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ACM/ICPC

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```
Splay:
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#define N 6000000
#define INF 99999999
using namespace std;
long long root, n, m, flag2[N], list[N], fa[N], l[N], r[N], size[N], f[N][3], g[N], flag[N], sum[N],
a[N];
char s[20];
long long read(){
     long long p=0, q=1;
     char ch=getchar();
     while (ch<'0' || ch>'9'){
          if (ch=='-') q=-1;
          ch=getchar();
    }
     while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
     return p*q;
}
void update(long long t){
     if (I[t]) fa[I[t]]=t;
     if (r[t]) fa[r[t]]=t;
     sum[t]=sum[l[t]]+sum[r[t]]+a[t];
     size[t]=size[l[t]]+size[r[t]]+1;
     f[t][0]=max(f[l[t]][0],sum[l[t]]+f[r[t]][0]+a[t]);
     f[t][1]=max(f[r[t]][1],sum[r[t]]+f[l[t]][1]+a[t]);
     f[t][2]=f[l[t]][1]+f[r[t]][0]+a[t];
     f[t][2]=max(f[t][2],max(f[l[t]][2],f[r[t]][2]));
}
void pushdown(long long t){
     if (flag[t]){
          if (I[t]) flag[I[t]]^=1;
          if (r[t]) flag[r[t]]^=1;
          swap(I[t],r[t]);
          swap(f[l[t]][0],f[l[t]][1]);
          swap(f[r[t]][0],f[r[t]][1]);
          flag[t]=0;
    }
     if (flag2[t]){
          if (I[t]){
               sum[l[t]]=g[t]*size[l[t]];
               if (g[t]>0)
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f[|[t]][0]=f[|[t]][1]=f[|[t]][2]=sum[|[t]];
               else
                     f[I[t]][0]=f[I[t]][1]=0, f[I[t]][2]=g[t];
               g[l[t]]=a[l[t]]=g[t];
               flag2[l[t]]=1;
          }
          if (r[t]){
               sum[r[t]]=g[t]*size[r[t]];
               if (g[t]>0)
                     f[r[t]][0]=f[r[t]][1]=f[r[t]][2]=sum[r[t]];
               else
                     f[r[t]][0]=f[r[t]][1]=0, f[r[t]][2]=g[t];
               g[r[t]]=a[r[t]]=g[t];
               flag2[r[t]]=1;
          }
          flag2[t]=g[t]=0;
     }
}
long long build(long long le, long long ri){
     if (le>ri) return 0;
     long long mid=le+ri>>1;
     I[mid]=build(le,mid-1);
     r[mid]=build(mid+1,ri);
     update(mid);
     return mid;
void insert(long long &t, long long k, long long p){
     if (!t){
          if (!size[t=p]){
               size[t]=1;
               f[t][0]=f[t][1]=a[t]>0?a[t]:0;
               f[t][2]=sum[t]=a[t];
          }
          return;
     }
     pushdown(t);
     if (size[l[t]]+1 \le k) insert(r[t],k-size[l[t]]-1,p);
     else insert(l[t],k,p);
     update(t);
void zig(long long t){
     long long f1=fa[t], f2=fa[f1];
     if (f2)
          if (|[f2]==f1)|[f2]=t;else r[f2]=t;
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fa[t]=f2;
     I[f1]=r[t];
     r[t]=f1;
     update(f1);
     update(t);
}
void zag(long long t){
     long long f1=fa[t], f2=fa[f1];
     if (f2)
          if (I[f2]==f1) I[f2]=t; else r[f2]=t;
     fa[t]=f2;
     r[f1]=I[t];
     I[t]=f1;
     update(f1);
     update(t);
}
void splay(long long t){
     long long ri=1;
     list[1]=t;
     for (long long i=1;fa[list[i]];i++) list[++ri]=fa[list[i]];
     for (long long i=ri;i;i--) pushdown(list[i]);
     long long f1=fa[t], f2=fa[f1];
     while (f2){
          if (I[f2]==f1)
               if (I[f1]==t) zig(f1), zig(t);
               else zag(t), zig(t);
          else
               if (r[f1]==t) zag(f1), zag(t);
               else zig(t), zag(t);
          f1=fa[t];f2=fa[f1];
     }
     if (f1)
          if (I[f1]==t) zig(t);else zag(t);
     root=t;
}
long long find(long long t, long long k){
     pushdown(t);
     while (size[l[t]]+1!=k){
          if (size[I[t]]+1<k)
               k-=size[I[t]]+1, t=r[t];
          else
               t=I[t];
          pushdown(t);
     }
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return t;
}
void del(long long x, long long y){
     splay(x);
     fa[r[x]]=0;
     splay(y);
     I[r[root=x]=y]=0;
     update(y);
     update(x);
void modify(long long x, long long y, long long z){
     splay(x);
     fa[r[x]]=0;
     splay(y);
     r[root=x]=y;
     flag2[l[y]]=1;
     g[I[y]]=a[I[y]]=z;
     sum[l[y]]=size[l[y]]*z;
     if (z>0)
          f[l[y]][0]=f[l[y]][1]=f[l[y]][2]=sum[l[y]];
     else
          f[I[y]][0]=f[I[y]][1]=0, f[I[y]][2]=z;
     update(y);
     update(x);
void reverse(long long x, long long y){
     splay(x);
     fa[r[x]]=0;
     splay(y);
     fa[r[root=x]=y]=x;
     flag[l[y]]^=1;
     swap(f[l[y]][0],f[l[y]][1]);
     update(y);
     update(x);
void calc(long long x, long long y){
     splay(x);
     fa[r[x]]=0;
     splay(y);
     fa[r[root=x]=y]=x;
     printf("%d\n", sum[l[y]]);
     update(y);
     update(x);
}
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```
void print(long long t){
     if (!t) return;
     pushdown(t);
     print(I[t]);
     printf("%d ", a[t]);
     print(r[t]);
}
int main(){
     freopen("sequence4.in","r",stdin);
     freopen("1.ans","w",stdout);
     n=read();m=read();
     for (long long i=1;i <=n;i++) a[i]=read();
     f[0][2] = -INF;
     root=build(1,n);
     a[N-3]=a[N-2]=-INF;
     insert(root,0,N-3);
     insert(root,n+1,N-2);
     for (long long i=1;i <=m;i++){
          scanf("%s", s);
          if (s[0]=='I'){
              long long pos=read(), tot=read(), n2=n+tot, root2;
              if (!tot) continue;
              for (long long i=n+1;i < =n2;i++) a[i]=read();
              root2=build(n+1,n2);
              insert(root,pos+1,root2);
              splay(root2);
              n=n2;
         }
         if (s[0]=='D'){
              long long x=read(), y=read()+x+1;
              if (x+1==y) continue;
              x=find(root,x);
              y=find(root,y);
              del(x,y);
         }
          if (s[2]=='K'){
              long long x=read(), y=read()+x+1, z=read();
              if (x+1==y) continue;
              x=find(root,x);
              y=find(root,y);
              modify(x,y,z);
         }
         if (s[0]=='R'){
              long long x=read(), y=read()+x+1;
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if (x+1==y) continue;
              x=find(root,x);
              y=find(root,y);
              reverse(x,y);
         }
          if (s[0]=='G'){
              long long x=read(), y=read()+x+1;
              x=find(root,x);
              y=find(root,y);
              calc(x,y);
         }
         if (s[2]=='X'){
              printf("%d\n", f[root][2]);
         }
    }
     return 0;
}
LCT:
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#define mo 51061
#define N 200000
typedef unsigned int II;
using namespace std;
int n, q, size[N], I[N], r[N], fa[N], rev[N], list[N];
II sum[N], f[N], at[N], mt[N];
int read(){
    int p=0;
     char ch=getchar();
    while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
     while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
     return p;
}
bool isroot(int t){
     return (I[fa[t]]!=t) && (r[fa[t]]!=t);
void calc(int u, int m, int a){
     if (!u) return;
     f[u]=(f[u]*m+a)%mo;
     sum[u]=(sum[u]*m+a*size[u])%mo;
     at[u]=(at[u]*m+a)%mo;
```

```
mt[u]=(mt[u]*m)%mo;
}
void update(int t){
     if (I[t]) fa[I[t]]=t;
     if (r[t]) fa[r[t]]=t;
     sum[t]=(f[t]+sum[l[t]]+sum[r[t]])%mo;
     size[t]=1+size[l[t]]+size[r[t]];
}
void pushdown(int t){
     if (rev[t]){
          swap(l[t],r[t]);
          if (I[t]) rev[I[t]]^=1;
          if (r[t]) rev[r[t]]^=1;
          rev[t]=0;
     }
     int ta=at[t], tm=mt[t];
     if (ta || tm!=1){
          calc(l[t],tm,ta);
          calc(r[t],tm,ta);
     }
     at[t]=0;mt[t]=1;
}
void zig(int t){
     int f1=fa[t], f2=fa[f1];
     if (!isroot(f1))
          if (I[f2]==f1) I[f2]=t;else r[f2]=t;
     fa[t]=f2;
     I[f1]=r[t];
     r[t]=f1;
     update(f1);
     update(t);
}
void zag(int t){
     int f1=fa[t], f2=fa[f1];
     if (!isroot(f1))
          if (I[f2]==f1) I[f2]=t;else r[f2]=t;
     fa[t]=f2;
     r[f1]=I[t];
     |[t]=f1;
     update(f1);
     update(t);
}
void splay(int t){
     int ri=1;
```

```
list[1]=t;
     for (int i=1;!isroot(list[i]);i++) list[++ri]=fa[list[i]];
     for (int i=ri;i;i--){
          pushdown(list[i]);
     }
     int f1=fa[t], f2=fa[f1];
     while (!isroot(t) && !isroot(f1)){
          if (I[f2] == f1)
                if (I[f1]==t) zig(f1), zig(t);
                else zag(t), zig(t);
          else
               if (r[f1]==t) zag(f1), zag(t);
                else zig(t), zag(t);
          f1=fa[t];f2=fa[f1];
     }
     if (!isroot(t))
          if (I[f1]==t) zig(t);else zag(t);
}
void access(int u){
     for (int v=0;u;v=u,u=fa[u]){
          splay(u);
          r[u]=v;
          update(u);
     }
}
void makeroot(int u){
     access(u);
     splay(u);
     rev[u]^=1;
void split(int u, int v){
     makeroot(u);
     access(v);
     splay(v);
}
void link(int u, int v){
     makeroot(u);
     fa[u]=v;
}
void cut(int u, int v){
     split(u,v);
     fa[u]=I[v]=0;
     update(v);
}
```

```
void modify(int u, int v, int m, int a){
     split(u,v);
     calc(v,m,a);
}
int main(){
     n=read();q=read();
     for (int i=1;i<=n;i++) size[i]=f[i]=sum[i]=mt[i]=1;
     for (int i=1; i < n; i++){
          int u=read(), v=read();
          link(u,v);
    }
     for (int i=1; i < =q; i++){
          char s[2];
          scanf("%s", s);
          int u=read(), v=read();
          if (s[0]=='+'){
               int c=read();
               modify(u,v,1,c);
          }
          if (s[0]=='-'){
               cut(u,v);
               u=read();v=read();
               link(u,v);
          }
          if (s[0]=='*'){
               int c=read();
               modify(u,v,c,0);
          }
          if (s[0]=='/'){
               split(u,v);
               printf("%d\n", sum[v]);
          }
    }
    return 0;
}
Suffix array:
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int ls, a[3000], wv[3000], sa[3000], rk[3000], y[3000], r[3000], h[3000];
char s[3000];
int main(){
     while (scanf("%s", s)){
          ls=strlen(s);
          int m=max(ls,26);
          for (int i=0; i<2*ls; i++) rk[i]=-1;
          for (int i=0;i< m;i++) wv[i]=0;
          for (int i=0; i< ls; i++) a[i]=s[i]-'a';
          for (int i=0; i< ls; i++) wv[a[i]]++;
          for (int i=1;i < m;i++) wv[i]+=wv[i-1];
          for (int i=0; i< ls; i++) sa[--wv[a[i]]]=i;
          rk[sa[0]]=0;
          for (int i=1;i < ls;i++) rk[sa[i]]=rk[sa[i-1]]+(a[sa[i]]!=a[sa[i-1]]);
          for (int j=1; j < ls; j*=2){
                int p=0;
                for (int i=ls-j;i< ls;i++) y[++p]=i;
                for (int i=0;i<1s;i++)
                     if (sa[i]>=j) y[++p]=sa[i]-j;
                for (int i=0;i< m;i++) wv[i]=0;
                for (int i=0; i< ls; i++) wv[rk[i]]++;
                for (int i=1;i < m;i++) wv[i]+=wv[i-1];
                for (int i=ls;i;i--) sa[--wv[rk[y[i]]]]=y[i];
                r[sa[0]]=0;
                for (int i=1;i<1s;i++)
                     r[sa[i]] = r[sa[i-1]] + (rk[sa[i-1]]! = rk[sa[i]] || rk[i+sa[i-1]]! = rk[i+sa[i]]);
                for (int i=0;i<1s;i++)
                     rk[i]=r[i];
          }
          int j=0;
          for (int i=0;i<1s;i++)
          if (rk[i] < ls-1){
                for (;j+sa[rk[i]+1]<ls && j+i<ls && a[j+sa[rk[i]+1]]==a[i+j];++j);
                h[rk[i]]=j?j--:0;
          }
          for (int i=0;i<ls-1;i++) cout<<h[i]<<endl;
     }
     return 0;
}
```

Miller-Rabin: #include <iostream>

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstring>
#include <map>
using namespace std;
const int times = 20;
int number = 0;
map<long long, int>m;
long long Random( long long n ) //生成[ 0 , n ]的随机数
{
    return ((double)rand() / RAND_MAX*n + 0.5);
}
long long q_mul( long long a, long long b, long long mod ) //快速计算 (a*b) % mod
{
    long long ans = 0;
    while(b)
    {
        if(b & 1)
        {
             b--;
             ans =(ans+ a)%mod;
        }
        b /= 2;
        a = (a + a) \% \mod;
    return ans;
}
long long q_pow( long long a, long long b, long long mod ) //快速计算 (a^b) % mod
{
    long long ans = 1;
    while(b)
    {
        if(b & 1)
             ans = q_mul(ans, a, mod);
        }
        b /= 2;
        a = q_mul(a, a, mod);
```

```
}
   return ans;
}
bool witness( long long a, long long n )//miller_rabin 算法的精华
{//用检验算子 a 来检验 n 是不是素数
    long long tem = n - 1;
    int j = 0;
    while(tem \% 2 == 0)
    {
        tem = 2;
        j++;
   }
   //将 n-1 拆分为 a^r * s
    long long x = q_pow(a, tem, n); //得到 a^r mod n
    if(x == 1 || x == n - 1) return true; //余数为1则为素数
    while(j--) //否则试验条件 2 看是否有满足的 j
        x = q_mul(x, x, n);
        if(x == n - 1) return true;
   }
    return false;
}
bool miller_rabin( long long n ) //检验 n 是否是素数
{
    if(n == 2)
        return true;
    if(n < 2 \parallel n \% 2 == 0)
        return false;
                                 //如果是 2 则是素数,如果<2 或者是>2 的偶数则不
是素数
    for(int i = 1; i <= times; i++) //做 times 次随机检验
    {
        long long a = Random(n - 2) + 1; //得到随机检验算子 a
                                               //用 a 检验 n 是否是素数
        if(!witness( a, n ))
            return false;
   }
    return true;
}
```

```
int main()
{
    long long tar;
    cout<<rand()<<endl;
    cout << RAND_MAX << endl;
    cout << Random(100 - 2) << endl;
    cout << Random(100 - 2) << endl;
    while(cin >> tar)
    {
         if(miller_rabin(tar)) //检验tar是不是素数
              cout << "Yes, Prime!" << endl;
         else
              cout << "No, not prime.." << endl;</pre>
    }
    return 0;
}
树链剖分:
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define N 31000
#define M 100000
#define INF 999999
typedef long long II;
using namespace std;
int n, cnt, son[N], sum[N\star4], dep[N], fa[N], f[N\star4], nex[M], nu[M], dfn[N], pre[N], top[N];
char s[10];
int read(){
    int p=0, q=1;
    char ch=getchar();
    while (ch<'0' || ch>'9'){
         if (ch=='-') q=-1;
         ch=getchar();
    }
    while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
    return p*q;
void add(int u, int v){
    nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;
void dfs1(int u, int father){
```

```
son[u]=1;
     int p=0;
     for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
          int v=nu[i];
          if (v==father) continue;
          fa[v]=u;
          dep[v]=dep[u]+1;
          dfs1(v,u);
          son[u]+=son[v];
          if (son[v]>son[p]) p=v;
    }
     pre[u]=p;
}
void dfs2(int u, int father){
     if (!u) return;
     if (pre[father]==u) top[u]=top[father];else top[u]=u;
     dfn[u]=++cnt;
     dfs2(pre[u],u);
     for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (v==father || v==pre[u]) continue;
          dfs2(v,u);
    }
}
void update(int t, int I, int r, int x, int y){
     if (l==r){
          f[t]=sum[t]=y;
          return;
    }
     int mid=l+r>>1;
     if (x \le mid) update(t \le 1, l, mid, x, y); else update((t \le 1) + 1, mid + 1, r, x, y);
     sum[t]=sum[t << 1]+sum[(t << 1)+1];
     f[t]=max(f[t<<1],f[(t<<1)+1]);
}
int get_max(int t, int I, int r, int le, int ri){
     if (le \le l \& r \le ri) return f[t];
     int mid=I+r>>1, p=-INF;
     if (le<=mid) p=max(p,get_max(t<<1,l,mid,le,ri));</pre>
     if (ri>mid) p=max(p,get_max((t<<1)+1,mid+1,r,le,ri));
     return p;
}
void query_max(int u, int v){
     int f1=top[u], f2=top[v], ans=-INF;
     while (f1!=f2)
```

```
if (dep[f1]<dep[f2])
               ans=max(ans,get_max(1,1,n,dfn[f2],dfn[v])),
              v=fa[f2],
              f2=top[v];
          else
              ans=max(ans,get_max(1,1,n,dfn[f1],dfn[u])),
              u=fa[f1],
              f1=top[u];
     ans=max(ans,get_max(1,1,n,min(dfn[u],dfn[v]),max(dfn[u],dfn[v])));
     printf("%d\n", ans);
}
int get_sum(int t, int l, int r, int le ,int ri){
     if (le<=l && r<=ri) return sum[t];
    int mid=l+r>>1, p=0;
    if (le<=mid) p+=get_sum(t<<1,l,mid,le,ri);
    if (ri>mid) p+=get_sum((t<<1)+1,mid+1,r,le,ri);
     return p;
}
void query_sum(int u, int v){
     int f1=top[u], f2=top[v], ans=0;
    while (f1!=f2)
          if (dep[f1]<dep[f2])
              ans+=get_sum(1,1,n,dfn[f2],dfn[v]),
              v=fa[f2],
              f2=top[v];
          else
              ans+=get_sum(1,1,n,dfn[f1],dfn[u]),
              u=fa[f1],
              f1=top[u];
     ans+=get_sum(1,1,n,min(dfn[u],dfn[v]),max(dfn[u],dfn[v]));
     printf("%d\n", ans);
}
int main(){
     cnt=n=read();
     for (int i=1; i < n; i++){
          int u=read(), v=read();
          add(u,v);
          add(v,u);
    }
    dfs1(1,0);
     dfs2(1,cnt=0);
    for (int i=1;i < =n;i++)
          update(1,1,n,dfn[i],read());
     for (int q=read();q;q--){
```

```
scanf("%s", s);
          int u=read(), v=read();
          if (s[0]=='C') update(1,1,n,dfn[u],v);
          if (s[1]=='M') query_max(u,v);
          if (s[1]=='S') query_sum(u,v);
    }
     return 0;
}
Qsort:
#include <ctime>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int n, a[11000];
void qsort(int I, int r){
     int i=1, j=r, x=a[1+r>>1];
     while (i <= j)
          while (a[i] < x &  i < r) i + +;
          while (a[j]>x && j>l) j--;
          if (i < = j) swap(a[i++],a[j--]);
    }
     if (i<r) qsort(i,r);
     if (j>l) qsort(l,j);
}
int main(){
     srand(unsigned(time(NULL)));
     n=300;
     for (int i=1; i < =n; i++) a[i] = rand()\%100;
     qsort(1,n);
     for (int i=1; i <= n; i++) cout << a[i] << ' ';
     return 0;
}
整体二分:
#include <map>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
```

```
#define N 80010
#define S 2000000
using namespace std;
int n, m, T, x, gt, cnt, DFN, LSH;
int a[N], k[N], u[N], v[N], c[N], ans[N], q[N];
int fa[N][21], dep[N], trans[N*2], lsh[N*2], nex[N*3], nu[N*3], dfn[N][2];
map<int,int> mp;
char s[S+100];
struct qlz_ques{
    int k, u, v, n;
}I[N*6], b1[N*6], b2[N*6];
int read(){
    int p=0;
    while (s[x]<'0' || s[x]>'9') x++;
    while (s[x] \ge 0' \&\& s[x] \le 9') p = p*10 + s[x++] - 0';
     return p;
}
void add_edge(int u, int v){
     nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;
void dfs(int u, int father){
     dfn[u][0]=++DFN;
     fa[u][0]=father;
     for (int i=1;fa[fa[u][i-1]][i-1];i++)
          fa[u][i]=fa[fa[u][i-1]][i-1];
    //cout<<DFN<<' '<<u<<endl;
     for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (v==father) continue;
          dep[v]=dep[u]+1;
          dfs(v,u);
    }
    dfn[u][1]=DFN+1;
}
int LCA(int u, int v){
    if (dep[u]<dep[v]) swap(u,v);</pre>
    //cout<<u<<' '<<v<endl;
    for (int i=20;i>=0;i--)
          if (dep[fa[u][i]]>=dep[v]) u=fa[u][i];
    if (u==v) return u;
     for (int i=20;i>=0;i--)
          if (fa[u][i]!=fa[v][i]) u=fa[u][i], v=fa[v][i];
     return fa[u][0];
}
```

```
void add(int k, int u, int v){
              I[++gt].k=k, I[gt].u=u, I[gt].v=v;
}
void update(int u, int v){
              for (int i=u;i <=n;i+=i&(-i)) c[i]+=v;
}
int sum(int u){
             int p=0;
              for (int i=dfn[u][0];i;i-=i&(-i)) p+=c[i];
              return p;
}
void solve(int le, int ri, int L, int R){
             //cout<<le<<' '<<ri>!<<<<</ri>!<<<<<</ri>!<<<</ri>!</ri>!</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ri>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ti>|</ta>
              if (le>ri) return;
             if (L==R){
                            for (int i=le;i <=ri;i++)
                                          if (I[i].n) ans[I[i].n]=L;
                            return;
             }
              int mid=L+R>>1, ct1=0, ct2=0;
              for (int i=le;i <= ri;i++)
                            if (I[i].n){
                                          int u=I[i].u, v=I[i].v, lca=LCA(u,v),k=sum(u)+sum(v)-sum(lca)-sum(fa[lca][0]);
                                          if (k>=|[i].k)
                                                         b2[++ct2]=I[i];
                                          else
                                                        I[i].k-=k,
                                                        b1[++ct1]=I[i];
                            }
                            else
                                          if (|[i].v>mid || |[i].v<-mid)
                                                         b2[++ct2]=I[i],
                                                         update(I[i].u,I[i].v>0?1:-1);
                                          else
                                                        b1[++ct1]=l[i];
             }
              for (int i=1;i < =ct1;i++) |[le+i-1]=b1[i];
              for (int i=1;i < =ct2;i++) |[le+ct1+i-1]=b2[i];
              for (int i=le;i<=ri;i++)
                            if (!I[i].n && (I[i].v>mid || I[i].v<-mid))
                                          update(I[i].u,I[i].v>0?-1:1);
              solve(le,le+ct1-1,L,mid);
              solve(le+ct1,ri,mid+1,R);
```

```
}
int main(){
     freopen("network10.in","r",stdin);
     freopen("整体二分.out","w",stdout);
//read
     fread(s,1,S,stdin);
     cnt=n=read();m=read();
     for (int i=1;i < =n;i++)
          lsh[++LSH]=a[i]=read();
     for (int i=1; i < n; i++){
          int u=read(), v=read();
          add_edge(u,v);
          add_edge(v,u);
    }
     for (int i=1;i <=m;i++)
          k[i]=read(),
          u[i]=read(),
          v[i]=read(),
          (!k[i]?lsh[++LSH]=v[i]:0);
//Ish
     dfs(dep[1]=1,0);
     sort(lsh+1,lsh+1+LSH);
     trans[mp[0]=++T]=0;
     for (int i=1;i \le LSH;i++)
          if (lsh[i]!=lsh[i-1]) trans[mp[lsh[i]]=++T]=lsh[i];
     for (int i=1; i < =n; i++)
          add(0,dfn[i][0],mp[a[i]]),
          add(0,dfn[i][1],-mp[a[i]]);
     for (int i=1;i <= m;i++)
          if (k[i])
               add(k[i],u[i],v[i]),
               I[gt].n=i
               q[i]=1;
          else
               add(0,dfn[u[i]][0],-mp[a[u[i]]]),
               add(0,dfn[u[i]][1],mp[a[u[i]]]),
               add(0,dfn[u[i]][0],mp[a[u[i]]=v[i]]),
               add(0,dfn[u[i]][1],-mp[v[i]]);
//work
     solve(1,gt,0,T);
    //int tot=0;
     for (int i=1;i <=m;i++)
          if(q[i]){
               //tot++;
```

```
if (ans[i]) printf("%d\n", trans[ans[i]]);
              else printf("invalid request!\n");
         }
    //cout<<n<<' '<<m<<' '<<m-tot<<endl;
    return 0;
}
主席树:
#include <map>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define N 80010
#define M 8001000
#define S 2000000
using namespace std;
int n, m, T, x, cnt, DFN, LSH, ct_in, ct_out, cnt_tree;
int f[M], Is[M], rs[M];
int fa[N][21], dep[N], trans[N*2], lsh[N*2], a[N], nex[N*3], nu[N*3], root[N], bit[N], b1[N*2],
b2[N*2], dfn[N][2];
char s[S+100];
map<int,int> mp;
struct qlz_in{
    int n, dfn;
in[N];
struct qlz_out{
    int n, dfn;
}out[N];
struct qlz_ques{
    int k, u, v;
}I[N];
int read(){
    int p=0;
    while (s[x]<'0' || s[x]>'9') x++;
    while (s[x] \ge 0' \&\& s[x] \le 9') p = p*10 + s[x++] - 0';
    return p;
void add_edge(int u, int v){
    nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;
bool cmp_in(qlz_in a, qlz_in b){return a.dfn<b.dfn;}
```

```
bool cmp_out(qlz_out a, qlz_out b){return a.dfn<b.dfn;}
void dfs(int u, int father){
     fa[u][0]=father;
     for (int i=1;fa[fa[u][i-1]][i-1];i++)
         fa[u][i]=fa[fa[u][i-1]][i-1];
    in[++ct_in].dfn=dfn[u][0]=++DFN;
    //cout<<DFN<<' '<<u<<endl;
    in[ct_in].n=u;
     for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (v==father) continue;
          dep[v]=dep[u]+1;
          dfs(v,u);
    }
     out[++ct_out].dfn=dfn[u][1]=DFN+1;
     out[ct_out].n=u;
}
void add_b1(int u, int &ct1){
     if (root[dfn[u][0]]) b1[++ct1]=root[dfn[u][0]];
     for (int i=dfn[u][0];i;i-=i&(-i))
          if (bit[i]) b1[++ct1]=bit[i];
}
void add_b2(int u, int &ct2){
     if (root[dfn[u][0]]) b2[++ct2]=root[dfn[u][0]];
     for (int i=dfn[u][0];i;i-=i&(-i))
          if (bit[i]) b2[++ct2]=bit[i];
}
int LCA(int u, int v){
     if (dep[u]<dep[v]) swap(u,v);</pre>
    //cout<<u<<' '<<v<endl;
     for (int i=20;i>=0;i--)
          if (dep[fa[u][i]]>=dep[v]) u=fa[u][i];
     if (u==v) return u;
     for (int i=20; i>=0; i--)
          if (fa[u][i]!=fa[v][i]) u=fa[u][i], v=fa[v][i];
     return fa[u][0];
}
void solve(int u, int v, int k){
     int ct1=0, ct2=0, I=0, r=T, Ica=LCA(u,v);
     add_b1(u,ct1);
     add_b1(v,ct1);
    add_b2(lca,ct2);
     add_b2(fa[lca][0],ct2);
    //cout<<u<<' '<<v<<' '<<k<<' '<<lca<<endl;
```

```
//for (int i=1;i <= ct1;i++) cout << b1[i] << ' ';cout << endl;
     //for (int i=1;i<=ct2;i++) cout<<b2[i]<<' ';cout<<endl;
     while (I<r){
          int mid=I+r>>1, p=0;
          for (int i=1;i < =ct1;i++) p+=f[rs[b1[i]]];
          for (int i=1;i < =ct2;i++) p-=f[rs[b2[i]]];
          //cout<<|<<' '<<r<' '<<mid<<' '<<p<<' '<<k<<endl;
          if (p < k)
               for (int i=1;i < = ct1;i++)
                    b1[i]=ls[b1[i]],
                    (!b1[i]?b1[i--]=b1[ct1--]:0);
               for (int i=1;i < = ct2;i++)
                    b2[i]=ls[b2[i]],
                    (!b2[i]?b2[i--]=b2[ct2--]:0);
               k-=p;
               r=mid:
          }
          else{
               for (int i=1;i < = ct1;i++)
                    b1[i]=rs[b1[i]],
                    (!b1[i]?b1[i--]=b1[ct1--]:0);
               for (int i=1;i < = ct2;i++)
                    b2[i]=rs[b2[i]],
                    (!b2[i]?b2[i--]=b2[ct2--]:0);
               I=mid+1;
          }
    }
     if (I) printf("%d\n", trans[I]);
     else printf("invalid request!\n");
void update(int x, int y, int z){
     int ct=0, I=0, r=T;
     for (int i=x;i \le DFN;i+=i\&(-i))
          if (!bit[i]) bit[i]=++cnt_tree;
          f[b1[++ct]=bit[i]]+=z;
    }
     while (I<r){
          int mid=l+r>>1;
          if (y \le mid)
               r=mid;
               for (int i=1;i < = ct;i++){
                    if (!ls[b1[i]]) ls[b1[i]]=++cnt_tree;
                    f[b1[i]=ls[b1[i]]]+=z;
               }
```

```
}
         else{
              I=mid+1;
              for (int i=1;i < = ct;i++){
                   if (!rs[b1[i]]) rs[b1[i]]=++cnt_tree;
                   f[b1[i]=rs[b1[i]]]+=z;
              }
         }
    }
}
int main(){
     freopen("network10.in","r",stdin);
     freopen("p1146_主席树静态建树查询优化.out","w",stdout);
//read
     fread(s,1,S,stdin);
     cnt=n=read();m=read();
     for (int i=1;i < =n;i++)
          lsh[++LSH]=a[i]=read();
     for (int i=1; i< n; i++){
          int u=read(), v=read();
          add_edge(u,v);
          add_edge(v,u);
    }
    for (int i=1;i < = m;i++)
          I[i].k=read(),
          I[i].u=read(),
          I[i].v=read(),
          (!I[i].k?lsh[++LSH]=I[i].v:0);
//Ish
     sort(lsh+1,lsh+1+LSH);
     trans[mp[0]=++T]=0;
    for (int i=1;i \le LSH;i++)
          if (lsh[i]!=lsh[i-1]) trans[mp[lsh[i]]=++T]=lsh[i];
     for (int i=1;i <=n;i++) a[i]=mp[a[i]];
//build
     dfs(dep[1]=1,0);
     sort(in+1,in+1+n,cmp_in);
     sort(out+1,out+1+n,cmp_out);
    int j=1;
     for (int i=1; i <= n; i++){
          int k=root[in[i].dfn]=++cnt_tree, kk=root[in[i].dfn-1], l=0, r=T, v=a[in[i].n];
          while (I<r){
              int mid=l+r>>1;
              if (v<=mid)
```

```
rs[k]=rs[kk],
                   f[k=ls[k]=++cnt\_tree]=f[kk=ls[kk]]+1,
                   r=mid;
              else
                   ls[k]=ls[kk],
                   f[k=rs[k]=++cnt\_tree]=f[kk=rs[kk]]+1,
                   I=mid+1;
         }
         while (out[j].dfn==in[i].dfn){
              kk=root[in[i].dfn], k=root[in[i].dfn]=++cnt\_tree, l=0, r=T, v=a[out[j++].n];
              while (I<r){
                   int mid=l+r>>1;
                   if (v<=mid)
                        rs[k]=rs[kk],
                        f[k=ls[k]=++cnt\_tree]=f[kk=ls[kk]]-1,
                        r=mid:
                   else
                        ls[k]=ls[kk],
                        f[k=rs[k]=++cnt\_tree]=f[kk=rs[kk]]-1,
                        I=mid+1;
              }
         }
    }
//work
     for (int i=1;i < =m;i++)
         if (I[i].k)
              solve(I[i].u,I[i].v,I[i].k);
         else{
              int u=I[i].u, v=mp[I[i].v];
              update(dfn[u][0],a[u],-1);
              update(dfn[u][1],a[u],1);
              update(dfn[u][0],a[u]=v,1);
              update(dfn[u][1],a[u],-1);
         }
     return 0;
}
Cdq(三维偏序):
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
```

```
#define N 600
#define M 500000
using namespace std;
int n, m, x, cnt, ans[M], q[M], c[N][N];
char s[6000010];
struct qlz{
   int n, v, x, y, c, x1, x2, y1, y2;
}I[M], b1[M], b2[M];
inline int read(){
   int p=0;
   while (s[x]<'0' || s[x]>'9') x++;
   while (s[x] \ge 0' \&\& s[x] \le 9') p = p*10 + s[x++] - 0';
   return p;
}
inline bool cmp(qlz a, qlz b){return a.c<b.c;}
inline void update(int x, int y, int z){
   for (int i=x;i \le n;i+=i&(-i))
     for (int j=y; j <=n; j+=j&(-j))
        c[i][j]+=z;
inline int sum(int x, int y){
   int p=0;
   for (int i=x;i;i-=i&(-i))
     for (int j=y;j;j-=j&(-j))
        p+=c[i][i];
   return p;
}
inline void solve(int le, int ri, int L, int R){
   if (le>ri) return;
   if (L==R)
     for (int i=le;i <=ri;i++)
        if (!I[i].v) ans[I[i].n]=L;
     return;
  }
   int mid=L+R>>1;
   int ct1=0, ct2=0;
   for (int i=le;i <= ri;i++)
     if (I[i].v){
        if (I[i].v<=mid)
           b1[++ct1]=I[i],
           update(l[i].x,l[i].y,1);
        else
           b2[++ct2]=I[i];
     }
```

```
else{
        int k=sum(||[i].x2,||[i].y2)+sum(||[i].x1-1,||[i].y1-1)-sum(||[i].x1-1,||[i].y2)-sum(||[i].x2,||[i].y1-
1);
        if (k>=|[i].c)
           b1[++ct1]=l[i];
        else
           I[i].c-=k,
           b2[++ct2]=I[i];
     }
  for (int i=1; i < =ct1; i++) |[le+i-1]=b1[i];
  for (int i=1;i < =ct2;i++) |[le+ct1+i-1]=b2[i];
  //memcpy(I+Ie,b1+1,sizeof(I[0])*ct1);
  //memcpy(I+le+ct1,b2+1,sizeof(I[0])*ct2);
  for (int i=le;i <= ri;i++)
     if (I[i].v && I[i].v<=mid) update(I[i].x,I[i].y,-1);
  solve(le,le+ct1-1,L,mid);
  solve(le+ct1,ri,mid+1,R);
}
int main(){
  fread(s,1,6000000,stdin);
  n=read();m=read();
  for (int i=1;i < = n;i++)
     for (int j=1; j <=n; j++)
        [[++cnt].c=read(),
        I[cnt].x=i,
        I[cnt].y=j;
  sort(l+1,l+1+cnt,cmp);
  for (int i=1;i <= cnt;i++) q[l[i].v=i]=l[i].c;
  for (int i=1;i <= m;i++)
     |[++cnt].x1=read(),
     I[cnt].y1=read(),
     I[cnt].x2=read(),
     I[cnt].y2=read(),
     I[cnt].c=read(),
     I[cnt].n=i;
  solve(1,cnt,1,n*n);
  for (int i=1;i \le m;i++) printf("%d\n", q[ans[i]]);
  return 0;
}
Kmp:
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
```

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#define N 1010000
#define mo 100000007
typedef long long II;
using namespace std;
int ls, n, f[N], p[N];
char s[N];
int read(){
  int p=0;
  char ch=getchar();
  while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
  while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
  return p;
}
void pre(){
  ls=strlen(s+1);
  int j=0;
  f[1]=1;
  for (int i=2; i <= ls; i++){
     while (j && s[j+1]!=s[i]) j=p[j];
     f[i]=f[p[i]=j+=s[j+1]==s[i]]+1;
  }
}
void solve(){
  II ans=1;
  int j=0;
  for (int i=2; i < = ls; i++){
     while (j && s[j+1]!=s[i]) j=p[j];
     if (s[j+1]==s[i]) j++;
     while ((j << 1)>i && j) j=p[j];
     ans=ans*(f[j]+1)%mo;
  cout<<ans<<endl;
}
void __init(){
  for (int i=read();i;i--){
     scanf("%s", s+1);
     pre();
     solve();
  }
}
int main(){
  __init();
```

```
return 0;
}
点分治:
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <iostream>
#define N 100000
using namespace std;
int n, ans, cnt, sum, t[2][3], va[N], nu[N], next[N], son[N], f[N], root;
bool vis[N];
int rd(){
    int p=0;
    char ch=getchar();
    while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
    while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
    return p;
}
void add(int u, int v, int w){
     next[++cnt]=next[u];next[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;va[cnt]=w;
}
void read(){
    cnt=n=rd();
     for (int i=1; i < n; i++){
          int u=rd(), v=rd(), w=rd()%3;
          add(u,v,w);
          add(v,u,w);
    }
}
void getroot(int t, int fa){
     son[t]=1;f[t]=0;
     for (int j=next[t];j;j=next[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (vis[v] || v==fa) continue;
          getroot(v,t);
          son[t]+=son[v];
          f[t]=max(son[v],f[t]);
    }
     f[t]=max(f[t],sum-son[t]);
    if (f[t]<f[root]) root=t;</pre>
void getdeep(int u, int fa, int f){
    t[1][f]++;
```

```
son[u]=1;
     for (int j=next[u];j;j=next[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (vis[v] || v==fa) continue;
          getdeep(v,u,(f+va[j])%3);
          son[u]+=son[v];
    }
}
void calc(int x, int va){
     t[1][0]=t[1][1]=t[1][2]=0;
     getdeep(x,0,va);
     ans+=t[0][1]*t[1][2]+t[0][2]*t[1][1]+t[0][0]*t[1][0]+t[1][0];
     t[0][0]+=t[1][0];
     t[0][1]+=t[1][1];
     t[0][2]+=t[1][2];
}
void solve(int x){
    vis[x]=1;
     t[0][0]=t[0][1]=t[0][2]=0;
     for (int j=next[x];j;j=next[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (vis[v]) continue;
          calc(v, va[j]);
    }
     for (int j=next[x];j;j=next[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (vis[v]) continue;
          root=0;sum=son[v];
          getroot(v,0);
          solve(root);
    }
}
int gcd(int a, int b){return !b?a:gcd(b,a%b);}
int main(){
     read();
     sum=n;
     f[0]=n;
     getroot(1,0);
     solve(root);
     ans=ans*2+n;
     int gys=gcd(ans,n*n);
     cout<<ans/gys<<'/'<<n*n/gys;
     return 0;
}
```

```
//WC2010 重建计划---按子树深度递增处理
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define N 300000
#define M 1500000
#define INF (double)99999999*99999
#define eps 1e-4
using namespace std;
int mx, n, m, L, R, cnt, sum, root, posL, head, tail, check_flag;
int next[M], nu[M], va[M];
int dep[N], a[N], to[N], q[N], vis[N], flag[N], ff[N], son[N], I[N];
double g[N], f[N];
int read(){
    int p=0;
    char ch=getchar();
    while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
    while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
    return p;
}
void add(int u, int v, int w){
    next[++cnt]=next[u];next[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;va[cnt]=w;
}
void getroot(int t, int fa){
    son[t]=1;
    ff[t]=0;
    for (int j=next[t];j;j=next[j]){
         int v=nu[j];
         if (v==fa || vis[v]) continue;
         getroot(v,t);
         son[t]+=son[v];
         ff[t]=max(ff[t],son[v]);
    }
    ff[t]=max(ff[t],sum-son[t]);
    if (ff[t]<ff[root]) root=t;</pre>
void clear(int t, int fa, int depth){
    flag[t]=0;
    f[dep[t]=depth]=-INF;
```

```
son[t]=1;
     for (int j=next[t];j;j=next[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (v==fa || vis[v]) continue;
          clear(v,t,depth+1);
          son[t]+=son[v];
          dep[t]=max(dep[t],dep[v]);
    }
}
void calc(int II, int rr, double x, int dep){
     if (II>rr) return;
     int ri=rr;
     while (posL && posL+dep>=L){
          while (tail>=head && f[q[tail]]<f[posL]) tail--;
          q[++tail]=posL--;
    }
     while (head<=tail && q[head]+dep>R) head++;
     for (int i=II;i<=rr;i++){
          int t=l[i];
          flag[t]=1;
          if (head<=tail && g[t]+f[q[head]]>=0 \parallel dep>=L && dep<=R && <math>g[t]>=0){
               check_flag=1;
               return;
          }
          for (int j=next[t];j;j=next[j]){
               int v=nu[j];
               if (vis[v] || flag[v]) continue;
               g[v]=g[t]+va[j]-x;
               I[++ri]=v;
          }
    }
     calc(rr+1,ri,x,dep+1);
     if (check_flag) return;
     for (int i=II;i<=rr;i++) f[dep]=max(f[dep],g[I[i]]);
}
bool cmp(int x, int y){return dep[x]<dep[y];}
void solve(int t, int la, double x){
     clear(t,0,0);
     if (dep[t]*2<L) return;
     flag[t]=vis[t]=1;
     mx=posL=0;
     int ra=la;
     for (int j=next[t];j;j=next[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
```

```
if (vis[v]) continue;
          a[ra++]=v;
          to[v]=va[j];
    }
     if (la<ra) sort(a+la,a+ra,cmp);</pre>
     for (int i=la;i< ra;i++){
          int v=a[i];
          I[1]=v;
          g[v]=to[v]-x;
          head=1;tail=0;
          calc(1,1,x,1);
          posL=mx=max(mx,dep[v]);
          if (check_flag) return;
    }
     for (int i=la;i< ra;i++){
          int v=a[i];
          root=0;sum=son[v];
          getroot(v,0);
          solve(root,ra,x);
    }
}
bool check(double x){
     check_flag=0;
     for (int i=1; i <=n; i++) vis[i]=0;
     sum=ff[root=0]=n;
     getroot(1,0);
     solve(root,1,x);
     return check_flag;
}
int main(){
     freopen("1.in","r",stdin);
     freopen("1.out","w",stdout);
     cnt=n=read();
     L=read();R=read();
     double le=0, ri=0, mid;
     for (int i=1; i < n; i++){
          int u=read(), v=read(), w=read();
          ri=max(ri,double(w));
          add(u,v,w);
          add(v,u,w);
    }
    while (ri-le>eps){
          mid=(le+ri)/2;
          if (check(mid)) le=mid;
```

```
else ri=mid;
    }
     printf("%.3If\n", le);
     return 0;
}
无向图:
     1. 桥: low[v]>dfn[u],则<u,v>为桥
         Code:
             #include <cstdio>
             #include <cstring>
             #include <cstdlib>
             #include <iostream>
             #include <algorithm>
             #define N 2010
             using namespace std;
             int n, m, cnt, ans, dfn[N], low[N], flag[N], bridge[N], nu[N*3], num[N*3], nex[N*3];
             int vis[N], x[N], y[N];
             int read(){
              int p=0;
              char ch=getchar();
              while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
              while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
              return p;
             }
             void add(int u, int v, int n){
              nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;num[cnt]=n;
             }
             void initialize(){
              cnt = n + n\%2 + 1;
              for (int i=1;i < =n;i++) nex[i] = dfn[i] = low[i] = 0;
              for (int i=1;i < =m;i++) bridge[i]=0;
             }
             void tarjan(int u, int from){
              dfn[u]=low[u]=++cnt;
              for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j])
                   if (j^from^1)
                        int v=nu[j];
                        if (dfn[v]) low[u]=min(low[u],dfn[v]);
                        else{
                             tarjan(v,j);
                             low[u]=min(low[u],low[v]);
                             bridge[num[j]]=low[v]>dfn[u];
```

```
}
                 }
            }
            int gcd(int a, int b){return b?gcd(b,a%b):a;}
            int main(){
            n=read();m=read();
            cnt = n + n\%2 + 1;
             for (int i=1; i < =m; i++)
                 int u=x[i]=read(), v=y[i]=read();
                 add(u,v,i);
                 add(v,u,i);
            }
             for (int i=1; i < =n; i++)
                 if (!dfn[i]) tarjan(i,0);
             for (int i=1;i<=m;i++) flag[i]=bridge[i];
             for (int i=1;i < m;i++)
                 if (!vis[i] && !flag[i]){
                     initialize();
                     vis[i]=1;
                     int tot=1;
                     for (int j=1; j < m; j++)
                          if (j!=i) add(x[j],y[j],j),add(y[j],x[j],j);
                     for (int j=1; j <= n; j++)
                          if (!dfn[j]) tarjan(j,0);
                     for (int j=1; j < m; j++)
                          if (bridge[j] && !flag[j]) tot++, vis[j]=1;
                     ans=gcd(ans,tot);
                 }
             for (int i=1;i \le ans;i++)
                 if (ans%i==0) printf("%d%c", i, i==ans?'\n':' ');
             return 0;
       }
    2. 割点:对于点 u,存在边 < u, v > ,满足 low[v] > = dfn[u],则 u 为割点
    3. 边双连通分量:分量中无桥边,两种求法
        1). Dfs 中不走桥边即可。每一个连通分量即是边双连通分量。
        2). Dfs 找割点, 然后对于任意点 i 和 j, 如果 low[i]==low[j], 那么它们属于同一个边
        -双连通分量,不会。
    4. 点双联通分量: 分量中无割点
有向图:
    1. 桥: 同无向图
    2. 割点: 同无向图
    3. 强连通分量: 代码如下
        #include <cstdio>
        #include <cstring>
```

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#define N 200000
#define M 800000
using namespace std;
int cnt, n, m, top, tot, in[N], out[N], f[N], flag[N], dfn[N], low[N], co[N], stack[N],
nex[M], nu[M];
int nex2[N], nu2[N];
double ans;
int read(){
int p=0;
char ch=getchar();
while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
return p;
void add(int u, int v){
nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;
}
void add2(int u, int v){
nex2[++cnt]=nex2[u];nex2[u]=cnt;nu2[cnt]=v;
}
void tarjan(int u){
dfn[u]=low[u]=++cnt;
flag[u]=1;
stack[++top]=u;
for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
     int v=nu[j];
     if (!dfn[v]){
          tarjan(v);
          low[u]=min(low[u],low[v]);
     }
     else if (flag[v]) low[u]=min(low[u],dfn[v]);
}
if (dfn[u]==low[u]){}
     co[stack[top]]=++tot;
     flag[stack[top]]=0;
     while (stack[top--]!=u) flag[stack[top]]=0, co[stack[top]]=tot;
}
}
int main(){
cnt=n=read();m=read();
for (int i=1;i <= m;i++){
     int u=read(), v=read();
```

```
add(u,v);
         }
         for (int i=1;i \le n;i++) if (!dfn[i]) tarjan(i);
          for (int i=1; i < =n; i++){
              int u=co[i];
              f[u]++;
              for (int j=nex[i];j;j=nex[j]){
                   int v=co[nu[j]];
                   if (v==u) continue;
                   in[v]++;
                   out[u]++;
                   add2(u,v);
              }
         }
          for (int i=1;i < =tot;i++)
              if (!in[i]) ans++;
          for (int i=1;i < =tot;i++)
              if (!in[i] \&\& f[i]==1){
                   int flag=1;
                   for (int j=nex2[i];j;j=nex2[j])
                        if (in[nu2[j]]==1){
                             flag=0;
                             break;
                        }
                   if (flag){
                        ans--;
                        break;
                   }
          ans=(double)(n-ans)/n;
         printf("%.6lf\n", ans);
         return 0;
        }
最大二分图匹配 (匈牙利算法):
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define N 110
typedef long long II;
using namespace std;
```

```
int cnt, n, m, g[N][2], fr[N*2], flag[N*2], nex[N*200], nu[N*200], a[N][N];
Il ans;
int read(){
     int p=0;
     char ch=getchar();
     while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
     while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
     return p;
}
void add(int u, int v){
     nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;
}
bool find(int u){
     for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
          int v=nu[j];
          if (flag[v]) continue;
          flag[v]=1;
          if (!fr[v] || find(fr[v])) {
               fr[v]=u;
               return 1;
          }
    }
     return 0;
}
int main(){
    cnt=(n=read())+(m=read());
     for (int i=1;i < =n;i++)
          for (int j=1; j <=m; j++) (a[i][j]=read())?(ans+=a[i][j]-1):0;
     for (int i=1; i <= n; i++){
          int ma=0;
          for (int j=1;j<=m;j++) ma=max(ma,a[i][j]);
          if (ma) ans-=ma-1;
          g[i][0]=ma;
    }
     for (int j=1; j <= m; j++){
          int ma=0;
          for (int i=1;i \le n;i++) ma=max(ma,a[i][j]);
          if (ma) ans-=ma-1;
          g[j][1]=ma;
    }
     for (int i=1; i < =n; i++)
          for (int j=1;j<=m;j++)
               if (g[i][0]==g[j][1] && a[i][j])
                    add(i,j+n),
```

```
add(j+n,i);
    for (int i=1; i <= n; i++){
         memset(flag,0,sizeof(flag));
         if (find(i)) ans+=g[i][0]-1;
    }
    cout<<ans<<endl;
    return 0;
}
最小费用流(spfa):
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#define N 10000
#define M 50000
#define INF 100000000
using namespace std;
int n, m ,cnt, s, t, nex[M], nu[M], va[M], w[M];
int dis[N], fl[N], fr[N], flag[N], l[N*10];
int read(){
    int p=0;
    char ch=getchar();
    while (ch<'0' || ch>'9') ch=getchar();
    while (ch>='0' && ch<='9') p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
    return p;
}
void add(int u, int v, int flow, int cost){
    nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;va[cnt]=flow;w[cnt]=cost;
    nex[++cnt]=nex[v];nex[v]=cnt;nu[cnt]=u;va[cnt]=0;w[cnt]=-cost;
}
void __init(){
    n=read();m=read();
    cnt=(n+1)*2+1;
    s=2*n+1;t=2*n+2;
    for (int i=1; i <= n; i++){
         int x=read();
         add(s,i+n,1,x);
         add(s,i,1,0);
         add(i+n,t,1,0);
    }
    for (int i=1; i < m; i++)
         int u=read(), v=read(), w=read();
         if (u>v) swap(u,v);
```

```
add(u,v+n,1,w);
    }
}
bool spfa(){
    int le=0, ri=1;
     for (int i=1;i < =t;i++) dis[i]=INF, flag[i]=0;
     dis[I[1]=s]=0;
     flag[s]=1;
     while (le<ri){
          int u=I[++le];
          flag[u]=0;
          for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
               if (!va[j]) continue;
               int v=nu[j];
               if (dis[u]+w[j]< dis[v]){
                    fr[v]=u;
                    fl[v]=va[j];
                    dis[v]=dis[u]+w[j];
                    if (!flag[v]){
                         flag[v]=1;
                         I[++ri]=v;
                    }
               }
          }
     }
     return dis[t]<INF;
}
int sub(){
    int j=t, mi=INF;
    while (j!=s) mi=min(mi,fl[j]), j=fr[j];
    j=t;
    while (j!=s){
          for (int k=nex[fr[j]];k;k=nex[k])
               if (nu[k]==j){
                    va[k]-=mi;
                    va[k^1]+=mi;
                    break;
          j=fr[j];
     return mi*dis[t];
}
void solve(){
    int ans=0;
```

```
while (spfa()) ans+=sub();
    cout<<ans<<endl;
}
int main(){
    __init();
    solve();
    return 0;
}
快速傅里叶变换(FFT):
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <complex>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define pi acos(-1)
#define N 131077
using namespace std;
typedef long long II;
typedef long double ld;
typedef complex<double> com;
int n, m, L;
com a[N], b[N];
int c[N], rev[N];
char s[100000];
void init(){
    cin>>n;
    scanf("%s", s);
    for (int i=0;i< n;i++) a[i]=s[n-1-i]-'0';
    scanf("%s", s);
    for (int i=0; i< n; i++) b[i]=s[n-1-i]-'0';
}
void get_bit(){
    for (n=1, L=0; n < m; n < <=1) L++;
}
void get_rtable(){
    for (int i=0;i< n;i++)
         rev[i]=(rev[i>>1]>>1)|((i&1)<<(L-1));
}
void mul(com *a, com*b){
    for (int i=0; i< n; i++) a[i]*=b[i];
}
```

```
void FFT(com *a, int flag){
     for (int i=0;i< n;i++)
          if (i<rev[i]) swap(a[i],a[rev[i]]);</pre>
     for (int i=1;i< n;i<<=1){
          com wn(cos(2*pi/(i*2)),flag*sin(2*pi/(i*2)));
          for (int j=0; j< n; j+=(i<<1)){
               com w(1,0);
               for (int k=0; k< i; k++, w*=wn){
                    com x=a[j+k], y=w*a[j+k+i];
                    a[j+k]=x+y;
                    a[j+k+i]=x-y;
               }
          }
    }
     if (flag==-1) for (int i=0;i< n;i++) a[i]/=n;
}
void solve(){
     m=n<<1;
     get_bit();
     get_rtable();
     FFT(a,1), FFT(b,1);
     mul(a,b);
     FFT(a,-1);
}
void print(){
     for (int i=0;i < m;i++) c[i]=(int)(a[i].real()+0.5);
     for (;c[m-1]==0;m--);
     for (int i=0;i< m;i++){
          if (c[i] > = 10){
               c[i+1]+=c[i]/10;
               c[i]\%=10;
               if (i==m-1) m++;
          }
    }
     for (int i=m-1;i>=0;i--) printf("%d", c[i]);
}
int main(){
     init();
     solve();
     print();
     return 0;
}
```

```
Isap:
#include<iostream>
#include < cstdio >
#include<algorithm>
#include<cmath>
#include<cstring>
#define maxn 80000
#define maxm 3000000
#define inf 2147483647
using namespace std;
struct et
{
  int s,t,val,next;
}e[maxm];
const int dx[4]=\{0,1,0,-1\};
const int dy[4]=\{1,0,-1,0\};
int fir[maxn],dis[maxn],gap[maxn],last[maxn];
int v,s[60][60][60];
int st,ed,n,m,h,num,tot,D,cnt;
int dfs(int now,int flow)
  if (now==ed) return flow;
  int sap=0;
  for (int j=last[now];j;j=e[j].next)
  {
     int k=e[j].t;
     if (e[j].val\&\&dis[now]==dis[k]+1)
     {
        last[now]=j;
       int tmp=dfs(k,min(e[j].val,flow-sap));
       e[j].val-=tmp;
       e[j^1].val = tmp;
       sap+=tmp;
       if (sap==flow) return sap;
    }
  }
  if (dis[st]>=num) return sap;
  if (!(--gap[dis[now]])) dis[st]=num;
  ++gap[++dis[now]];
  last[now]=fir[now];
  return sap;
void add(int x,int y,int z)
```

```
e[++tot].s=x; e[tot].t=y; e[tot].val=z; e[tot].next=fir[x]; fir[x]=tot;
  e[++tot].s=y; e[tot].t=x; e[tot].val=0; e[tot].next=fir[y]; fir[y]=tot;
}
int main()
  scanf("%d%d%d",&n,&m,&h);
   scanf("%d",&D);
  for (int k=1; k < = h+1; k++)
     for (int i=1; i <= n; i++)
        for (int j=1; j < m; j++)
           s[k][i][j]=++cnt;
  st=0; ed=cnt+1; num=cnt+2; tot=1;
  for (int i=1; i < =n; i++)
     for (int j=1; j < m; j++)
        add(st,s[1][i][j],inf),add(s[h+1][i][j],ed,inf);
  for (int k=1; k <= h; k++)
     for (int i=1;i <= n;i++)
        for (int j=1; j < m; j++)
           scanf("%d",&v),add(s[k][i][j],s[k+1][i][j],v);
   for (int k=1;k<=h;k++)
     for (int i=1;i <= n;i++)
        for (int j=1;j<=m;j++)
           for (int p=0; p<4; p++)
              if (s[k+D][i+dx[p]][j+dy[p]])
                add(s[k+D][i+dx[p]][j+dy[p]],s[k][i][j],inf);
   memset(dis,0,sizeof(dis));
   memset(gap,0,sizeof(gap));
   gap[0]=num;
   for (int i=st;i<=ed;i++) last[i]=fir[i];
   int ans=0;
  while (dis[st]<num) ans+=dfs(st,inf);
   printf("%d\n",ans);
  return 0;
}
Manacher:
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdio>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
const int N = 110005;
char str[N], cpy[N << 1];
```

```
int seq[N << 1];
void manacher(char s∏, int length, int rad∏) {
    for (int i=1,j=0,k; i < length; i+=k) {
         while (s[i-j-1] == s[i+j+1]) ++j;
         rad[i] = j;
         for (k = 1; k <= rad[i] && rad[i-k] != rad[i]-k; ++k) { // 利用类似镜像的方法缩短了
时间
              rad[i+k] = min(rad[i-k], rad[i]-k);
         }
         j = max(j-k, 0);
    }
}
int main() {
    while (scanf("%s", str) != EOF) {
         int len = strlen(str);
         cpy[0] = '(', cpy[1] = '#';
         for (int i=0, j=2; i < len; ++i, j+=2) {
              cpy[j] = str[i];
              cpy[j+1] = '#';
         }
         len = len*2+3;
         cpy[len-1] = ')';
         manacher(cpy, len, seq);
         int Max = 1;
         for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
              Max = max(Max, seq[i]);
         printf("%d\n", Max);
    }
    return 0;
}
SegmentTree_2D_单点修改单点查询:
#include <map>
#include <queue>
#include <cmath>
#include <ctime>
#include <vector>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define N 1000000
```

```
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef long long II;
using namespace std;
int n, m, k, T, x1, yy, x2, y2, cnt, x;
//map <int, int> g;
int son[N*2][5], g[N*2];
char s[N*50+5];
int read(){
     int p=0;
     while (s[x]<'0' || s[x]>'9') x++;
     while (s[x] \ge 0' \&\& s[x] \le 9') p = p*10 + s[x++] - 0';
     return p;
}
void pushdown(int t){
     if (!g[t]) return;
     for (int i=0; i<4; i++)
          if (son[t][i])
               if (!g[son[t][i]] || g[son[t][i]]==g[t]) g[son[t][i]]=g[t];
               else g[son[t][i]]=-1;
     g[t]=0;
}
void upd(int t, int l1, int r1, int l2, int r2){
     if (x1 \le 11 \&\& r1 \le x2 \&\& yy \le 12 \&\& r2 \le y2){
          if (!g[t] || g[t] == k) g[t] = k;
          else g[t]=-1;
          return;
    }
     if (g[t]<0) return;
     pushdown(t);
     int midx=(11+r1)>>1, midy=(12+r2)>>1;
     if (x1 \le midx \&\& yy \le midy) upd(son[t][0], 11, midx, 12, midy);
     if (x1 \le midx \&\& y2 \ge midy) upd(son[t][1], I1, midx, midy + 1, r2);
     if (x2>midx \&\& yy<=midy) upd(son[t][2],midx+1,r1,l2,midy);
     if (x2>midx && y2>midy) upd(son[t][3],midx+1,r1,midy+1,r2);
}
int query(int t, int l1, int r1, int l2, int r2){
     if (11==r1 \&\& 12==r2 || g[t]<0) return g[t];
     pushdown(t);
     int midx=(11+r1)>>1, midy=(12+r2)>>1;
     if (x1 \le midx \&\& yy \le midy) return query(son[t][0], 11, midx, 12, midy);
     if (x1<=midx && yy>midy) return query(son[t][1],l1,midx,midy+1,r2);
     if (x1>midx && yy<=midy) return query(son[t][2],midx+1,r1,l2,midy);
     return query(son[t][3],midx+1,r1,midy+1,r2);
}
```

```
void build(int &t, int I1, int r1, int I2, int r2){
    if (I1>r1 || I2>r2) return;
    t=++cnt;
    if (I1==r1 && I2==r2) return;
    int midx=I1+r1>>1, midy=I2+r2>>1;
    build(son[t][0], I1, midx, I2, midy);
    build(son[t][1], l1, midx, midy+1, r2);
    build(son[t][2], midx+1, r1, I2, midy);
    build(son[t][3], midx+1, r1, midy+1, r2);
int main(){
    fread(s,1,N*50,stdin);
    n=read();m=read();T=read();
    int p, q=n*m;
    build(p,1,n,1,m);
    x1=yy=x2=y2=1;
    for (int i=1; i < =q; ++i){
         k=read(),
         upd(1,1,n,1,m);
         //cout<<x1<<' '<<yy<<' '<<query(1,1,n,1,m)<<endl;;
         if (++yy>m) \times 1++, yy=1;
         if (++y2>m) x2++, y2=1;
    }
    for (int i=1;i <=T;++i)
         x1=read(),
         yy=read(),
         x2=read(),
         y2=read(),
         k=read(),
         upd(1,1,n,1,m);
    int ans=0;
    x1=yy=1;
    for (int i=1; i < =q; ++i){
         ans+=query(1,1,n,1,m)>=0;
         //cout<<x1<<' '<<query(1,1,n,1,m)<<endl;
         if (++yy>m) x1++, yy=1;
    }
    cout << n * m - ans << end l;
    return 0;
}
Priority_queue
class Student
```

```
int id;
    char name[20];
    bool gender;
    bool operator < (Student &a) const
    {
         return id > a.id;
    }
};
priority queue<int, vector<int>, less<int> > maxHeap; //存储小的值, 值越大, 优先级越高
priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<int> > minHeap; //存储大的值,值越小,优先级越
高
Dijkstra+Priority_Queue:
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define N 100000
#define M 500000
#define INF 99999999
#define num(x) ((x)>='0' \&\& (x)<='9')
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef long long II;
using namespace std;
int n, cnt, m, st, ed, flag[N], nex[M], nu[M], va[M], dist[N];
struct node{
    int n, dist;
    node (int n, int dist): n(n), dist(dist){}
    bool operator <(const node &o) const {return this->dist<o.dist;}
    bool operator >(const node &o) const {return this->dist>o.dist;}
};
//priority_queue<int> qq;//这是个大猪蹄子,大根堆
//typedef pair<int, int> P;
//priority_queue<P, vector<P>, greater<P> > Q; pair 按字典序比较
priority_queue<node, vector<node>, greater<node> > q;
int read(){
    int p=0, q=1;
    char ch=getchar();
    while (!num(ch)) (ch=='-'?q=-1:0), ch=getchar();
    while (num(ch)) p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
    return p*q;
```

```
}
void add(int u, int v, int w){
     nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;va[cnt]=w;
}
void dijkstra(){
     for (int i=1;i \le n;i++) dist[i]=INF, flag[i]=0;
     dist[st]=0;
     q.push(node(st,0));
     while (!q.empty()){
          node curNode=q.top();
          q.pop();
          int u=curNode.n;
          flag[u]=1;
          for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
               int v=nu[j];
               if (!flag[v] && dist[u]+va[j]<dist[v])</pre>
                    dist[v]=dist[u]+va[j],
                    q.push(node(v,dist[v]));
          }
          while (!q.empty() && flag[q.top().n]) q.pop();
    }
}
int main(){
     cnt=n=read();m=read();
     st=read();ed=read();
     for (int i=1; i < m; i++){
          int u=read(), v=read(), w=read();
          add(u, v, w);
          add(v, u, w);
     dijkstra();
     cout<<dist[ed]<<endl;
     return 0;
}
dc3_by_ez_zkj:
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define N 50100
#define F(x) ((x)/3+((x)\%3==1?0:tb))
#define G(x) ((x) < tb?(x) * 3 + 1:((x) - tb) * 3 + 2)
using namespace std;
char s[N];
int sa[10*N],rk[N],h[N];
```

```
int r[10*N],wa[10*N],wb[10*N],wv[10*N];
int wws[10*N];
int n;
void sort(int *r,int *a,int *b,int n,int m)
{
     int i;
     for(i=0;i< n;i++) wv[i]=r[a[i]];
     for(i=0;i < m;i++) wws[i]=0;
     for(i=0;i < n;i++) wws[wv[i]]++;
     for(i=1;i < m;i++) wws[i]+=wws[i-1];
     for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--) b[--wws[wv[i]]]=a[i];
     return;
}
int c0(int *r,int a,int b) {return r[a]==r[b]\&\&r[a+1]==r[b+1]\&\&r[a+2]==r[b+2];}
int c12(int k,int *r,int a,int b)
{
     if(k==2) return r[a] < r[b] || (r[a] = = r[b] & c12(1,r,a+1,b+1));
               return r[a] < r[b] || (r[a] = = r[b] \& wv[a+1] < wv[b+1]);
     else
}
void dc3(int *r,int *sa,int n,int m)
{
     int i,j,*rn=r+n,*san=sa+n,ta=0,tb=(n+1)/3,tbc=0,p;
     r[n]=r[n+1]=0;
     for(i=0;i< n;i++) if(i\%3!=0) wa[tbc++]=i;
     sort(r+2,wa,wb,tbc,m);
     sort(r+1,wb,wa,tbc,m);
     sort(r,wa,wb,tbc,m);
     for(p=1,rn[F(wb[0])]=0,i=1;i<tbc;i++) rn[F(wb[i])]=c0(r,wb[i-1],wb[i])?p-1:p++;
     if(p<tbc) dc3(rn,san,tbc,p);</pre>
     else for(i=0;i<tbc;i++) san[rn[i]]=i;
     for(i=0;i<tbc;i++) if(san[i]<tb) wb[ta++]=san[i]*3;
     if(n\%3==1) wb[ta++]=n-1;
     sort(r,wb,wa,ta,m);
     for(i=0;i < tbc;i++) wv[wb[i]=G(san[i])]=i;
     for(i=0,j=0,p=0;i<ta && j<tbc;p++)
            sa[p]=c12(wb[j]%3,r,wa[i],wb[j])?wa[i++]:wb[j++];
     for(;i < ta;p++) sa[p]=wa[i++];
     for(;j < tbc;p++) sa[p]=wb[j++];
}
```

```
void geth()
{
    int j=0,k; h[1]=0;
    for (int i=1; i < =n; i++) if (rk[i] > 1)
    {
         k=sa[rk[i]-1];
         while (i+j \le n\&\&k+j \le n\&\&s[i+j-1] = s[k+j-1]) j++;
         h[rk[i]]=j; if (j>0) j--;
    }
}
int main()
    scanf("%s\n",s);
                                                  //s 从 0 开始 n 长度 m 字符集大小
    n=strlen(s); int m=255;
    for (int i=0; i< n; i++) r[i]=(int)s[i]; r[n]=0;
    dc3(r,sa,n+1,m+1);
                                                      //dc3 过程后 r 会被破坏
    for (int i=1;i<=n;i++) rk[sa[i]]=i;
    for (int i=1; i <= n; i++) sa[i]++;
                                         //sa、rk 均从下标 1 开始
    for (int i=n;i>0;i--) rk[i]=rk[i-1];
    geth();
    for (int i=1;i<=n;i++) printf("%d ",rk[i]); puts("");
    for (int i=1;i<=n;i++) printf("%d ",h[i]); puts("");
}
虚树+倍增 lca+倍增树路径 min 值:
#include <set>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <cstring>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#define LOGN 30
#define N 500050
#define num(x) ((x)>='0' \&\& (x)<='9')
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef long long II;
using namespace std;
const int INF=1999999999;
int _, n, m, cnt, top, stack[N], flag[N], tag[N], lg[N], h[N];
int nex[N*5], nu[N*5], va[N*5];
int dfn[N], dep[N];
int fa[N][LOGN], g[N][LOGN];
```

```
II f[N];
int read(){
     int p=0, q=1;
     char ch=getchar();
     while (!num(ch)) (ch=='-'?q=-1:0), ch=getchar();
     while (num(ch)) p=p*10+ch-'0', ch=getchar();
     return p*q;
}
void add(int u, int v, int w){
     nex[++cnt]=nex[u];nex[u]=cnt;nu[cnt]=v;va[cnt]=w;
}
void dfs(int u, int dad, int w){
     dfn[u]=++cnt;
     dep[u]=dep[dad]+1;
     fa[u][0]=dad;
     g[u][0]=w;
     for (int j=1;fa[u][j-1];j++)
          fa[u][j]=fa[fa[u][j-1]][j-1],
          g[u][j]=min(g[u][j-1],g[fa[u][j-1]][j-1]);
     for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
          int v=nu[i];
          if (v==dad) continue;
          dfs(v,u,va[j]);
    }
}
void initialize(){
     lg[1]=0;
     for (int i=2; i <= n; i++) |g[i]=|g[i>>1]+1;
     for (int i=1;i < =n;i++)
          for (int j=0; j < = \lg[n]; j++)
               g[i][j]=INF;
     cnt=0;
     dfs(1,0,INF);
}
int get_lca(int u, int v){
     if (dep[u]<dep[v]) swap(u,v);</pre>
     while (dep[u]>dep[v]) u=fa[u][lg[dep[u]-dep[v]]];
     if (u==v) return u;
     for (int j=lg[n]; j>=0; j--)
          if (fa[u][j]==fa[v][j]) continue;
          else u=fa[u][j], v=fa[v][j];
     return fa[u][0];
int get_min(int u, int v){
```

```
//cout<<u<<' '<<v<<' ';
    int mi=INF;
    while (u!=v){
         mi=min(mi,g[v][lg[dep[v]-dep[u]]]);
         v=fa[v][lg[dep[v]-dep[u]]];
    }
    //cout<<mi<<endl;
    return mi;
}
void link(int u, int v){
    if (tag[u]!=_) tag[u]=_, nex[u]=0;
    if (tag[v]!=_) tag[v]=_, nex[v]=0;
    add(u,v,get_min(u,v));
}
void pop(){
    int v=stack[top--];
    //cout<<v<<endl;
    if (!top) return;
    int u=stack[top];
    link(u,v);
}
void push(int u){
    stack[++top]=u;
}
void build_vt(){
    cnt=n;
    stack[top=1]=1;
    for (int i=1; i < =m; i++)
         int u=h[i], v=stack[top];
         int LCA=get_lca(u,v);
         //cout<<u<<' '<<v<<' '<<LCA<<' '<<endl;
         while (top>1 && dep[stack[top-1]]>=dep[LCA]) pop();
         if (stack[top]!=LCA){
              link(LCA,stack[top]);
              top--;
              push(LCA);
         }
         push(u);
    }
    while (top) pop();
bool cmp(int a, int b) { return dfn[a]<dfn[b];}
void dp(int u){
    f[u]=0;
```

```
for (int j=nex[u];j;j=nex[j]){
         int v=nu[j];
         if (flag[v]==_) f[v]=INF;else dp(v);
         f[u]+=min((II)va[j],f[v]);
    }
    //cout<<u<<' '<<f[u]<<endl;
}
void solve(){
    m=read();
    for (int i=1;i<=m;i++) h[i]=read(), flag[h[i]]=_;
    sort(h+1,h+1+m,cmp);
    build_vt();
    dp(1);
    printf("%||d\n", f[1]);
}
int main(){
    cnt=n=read();
    for (int i=1; i < n; i++){
         int u=read(), v=read(), w=read();
         add(u,v,w);
         add(v,u,w);
    }
    initialize();
    for (_=read();_;_--) solve();
    return 0;
}
可持久化并查集+启发式合并: O(nlog^2n)
#include < bits/stdc++.h>
#define \max(x,y) ((x)>(y)?(x):(y))
#define min(x,y) ((x)<(y)?(x):(y))
#define LL long long
#define swap(x,y) (x^y?(x^=y,y^=x,x^=y):0)
#define tc() (A==B\&\&(B=(A=ff)+fread(ff,1,100000,stdin),A==B)?EOF:*A++)
#define
                                                                                        pc(ch)
(pp < 100000?pp[pp + +] = (ch):(fwrite(pp,1,100000,stdout),pp[(pp = 0) + +] = (ch)))
#define N 200000
int pp_=0;char ff[100000],*A=ff,*B=ff,pp[100000];
using namespace std;
int n,Q,tot=0,rt[N+5],a[N+5];
struct Chairman_Tree
{
    int Son[2],fa,level;
}node[N*20];
```

```
inline void read(int &x)
{
    x=0;int f=1;char ch;
    while(!isdigit(ch=tc())) f=ch^'-'?1:-1;
    while(x=(x<<3)+(x<<1)+ch-'0', is digit(ch=tc()));
    x*=f;
}
inline void write(int x)
{
    if(x < 0) pc('-'),x = -x;
    if(x>9) write(x/10);
    pc(x\%10+'0');
inline void Build(int &rt,int l,int r)//初始的建树,一开始每个节点的 fa 都是本身,这是并查集
的基础思想
    rt=++tot;
    int mid=l+r>>1;
    if(!(I^r)) {node[rt].fa=I;return;}
    Build(node[rt].Son[0],I,mid),Build(node[rt].Son[1],mid+1,r);
}
inline void NewPoint(int &rt,int lst,int l,int r,int x,int fa)//新插入一个节点
{
    rt=++tot;
    int mid=l+r>>1;
    if(!(I^r)) {node[rt].fa=fa,node[rt].level=node[lst].level;return;}//更新 fa, 并复制以前版本
的这个节点的 level
    node[rt].Son[0]=node[lst].Son[0],node[rt].Son[1]=node[lst].Son[1];
    if(x<=mid) NewPoint(node[rt].Son[0],node[lst].Son[0],l,mid,x,fa);</pre>
    else NewPoint(node[rt].Son[1],node[lst].Son[1],mid+1,r,x,fa);
}
inline void Add_level(int rt,int l,int r,int x)//增加一个节点的在按秩合并时的优先级
{
    int mid=l+r>>1;
    if(!(I^r)) {++node[rt].level;return;}
    if(x<=mid) Add_level(node[rt].Son[0],I,mid,x);</pre>
    else Add_level(node[rt].Son[1],mid+1,r,x);
inline int Query(int rt,int l,int r,int x)//询问 x 节点在某一版本下的位置
    int mid=l+r>>1;
    if(!(I^r)) return rt;
    if(x<=mid) return Query(node[rt].Son[0],I,mid,x);</pre>
    else return Query(node[rt].Son[1],mid+1,r,x);
```

```
}
inline int getfa(int rt,int x)//询问 x 节点在某一版本下的祖先
    int fa=Query(rt,1,n,x);
    return node[fa].fa^x?getfa(rt,node[fa].fa):fa;//如果 x 节点在该版本下的父亲等于它本身,
就返回 x,否则返回 x 的父亲在这个版本下的祖先,和经典的 getfa()函数差不多
inline void connect(int v,int x,int y)//在版本 v 中连接 x 和 y,将他们放入一个集合中
{
    int fx=getfa(rt[v],x),fy=getfa(rt[v],y);//先求出版本 v 中它们的祖先
    if(!(fx^fy)) return;//如果祖先相同,就退出函数
    if(node[fx].level<node[fy].level) swap(fx,fy);//如果 x 的优先级小于 y 的优先级,就交换 x
和 y
    NewPoint(rt[v],rt[v-1],1,n,node[fy].fa,node[fx].fa);//将优先级小的节点的父亲连向优先级
大的节点的父亲
    if(!(node[fx].level^node[fy].level)) Add_level(rt[v],1,n,node[fx].fa);//如果它们的优先级相
同,就将它们合并后的祖宗的优先级加1
}
int main()
{
    register int i;
    for(read(n),read(Q),Build(rt[0],i=1,n);i<=Q;++i)//先建一棵树,然后进行操作
   {
        int op,x,y;read(op),read(x);
        if(op^2) read(y),rt[i]=rt[i-1];
        switch(op)
        {
            case 1:connect(i,x,y);break;//在当前版本下连接 x 和 y
            case 2:rt[i]=rt[x];break;//将当前版本还原回曾经的版本 x
           case 3:pc(getfa(rt[i],x)^getfa(rt[i],y)?'0':'1'),pc('\n');break;//若当前版本下 x 和 y
的父亲相同,输出1,否则输出0
       }
   }
    return fwrite(pp,1,pp_,stdout),0;
}
__int128: (need linux)
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
//__int128: -2^126~2^126
inline __int128 read()
{
    __int128 x=0,f=1;
    char ch=getchar();
```

```
while(ch<'0'||ch>'9')
    {
         if(ch=='-')
            f = -1;
         ch=getchar();
    }
    while(ch>='0'&&ch<='9')
         x=x*10+ch-'0';
         ch=getchar();
    }
    return x*f;
}
inline void write(__int128 x)
{
    if(x<0)
    {
         putchar('-');
         χ=-X;
    }
    if(x>9)
         write(x/10);
    putchar(x%10+'0');
}
int main()
{
    __int128 a = read();
    __int128 b = read();
    write(a + b);
    return 0;
}
```

```
Compare_In_Linux:
#!/bin/sh
echo '1' > p1537.out
echo '1' > std.out
g++ data.cpp -o data
g++ std.cpp -o std
g++ p1537.cpp -o p1537
while (diff p1537.out std.out) do
echo '==data=='
./data
echo '==std=='
./std
echo '==p1537=='
./p1537
done;
vimrc:
set nu
set cindent
set tabstop=4
set shiftwidth=4
set mouse=a
```