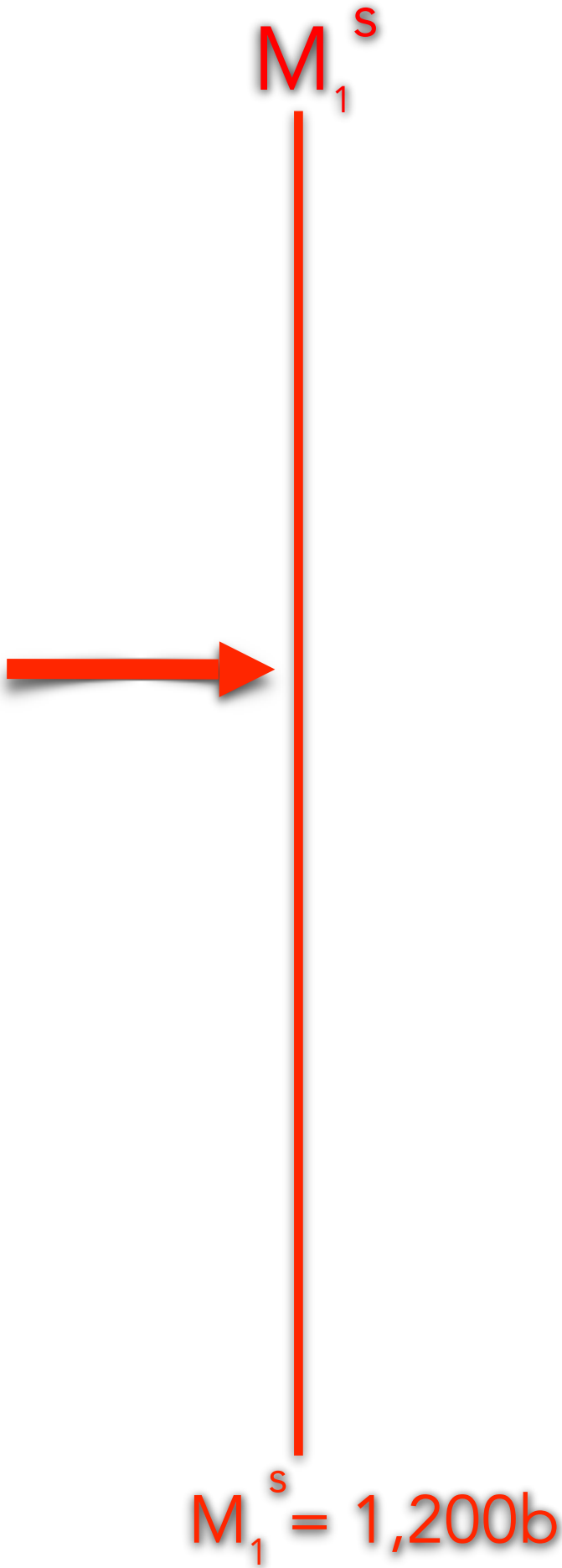
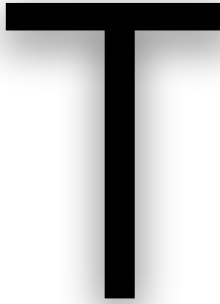
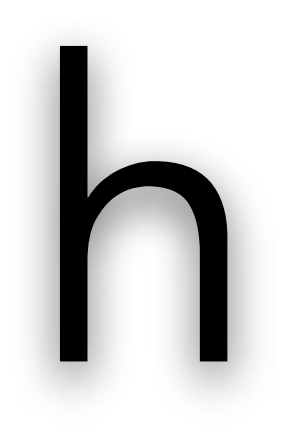
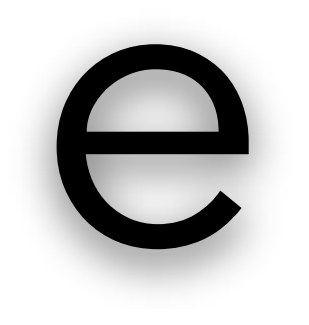
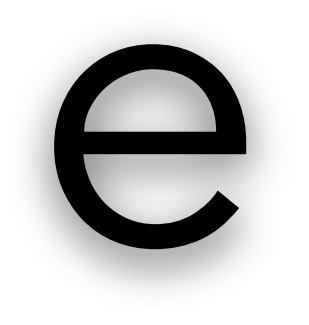
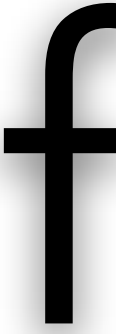

M_1^s
$M_1^s = 1{,}200b$

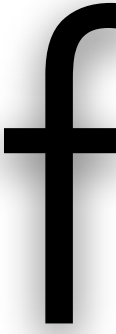


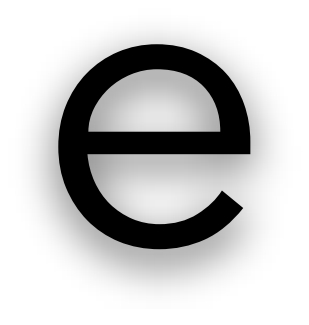


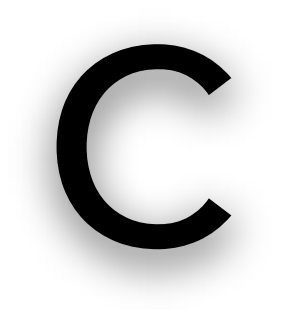








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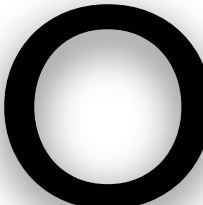

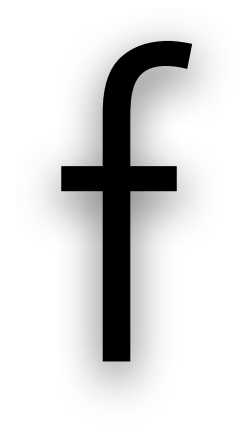

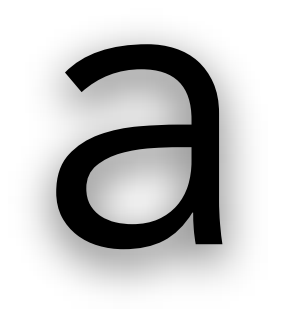
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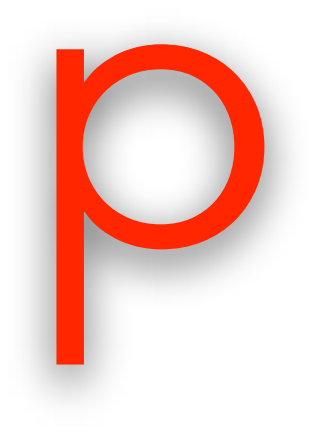


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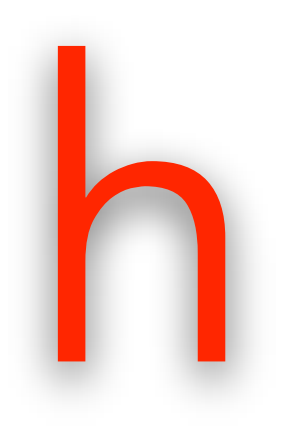


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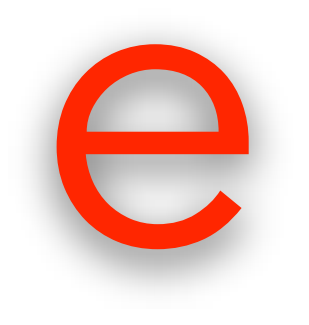

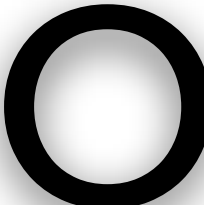

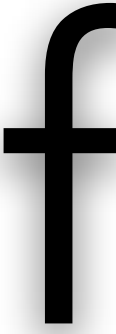

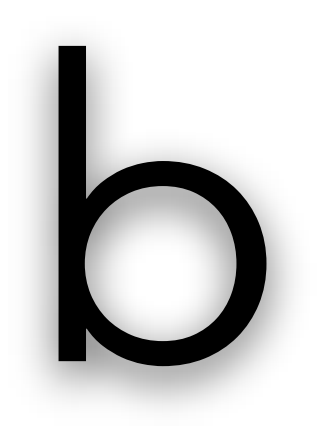

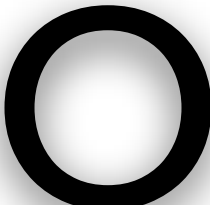

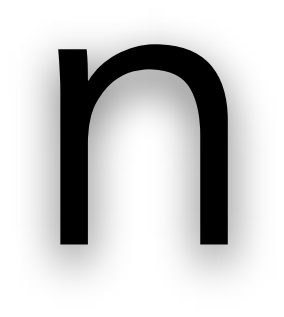

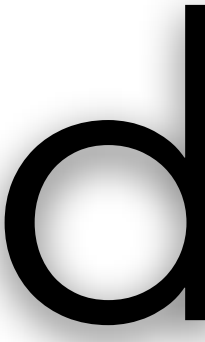

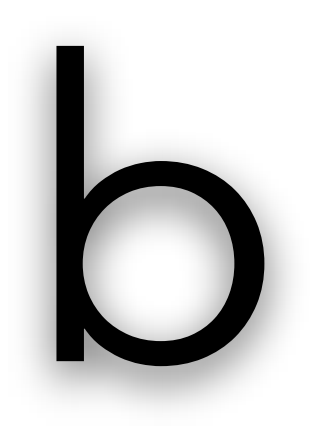

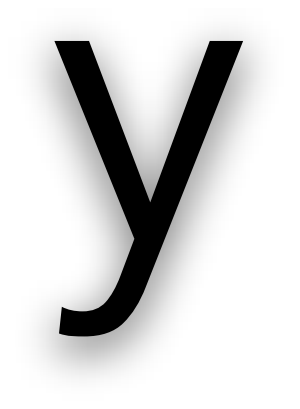
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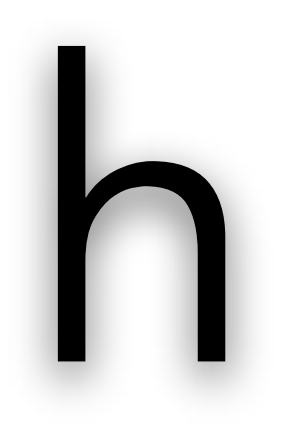
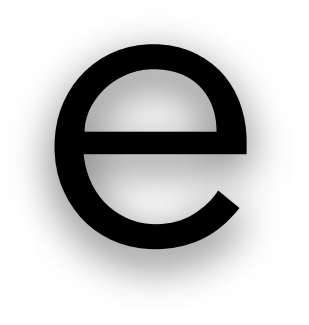
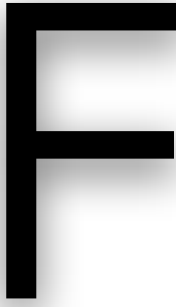
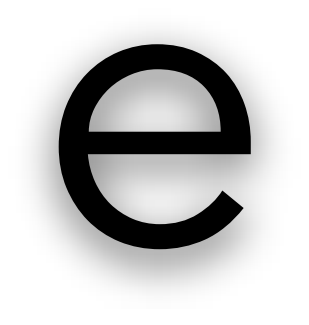
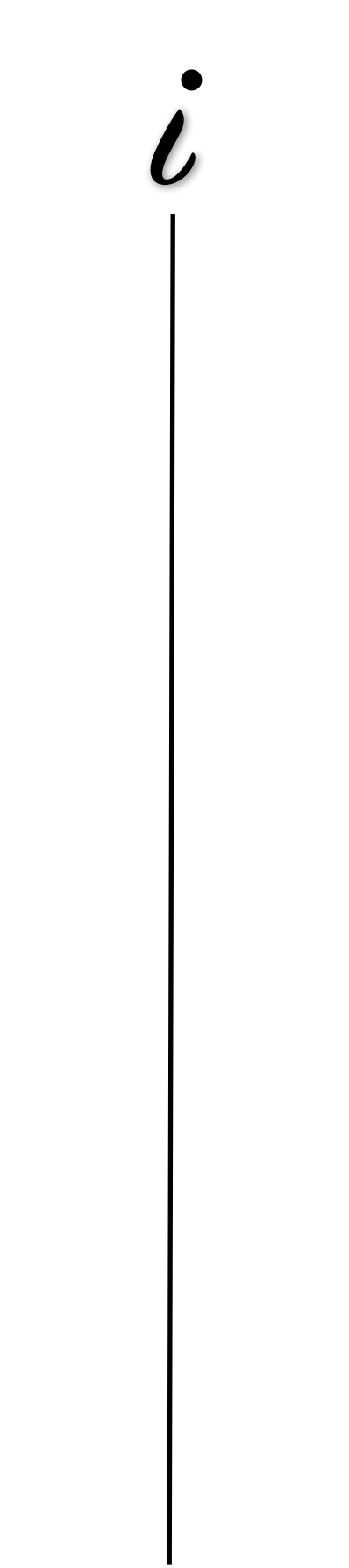


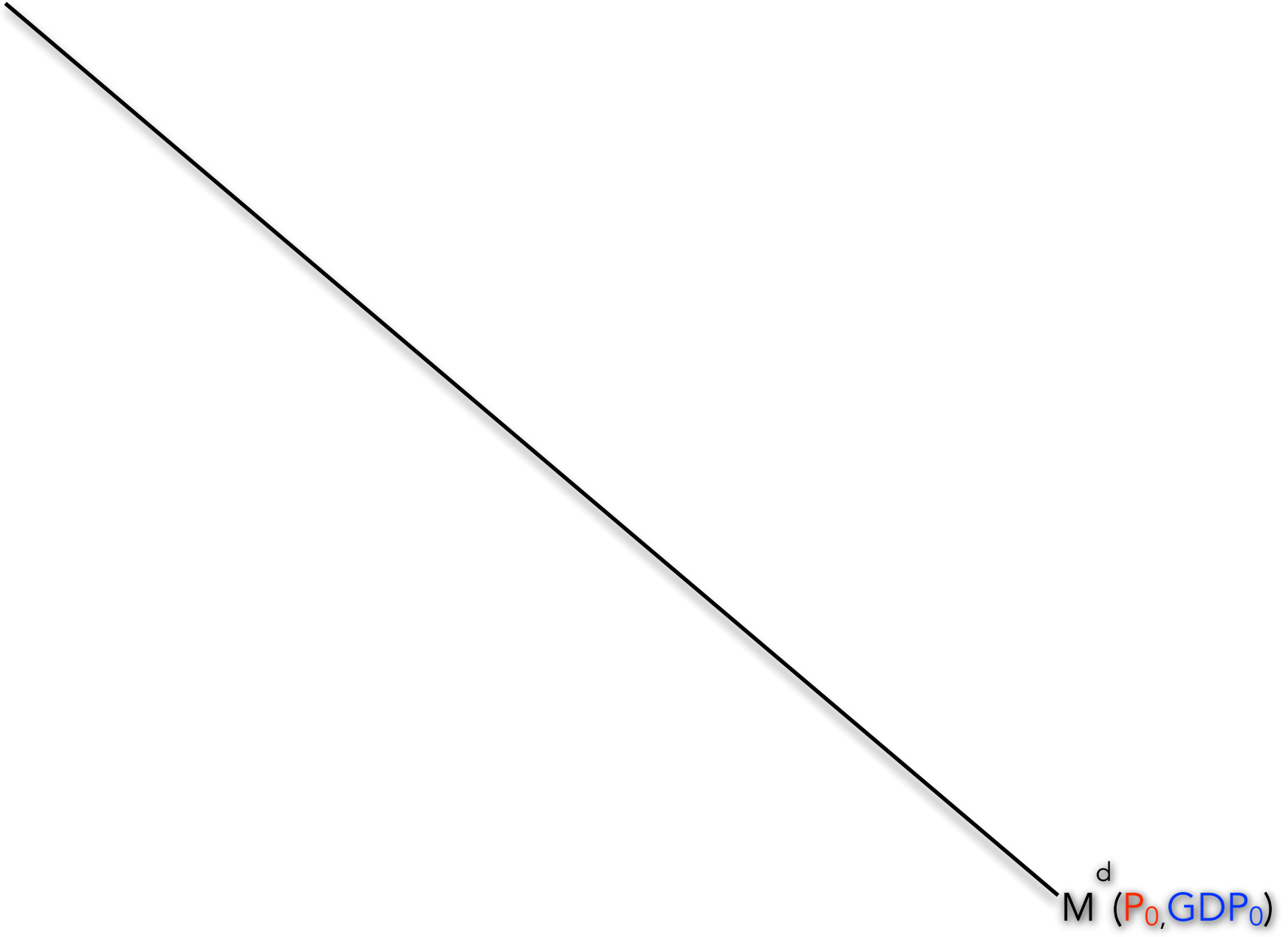


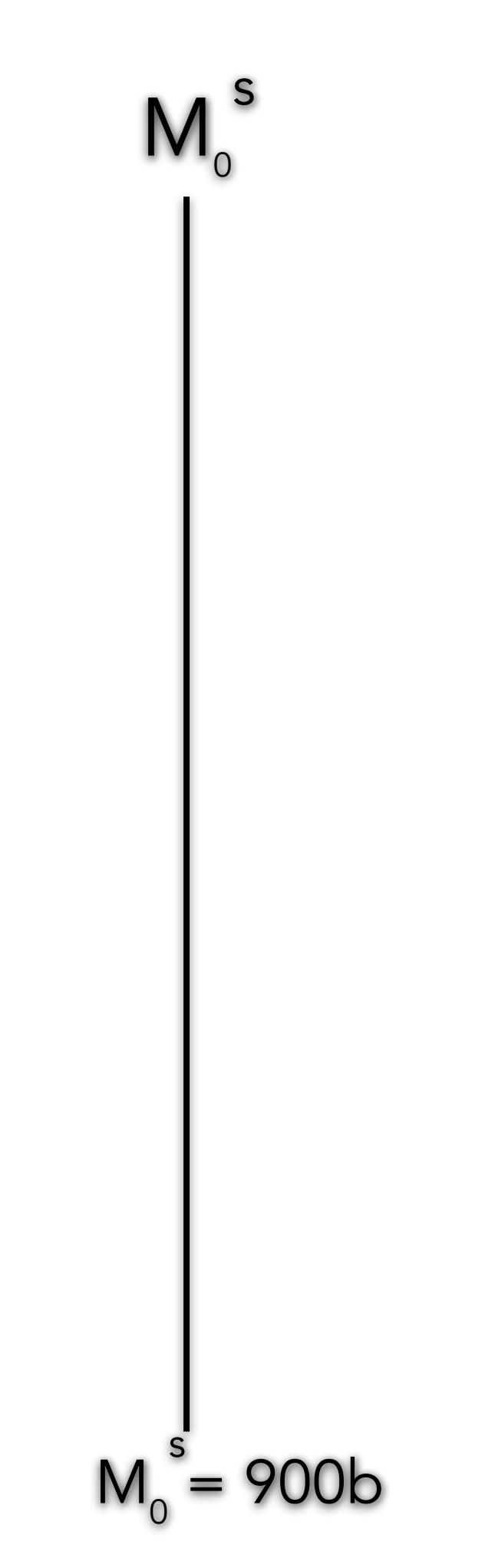


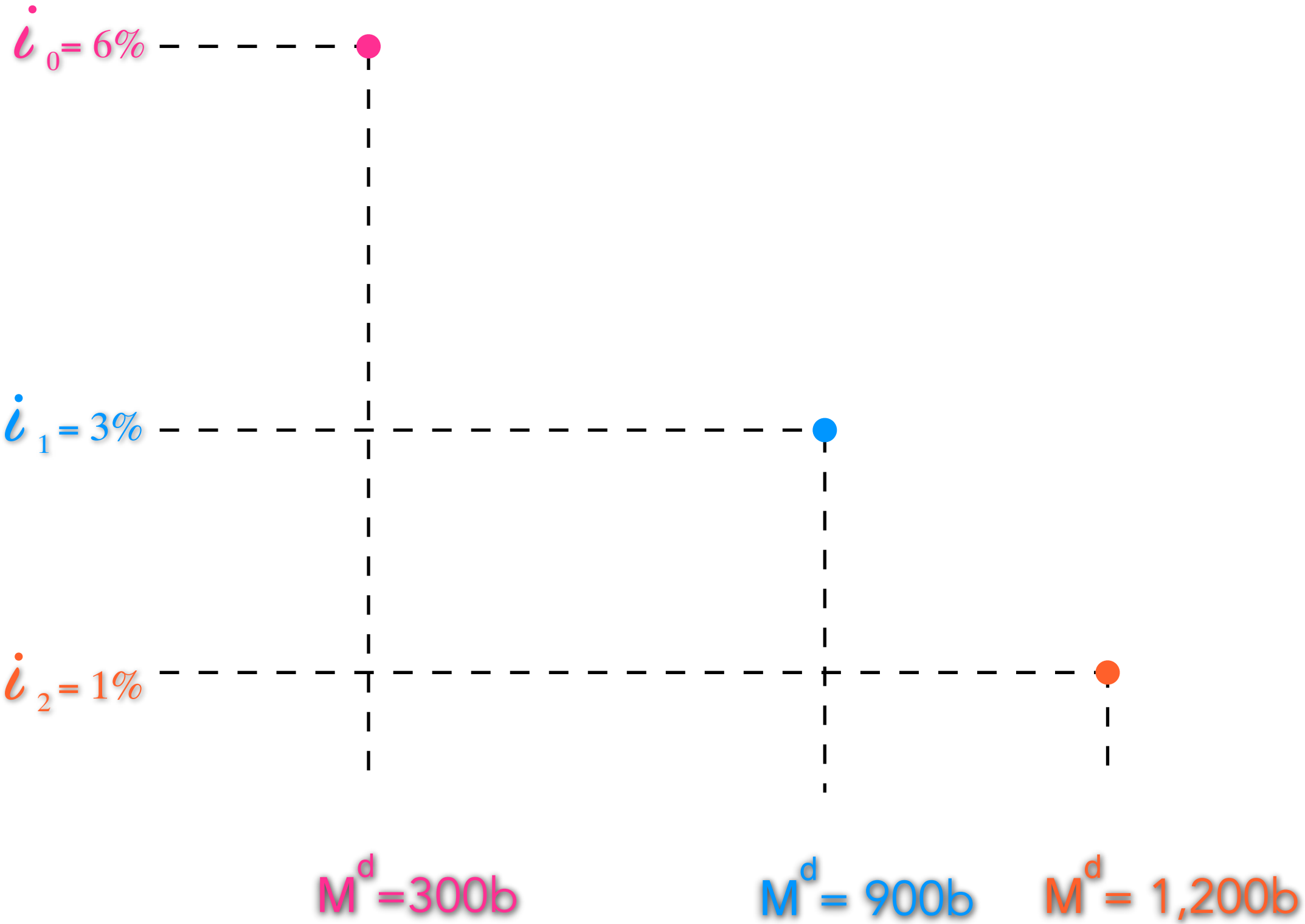


Currency+
Deposits




$M^d(P_0, GDP_0)$


M_0^s
$M_0^s = 900b$

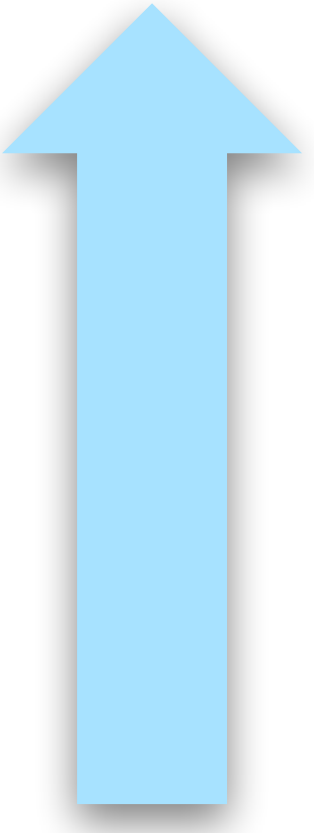

$i_0 = 6\%$
$i_1 = 3\%$
$i_2 = 1\%$
$M^d = 300b$
$M^d = 900b$
$M^d = 1{,}200b$

Assume the Money Market starts at equilibrium at 3%

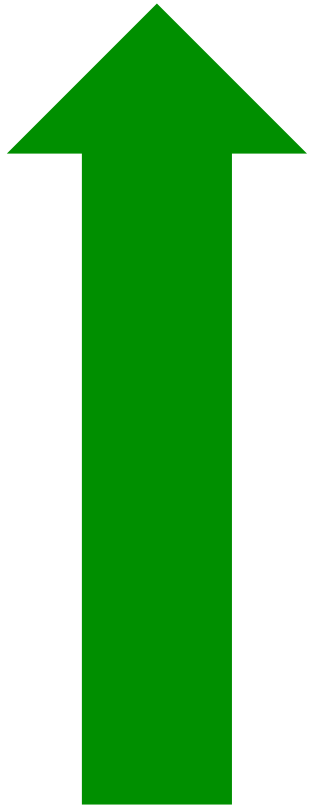
Fed buys Bonds:

M^s shifts right

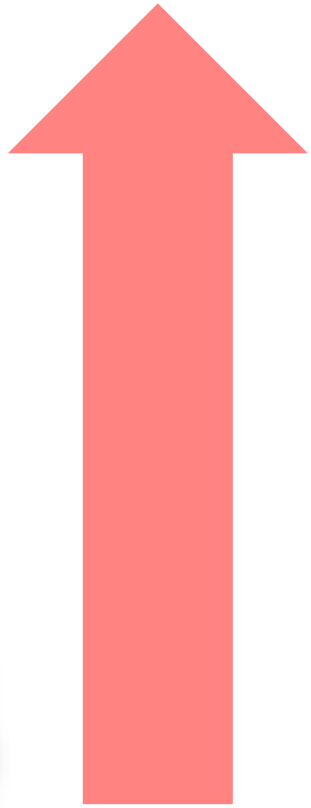
Reserves

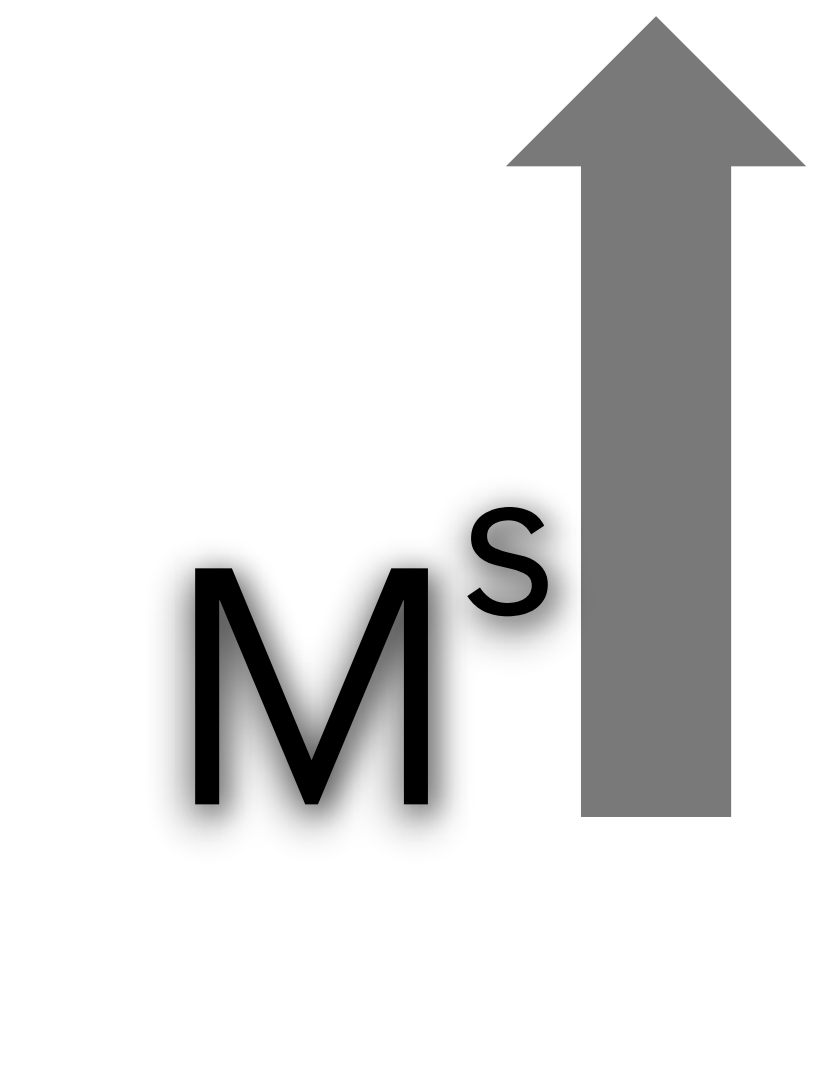


Loans

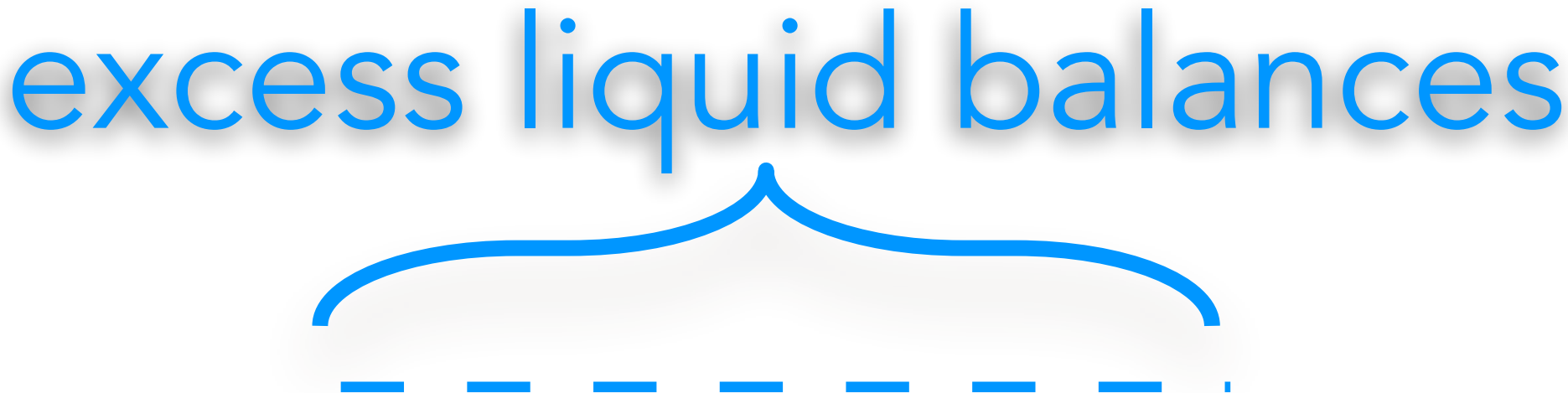


Deposits




M^S

When there are excess liquid balances, money is plentiful and there is pressure for the interest rate to fall


excess liquid balances

The interest rate will fall to a new equilibrium at 1%


New
equilibrium

When the Fed buys bonds: Quantitative Easing (QE)


The Fed creates new reserves making money plentiful at 3%

The effect of a purchase of bonds by the Fed

The effect of a purchase of bonds by the Fed