

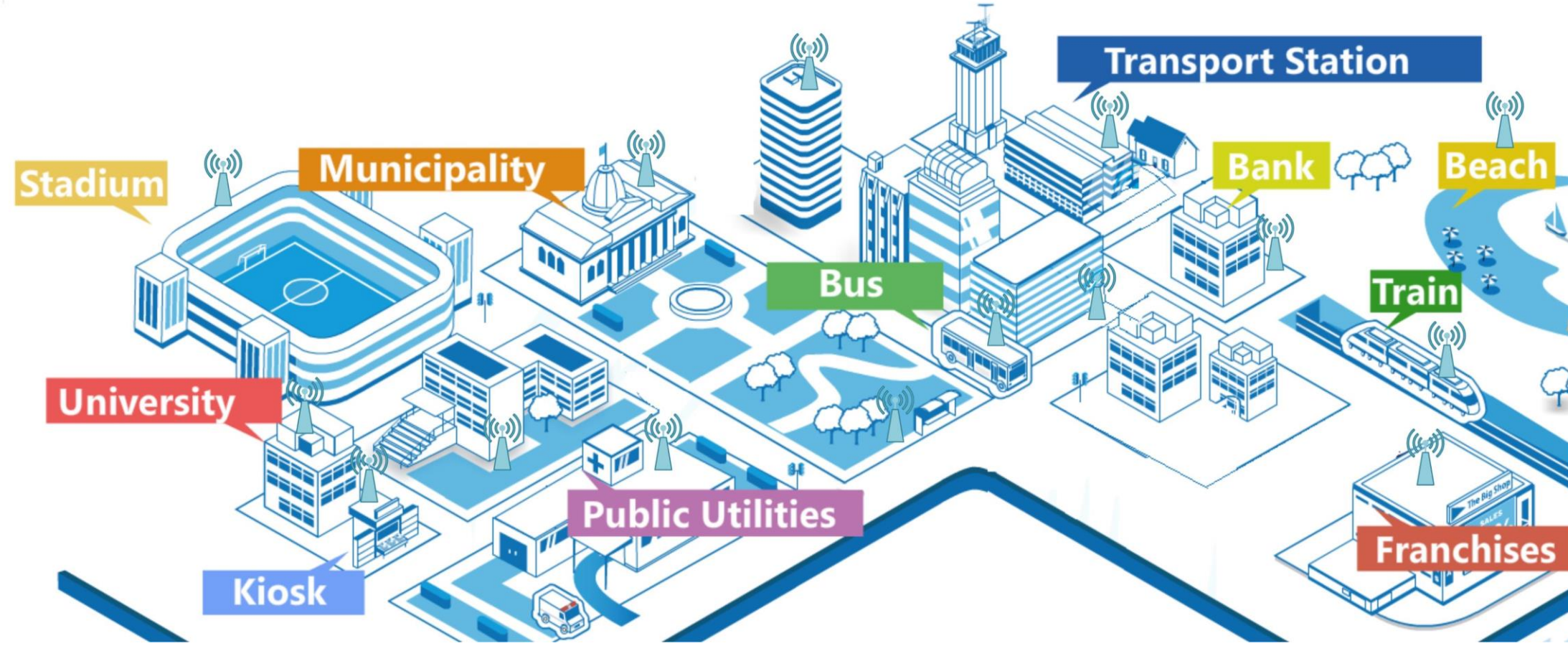
# Stuffing Wi-Fi Beacons for Fun and Profit



Sven Zehl, Anatolij Zubow and Adam Wolisz  
{zehl, zubow, wolisz}@tkn.tu-berlin.de  
Department of Telecommunication Systems, Technische Universität Berlin

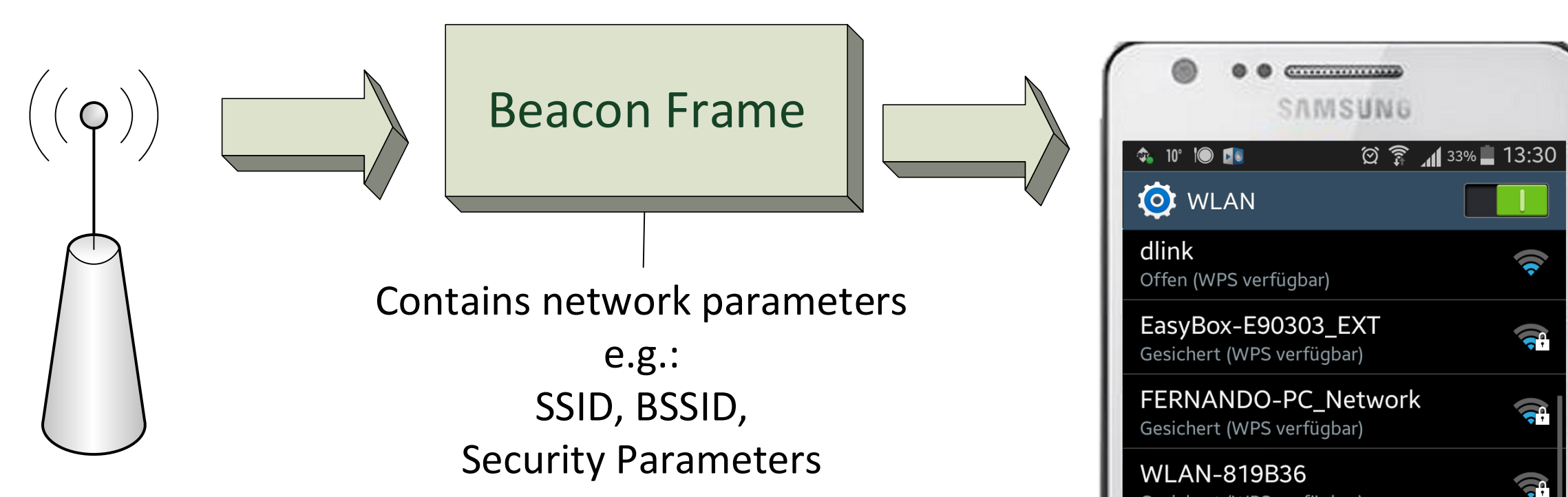


## Motivation: Wi-Fi Access Points are everywhere!



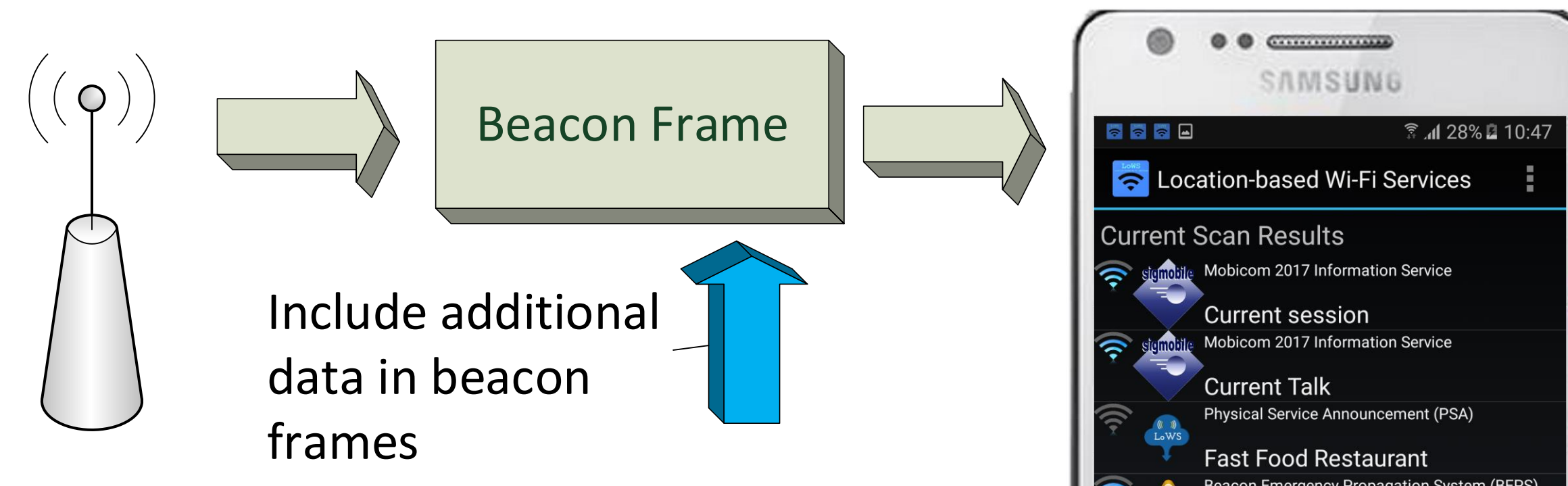
- IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) is the standard technology for wireless networks especially in providing wireless Internet access
- IEEE 802.11 Access Points (APs) are widely deployed, nearly everywhere:
  - Shopping Malls,
  - Trains and Train Stations,
  - Airports and Planes,
  - Hospitals, Office Spaces...

## Observation:



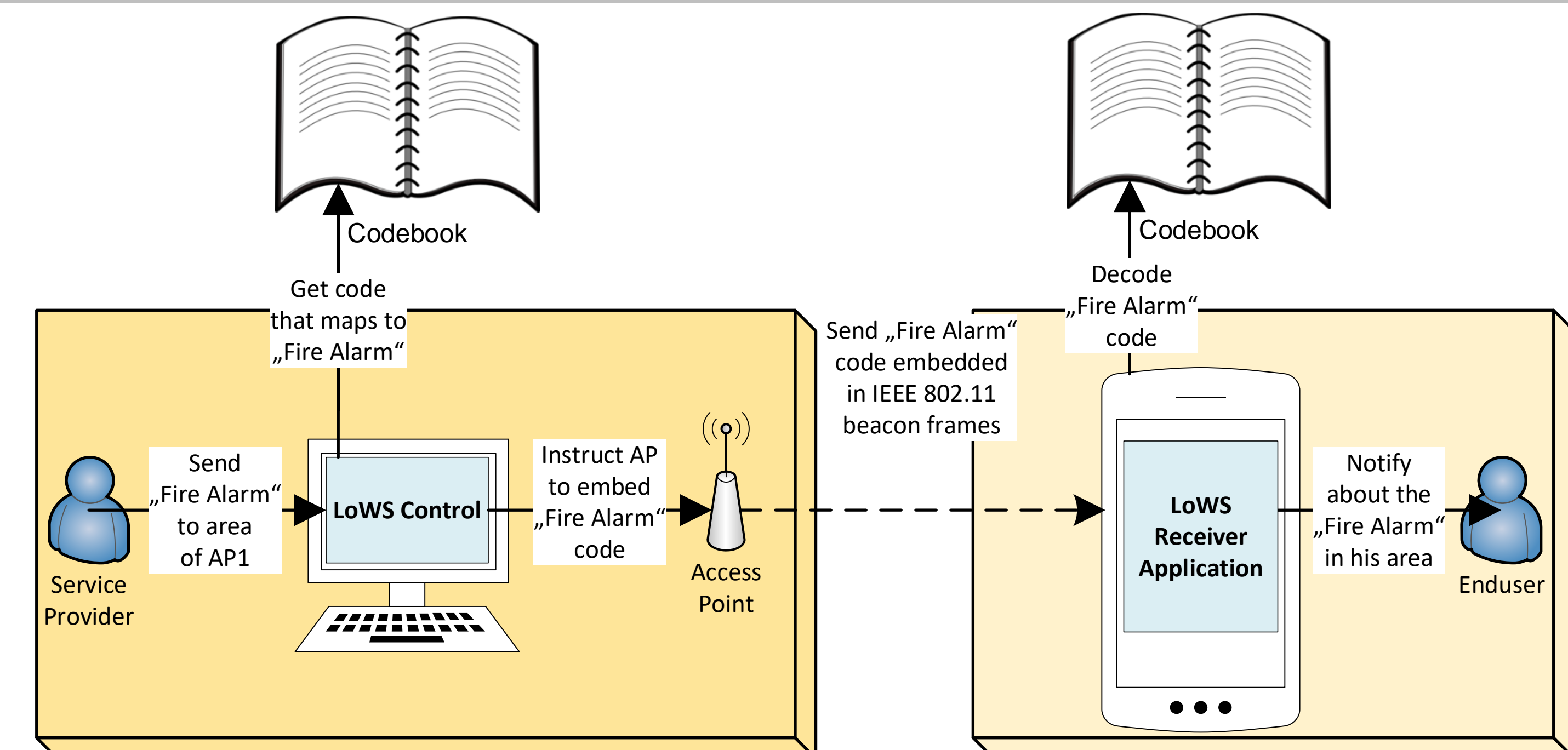
- To enable Wi-Fi clients to discover APs in their vicinity, Wi-Fi APs are announcing their presence by broadcasting beacon frames.
- Client devices receive these beacon frames through automatically triggered background scans.

## Idea: Exploit Beacon Frames to transport Location-based Service Data!



- Using Wi-Fi beacon stuffing enables to transmit location-based information from Wi-Fi AP to Wi-Fi client without the requirement of:
  - Clients to associate
  - Clients to have Internet access
  - Clients sharing their location
  - Any additional hardware or software for clients and APs!

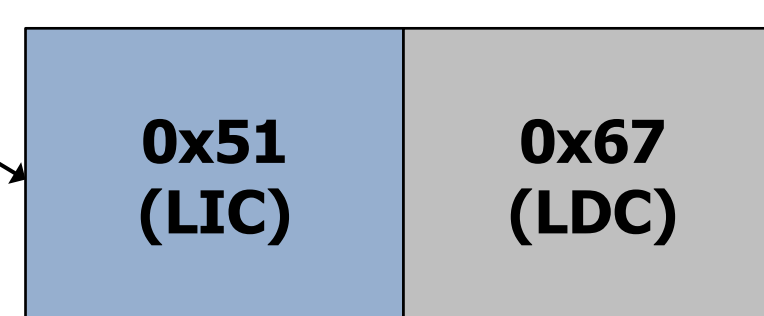
## Codebook Approach:



- To keep amount of additional embedded data as small as possible, we utilize a codebook approach.
- Codebooks have to be automatically downloaded for each location or pre-installed, which is solved by the LoWS System DNS-like architecture.
- A two part coding scheme enables to decode always the most important part of the location-based service information.

Location Independent Code (LIC) for emergency service

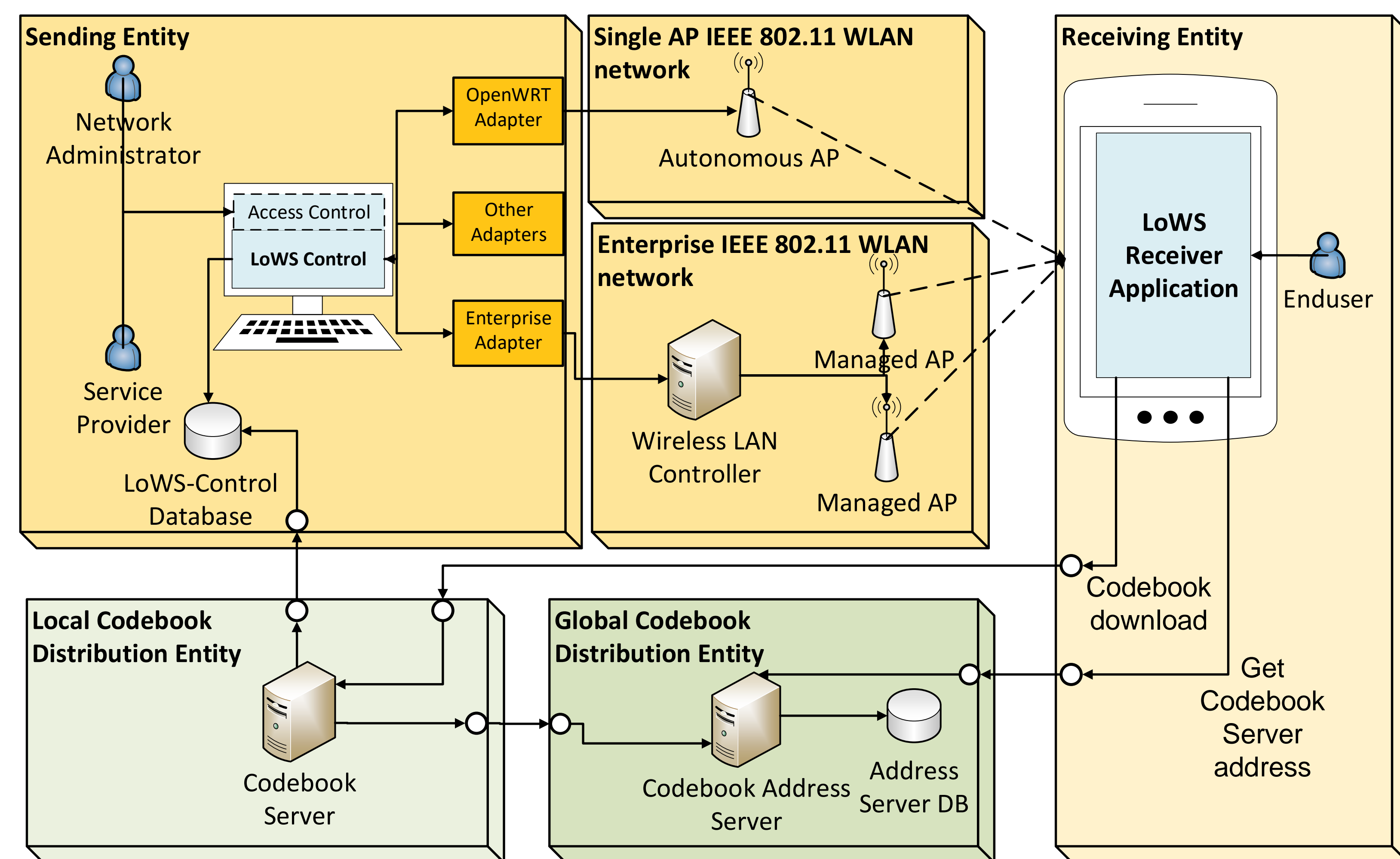
Emergency Codebook: 0x51 maps to „Fire Alarm“



Location Dependent Code (LDC) for emergency service TU Berlin

TU Berlin emergency Codebook: 0x67 maps to „Please use the stairs in direction to Einsteinufer to evacuate.“

## Overall System Design of the Location-based Wi-Fi Service System



- LoWS System Architecture enables with its DNS-like architecture to download the location dependent codebooks on demand when entering a location the first time.
- Prevents superfluous huge global codebook.
- Small location independent codebook is pre-installed in every receiver application.

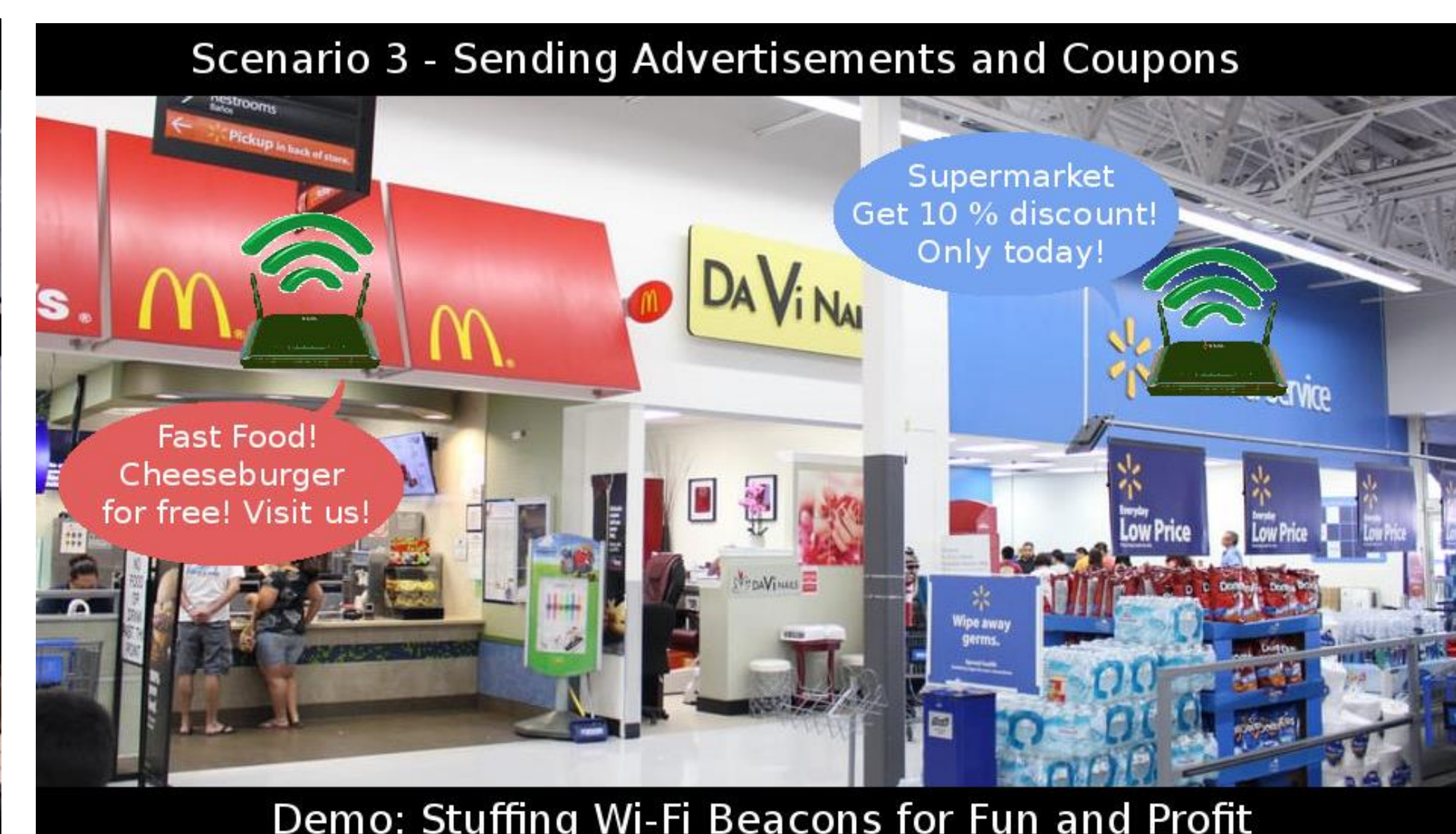
## Course of the Demo:



Demo Szenario 1:  
Fire emergency in a hotel



Demo Szenario 2:  
Everyday situation: subway station



Demo Szenario 3:  
Sending of advertisements and coupons

Using location-based Wi-Fi Services to:

- 1.) Inform people in hazardous area about emergency
- 2.) Give people instructions based on their location.
  - > Display evacuation plan to people in evacuation area
  - > Display „Do NOT move“ message to people when there is no possibility to evacuate.

Using location-based Wi-Fi Services to:

- 1.) Sending real-time data about departure of train. This information could be used to set alarms, e.g. 2min before departure or information can be translated in other languages.
- 2.) Sending information about the presence of an elevator for e.g. handicapped people, beacon signal strength can be used as navigation and orientation aid.

Using location-based Wi-Fi Services to:

- 1.) Inform people about the presence of a shop or restaurant
- 2.) Send coupon code, e.g. 10% discount by showing a screenshot of received LoWS, or include link to picture in codebook to show e.g. picture of coupon i.e. cheeseburger for free.
- 3.) Beacon signal strength can be used for navigation