

Price of output = \$30

How many machines should be
purchased?

K

Total
Product

0

0

1

632

2

896

3

1096

4

1264

5

1410

6

1550

632 - 0

896 - 632

100% - 88%

12644 - 100%

1410 - 1264

1550 - 1410

Marginal Product of K

632

264

200

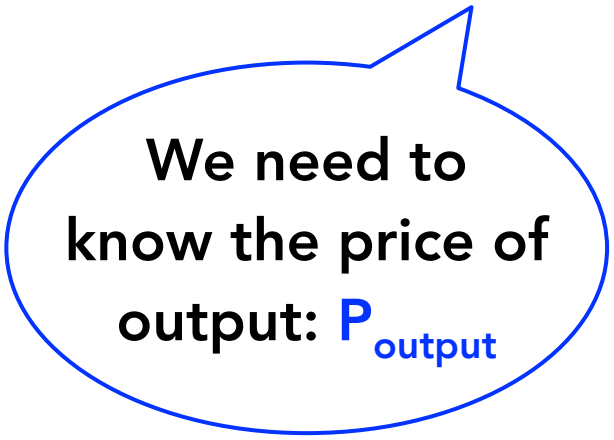
168

146

140



**First,
calculate the
 MP_K**



**We need to
know the price of
output: P_{output}**

$$\text{MRP}_K = \text{MP}_K \times \text{P}_{\text{output}}$$

Price of output is
always given

Marginal Revenue Product

$$\text{MRP}_K = \text{MP}_K \times P_{\text{output}}$$

$$= 632 \times \$30$$


$$= 264 \times \$30$$

$$= 200 \times \$30$$

$$= 168 \times \$30$$

$$= 146 \times \$30$$

$$= 140 \times \$30$$



**We need to
calculate the
 MRP_k**

Marginal Revenue Product
18,960
7,920
6,000
5,040
4,380
4,200

MP_K

MRP_K

How many **machines** should be purchased?

K	Total Product	MP_K	MRP_K
0	0		
1	632	632	18,960
2	896	264	7,920
3	1096	200	6,000
4	1264	168	5,040
5	1410	146	4,380
6	1550	140	4,200

Price of output = \$30

K	MP_K	MRP_K
0		
1	632	18,960
2	264	7,920
3	200	6,000
4	168	5,040
5	146	4,380
6	140	4,200