for configuring the AP to operate on a specific frequency persuaent to the 802.11 standard. The TSF will have the ability to adjust the amount of time it passively monitors and captures WLAN traffic on a given frequency and channel.

5.3 TOE Security Functional Requirements Rationale

The following rationale provides justification for each security objective for the TOE, showing that the SFRs are suitable to meet and achieve the security objectives:

OBJECTIVE ADDRESSED BY RATIONALE O.SYSTEM_MONITORING

FAU GEN.1/WIDS, FAU STG EXT.1/PCAP

FAU ARP.1, FAU ARP EXT.2, FAU ANO EXT.1 (OPTIONAL), FAU IDS EXT.1, FAU INV EXT.1, FAU INV EXT.2, O.WIDS_ANALYZE

FAU INV EXT.3, FAU INV EXT.4 (OPTIONAL), FAU INV EXT.5 (OPTIONAL), FAU INV EXT.6 (OPTIONAL), FAU MAC EXT.1 (OPTIONAL), FAU SIG EXT.1 (OPTIONAL), FAU WID EXT.1, FAU WID EXT.2, FAU WID EXT.3, FAU WID EXT.3, FAU WID EXT.4,

FAU WID EXT.5, FAU WID EXT.6 (OPTIONAL), FAU WID EXT.7 (OPTIONAL), FDP IFC.1

O.WIPS_REACT FAU WIP EXT.1 (OPTIONAL)

O.TOE_ADMINISTRATION FMT_SMF.1/WIDS

O.INSECURE OPERATIONS FPT FLS.1 (OPTIONAL)

O.TRUSTED_COMMUNICATIONS FPT_ITT.1, FTP_ITC.1

6 Consistency Rationale

6.1 Network Device Protection Profile

6.1.1 Consistency of TOE Type

When this \underline{PP} -Module extends the Network Device cPP, the \underline{TOE} type for the overall \underline{TOE} is still $\underline{WIDS/WIPS}$ products

6.1.2 Consistency of Security Problem Definition

The threats defined by this PP-Module (see section 3.1) supplement those defined in the NDPP as follows: PP-Module Threat Consistency Rationale T-UNAUTHORIZED_DISCLOSURE_OF_INFORMATION T-UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS T-DISRUPTION

6.1.3 Consistency of Objectives

The objectives for the TOEs are consistent with the ND PP based on the following rationale:

Module Consistency O.SYSTEM_MONITORING O.WIDS_ANALYZE O.WIPS_REACT O.TOE_ADMINISTRATION O.INSECURE_OPERATIONS O.TRUSTED_COMMUNICATIONS Objective

The objectives for the TOE's Operational Environment are consistent with the NDPP based on the following rationale PP-Module Operational Environment Objective Consistency Rationale OE.CONNECTIONS OE.PROPER_ADMIN

6.1.4 Consistency of Requirements

This PP-Module identifies several SFRs from the NDPP that are needed to support WIDS/WIPS functionality. This is considered to be consistent because the functionality provided by the ND is being used for its intended purpose. The PP-Module also identifies a number of modified SFRs from the NDPP as well as new SFRs that are used entirely to provide functionality for WIDS/WIPS. The rationale for why this does not conflict with the claims defined by the NDPP are as follows:

PP-Module Requirement Consistency Rationale

Modified SFRs

FPT_ITT.1 FTP ITC.1

Mandatory SFRs

FAU ARP.1

FAU ARP EXT.2

FAU_GEN.1/WIDS

FAU GEN EXT.1

FAU IDS EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.2

FAU INV EXT.3

FAU INV EXT.4

FAU SAA.1

FAU WID EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU_WID_EXT.4 FAU WID EXT.5

FDP IFC.1

FMT_SMF.1/WIDS

Optional SFRs

FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU WID EXT.7

Selection-based SFRs

FAU ANO EXT.1

FAU_SIG_EXT.1

FAU_STG_EXT.1/PCAP

Objective SFRs

FAU INV EXT.5 FAU INV EXT.6

FAU MAC EXT.1

FAU WIP EXT.1 FPT FLS.1

Appendix A - Optional SFRs

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

FAU WID EXT.6.1

The TSF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: **\$election**: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands]

Application Note: This SFR refers to Non-Wi-Fi-WLAN (IEEE 802.11 a, b, g, n, and ac) network devices that operate in the specified frequencies. If the T author selects detection of devices in the cellular bands, FAU INV EXT.4 must be included in the ST

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis

FAU WID EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

Appendix B - Selection-based SFRs

FAU_ANO_EXT.1 Anomaly-Based Intrusion Detection

This is a selection-based component. Its inclusion depends upon selection from FAU_IDS_EXT.1.1.

The TSF shall support the definition of selection: baselines ('expected and approved'), anomaly ('unexpected') traffic patterns including the specification of selection:

• throughput (data elements (e.g. bytes, packets, etc.) per time period (e.g. minutes, hours, days))

- time of day
- frequency,
- thresholds
- [assignment: other methods]

1 and the following network protocol fields:

• all management and control frame header elements.

FAU_ANO_EXT.1.2

The TSE shall support the definition of anomaly activity through **\$election**: manual configuration by administrators, automated configuration].

Application Note: The "baseline" and "anomaly" can be something manually defined/configured by a TOE administrator (or importing definitions), or something that the TOE is able to automatically define/create by inspecting network traffic over a period of time (a.k.a. "profiling").

FAU SIG EXT.1 Signature-Based Intrusion Detection

This is a selection-based component. Its inclusion depends upon selection from FAU_IDS_EXT.1.1.

The TSF shall support user-defined and customizable attack signatures.

FAU_STG_EXT.1/PCAP Protected Audit Event Storage (Packet Captures)

This is a selection-based component. Its inclusion depends upon selection from FAU ARP.1.1.

The TSE shall be able to transmit the generated packet captures to an external IT entity using a trusted channel according to TP_ITC.1.

Application Note: Per FAU_STG_EXT.1 in the Base-PP, the TOE must support transfer of the audit data to an external IT entity using a trusted channel peFTP_ITC.1. Note that this PP-Module modifies FTP_ITC.1 from the Base-PP. If "capture raw frame traffic that triggers the violation" is selected in FAU_ARP.1, then this SFR shall be included in the ST, and this iteration is for the PCAPs generated as a selectable action completed upon detection of a potential security violation in FAU_ARP.1. FAU_STG_EXT.1.2/PCAF

The TSF shall be able to store generated packet captures on the TOE itself.

FAU_STG_EXT.1.3/PCAP
The TSF shall [selection: drop new packet capture data, overwrite previous packet captures according to the following rule: assignment: rule for overwriting previous packet captures], [assignment: other action]] when the local storage space for packet capture data is full.

Appendix C - Objective SFRs

This section is reserved for requirements that are not currently prescribed by this PP-Module but are expected to be included in future versions of the PP-Module. Vendors planning on having evaluations performed against future products are encouraged to plan for these objective requirements to be met.

FAU INV EXT.5 Detection of Unauthorized Connections

FAU INV EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when non-whitelisted APs have a wired connection to the internal corporate network

FAU_INV_EXT.6 Signal Library

FAU INV EXT.6.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall include a signal library.

Application Note: The <u>TSF</u> will need to have the ability to import, export, or update the exisiting signal library.

FAU_MAC_EXT.1 Device Impersonation

FAU_MAC_EXT.1.1
The TSF shall detect when two sensors in non-overlapping locations receive traffic from the sameMAC address simultaneously.

Application Note: The intent of this SFR is to detect MAC spoofing where an attacker is able to cause the whitelisted FUD to disconnect and promptly connects a non-whitelisted device using the MAC address of the whitelisted <u>EUD</u>. <u>FAU MAC EXT.1.2</u>

The TSF shall detect when two sensors in non-overlapping locations receive traffic from the MAC addresses of non-whitelisted EUDs within an Authorized administrator-configurable timeframe based on distance between sensors.

Application Note: The intent of this SFR is to allow the administrator to determine the time that should be allowed between a whitelisted UD connecting in two distant locations.

FAU WIP EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Prevention

FAU WIP EXT.1.1

The TSF shall allow an Authorized Administrator to isolate a wirelessAP or EUD from the network monitored by the TSF using the following methods: selection: wireless containment, wire-side containment of an unauthorized <u>AP</u> connected to the internal corporate wired network]
Application Note: It is expected that an Authorized Administrator will be responsible for confirming the <u>AP</u> or <u>EUD</u> as a rogue <u>AP</u> or <u>EUD</u> to initiate wireless containment.

In this SFR the containment of an an unauthorized AP connected to the internal corporate wired network refers to an unauthorized AP that is physically connected (via wire) to the protected internal wired infrastructure.

FPT FLS.1 Basic Internal TSF Data Transfer Protection

The <u>TSF</u> shall preserve a secure state when the following types of failures occur: \$ensor functionality failure, potential compromise of the <u>TSF</u>]. Application Note: At minimum, the preservation of a secure state requires the generation of audit records when the defined failure conditions occur.

Appendix D - Extended Component Definitions

This appendix contains the definitions for the extended requirements that are used in the PP-Module including those used in Appendices A through C.

D.1 Background and Scope

This appendix provides a definition for all of the extended components introduced in this PP-Module. These components are identified in the following table:

Functional Class	Functional Components	
	FAU_ARP_EXT Security Alarm Filtering	
	FAU_GEN_EXT Reporting Methods	
	FAU_IDS_EXT Intrusion Detection Methods	
	FAU_INV_EXT Environmental Inventory	
	FAU_INV_EXT Characteristics of Environmental Objects	
Security Audit	FAU_INV_EXT Behavior of Environmental Objects	
(FAU)	FAU_INV_EXT Location of Environmental Objects	
	FAU_WID_EXT Malicious Environmental Objects	
	FAU_WID_EXT Passive Information Flow Monitoring	
	FAU_WID_EXT Denial of Service	
	FAU_WID_EXT Unauthorized Authentication Schemes	
	FAU_WID_EXT Unauthorized Encryption Schemes	
Security Audit	FAU WID EXT Wireless Spectrum Monitoring	
(FAU)	FAU_WID_EXT Wireless Spectrum Monitoring	
	FAU_ANO_EXT Anomaly-Based Intrusion Detection	

Security Audit FAU_SIG_EXT Signature-Based Intrusion Detection (FAU)

FAU_STG_EXT Protected Audit Event Storage (Packet Captures)

FAU_INV_EXT Detection of Unauthorized Connections FAU_INV_EXT Signal Library FAU_MAC_EXT Device Impersonation Security Audit (FAU)

FAU_WIP_EXT Wireless Intrusion Prevention

D.2 Extended Component Definitions

FAU_ARP_EXT Security Alarm Filtering

Component Leveling

FAU_ARP_EXT.2, Security Alarm Filtering,

Management: FAU_ARP_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_ARP_EXT.2

FAU_ARP_EXT.2 Security Alarm Filtering

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_ARP_EXT.2.1

The ISE shall provide the ability to apply assignment: methods of selection to selectively exclude alerts from being generated.

FAU_GEN_EXT Reporting Methods

Component Leveling

FAU GEN EXT.1, Intrusion Detection System - Reporting Methods,

Management: FAU_GEN_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_GEN_EXT.1

FAU_GEN_EXT.1 Intrusion Detection System - Reporting Methods

Hierarchical to: No other components

Dependencies to:

FAU_GEN_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall provide [selection:

Syslog using [selection: defined API, Syslog, [assignment: other detection method]],
 SNMP trap reporting using [selection: defined API, Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), [assignment: other detection method]]

].

FAU_GEN_EXT.1.2

The ISF shall provide the ability to import data from the system: \$election: custom API, Syslog, common log format, CSV, [assignment: vendor detection method (e.g. Splunk)]]

FAU_IDS_EXT Intrusion Detection Methods

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU IDS EXT.1, Intrusion Detection System - Intrusion Detection Methods,

Management: FAU_IDS_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_IDS_EXT.1

FAU_IDS_EXT.1 Intrusion Detection System - Intrusion Detection Methods

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_IDS_EXT.1.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall provide the following methods of intrusion detection **\$election**: anomaly-based, signature-based, behavior-based, **[assignment**: other detection method]].

FAU_INV_EXT Environmental Inventory

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.1, Environmental Inventory,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.1 Environmental Inventory

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.1.1

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall determine if a given $\underline{\mathsf{AP}}$ or $\underline{\mathsf{EUD}}$ is authorized based on $\underline{\mathsf{MAC}}$ addresses

FAU INV EXT.1.2

The TSF shall detect the presence of whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.3

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect the presence of non-whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.2, Characteristics of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.2

FAU_INV_EXT.2 Characteristics of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU INV EXT.2.1

The TSF shall detect the

- current RF band

- MAC Addressclassification of APs and EUDs
- [selection: [assignment: other details], no other details]

of all APs and EUDs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.2

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for APs:

- encryption
- number of connected EUDs.

FAU INV EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for EUDs:

• SSID and BSSID of AP it is connected to.

Component Leveling

FAU INV EXT.3, Behavior of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.3

FAU_INV_EXT.3 Behavior of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect when inventoried EUDs exhibit the following behavior:

• An <u>EUD</u> establishes a peer-to-peer connection with any other<u>EUD</u>,

[selection:

- An EUD bridges two network interfaces,
- An <u>EUD</u> uses internet connection sharing.
 [assignment: other connection types],

no other connections types

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.4, Location of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.4

FAU_INV_EXT.4 Location of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.4.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect information on the current physical location of APs and EUDs and APs within range of the <u>TOE</u>'s wireless sensors to within [assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location.

FAU_INV_EXT.4.2

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect received signal strength and [selection: RF power levels above a predetermined threshold, no other characteristics] of hardware operating within range of the <u>TOE</u>'s wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.4.3

The TSF shall detect the physical location of APs and EUDs to within assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location.

Component Leveling

FAU INV EXT.5, Detection of Unauthorized Connections,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.5

FAU_INV_EXT.5 Detection of Unauthorized Connections

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when non-whitelisted APs have a wired connection to the internal corporate network.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.6, Signal Library,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no management functions foreseen.

Audit: FAU INV EXT.6

There are no audit events foreseen.

FAU_INV_EXT.6 Signal Library

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to: No dependencies.

FAU_INV_EXT.6.1

The TSF shall include a signal library.

FAU_INV_EXT Characteristics of Environmental Objects

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.1, Environmental Inventory,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.1 Environmental Inventory

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.1.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall determine if a given <u>AP</u> or <u>EUD</u> is authorized based on <u>MAC</u> addresses.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall detect the presence of whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.3

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall detect the presence of non-whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.2, Characteristics of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.2

FAU_INV_EXT.2 Characteristics of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.2.1

The $\overline{\text{TSF}}$ shall detect the

- current RF band · current channel
- MAC Address
- classification of APs and EUDs
- [selection: [assignment: other details], no other details]

of all APs and EUDs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.2

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for APs:

- encryption
- number of connected EUDs.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for EUDs:

• SSID and BSSID of AP it is connected to.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.3, Behavior of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.3

Audit: FAU INV EXT.3

FAU_INV_EXT.3 Behavior of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect when inventoried EUDs exhibit the following behavior:

• An <u>EUD</u> establishes a peer-to-peer connection with any other<u>EUD</u>,

[selection:

- An EUD bridges two network interfaces,
- An EUD uses internet connection sharing
- [assignment: other connection types],
- no other connections types

].

Component Leveling

FAU INV EXT.4, Location of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.4

FAU_INV_EXT.4 Location of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect information on the current physical location of APs and EUDs and APs within range of the TOF's wireless sensors to within assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location

FAU_INV_EXT.4.2

The ISF shall detect received signal strength and [selection: RF power levels above a predetermined threshold, no other characteristics] of hardware operating within range of the **TOE**'s wireless sensors

FAU_INV_EXT.4.3

The ISF shall detect the physical location of APs and EUDs to within assignment: value equal or less than 1f] feet of their actual location.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.5, Detection of Unauthorized Connections,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.5

FAU_INV_EXT.5 Detection of Unauthorized Connections

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when non-whitelisted APs have a wired connection to the internal corporate network.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.6, Signal Library,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no management functions foreseen.

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no audit events foreseen.

FAU_INV_EXT.6 Signal Library

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to: No dependencies.

FAU_INV_EXT.6.1

The TSF shall include a signal library.

FAU_INV_EXT Behavior of Environmental Objects

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.1, Environmental Inventory,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.1 Environmental Inventory

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.1.1

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall determine if a given $\underline{\mathsf{AP}}$ or $\underline{\mathsf{EUD}}$ is authorized based on $\underline{\mathsf{MAC}}$ addresses.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall detect the presence of whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of non-whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.2, Characteristics of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.2

FAU_INV_EXT.2 Characteristics of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.2.1

The $\overline{\text{TSF}}$ shall detect the

- · current RF band
- · current channel
- MAC Address
- classification of APs and EUDs
 [selection: [assignment: other details], no other details]

of all APs and EUDs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.2

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall detect the follow additional details for APs:

- encryptionnumber of connected EUDs.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for EUDs:

• SSID and BSSID of AP it is connected to.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.3, Behavior of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.3

FAU_INV_EXT.3 Behavior of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect when inventoried EUDs exhibit the following behavior:

• An <u>EUD</u> establishes a peer-to-peer connection with any other<u>EUD</u>,

[selection:

- An <u>EUD</u> bridges two network interfaces,
 An <u>EUD</u> uses internet connection sharing,
- [assignment: other connection types],
 no other connections types

Component Leveling

FAU INV EXT.4, Location of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.4

FAU_INV_EXT.4 Location of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect information on the current physical location of APs and EUDs and APs within range of the TOF's wireless sensors to within assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location

FAU INV EXT.4.2

The ISF shall detect received signal strength and [selection: RF power levels above a predetermined threshold, no other characteristics] of hardware operating within range of the TOE's wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.4.3

The ISF shall detect the physical location of APs and EUDs to within assignment: value equal or less than 1f] feet of their actual location.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.5, Detection of Unauthorized Connections,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.5

FAU_INV_EXT.5 Detection of Unauthorized Connections

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when non-whitelisted APs have a wired connection to the internal corporate network.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.6, Signal Library,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no management functions foreseen.

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no audit events foreseen.

FAU_INV_EXT.6 Signal Library

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to: No dependencies.

FAU_INV_EXT.6.1

The TSF shall include a signal library.

FAU_INV_EXT Location of Environmental Objects

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.1, Environmental Inventory,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.1 Environmental Inventory

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall determine if a given AP or EUD is authorized based on MAC addresses.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall detect the presence of whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of non-whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.2, Characteristics of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.2

Audit: FAU INV EXT.2

FAU_INV_EXT.2 Characteristics of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.2.1

The TSF shall detect the

- current RF band
- current channel
- MAC Address
- classification of APs and EUDs
- [selection: [assignment: other details], no other details]

of all APs and EUDs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.2

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall detect the follow additional details for APs:

- encryption
- number of connected EUDs.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.3

The $\overline{\text{TSF}}$ shall detect the follow additional details for EUDs:

• SSID and BSSID of AP it is connected to.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.3, Behavior of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.3

FAU_INV_EXT.3 Behavior of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect when inventoried EUDs exhibit the following behavior:

 $\bullet~$ An $\underline{\text{EUD}}$ establishes a peer-to-peer connection with any other $\underline{\text{EUD}},$

[selection:

- An <u>EUD</u> bridges two network interfaces,
 An <u>EUD</u> uses internet connection sharing.
- An <u>EUD</u> uses internet connection sharing,
 [assignment: other connection types],
- [assignment: other connections types

].

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.4, Location of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.4

FAU_INV_EXT.4 Location of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.4.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect information on the current physical location of APs and EUDs and APs within range of the <u>TOE</u>'s wireless sensors to within assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location

FAU_INV_EXT.4.2

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect received signal strength and [selection: RF power levels above a predetermined threshold, no other characteristics] of hardware operating within range of the TOE's wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.4.3

The ISF shall detect the physical location of APs and EUDs to within assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.5, Detection of Unauthorized Connections,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.5

FAU_INV_EXT.5 Detection of Unauthorized Connections

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.5.1

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall detect when non-whitelisted APs have a wired connection to the internal corporate network.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.6, Signal Library,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no management functions foreseen.

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no audit events foreseen.

FAU_INV_EXT.6 Signal Library

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to: No dependencies.

FAU_INV_EXT.6.1

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall include a signal library.

FAU_WID_EXT Malicious Environmental Objects

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Malicious Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall apply [selection: configurable, automatic] classification rules to detect rogue APs.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.3

The $\overline{\text{TSF}}$ shall provide the ability to determine if a given $\overline{\text{SSID}}$ is authorized.

Component Leveling

 $\underline{\textbf{FAU_WID_EXT.2}}, \textbf{Wireless Intrusion Detection} - \textbf{Passive Information Flow Monitoring},$

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.2.1

The ISF shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

- 2 4 GHz
- 4.9/5.0 GHz

[selection:

- channels outside regulatory domain,
- non-standard channel frequencies
 no other domains

FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The ISF shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that selection: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not transmit datal

FAU_WID_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized connections and unauthorized network traffic

- unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs
- APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelisted APs and EUDs authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs

- unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
 unauthorized point to point wireless bridges by whitelisted APs
- active probing
 NULL SSID associations
- |selection:
 - illegal state transitions,
 - o protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X] ,
 - o no other

FAU_WID_EXT.2.4

The TSF shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.3, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU_WID_EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.3.1

The ISF shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and \$election: [assignment: other DoS methods], no other DoS methods]

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.4, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.4

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use<u>WLAN</u> authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.5, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.5

FAU_WID_EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN encryption schemes that are not authorized.

FAU WID EXT.5.2

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.6, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.6

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.6.1

The ISF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: selection: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.7, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.7

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.7

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

FAU_WID_EXT Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Malicious Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection – Malicious Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall apply [selection: configurable, automatic] classification rules to detect rogue APs.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.2

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.3

The $\overline{\text{TSF}}$ shall provide the ability to determine if a given $\underline{\text{SSID}}$ is authorized.

Component Leveling

<u>FAU_WID_EXT.2</u>, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Passive Information Flow Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.2.1

The ISF shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

- 2.4 GHz
- 4.9/5.0 GHz

[selection:

- channels outside regulatory domain.
- non-standard channel frequencies,

no other domains

FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The ISF shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that selection: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not transmit data

FAU WID EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized connections and unauthorized network traffic:

- unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs
- APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelisted APs and EUDs
- authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs
- unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
- unauthorized point to point wireless bridges by whitelisted APs
- active probing
- |selection:
 - illegal state transitions,
 - protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X] ,
 no other

FAU_WID_EXT.2.4

The TSF shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.3, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU_WID_EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and \$election: [assignment: other DoS methods], no other DoS methods]

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.4, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Authentication Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.4

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.5, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Encryption Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.5

FAU_WID_EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN encryption schemes that are not authorized.

FAU WID EXT.5.2

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.6, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.6

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.6.1

The ISF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: \$election: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.7, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Wireless Spectrum Analysis,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.7

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.7

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

FAU_WID_EXT Denial of Service

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Malicious Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall apply [selection: configurable, automatic] classification rules to detect rogue APs.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.2

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.3

The TSF shall provide the ability to determine if a given SSID is authorized.

Component Leveling

<u>FAU_WID_EXT.2</u>, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Passive Information Flow Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.2.1

The ISE shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

- 2.4 GHz
- 4.9/5.0 GHz

[selection:

- channels outside regulatory domain,
- non-standard channel frequencies,
- no other domains

FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The <u>TSF</u> shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that **\$election**: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not transmit data].

FAU_WID_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized connections and unauthorized network traffic

- unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs
- APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelisted APs and EUDs authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
- unauthorized point to point wireless bridges by whitelisted APs
- active probing NULL SSID as
- selection:
 - illegal state transitions,
 - o protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X],
 - o no other

FAU_WID_EXT.2.4

The TSF shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.3, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU_WID_EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and \$election: [assignment: other DoS methods], no other DoS methods].

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.4, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Authentication Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.4

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.5, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.5

FAU_WID_EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.5.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use<u>WLAN</u> encryption schemes that are not authorized.

FAU_WID_EXT.5.2

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Component Leveling

<u>FAU_WID_EXT.6</u>, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.6

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.6.1

The TSF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: selection: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands]

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.7, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.7

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.7

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

FAU_WID_EXT Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Malicious Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall apply [selection: configurable, automatic] classification rules to detect rogue APs.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.

FAU WID EXT.1.3

The TSF shall provide the ability to determine if a givenSSID is authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.2, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Passive Information Flow Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.2.1

The ISF shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

- 2.4 GHz

[selection:

- channels outside regulatory domain,
- non-standard channel frequencies
- no other domains

FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The <u>TSF</u> shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that **§election**: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not transmit data].

FAU_WID_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized connections and unauthorized network traffic

- unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelisted APs and EUDs
- authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs
- unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
- unauthorized point to point wireless bridges by whitelisted APs
- active probing
- **NULL SSID associations**
- selection:
 - illegal state transitions,
 protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X],

FAU_WID_EXT.2.4

The TSE shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.3, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU WID EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.3.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and **\$election**: [assignment: other <u>DoS</u> methods], no other <u>DoS</u> methods].

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.4, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Authentication Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.4

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.5, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Encryption Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.5

FAU_WID_EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.5.1

 $\label{eq:continuous_model} \begin{tabular}{ll} The $\underline{\sf TSF}$ shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use $\underline{\sf WLAN}$ encryption schemes that are not authorized. \end{tabular}$

FAU_WID_EXT.5.2

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Component Leveling

 $\underline{\textbf{FAU_WID_EXT.6}}, \textbf{Wireless Intrusion Detection} - \textbf{Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring},$

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.6

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.6.1

The ISF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: selection: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands]

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.7, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Wireless Spectrum Analysis,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.7

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.7

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

FAU_WID_EXT Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.1

Audit: FAU WID EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall apply [selection: configurable, automatic] classification rules to detect rogue APs.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.3

The <u>TSF</u> shall provide the ability to determine if a given<u>SSID</u> is authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.2, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Passive Information Flow Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU WID EXT.2.1

The ISF shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

- 2.4 GHz
- 4.9/5.0 GHz

[selection:

- channels outside regulatory domain,non-standard channel frequencies,
- · no other domains

FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The ISF shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that selection: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not transmit data]

FAU_WID_EXT.2.3

The ISE shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized connections and unauthorized network traffic

- unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs
- APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelisted APs and EUDs
- authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs
- unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
- unauthorized point to point wire
- active probing
 NULL SSID associations
- selection:
 - illegal state transitions.
 - o protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X],
 - o no other

FAU_WID_EXT.2.4

The TSF shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.3, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU_WID_EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.3.1

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and **\$election**: [assignment: other <u>DoS</u> methods].

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.4, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.4

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.5, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Encryption Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.5

FAU_WID_EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN encryption schemes that are not authorized.

FAU_WID_EXT.5.2

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.6, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.6

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.6.1

The ISF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: selection: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.7, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Wireless Spectrum Analysis,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.7

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.7

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

FAU_WID_EXT Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Malicious Environmental Objects,

 ${\bf Management: FAU_WID_EXT.1}$

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall apply [selection: configurable, automatic] classification rules to detect rogue APs.

FAU WID EXT.1.2

The TSF shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.3

The TSF shall provide the ability to determine if a givenSSID is authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.2, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.2.1

The ISF shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

- 4.9/5.0 GHz

[selection:

- channels outside regulatory domain,non-standard channel frequencies,
- · no other domains

FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The ISF shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that \$election: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not

FAU_WID_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized connections and unauthorized network traffic

- unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs
- APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelist
- authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs
 unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
- unauthorized point to point wireless bridges by whitelisted APs
- active probing
- NULL SSID asso
- [selection:
 - · illegal state transitions,
 - o protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X] ,

no other

FAU_WID_EXT.2.4

The TSF shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.3, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU_WID_EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.3.1

The ISF shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and \$election: [assignment: other DoS methods], no other **DoS** methods]

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.4, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Unauthorized Authentication Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.4

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.5, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.5

FAU_WID_EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN encryption schemes that are not authorized.

FAU_WID_EXT.5.2

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.6, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.6

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.6.1

The TSF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: **\$election**: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands]

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.7, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Wireless Spectrum Analysis,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.7

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.7

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection – Wireless Spectrum Analysis

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

FAU_WID_EXT Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Malicious Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.1

FAU_WID_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Malicious Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.1.1

 $\label{eq:configurable} The~\underline{\textit{TSF}}~shall~apply~[\textbf{selection}:~configurable,~automatic]~classification~rules~to~detect~rogue~APs.$

FAU_WID_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall distinguish between benign and malicious APs and EUDs based on automatic detection metrics.

FAU_WID_EXT.1.3

The $\overline{\text{TSF}}$ shall provide the ability to determine if a given $\underline{\text{SSID}}$ is authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.2, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.2

FAU_WID_EXT.2 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Passive Information Flow Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.2.1

The ISE shall [selection: simultaneously, nonsimultaneously] monitor and analyze network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP for all channels in the following RF frequencies:

- 2.4 GHz
- 4.9/5.0 GHz

[selection:

- · channels outside regulatory domain,
- non-standard channel frequencies
- no other domains

FAU_WID_EXT.2.2

The <u>TSE</u> shall provide wireless sensors to detect network traffic matching the 802.11 monitoring SFP that **\$election**: can be configured to prevent transmission of data does not transmit data].

FAU_WID_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of the following unauthorized conn

- unauthorized APs broadcasting authorized SSIDs
 APs and EUDs spoofing the MAC address of whitelisted APs and EUDs
- authorized EUDs associating to unauthorized SSIDs
- unauthorized EUDs associating to authorized APs
- unauthorized point to point wireless bridges by whitelisted APs
- active probing
 NULL SSID associations
- selection:

 - illegal state transitions,
 protocol violations for [selection: 802.11, 802.1X],

FAU_WID_EXT.2.4

The TSF shall perform stateful frame inspection and log attacks spanning multiple frames.

Component Leveling

FAU_WID_EXT.3, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Denial of Service,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.3

FAU_WID_EXT.3 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Denial of Service

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.3.1

The ISF shall detect RF-based denial of service, deauthentication flooding, disassociation flooding, request-to-send/clear-to-send abuse, and \$election: [assignment: other DoS methods], no other DoS methods]

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.4, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.4

FAU_WID_EXT.4 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Authentication Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN authentication schemes that are not authorized.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.5, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.5

FAU_WID_EXT.5 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Unauthorized Encryption Schemes

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs attempt to use WLAN encryption schemes that are not authorized.

FAU_WID_EXT.5.2

The TSF shall detect when whitelisted APs and EUDs send or receive unencrypted data.

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.6, Wireless Intrusion Detection – Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.6

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.6

FAU_WID_EXT.6 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Non-Wireless Spectrum Monitoring

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU WID EXT.6.1

The ISF shall detect the presence of network devices that operate in the following RF bands: selection: 3.6 GHz, 60 GHz, sub-GHz (0-900 MHz), all cellular bands

Component Leveling

FAU WID EXT.7, Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis,

Management: FAU_WID_EXT.7

Audit: FAU_WID_EXT.7

FAU_WID_EXT.7 Wireless Intrusion Detection - Wireless Spectrum Analysis

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WID_EXT.7.1

The TSF shall provide a dedicated sensor for wireless spectrum analysis.

FAU_ANO_EXT Anomaly-Based Intrusion Detection

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU_ANO_EXT.1, Anomaly-Based Intrusion Detection,

Management: FAU_ANO_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_ANO_EXT.1

FAU_ANO_EXT.1 Anomaly-Based Intrusion Detection

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_ANO_EXT.1.1

The ISF shall support the definition of selection: baselines ('expected and approved'), anomaly ('unexpected') traffic patterns| including the specification of selection:

- throughput (data elements (e.g. bytes, packets, etc.) per time period (e.g. minutes, hours, days))
- time of day.
- frequency,
- thresholds
- [assignment: other methods]

] and the following network protocol fields:

• all management and control frame header elements.

FAU_ANO_EXT.1.2

The ISE shall support the definition of anomaly activity through selection: manual configuration by administrators, automated configuration].

FAU_SIG_EXT Signature-Based Intrusion Detection

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU_SIG_EXT.1, Signature-Based Intrusion Detection,

Management: FAU_SIG_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_SIG_EXT.1

FAU_SIG_EXT.1 Signature-Based Intrusion Detection

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_SIG_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall support user-defined and customizable attack signatures.

FAU_STG_EXT Protected Audit Event Storage (Packet Captures)

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU STG EXT.1/PCAP, Protected Audit Event Storage (Packet Captures),

Management: FAU_STG_EXT.1/PCAP

Audit: FAU_STG_EXT.1/PCAP

FAU_STG_EXT.1/PCAP Protected Audit Event Storage (Packet Captures)

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_STG_EXT.1.1/PCAP

The TSF shall be able to transmit the generated packet captures to an external IT entity using a trusted channel according to TP_ITC.1.

FAU_STG_EXT.1.2/PCAP

The <u>TSF</u> shall be able to store generated packet captures on the <u>TOE</u> itself.

FAU_STG_EXT.1.3/PCAP

The <u>TSF</u> shall [selection: drop new packet capture data overwrite previous packet captures according to the following rule: assignment: rule for overwriting previous packet captures [assignment: other action]] when the local storage space for packet capture data is full.

FAU_INV_EXT Detection of Unauthorized Connections

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.1, Environmental Inventory,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.1 Environmental Inventory

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.1.1

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall determine if a given $\underline{\mathsf{AP}}$ or $\underline{\mathsf{EUD}}$ is authorized based on $\underline{\mathsf{MAC}}$ addresses.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.2

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect the presence of whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.3

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect the presence of non-whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.2, Characteristics of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.2

FAU_INV_EXT.2 Characteristics of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.2.1

The TSF shall detect the

- current RF band
- current channel

- MAC Address
- classification of APs and EUDs
- $\bullet \ \ [\textbf{selection:} \ [\textbf{assignment:} \ other \ details], \ no \ other \ details]$

of all APs and EUDs within range of the $\underline{\mathsf{TOE}}$'s wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.2

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for APs:

- · encryption
- number of connected EUDs.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for EUDs:

• SSID and BSSID of AP it is connected to.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.3, Behavior of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.3

FAU_INV_EXT.3 Behavior of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect when inventoried EUDs exhibit the following behavior:

• An <u>EUD</u> establishes a peer-to-peer connection with any other<u>EUD</u>,

[selection:

- An <u>EUD</u> bridges two network interfaces,
- An <u>EUD</u> uses internet connection sharing,
 [assignment: other connection types],
- no other connections types

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.4, Location of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.4

FAU_INV_EXT.4 Location of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.4.1

The TSF shall detect info 1 on the current physical location of APs and EUDs and APs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors to within [assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location

FAU_INV_EXT.4.2

The ISF shall detect received signal strength and [selection: RF power levels above a predetermined threshold, no other characteristics] of hardware operating within range of the

FAU INV EXT.4.3

The TSF shall detect the physical location of APs and EUDs to within assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.5, Detection of Unauthorized Connections,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.5

FAU_INV_EXT.5 Detection of Unauthorized Connections

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when non-whitelisted APs have a wired connection to the internal corporate network.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.6, Signal Library,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no management functions foreseen.

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no audit events foreseen.

FAU_INV_EXT.6 Signal Library

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to: No dependencies.

FAU_INV_EXT.6.1

The TSF shall include a signal library.

FAU_INV_EXT Signal Library

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.1, Environmental Inventory,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.1

FAU_INV_EXT.1 Environmental Inventory

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.1.1

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall determine if a given $\underline{\mathsf{AP}}$ or $\underline{\mathsf{EUD}}$ is authorized based on $\underline{\mathsf{MAC}}$ addresses.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall detect the presence of whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

FAU_INV_EXT.1.3

The TSF shall detect the presence of non-whitelisted EUDs and APs in the Operational Environment.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.2, Characteristics of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.2

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.2

FAU_INV_EXT.2 Characteristics of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.2.1

The $\overline{\text{TSF}}$ shall detect the

- · current RF band
- current channel
- MAC Address
- classification of APs and EUDs
 [selection: [assignment: other details], no other details]

of all APs and EUDs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.2

The $\underline{\mathsf{TSF}}$ shall detect the follow additional details for APs:

- · encryption
- number of connected EUDs.

FAU_INV_EXT.2.3

The TSF shall detect the follow additional details for EUDs:

• SSID and BSSID of AP it is connected to.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.3, Behavior of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.3

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.3

FAU_INV_EXT.3 Behavior of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.3.1

The TSF shall detect when inventoried EUDs exhibit the following behavior:

• An <u>EUD</u> establishes a peer-to-peer connection with any other<u>EUD</u>,

[selection:

- An EUD bridges two network interfaces,
- An EUD uses internet connection sharing.
- [assignment: other connection types],
- no other connections types

].

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.4, Location of Environmental Objects,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.4

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.4

FAU_INV_EXT.4 Location of Environmental Objects

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU INV EXT.4.1

The TSE shall detect information on the current physical location of APs and EUDs and APs within range of the TOE's wireless sensors to within [assignment: value equal or less than 15] feet of their actual location

FAU_INV_EXT.4.2

The <u>TSF</u> shall detect received signal strength and [selection: RF power levels above a predetermined threshold, no other characteristics] of hardware operating within range of the <u>TOE</u>'s wireless sensors.

FAU_INV_EXT.4.3

The TSF shall detect the physical location of APs and EUDs to within assignment: value equal or less than 15 feet of their actual location.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.5, Detection of Unauthorized Connections,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.5

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.5

FAU_INV_EXT.5 Detection of Unauthorized Connections

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_INV_EXT.5.1

The TSF shall detect when non-whitelisted APs have a wired connection to the internal corporate network.

Component Leveling

FAU_INV_EXT.6, Signal Library,

Management: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no management functions foreseen.

Audit: FAU_INV_EXT.6

There are no audit events foreseen.

FAU_INV_EXT.6 Signal Library

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to: No dependencies.

FAU_INV_EXT.6.1

The TSF shall include a signal library.

FAU_MAC_EXT Device Impersonation

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU_MAC_EXT.1, Device Impersonation,

Management: FAU_MAC_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_MAC_EXT.1

FAU_MAC_EXT.1 Device Impersonation

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_MAC_EXT.1.1

The TSF shall detect when two sensors in non-overlapping locations receive traffic from the sameMAC address simultaneously.

FAU_MAC_EXT.1.2

The TSF shall detect when two sensors in non-overlapping locations receive traffic from the MAC addresses of non-whitelisted EUDs within an Authorized administrator-configurable timeframe based on distance between sensors

FAU_WIP_EXT Wireless Intrusion Prevention

Family Behavior

Component Leveling

FAU_WIP_EXT.1, Wireless Intrusion Prevention,

Management: FAU_WIP_EXT.1

Audit: FAU_WIP_EXT.1

FAU_WIP_EXT.1 Wireless Intrusion Prevention

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies to:

FAU_WIP_EXT.1.1

The <u>TSE</u> shall allow an Authorized Administrator to isolate a wireless<u>AP</u> or <u>EUD</u> from the network monitored by the <u>TSE</u> using the following methods: **[selection**: wireless containment, wire-side containment of an unauthorized <u>AP</u> connected to the internal corporate wired network]

Appendix E - Bibliography

Identifier

Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation -

- Part 1: Introduction and General Model, CCMB-2017-04-001, Version 3.1, Revision 5, April 2017.
 Part 2: Security Functional Components, CCMB-2017-04-002, Version 3.1, Revision 5, April

[CC]

Part 3: Security Assurance Components, CCMB-2017-04-003, Version 3.1, Revision 5, April

Appendix F - Acronyms

Meaning Advanced Encryption Standard

<u>AP</u>	Access Point
<u>BSSID</u>	Basic Service Set Identifier
CC	Common Criteria
CEM	Common Evaluation Methodology
<u>DoS</u>	Denial of Service
<u>EUD</u>	End User Device
<u>HTTPS</u>	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
<u>IPsec</u>	Internet Protocol Security
MAC	Media Access Control
<u>OE</u>	Operational Environment
<u>PP</u>	Protection Profile
PP-Module	Protection Profile Module
SAR	Security Assurance Requirement
<u>SFR</u>	Security Functional Requirement
<u>SSH</u>	Secure Shell
SSID	Service Set Identifier
<u>ST</u>	Security Target
<u>TKIP</u>	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
<u>TLS</u>	Transport Layer Security
<u>TOE</u>	Target of Evaluation
<u>TSF</u>	TOE Security Functionality
<u>TSS</u>	TOE Summary Specification
<u>WEP</u>	Wired Equivalent Protocol
<u>WIDS</u>	Wireless Intrustion Detection System
<u>WIPS</u>	Wireless Intrustion Prevention System

Wireless Local Area Network Wi-Fi-WLAN Protected Access

WLAN

WPA