# Mapping Revitalization in Buffalo, NY, through Income, Vancancy and Demographic Made up Data from 2013 to 2015

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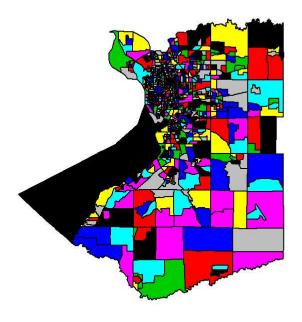
### Introduction

In 2010, Buffalo Mayor Byron Brown announced revitalization plan for City of Buffalo. The population growth, housing vacancy rate decrease and economic revitalization were planned to have a positive change in recent years. To understand the revitalization and its spatial and temporal characteristics, mapping the change of variables, like median income, vacancy rate, and race ratio could provide a quantative method. The objective of this project is to map the changes of these demographical variables in Buffalo, Erie County from block-group-level census data since 2013 to 2015.

## Data

The geometry data are block-group-level shapfile for Erie County in 2015, which is downloaded from TIGER 029 at block\_group level for Erie County using tigris package.

shpfile<-block\_groups('NY',county='Erie',year='2015')
plot(shpfile,col=1:100)</pre>



The demographic data, vacancy

status, median household income and race data in 2013, 2014 and 2015 are downloaded from census website. The CensusAPI has been tried, but no available block-group-level data. Thus, we have to download these data manually.

```
Income2013=read.csv(file = 'Data/Income2013.csv')
Income2014=read.csv(file = 'Data/Income2014.csv')
Income2015=read.csv(file = 'Data/Income2015.csv')
VR2013=read.csv(file = 'Data/VacancyRate2013.csv')
VR2014=read.csv(file = 'Data/VacancyRate2014.csv')
VR2015=read.csv(file = 'Data/VacancyRate2015.csv')
Race2013=read.csv(file = 'Data/RaceRatio2013.csv')
Race2014=read.csv(file = 'Data/RaceRatio2014.csv')
Race2015=read.csv(file = 'Data/RaceRatio2015.csv')
```

# Data processing

To derive the variables, vacancy rate and race ratio(the proportion of the Whites in this case), new columns were added and their values were calculated when join these tables and calculate the difference between individual years.

```
Income1=merge(Income2013,Income2014,by.x = 'GEO.id2',by.y = 'GEO.id2')
Income1$Change1=as.numeric(Income1$HD01 VD01.y)-as.numeric(Income1$HD01 VD01.x)
Income2=merge(Income2014,Income2015,by.x = 'GEO.id2',by.y = 'GEO.id2')
Income2$Change2=as.numeric(Income2$HD01 VD01.y)-as.numeric(Income2$HD01 VD01.x)
VR1=merge(VR2013, VR2014, by.x = 'GEO.id2', by.y = 'GEO.id2')
VR1$Change1=as.numeric(VR1$HD01 VD03.y)/as.numeric(VR1$HD01 VD01.y)-as.numeric(VR1$HD01 VD03.x)/as.numeric(VR1$HD01 VD01.x)
VR2=merge(VR2014, VR2015, by.x = 'GEO.id2', by.y = 'GEO.id2')
VR2$Change2=as.numeric(VR2$HD01 VD03.y)/as.numeric(VR2$HD01 VD01.y)-as.numeric(VR2$HD01 VD03.x)/as.numeric(VR2$HD01 VD01.x)
Race1=merge(Race2013, Race2014, by.x = 'GEO.id2', by.y = 'GEO.id2')
Race1$Change1=as.numeric(Race1$HD01 VD02.y)/as.numeric(Race1$HD01 VD01.y)-as.numeric(Race1$HD01 VD02.x)/as.numeric(Race1$HD0
1_VD01.x)
Race2=merge(Race2014, Race2015, by.x = 'GEO.id2', by.y = 'GEO.id2')
Race2$Change2=as.numeric(Race2$HD01 VD02.y)/as.numeric(Race2$HD01 VD01.y)-as.numeric(Race2$HD01 VD02.x)/as.numeric(Race2$HD0
1 VD01.x)
```

Then join the geometry and data based on their GEOID.

```
Income1_Join=geo_join(shpfile,Income1,'GEOID','GEO.id2',how='inner')
Income2_Join=geo_join(shpfile,Income2,'GEOID','GEO.id2',how='inner')
VR1_Join=geo_join(shpfile,VR1,'GEOID','GEO.id2',how='inner')
VR2_Join=geo_join(shpfile,VR2,'GEOID','GEO.id2',how='inner')
Race1_Join=geo_join(shpfile,Race1,'GEOID','GEO.id2',how='inner')
Race2_Join=geo_join(shpfile,Race2,'GEOID','GEO.id2',how='inner')
```

# Visualization

For now, some simple classified changes, only positive and negative, are plotted. Red represents positive change, and blue represents negative change.

```
#Visualize the change in house vacancy, income and demographic made up

#plot(Income1_Join[Income1_Join$Change1<-22,],add=T,col='blue')

#plot(Income1_Join[Income1_Join$Change1>-22&&Income1_Join$Change1<5,],add=T,col='yellow')

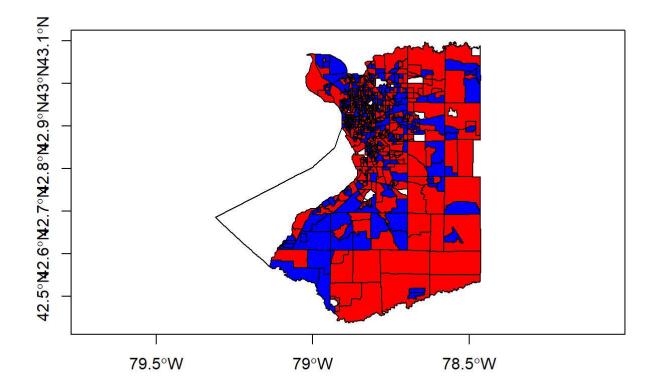
#plot(Income1_Join[Income1_Join$Change1>5&&Income1_Join$Change1<31,],add=T,col='green')

#plot(Income1_Join[Income1_Join$Change1>31,],add=T,col='red')

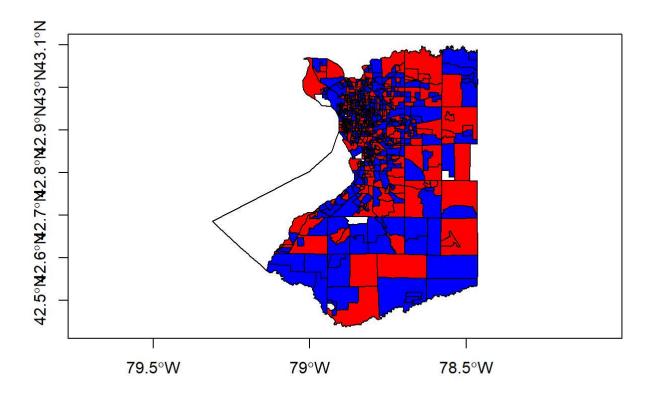
plot(Income1_Join[Income1_Join$Change1>0,],add=T,col='red')

plot(Income1_Join[Income1_Join$Change1>0,],add=T,col='red')

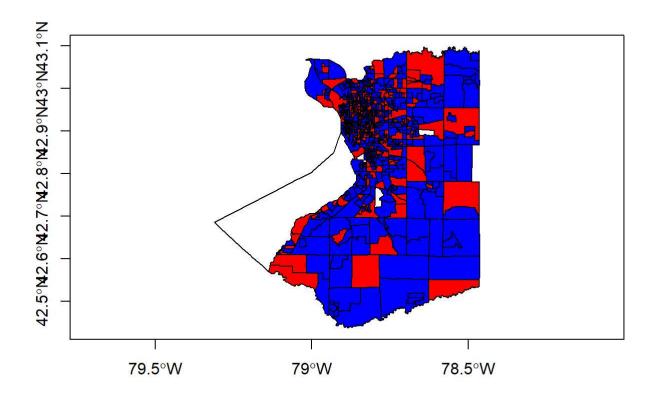
plot(Income1_Join[Income1_Join$Change1<0,],add=T,col='blue')</pre>
```



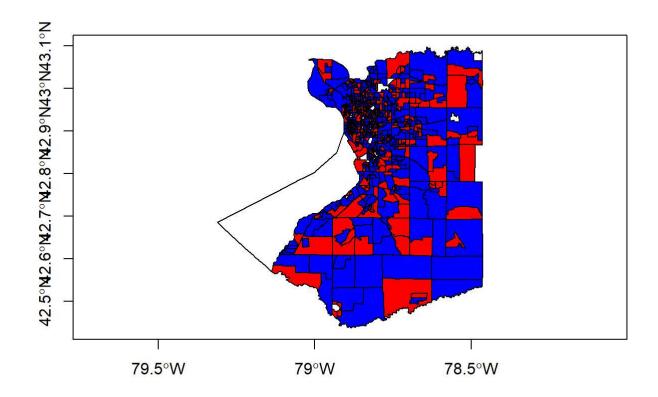
```
plot(VR1_Join,axes=TRUE)
plot(VR1_Join[VR1_Join$Change1>0,],add=T,col='red')
plot(VR1_Join[VR1_Join$Change1<0,],add=T,col='blue')</pre>
```



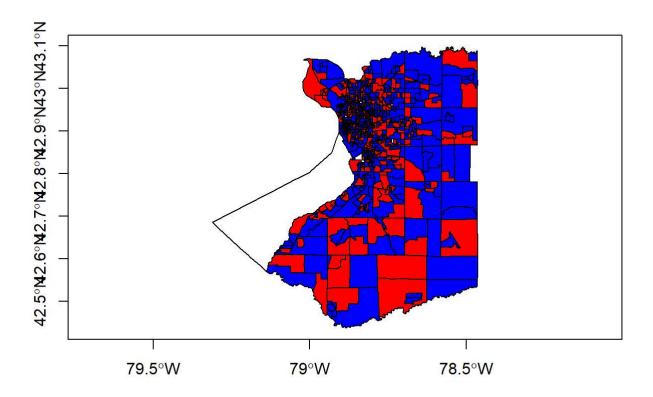
```
plot(Race1_Join,axes=TRUE)
plot(Race1_Join[Race1_Join$Change1>0,],add=T,col='red')
plot(Race1_Join[Race1_Join$Change1<0,],add=T,col='blue')</pre>
```



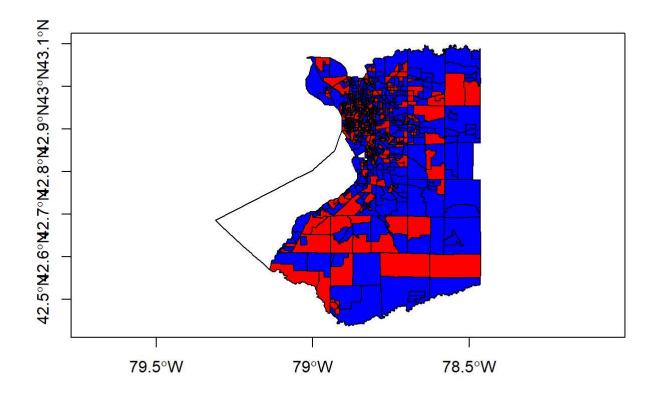
```
plot(Income2_Join,axes=TRUE)
plot(Income2_Join[Income2_Join$Change2>0,],add=T,col='red')
plot(Income2_Join[Income2_Join$Change2<0,],add=T,col='blue')</pre>
```



```
plot(VR2_Join,axes=TRUE)
plot(VR2_Join[VR2_Join$Change2>0,],add=T,col='red')
plot(VR2_Join[VR2_Join$Change2<0,],add=T,col='blue')</pre>
```



```
plot(Race2_Join,axes=TRUE)
plot(Race2_Join[Race2_Join$Change2>0,],add=T,col='red')
plot(Race2_Join[Race2_Join$Change2<0,],add=T,col='blue')</pre>
```



Merge two years change and

#### summarize

Income\_Total=inner\_join(Income1,Income2,by="GEO.id2")
Income\_Total\$ChangeInTwoYears<-Income\_Total\$Change1+Income\_Total\$Change2
summary(Income\_Total\$ChangeInTwoYears)</pre>

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -739.000 -49.250 -3.000 -8.615 38.000 721.000
```

VR\_Total=inner\_join(VR1,VR2,by="GEO.id2")
VR\_Total\$ChangeInTwoYears<-VR\_Total\$Change1+VR\_Total\$Change2
summary(VR\_Total\$ChangeInTwoYears)</pre>

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -50.38641 -0.15818 -0.00109 -0.05073 0.08696 71.42857
```

```
Race_Total=inner_join(Race1,Race2,by="GE0.id2")
Race_Total$ChangeInTwoYears<-Race_Total$Change1+Race_Total$Change2
summary(Race_Total$ChangeInTwoYears)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -160.96528 -0.13716 -0.03448 0.43058 0.03833 312.98869
```

# Further work

Spatial autocorrelation of these change (Moran's I) will be tested. Some certain area with significant change will be checked with some qualitative analysis.