

# Parameter estimation – Homework 2

Deadline: 26th of March, 23:59:59

*Solutions should be submitted via Moodle*

## Task 1

Implement the Least Squares (LSQ) estimator function, which given the matrix of inputs  $X \in \mathbf{R}^{n \times p}$  and the vector of outcomes  $Y \in \mathbf{R}^n$  estimates the parameter vector  $\theta \in \mathbf{R}^p$  (where  $n$  is the number of measurements and  $p$  is the number of parameters). Use the formula derived at the lecture:

$$\hat{\theta}_{LS} = (X^\top X)^{-1} X^\top Y$$

## Task 2

Test the LSQ estimator function created in Task 1.

1. Generate  $n$  data points using the equation:  $y = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2 + \epsilon$ , where  $\epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_\epsilon)$ . (Note: you can rewrite the equation as a vector product:  $y = (1 \ x_1 \ x_2) \cdot (\theta_0 \ \theta_1 \ \theta_2)^\top = \mathbf{x} \cdot \theta$ ). You can choose arbitrary nonzero, distinct  $\theta$  values.
2. Plot the generated data points (this should be a 3D plot).
3. Use least square estimation to estimate the parameters. You should get something similar to your values chosen in 1.
4. Calculate the loss function  $L(\hat{\theta}_{LS}) = (Y - X\hat{\theta}_{LS})^\top (Y - X\hat{\theta}_{LS})$  for your estimation.
5. Show how the loss function depends on the amplitude of the noise. Run steps 1-4 for different  $\sigma_\epsilon$  values, and plot the results.
6. Show how the loss function depends on the sample size. Run steps 1-4 for different  $n$  values and plot the results.
7. Create a 3D plot from the computations 5-6, showing the loss in function of the noise amplitude and sample size.