

105



110



135



**MR=10**

MR = 6

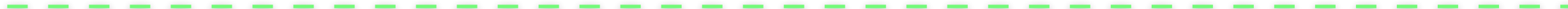
MR=5



MC

If  $\text{Price} = \text{ATC}$  the firm is Indifferent between exiting the industry and producing  $q^*$  because it makes zero economic profit either way

2



MR=2

If **Price**  $<$  **ATC** the firm incurs a loss and  
should exit the industry

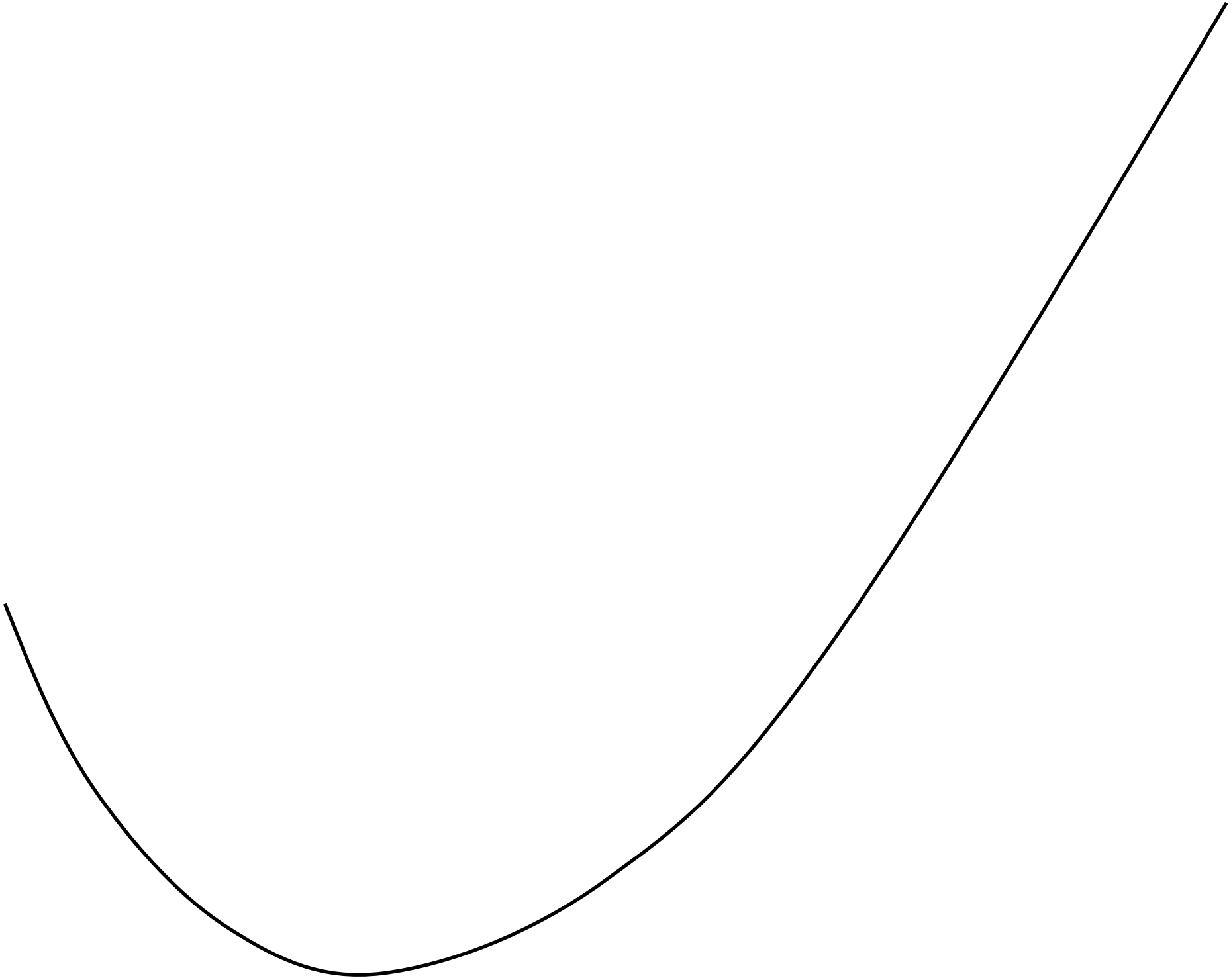
# The Firm's Long Run Decision











4

-----

MR=4

3

-----

MR=3

1-----MR=1

## Quantity Supplied in the Long Run

[illegible]

10

135

6

110

5

0

or

105



4

0

3

0

2

0

1

0

If  $\text{Price} > \text{ATC}$  the firm should produce  $q^*$   
(where  $\text{MC} = \text{MR}$ ) because it makes a profit









e





h



P











d





**P**

S

**b**









W







A



T





h











**m**

S





u

















S



e

a



d





**P**





d

U









g







W



h





**M**



[REDACTED]

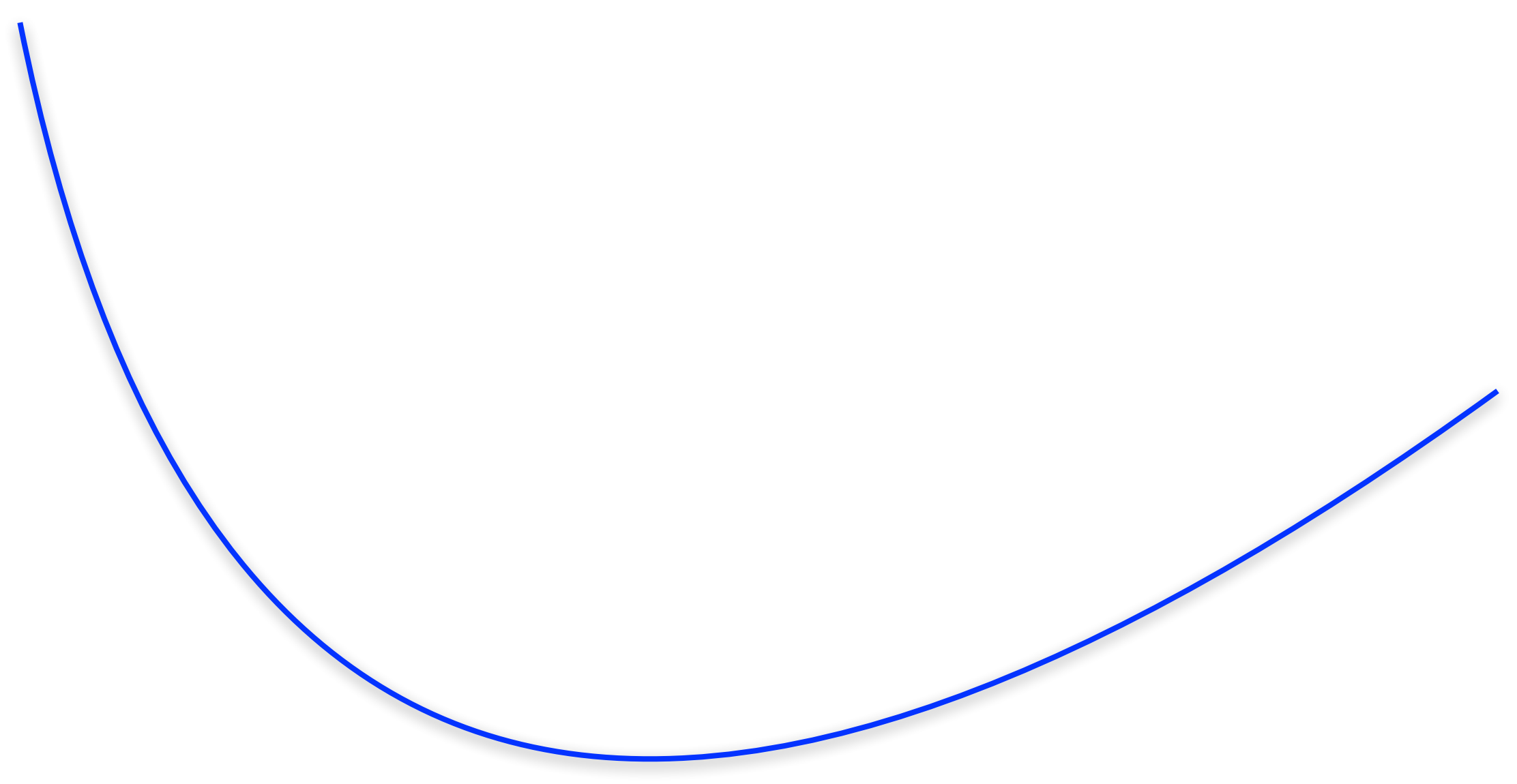
[REDACTED]

**M**

**R**

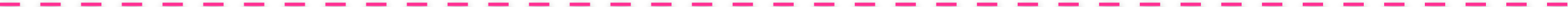






ATC

5





Q







Q









$$q = 0$$

q

=

0

Q







10



6



Quantity Supplied in the Long  
Run all firms in the industry

$Q^s$

$$135 \times 1000 = 13,500$$

110xx1000 = 11,000

0 or 105  $\times$  100  $\equiv$  10,500



0

x

1

0

0

0

x

1

0

0

0

x

1

0

0


0

x

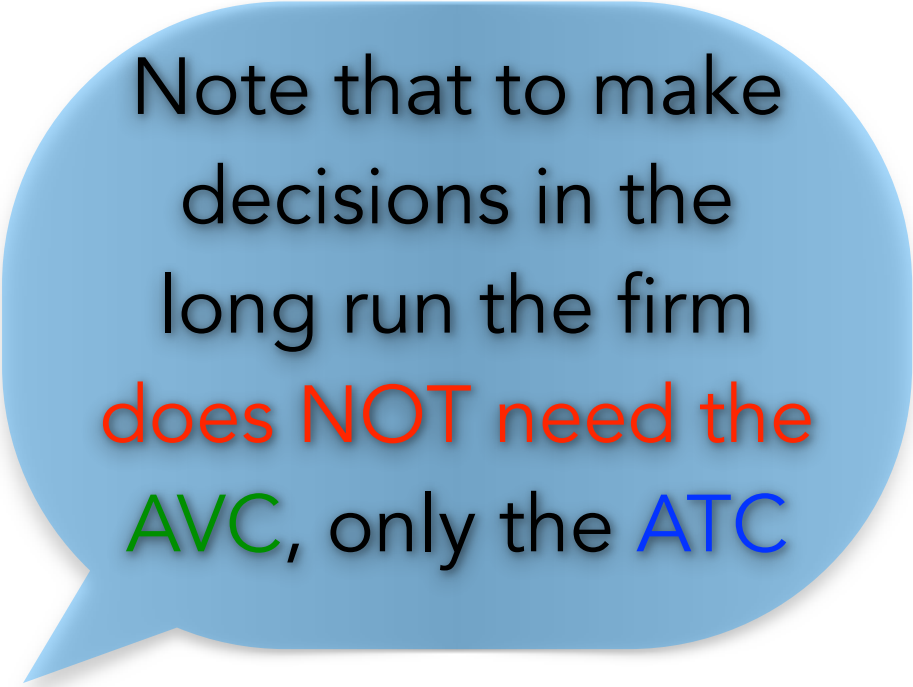
1

0

0



Assume that there are  
**100** firms in this  
Perfectly Competitive  
industry, total supply is  
the **sum** of the  
individual firm's supply



Note that to make  
decisions in the  
long run the firm  
does NOT need the  
AVC, only the ATC

q = 0

Once the Price drops below the ATC the firm should exit instead of producing  $q^*$  (where  $MC = MR$ )



q

=

0

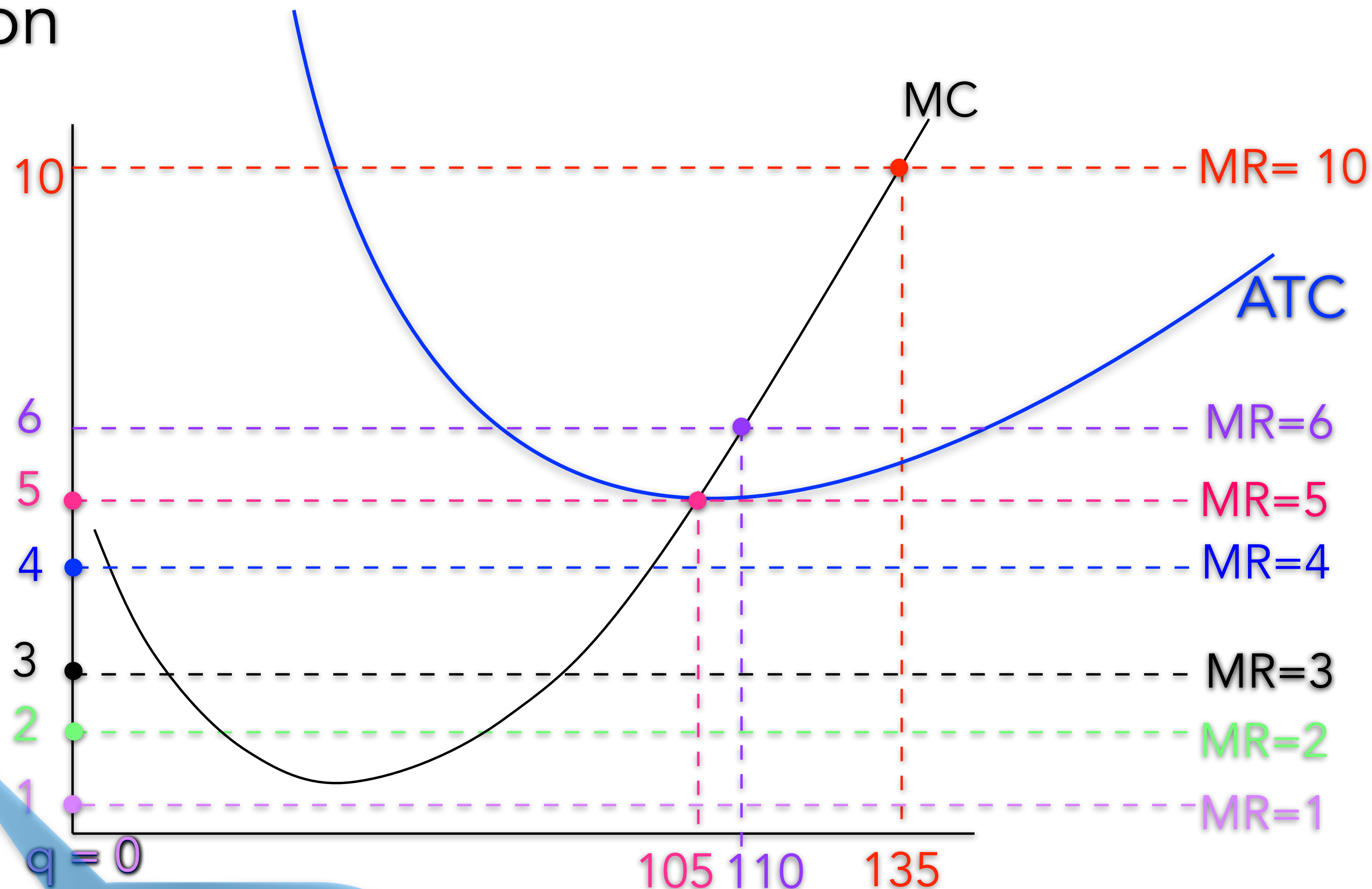
$$q = 0$$

# The Firm's Long Run Decision

If **Price** > **ATC** the firm should **produce**  $q^*$  (where  $MC = MR$ ) because it makes a profit

If **Price** = **ATC** the firm is **Indifferent** between exiting the industry and producing  $q^*$  because it makes zero economic profit either way

If **Price** < **ATC** the firm incurs a loss and should exit the industry



Assume that there are **100** firms in this Perfectly Competitive industry, total supply is the **sum** of the individual firm's supply

Once the **Price drops below** the **ATC** the firm should exit instead of **producing**  $q^*$  (where  $MC = MR$ )

Price	Quantity Supplied in the Long Run $Q^s$	Quantity Supplied in the Long Run all firms in the industry $Q^s$
10	135	$135 \times 100 = 13,500$
6	110	$110 \times 100 = 11,000$
5	0 or 105	0 or $105 \times 100 = 10,500$
4	0	$0 \times 100$
3	0	$0 \times 100$
2	0	$0 \times 100$
1	0	$0 \times 100$

