ΔY

We know we want Equilibrium GDP to decrease by 2,000: $\Delta Y = -2,000$

Effect on Consumption:

Effect on the Budget Deficit:

 Δ Deficit = 0

The Balanced Budget Multiplier = 1



Assume: MPC = 0.8

Recessionary Gap: 7,000 - 9,000 = -2,000

-2,000 $\Delta Y =$

The Government must decrease Taxes and Government Spending by 2,000 in order to close a 2,000 Inflationary Gap

A 2,000 decrease in Government Spending and a simultaneous 2,000 decrease in taxes will leave the deficit unchanged

 $\Delta T = \Delta G = -2,000$

Recessionary Gap:

7,000 - 9,000 = -2,000



We know we want Equilibrium GDP to decrease by 2,000:

$$\Delta Y = -2,000$$

The Balanced Budget Multiplier = 1

$$\Delta Y = \Delta T = \Delta G$$

$$\Delta Y = -2,000$$

$$\Delta T = \Delta G = -2,000$$

The Government must decrease Taxes and Government Spending by 2,000 in order to close a 2,000 Inflationary Gap

Effect on Consumption:

$$\Delta C = 0$$

Effect on the Budget Deficit:

$$\Delta$$
 Deficit = 0

A 2,000 decrease in
Government Spending and a
simultaneous 2,000 decrease in
taxes will leave the deficit
unchanged

