

Player 2 strategies В

Player 1 strategies	A
	В
	C

10,30

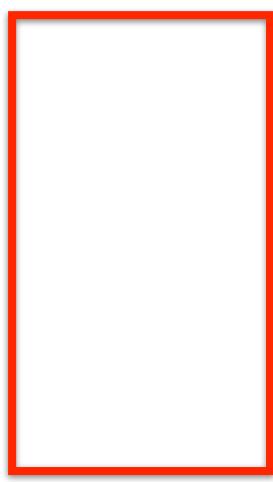
The first value in each cell is the payoff for player 1

The second value in each cell is the payoff for player 2

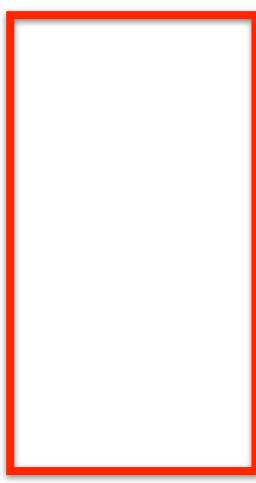
4. An N×N matrix may have between 0 and N×N Nash equilibria.

1. Find the maximum for each column: maximum payoff for player 1 (first value in each cell)

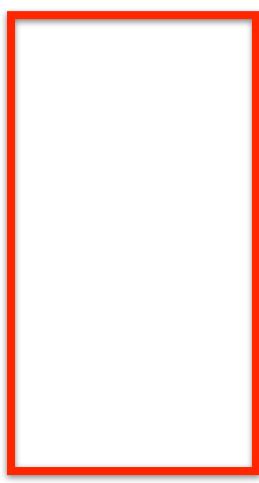
To find the Nash equilibria:













2. Find the maximum for each row: maximum payoff for player 2 (second value in each cell)













3. If the both members of a pair are the maximum for the respective row/column, the cell represents a Nash equilibrium.







In this example, there are three Nash equilibria

Player 2 strategies

	Α	В	C
A	0,0	50,80 Max Max	10,20
В	80,50 Max Max	0,0	10,30
C	20,10	30,10	20,20 Max Max

The first value in each cell is the payoff for player 1

The second value in each cell is the payoff for player 2

In this example, there are three Nash equilibria

To find the Nash equilibria:

Player 1 strategies

- 1. Find the maximum for each column: maximum payoff for player 1 (first value in each cell)
- 2. Find the maximum for each row: maximum payoff for player 2 (second value in each cell)
- 3. If the both members of a pair are the maximum for the respective row/column, the cell represents a Nash equilibrium.
- 4. An N×N matrix may have between 0 and N×N Nash equilibria.

Player 2 strategies

	Α	В	С
Α	0,0	50,80	10,20
В	80,50	0,0	10,30
С	20,10	30,10	20,20

Player 1 strategies

The Maximin for player 2: The maximum of these minimum payoffs is 10: using either strategy A or strategy B