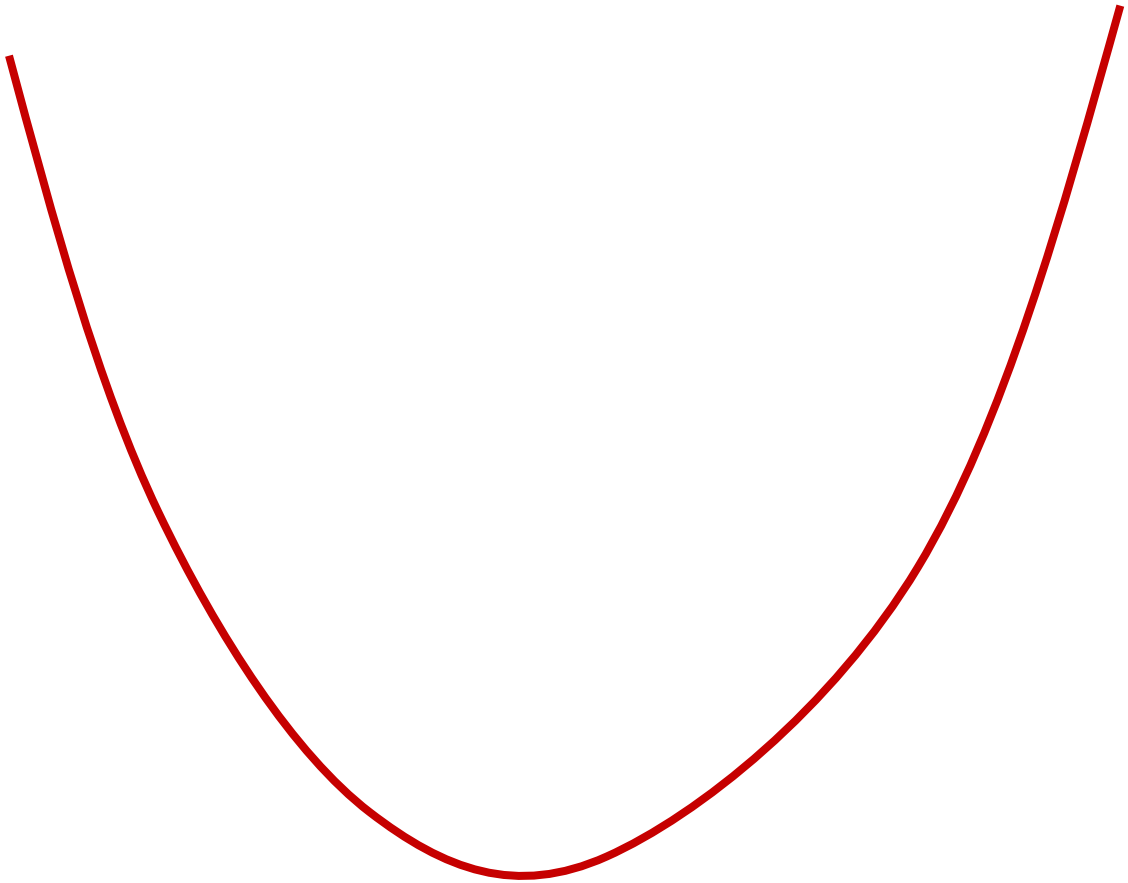
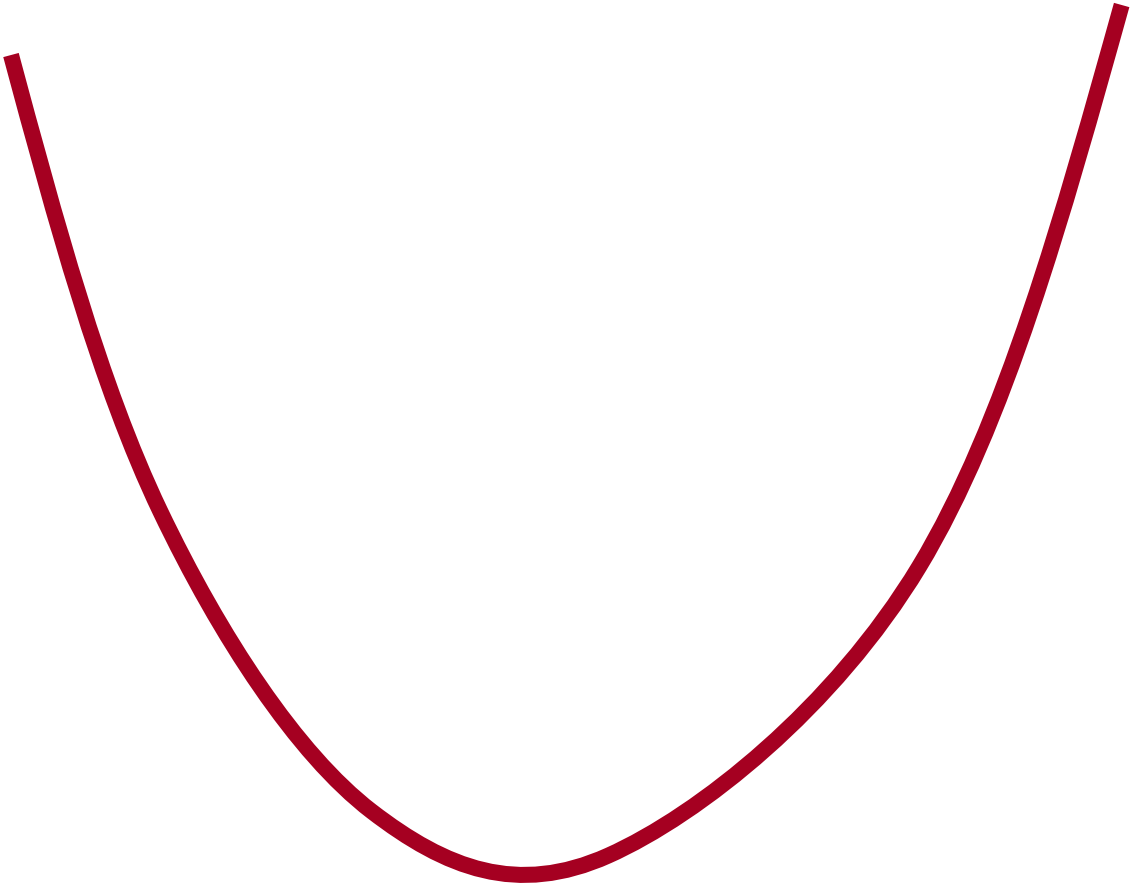
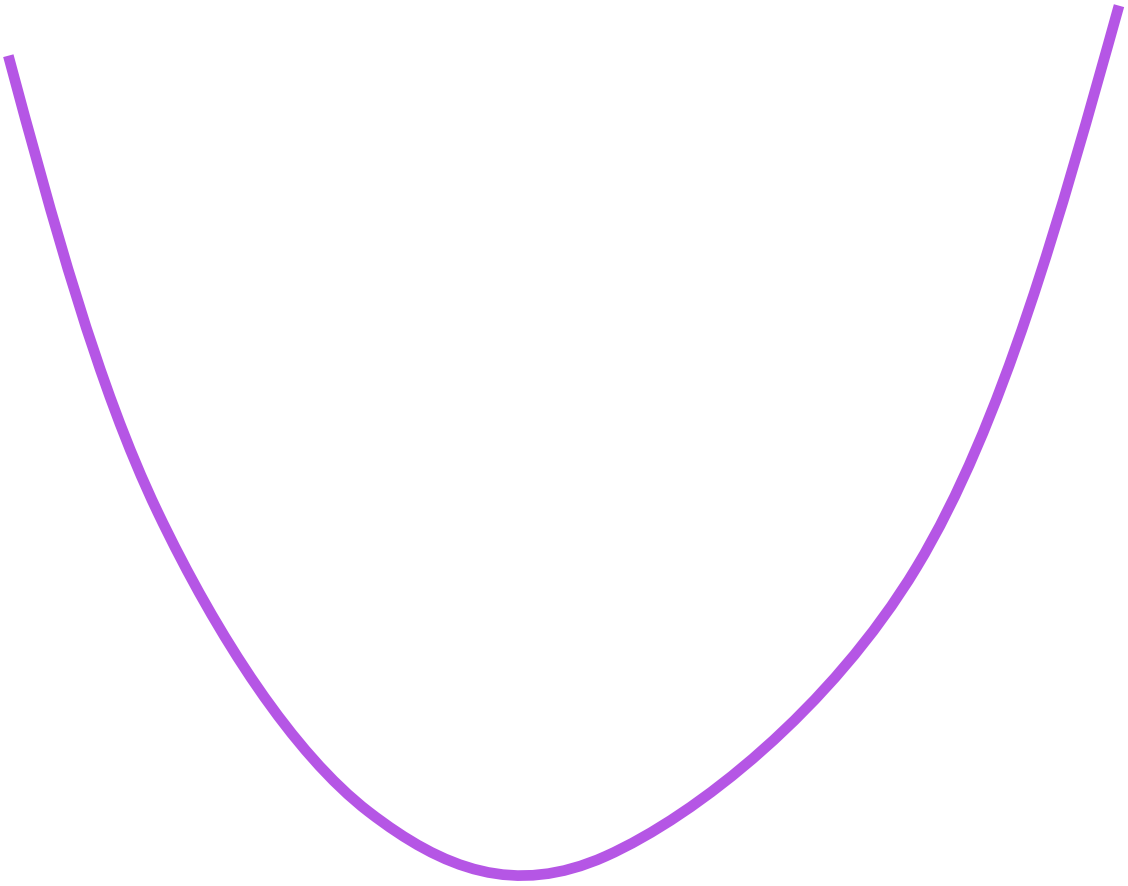


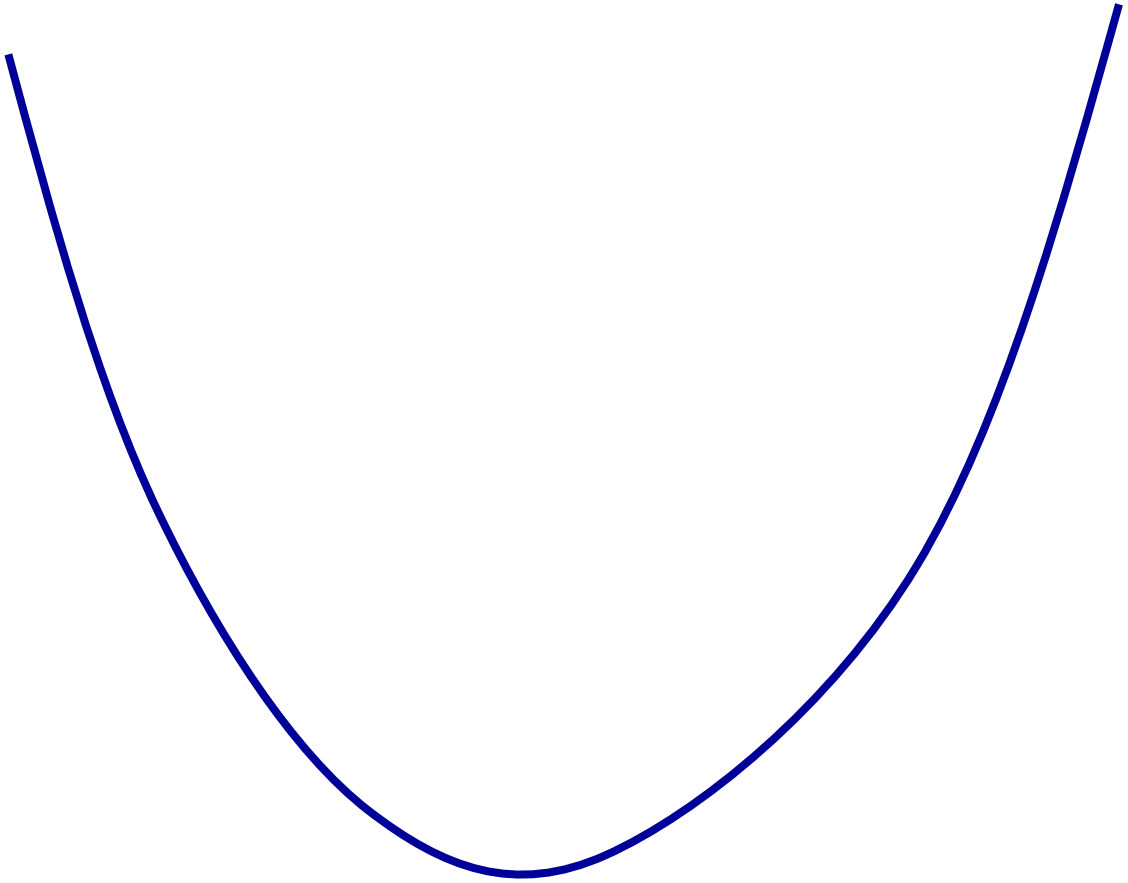


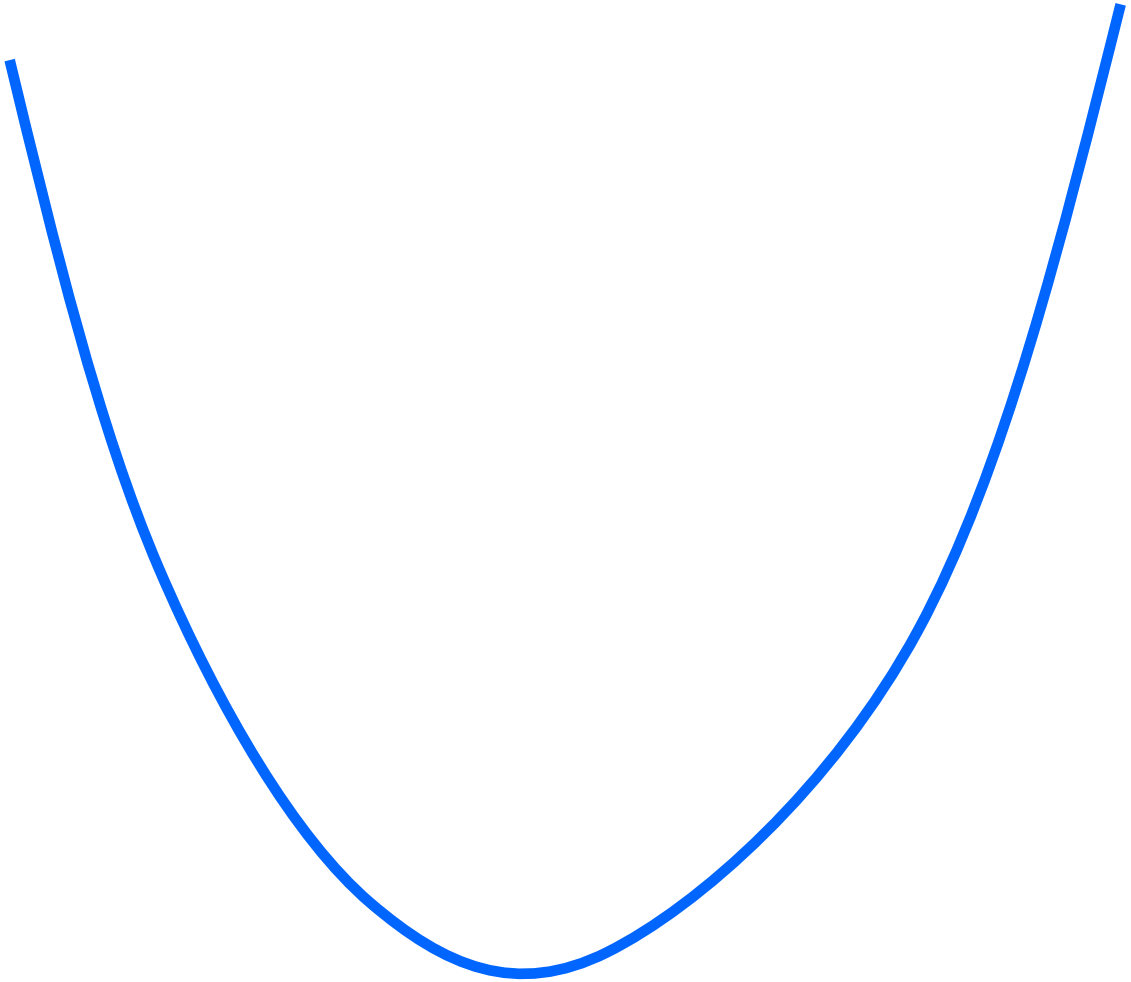
500,000

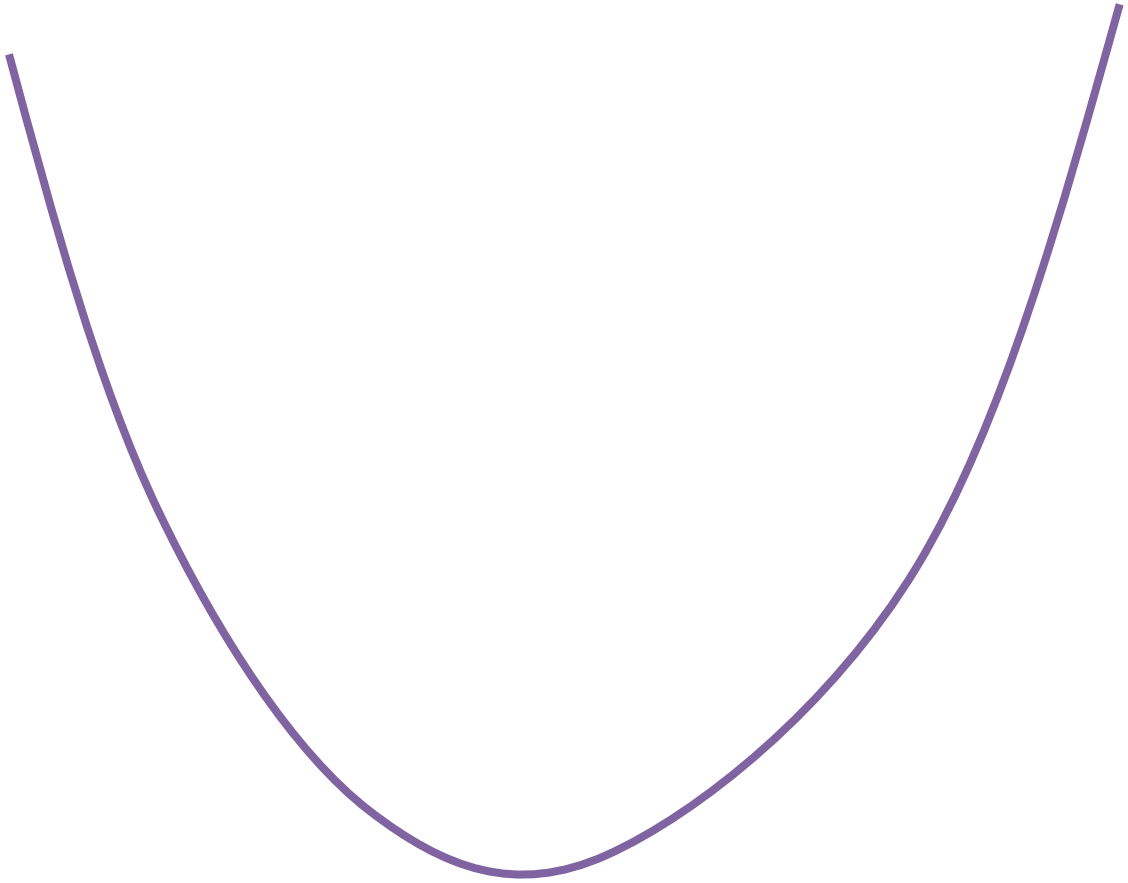




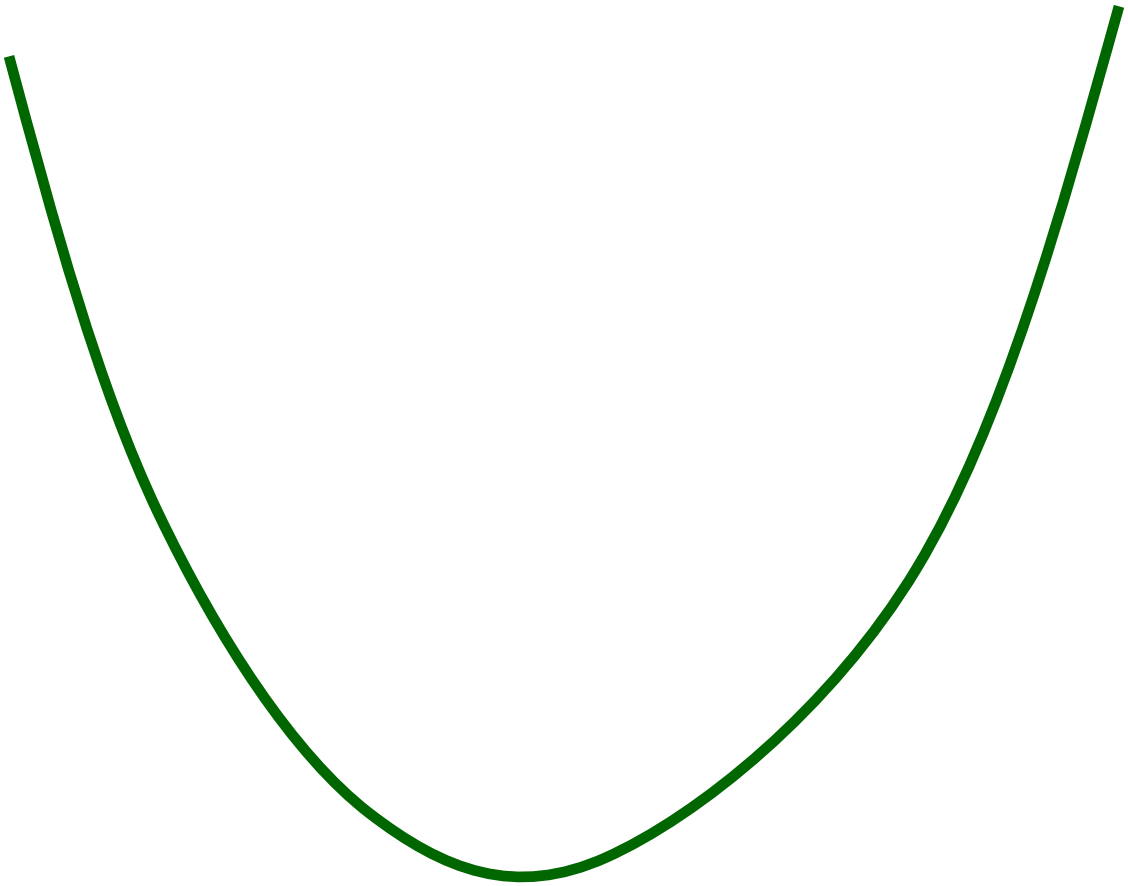












SRAATC1

SRAATC2

SRA TCS

SRAATC4

SRAATCS5

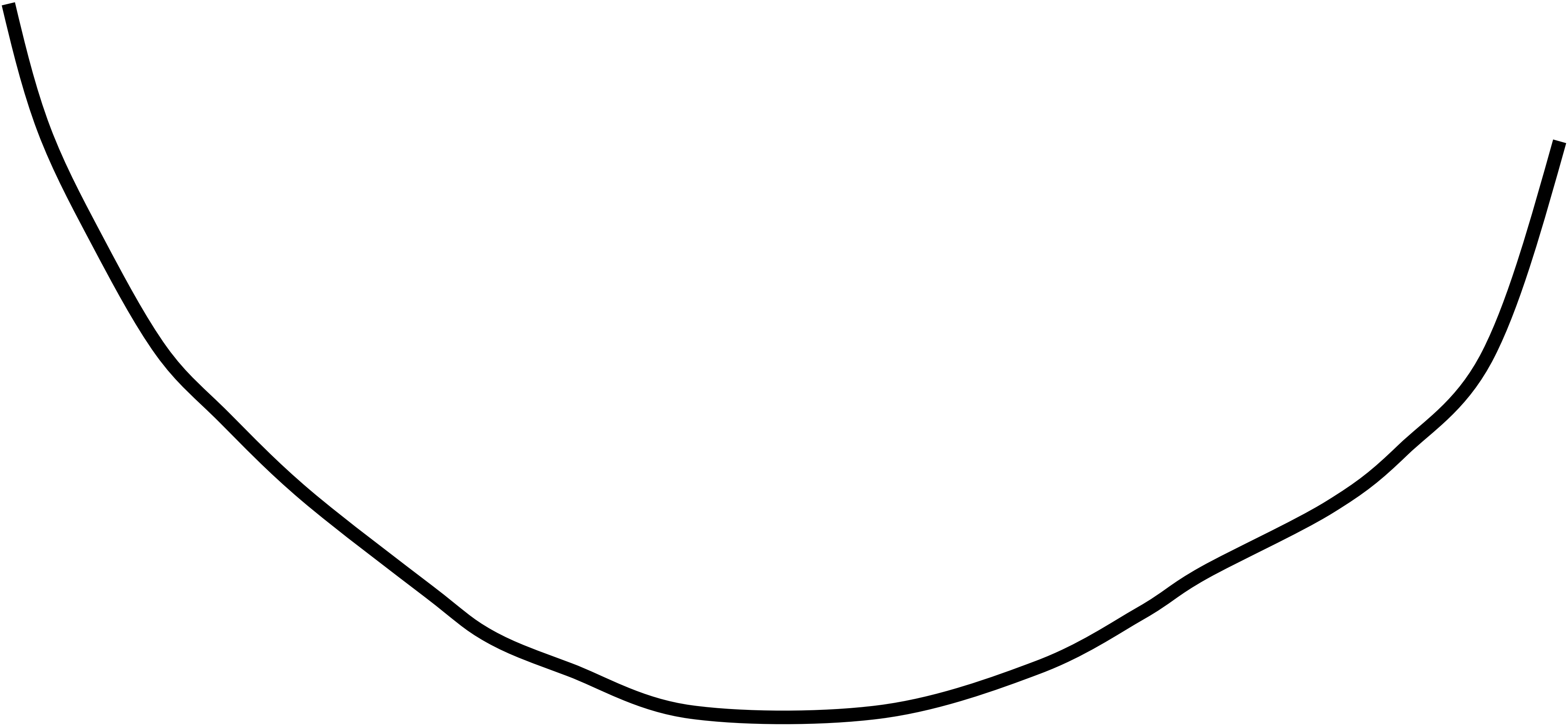


SRA TCO



SRAATC7





**L R A T C**

Assume Total Demand = 3,000,000 units

150,000

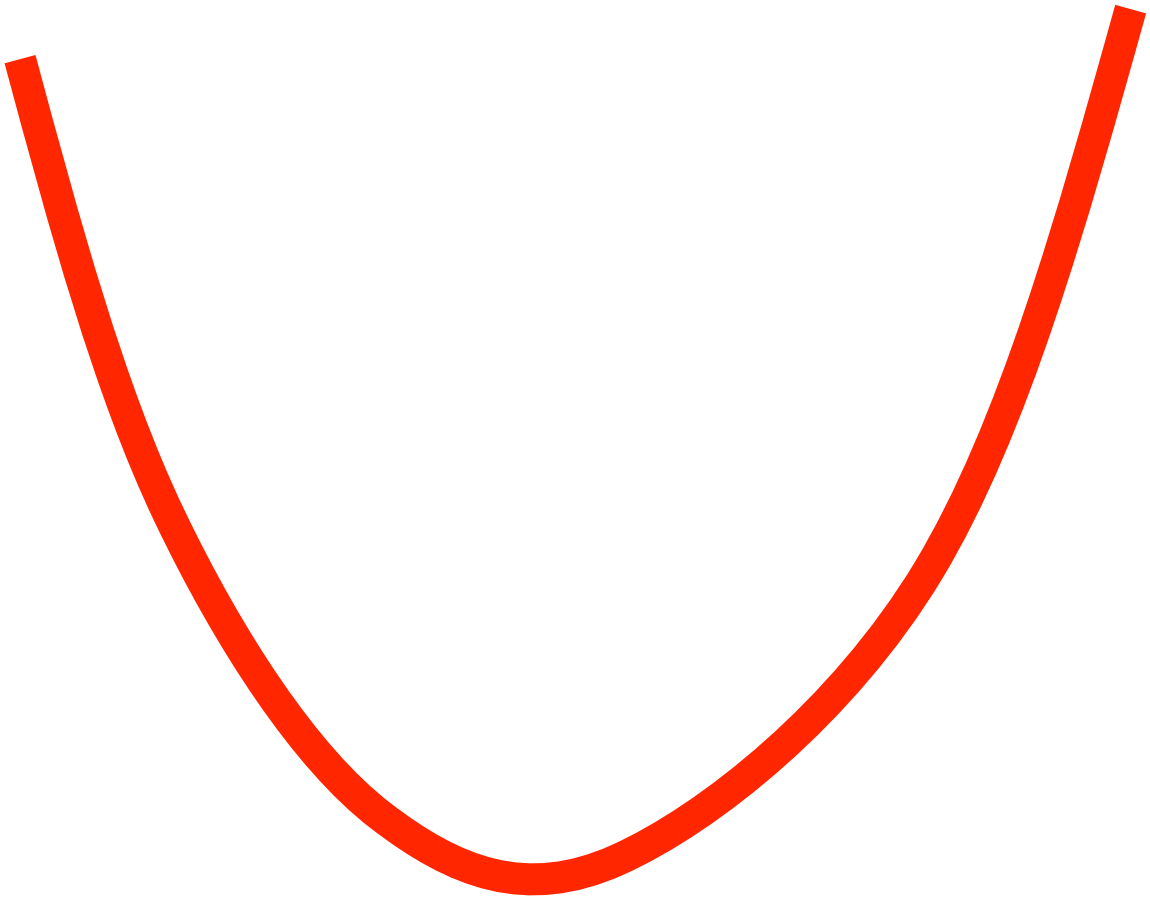
500,000

150,000



10,000

Smallest plant with lowest LRAATC?



The smaller the size of the MES, the larger the number of firms in the industry

**== 6 firms**

= 20 firms



\_\_\_\_\_



= 300 firms

10,000



If the MES is a large plant which reaches min cost at a large output level such as

$$Q = 500,000 \text{ units}$$

Total Demand = 3,000,000




There is room for  
only 6 firms with  
this MES to supply  
the industry

MES


If the MES is smaller: a plant that reaches min cost at  $Q=150,000$





There is room for  
**20** firms with this  
smaller MES

If the MES is a small plant that reaches min cost at  $Q=10,000$



There is room for  
300 firms with  
this smaller MES

The **smaller** the size of the  
MES, the **more competitive**  
the industry

The **larger** the size of the  
MES, the **more concentrated**  
the industry

$$\text{Total Demand} = \frac{3,000,000}{10,000} = 300 \text{ firms}$$

The **larger** the size of the MES, the **more concentrated** the industry

The **smaller** the size of the MES, the **more competitive** the industry

MES  
SRATC4

There is room for  
**300** firms with  
this smaller MES

LRATC

10,000

The smaller the size of the MES, the larger the number of firms in the industry



# Perfectly Competitive Markets

