

AR=RR=25

## To understand what happens next, we must take a closer look at the loan process



This means that as loans are paid back new loans are issued so that total loans outstanding stay always at 225b









































































































Bank A is actually holding the exact amount of reserves it is required to hold

-6 -6

## The bank is now short of reserves

W 

As loans are paid back, fewer loans are issued until reserves are built up to the legal amount

**New I** 





























































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































## This is the drop for Bank A

## A sale of bonds by the Fed triggers a decrease in deposits because the public pays with checks drawn on their bank accounts

## A sale of bonds by the Fed triggers a decrease in actual reserves because the Fed decreases reserves in all banks

## The Fed's sale of bonds decrease both: Deposits and Reserves

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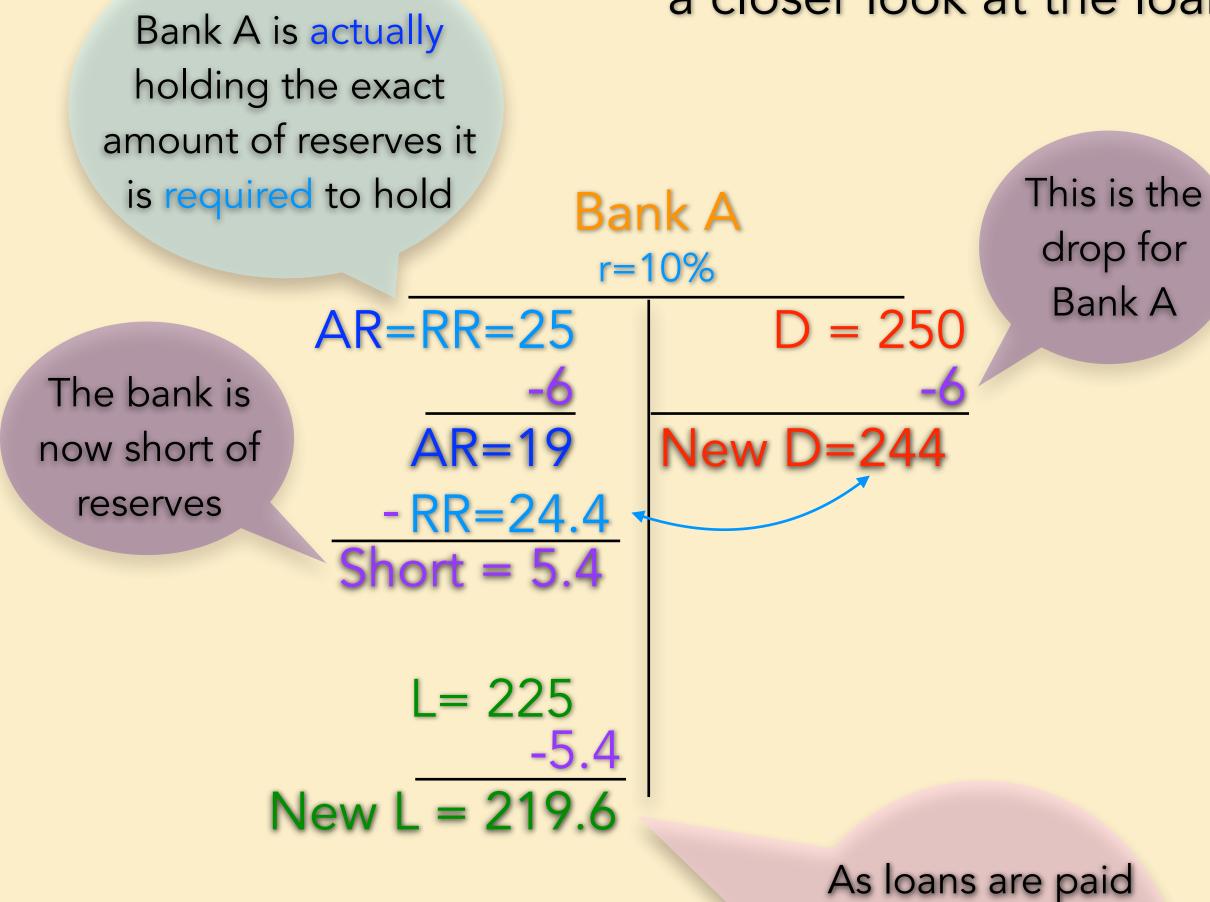
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The same will happen for all banks in the banking system: all banks will decrease their Loans