

 $\Delta Y = \Delta G$ 

 $\Delta C = \Delta Y (MPC)$ 

## Change in Consumption

## Change in Deficit

## $\Delta$ Government's Deficit = $\Delta$ G – $\Delta$ T

## Spending Multiplier

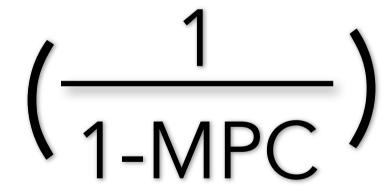
## Change in Equilibrium GDP

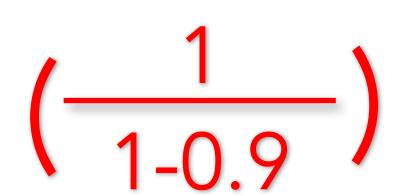
100 **Δ**Υ =

 $\Delta C = 1,000 (0.9)$ 

 $\Delta$  Deficit = '

# 1-MPC

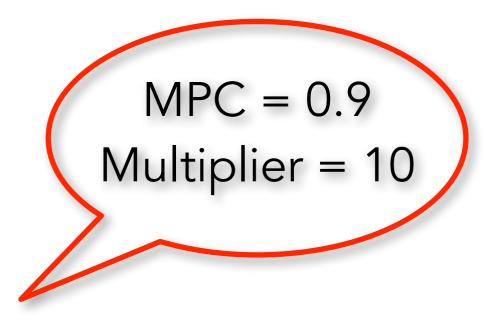




(10)

#### Formula:

## Example:









## Government Spending increase by 100

## Change in AE

 $\Delta AE = \Delta G + \Delta C$ 

 $\Delta AE = 100 + 900$ 



## Formula:

Example:

$$\Delta G = 100$$

$$MPC = 0.9$$
  
Multiplier = 10

Change in Equilibrium GDP

$$\Delta Y = \Delta G \left( \frac{1}{1-MPC} \right)$$

$$\Delta Y = 100 (10)$$

Change in Consumption  $\Delta C = \Delta Y$  (MPC)  $\Delta C = 1,000$  (0.9)

increase by

Change in AE  $\Delta AE = \Delta G + \Delta C$ 

 $\Delta AE = 100 + 900^{4}$ 

Change in Deficit

 $\Delta$  Government's Deficit =  $\Delta G - \Delta T$   $\Delta$  Deficit = 100 - 0

Deficit increase by Formula: Example: