

# Glenn Baddeley - GPS - NMEA sentence information

## Contents

- [All \\$GPxxx sentence codes and short descriptions](#)
- [26 interpreted sentences transmitted by GPS unit](#)
- [12 interpreted Garmin proprietary sentences transmitted by GPS unit](#)
- [8 interpreted Garmin proprietary sentences received by GPS unit](#)
- [Format of latitudes and longitudes](#)
- [References](#)

[ [Top](#) ] [ [Glenn's GPS Contents Page](#) ]

---

## All \$GPxxx sentence codes and short descriptions

- 
- 
- \$GPAAM - Waypoint Arrival Alarm
- \$GPALM - GPS Almanac Data
- \$GPAPA - Autopilot format "A"
- \$GPAPB - Autopilot format "B"
- \$GPASD - Autopilot System Data
- \$GPBEC - Bearing & Distance to Waypoint, Dead Reckoning
- \$GPBOD - Bearing, Origin to Destination
- \$GPBWC - Bearing & Distance to Waypoint, Great Circle
- \$GPBWR - Bearing & Distance to Waypoint, Rhumb Line
- \$GPBWW - Bearing, Waypoint to Waypoint
- \$GPDBT - Depth Below Transducer
- \$GPDCN - Decca Position
- \$GPDPT - Depth
- \$GPFSI - Frequency Set Information
- \$GPGGA - Global Positioning System Fix Data
- \$GPGLC - Geographic Position, Loran-C
- \$GPGLL - Geographic Position, Latitude/Longitude
- \$GPGRS - GPS Range Residuals
- \$GPGSA - GPS DOP and Active Satellites
- \$GPGST - GPS Pseudorange Noise Statistics
- \$GPGSV - GPS Satellites in View
- \$GPGXA - TRANSIT Position
- \$GPHDG - Heading, Deviation & Variation
- \$GPHDT - Heading, True

- \$GPHSC - Heading Steering Command
- \$GPLCD - Loran-C Signal Data
- \$GPMSK - Control for a Beacon Receiver
- \$GPMSS - Beacon Receiver Status
- \$GPMTA - Air Temperature (to be phased out)
- \$GPMTW - Water Temperature
- \$GPMWD - Wind Direction
- \$GPMWV - Wind Speed and Angle
- \$GPOLN - Omega Lane Numbers
- \$GPOSD - Own Ship Data
- \$GPR00 - Waypoint active route (not standard)
- \$GPRMA - Recommended Minimum Specific Loran-C Data
- \$GPRMB - Recommended Minimum Navigation Information
- \$GPRMC - Recommended Minimum Specific GPS/TRANSIT Data
- \$GPROT - Rate of Turn
- \$GPRPM - Revolutions
- \$GPRSA - Rudder Sensor Angle
- \$GPRSD - RADAR System Data
- \$GPRTE - Routes
- \$GPSFI - Scanning Frequency Information
- \$GPSTN - Multiple Data ID
- \$GPTRF - TRANSIT Fix Data
- \$GP TTM - Tracked Target Message
- \$GPVBW - Dual Ground/Water Speed
- \$GPVDR - Set and Drift
- \$GPVHW - Water Speed and Heading
- \$GPVLW - Distance Traveled through the Water
- \$GPVPW - Speed, Measured Parallel to Wind
- \$GPVTG - Track Made Good and Ground Speed
- \$GPWCV - Waypoint Closure Velocity
- \$GPWNC - Distance, Waypoint to Waypoint
- \$GPWPL - Waypoint Location
- \$GPXDR - Transducer Measurements
- \$GPXTE - Cross-Track Error, Measured
- \$GPXTR - Cross-Track Error, Dead Reckoning
- \$GPZDA - UTC Date / Time and Local Time Zone Offset
- \$GPZFO - UTC & Time from Origin Waypoint
- \$GPZTG - UTC & Time to Destination Waypoint

[\[Top\]](#)

---

## 26 interpreted sentences transmitted by GPS unit

[\\$GPAAM](#) - Waypoint Arrival Alarm

[\\$GPALM](#) - GPS Almanac Data (**Can also be received by GPS unit**)

[\\$GPAPB](#) - Autopilot format "B"

[\\$GPBOD](#) - Bearing, origin to destination

[\\$GPBWC](#) - Bearing and distance to waypoint, great circle

[\\$GPGGA](#) - Global Positioning System Fix Data

[\\$GPGLL](#) - Geographic position, latitude / longitude

[\\$GPGRS](#) - GPS Range Residuals

[\\$GPGSA](#) - GPS DOP and active satellites

[\\$GPGST](#) - GPS Pseudorange Noise Statistics

[\\$GPGSV](#) - GPS Satellites in view

[\\$GPHDT](#) - Heading, True

[\\$GPMSK](#) - Control for a Beacon Receiver

[\\$GPMSS](#) - Beacon Receiver Status

[\\$GPR00](#) - List of waypoints in currently active route

[\\$GPRMA](#) - Recommended minimum specific Loran-C data

[\\$GPRMB](#) - Recommended minimum navigation info

[\\$GPRMC](#) - Recommended minimum specific GPS/TRANSIT data

[\\$GPRTE](#) - Routes

[\\$GPTRF](#) - TRANSIT Fix Data

[\\$GPSTN](#) - Multiple Data ID

[\\$GPVBW](#) - Dual Ground / Water Speed

[\\$GPVTG](#) - Track made good and ground speed

[\\$GPWPL](#) - Waypoint location

[\\$GPXTE](#) - Cross-track error, Measured

[\\$GPZDA](#) - UTC Date / Time and Local Time Zone Offset

There is a full list of \$GPxxx sentence codes [available](#), without links to format details.

[\[Top\]](#)

---

## \$GPAAM

### Waypoint Arrival Alarm

This sentence is generated by some units to indicate the Status of arrival (entering the arrival circle, or passing the perpendicular of the course line) at the destination waypoint.

\$GPAAM,A,A,0.10,N,WPTNME\*43

Where:

AAM	Arrival Alarm
A	Arrival circle entered
A	Perpendicular passed
0.10	Circle radius
N	Nautical miles
WPTNME	Waypoint name

\*43 Checksum data

## \$GPALM

### GPS Almanac Data

A set of sentences transmitted by some Garmin units in response to a received \$PGRMO,GPALM,1 sentence. It can also be received by some GPS units (eg. Garmin GPS 16 and GPS 17) to initialize the stored almanac information in the unit.

Example 1: \$GPALM,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,\*CC

1 = Total number of sentences in set

2 = Sentence sequence number in set

3 = Satellite number

4 = GPS week number

5 = Bits 17 to 24 of almanac page indicating SV health

6 = Eccentricity

7 = Reference time of almanac

8 = Inclination angle

9 = Right ascension rate

10 = Semi major axis route

11 = Argument of perigee (omega)

12 = Ascension node longitude

13 = Mean anomaly

14 = af0 clock parameter

15 = af1 clock parameter

Example 2: \$GPALM,1,1,15,1159,00,441d,4e,16be,fd5e,a10c9f,4a2da4,686e81,58cbe1,0a4,001\*5B

Field	Example	Comments
Sentence ID	\$GPALM	
Number of messages	1	Total number of messages in sequence
Sequence number	1	This is first message in sequence
Satellite PRN	15	Unique ID (PRN) of satellite message relates to
GPS week number	1159	
SV health	00	Bits 17-24 of almanac page
Eccentricity	441d	
Reference time	4e	Almanac reference time
Inclination angle	16be	
Rate of right ascension	fd5e	
Roar of semi-major axis	a10c9f	
Argument of perigee	4a2da4	
Longitude of ascension node	686e81	
Mean anomaly	58cbe1	
F0 clock parameter	0a4	

F1 clock parameter            001  
Checksum                        \*5B

---

## \$GPAPB

Autopilot format "B"

This sentence is sent by some GPS receivers to allow them to be used to control an autopilot unit. This sentence is commonly used by autopilots and contains navigation receiver warning flag status, cross-track-error, waypoint arrival status, initial bearing from origin waypoint to the destination, continuous bearing from present position to destination and recommended heading-to-steer to destination waypoint for the active navigation leg of the journey.

Note: Some autopilots, Robertson in particular, misinterpret "bearing from origin to destination" as "bearing from present position to destination". This is likely due to the difference between the APB sentence and the APA sentence. For the APA sentence this would be the correct thing to do for the data in the same field. APA only differs from APB in this one field and APA leaves off the last two fields where this distinction is clearly spelled out. This will result in poor performance if the boat is sufficiently off-course that the two bearings are different.

\$GPAPB,A,A,0.10,R,N,V,V,011,M,DEST,011,M,011,M\*82

where:

APB	Autopilot format B
A	Loran-C blink/SNR warning, general warning
A	Loran-C cycle warning
0.10	cross-track error distance
R	steer Right to correct (or L for Left)
N	cross-track error units - nautical miles (K for kilometers)
V	arrival alarm - circle
V	arrival alarm - perpendicular
011,M	magnetic bearing, origin to destination
DEST	destination waypoint ID
011,M	magnetic bearing, present position to destination
011,M	magnetic heading to steer (bearings could True as 033,T)

---

## \$GPBOD

Bearing Origin to Destination

eg. BOD,045.,T,023.,M,DEST,START

045.,T	bearing 045 degrees True from "START" to "DEST"
023.,M	breaing 023 degrees Magnetic from "START" to "DEST"
DEST	destination waypoint ID

START            origin waypoint ID

Example 1: \$GPBOD,099.3,T,105.6,M,POINTB,\*01

Waypoint ID: "POINTB" Bearing 99.3 True, 105.6 Magnetic

This sentence is transmitted in the GOTO mode, without an active route on your GPS. WARNING: this is the bearing from the moment you press enter in the GOTO page to the destination waypoint and is NOT updated dynamically! To update the information, (current bearing to waypoint), you will have to press enter in the GOTO page again.

Example 2: \$GPBOD,097.0,T,103.2,M,POINTB,POINTA\*52

This sentence is transmitted when a route is active. It contains the active leg information: origin waypoint "POINTA" and destination waypoint "POINTB", bearing between the two points 97.0 True, 103.2 Magnetic. It does NOT display the bearing from current location to destination waypoint! WARNING Again this information does not change until you are on the next leg of the route. (The bearing from POINTA to POINTB does not change during the time you are on this leg.)

## \$GPBWC

Bearing and distance to waypoint, great circle

eg1. \$GPBWC,081837,,,,,T,,M,,N,\*13

BWC,225444,4917.24,N,12309.57,W,051.9,T,031.6,M,001.3,N,004\*29

225444	UTC time of fix 22:54:44
4917.24,N	Latitude of waypoint
12309.57,W	Longitude of waypoint
051.9,T	Bearing to waypoint, degrees true
031.6,M	Bearing to waypoint, degrees magnetic
001.3,N	Distance to waypoint, Nautical miles
004	Waypoint ID

eg2. \$GPBWC,220516,5130.02,N,00046.34,W,213.8,T,218.0,M,0004.6,N,EGLM\*11

1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10   11 12 13

1	220516	timestamp
2	5130.02	Latitude of next waypoint
3	N	North/South
4	00046.34	Longitude of next waypoint
5	W	East/West
6	213.0	True track to waypoint
7	T	True Track
8	218.0	Magnetic track to waypoint
9	M	Magnetic
10	0004.6	range to waypoint
11	N	unit of range to waypoint, N = Nautical miles

12 EGLM Waypoint name  
13 \*11 checksum

## \$GPGGA

Global Positioning System Fix Data

eg1. \$GPGGA,170834,4124.8963,N,08151.6838,W,1,05,1.5,280.2,M,-34.0,M,,,\*75

Name	Example Data	Description
Sentence Identifier	\$GPGGA	Global Positioning System Fix Data
Time	170834	17:08:34 UTC
Latitude	4124.8963, N	41d 24.8963' N or 41d 24' 54" N
Longitude	08151.6838, W	81d 51.6838' W or 81d 51' 41" W
Fix Quality:		
- 0 = Invalid	1	Data is from a GPS fix
- 1 = GPS fix		
- 2 = DGPS fix		
Number of Satellites	05	5 Satellites are in view
Horizontal Dilution of Precision (HDOP)	1.5	Relative accuracy of horizontal position
Altitude	280.2, M	280.2 meters above mean sea level
Height of geoid above WGS84 ellipsoid	-34.0, M	-34.0 meters
Time since last DGPS update	blank	No last update
DGPS reference station id	blank	No station id
Checksum	*75	Used by program to check for transmission errors

Courtesy of Brian McClure, N8PQI.

Global Positioning System Fix Data. Time, position and fix related data for a GPS receiver.

eg2. \$GPGGA,hhmmss.ss,ddmm.mmm,a,dddmm.mmm,b,q,xx,p.p,a.b,M,c.d,M,x.x,nnnn

hhmmss.ss = UTC of position

ddmm.mmm = latitude of position

a = N or S, latitude hemisphere

dddmm.mmm = longitude of position

b = E or W, longitude hemisphere

q = GPS Quality indicator (0=No fix, 1=Non-differential GPS fix, 2=Differential GPS fix, 6=Estimated fix)

xx = number of satellites in use

p.p = horizontal dilution of precision

a.b = Antenna altitude above mean-sea-level

M = units of antenna altitude, meters

c.d = Geoidal height

M = units of geoidal height, meters

x.x = Age of Differential GPS data (seconds since last valid RTCM transmission)

nnnn = Differential reference station ID, 0000 to 1023

## \$GPGLL

Geographic Position, Latitude / Longitude and time.

eg1. \$GPGLL,3751.65,S,14507.36,E\*77

eg2. \$GPGLL,4916.45,N,12311.12,W,225444,A

4916.46,N	Latitude 49 deg. 16.45 min. North
12311.12,W	Longitude 123 deg. 11.12 min. West
225444	Fix taken at 22:54:44 UTC
A	Data valid

eg3. \$GPGLL,5133.81,N,00042.25,W\*75

1 2 3 4 5

1	5133.81	Current latitude
2	N	North/South
3	00042.25	Current longitude
4	W	East/West
5	*75	checksum

\$--GLL,lll.ll,a,yyyyy.yy,a,hhmmss.ss,A llll.ll = Latitude of position

a = N or S

yyyyy.yy = Longitude of position

a = E or W

hhmmss.ss = UTC of position

A = status: A = valid data

## \$GPGRS

GPS Range Residuals

Example: \$GPGRS,024603.00,1,-1.8,-2.7,0.3,,,,,,,,,\*6C

Field	Example	Comments
Sentence ID	\$GPGRS	
UTC Time	024603.00	UTC time of associated GGA fix
Mode	1	0 = Residuals used in GGA, 1 = residuals calculated after GGA



Sat 1 residual	-1.8	Residual (meters) of satellite 1 in solution
Sat 2 residual	-2.7	The order matches the PRN numbers in the GSA sentence
Sat 3 residual	0.3	
Sat 4 residual		Unused entries are blank
Sat 5 residual		
Sat 6 residual		
Sat 7 residual		
Sat 8 residual		
Sat 9 residual		
Sat 10 residual		
Sat 11 residual		
Sat 12 residual		
Checksum	*6C	

---

## \$GPGSA

GPS DOP and active satellites

eg1. \$GPGSA,A,3,,,,,16,18,,22,24,,,3.6,2.1,2.2\*3C

eg2. \$GPGSA,A,3,19,28,14,18,27,22,31,39,,,,,1.7,1.0,1.3\*34

1 = Mode:

M=Manual, forced to operate in 2D or 3D

A=Automatic, 3D/2D

2 = Mode:

1=Fix not available

2=2D

3=3D

3-14 = PRN's of Satellite Vehicles (SV's) used in position fix (null for unused fields)

15 = Position Dilution of Precision (PDOP)

16 = Horizontal Dilution of Precision (HDOP)

17 = Vertical Dilution of Precision (VDOP)

---

## \$GPGST

GPS Pseudorange Noise Statistics

Example: \$GPGST,024603.00,3.2,6.6,4.7,47.3,5.8,5.6,22.0\*58

Field	Example	Comments
Sentence ID	\$GPGST	
	T	

UTC Time	024603.00	UTC time of associated GGA fix
RMS deviation	3.2	Total RMS standard deviation of ranges inputs to the navigation solution
Semi-major deviation	6.6	Standard deviation (meters) of semi-major axis of error ellipse
Semi-minor deviation	4.7	Standard deviation (meters) of semi-minor axis of error ellipse
Semi-major orientation	47.3	Orientation of semi-major axis of error ellipse (true north degrees)
Latitude deviation	error 5.8	Standard deviation (meters) of latitude error
Longitude deviation	error 5.6	Standard deviation (meters) of longitude error
Altitude deviation	error 22.0	Standard deviation (meters) of altitude error
Checksum	*58	

---

## \$GPGSV

GPS Satellites in view

eg. \$GPGSV,3,1,11,03,03,111,00,04,15,270,00,06,01,010,00,13,06,292,00\*74

\$GPGSV,3,2,11,14,25,170,00,16,57,208,39,18,67,296,40,19,40,246,00\*74

\$GPGSV,3,3,11,22,42,067,42,24,14,311,43,27,05,244,00,,, \*4D

\$GPGSV,1,1,13,02,02,213,,03,-3,000,,11,00,121,,14,13,172,05\*62

1 = Total number of messages of this type in this cycle

2 = Message number

3 = Total number of SVs in view

4 = SV PRN number

5 = Elevation in degrees, 90 maximum

6 = Azimuth, degrees from true north, 000 to 359

7 = SNR, 00-99 dB (null when not tracking)

8-11 = Information about second SV, same as field 4-7

12-15 = Information about third SV, same as field 4-7

16-19 = Information about fourth SV, same as field 4-7

---

## \$GPHDT

Heading, True.

Actual vessel heading in degrees True produced by any device or system producing true heading.

\$--HDT,x.x,T

x.x = Heading, degrees True

## \$GPMSK

Control for a Beacon Receiver

\$GPMSK,318.0,A,100,M,2\*45

where:

318.0	Frequency to use
A	Frequency mode, A=auto, M=manual
100	Beacon bit rate
M	Bitrate, A=auto, M=manual
2	frequency for MSS message status (null for no status)
*45	checksum

## \$GPMSS

Beacon Receiver Status

Example 1: \$GPMSS,55,27,318.0,100,\*66

where:

55	signal strength in dB
27	signal to noise ratio in dB
318.0	Beacon Frequency in KHz
100	Beacon bitrate in bps
*66	checksum

Example 2: \$GPMSS,0.0,0.0,0.0,25,2\*6D

Field	Example	Comments
Sentence ID	\$GPMSS	
Signal strength	0.0	Signal strength (dB 1uV)
SNR	0.0	Signal to noise ratio (dB)
Frequency	0.0	Beacon frequency (kHz)
Data rate	25	Beacon data rate (BPS)
Unknown field	2	Unknown field sent by GPS receiver used for test
Checksum	*6D	

## \$GPR00

List of waypoint IDs in currently active route

eg1. \$GPR00,EGLL,EGLM,EGTB,EGUB,EGTK,MBOT,EGTB,,,,,,\*58

eg2. \$GPR00,MINST,CHATN,CHAT1,CHATW,CHATM,CHATE,003,004,005,006,007,,,\*05

List of waypoints. This alternates with \$GPWPL cycle  
which itself cycles waypoints.

## \$GPRMA

Recommended minimum specific Loran-C data

eg. \$GPRMA,A,III,N,III,W,x,y,ss.s,ccc,vv.v,W\*hh

A = Data status

III = Latitude

N = N/S

III = longitude

S = W/E

x = not used

y = not used

ss.s = Speed over ground in knots

ccc = Course over ground

vv.v = Variation

W = Direction of variation E/W

hh = Checksum

## \$GPRMB

Recommended minimum navigation information (sent by nav. receiver when a destination waypoint is active)

eg1. \$GPRMB,A,0.66,L,003,004,4917.24,N,12309.57,W,001.3,052.5,000.5,V\*20

A	Data status A = OK, V = warning
0.66,L	Cross-track error (nautical miles, 9.9 max.), steer Left to correct (or R = right)
003	Origin waypoint ID
004	Destination waypoint ID
4917.24,N	Destination waypoint latitude 49 deg. 17.24 min. N
12309.57,W	Destination waypoint longitude 123 deg. 09.57 min. W
001.3	Range to destination, nautical miles
052.5	True bearing to destination
000.5	Velocity towards destination, knots

V                    Arrival alarm    A = arrived, V = not arrived  
 \*0B                mandatory checksum

eg2. \$GPRMB,A,4.08,L,EGLL,EGLM,5130.02,N,00046.34,W,004.6,213.9,122.9,A\*3D

1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    9    10    11    12    13

1	A	validity
2	4.08	off track
3	L	Steer Left (L/R)
4	EGLL	last waypoint
5	EGLM	next waypoint
6	5130.02	Latitude of Next waypoint
7	N	North/South
8	00046.34	Longitude of next waypoint
9	W	East/West
10	004.6	Range
11	213.9	bearing to waypt.
12	122.9	closing velocity
13	A	validity
14	*3D	checksum

eg3. \$GPRMB,A,x.x,a,c--c,d--d,llll.ll,e,yyyyy.yy,f,g,g,h,h,i,i,j\*kk

1	= Data Status (V=navigation receiver warning)
2	= Crosstrack error in nautical miles
3	= Direction to steer (L or R) to correct error
4	= Origin waypoint ID#
5	= Destination waypoint ID#
6	= Destination waypoint latitude
7	= N or S
8	= Destination waypoint longitude
9	= E or W
10	= Range to destination in nautical miles
11	= Bearing to destination, degrees True
12	= Destination closing velocity in knots
13	= Arrival status; (A=entered or perpendicular passed)
14	= Checksum

## \$GPRMC

Recommended minimum specific GPS/TRANSIT data

eg1. \$GPRMC,081836,A,3751.65,S,14507.36,E,000.0,360.0,130998,011.3,E\*62

eg2. \$GPRMC,225446,A,4916.45,N,12311.12,W,000.5,054.7,191194,020.3,E\*68

225446	Time of fix 22:54:46 UTC
A	Navigation receiver warning A = Valid position, V = Warning
4916.45,N	Latitude 49 deg. 16.45 min. North
12311.12,W	Longitude 123 deg. 11.12 min. West
000.5	Speed over ground, Knots
054.7	Course Made Good, degrees true
191194	UTC Date of fix, 19 November 1994
020.3,E	Magnetic variation, 20.3 deg. East
*68	mandatory checksum

eg3. \$GPRMC,220516,A,5133.82,N,00042.24,W,173.8,231.8,130694,004.2,W\*70

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	220516	Time Stamp										
2	A	validity - A-ok, V-invalid										
3	5133.82	current Latitude										
4	N	North/South										
5	00042.24	current Longitude										
6	W	East/West										
7	173.8	Speed in knots										
8	231.8	True course										
9	130694	Date Stamp										
10	004.2	Variation										
11	W	East/West										
12	*70	checksum										

eg4. for NMEA 0183 version 3.00 active the Mode indicator field is added

\$GPRMC,hhmmss.ss,A,llll.ll,a,yyyy.yy,a,x.x,x.x,ddmmyy,x.x,a,m\*hh

Field #

- 1 = UTC time of fix
- 2 = Data status (A=Valid position, V=navigation receiver warning)
- 3 = Latitude of fix
- 4 = N or S of longitude
- 5 = Longitude of fix
- 6 = E or W of longitude
- 7 = Speed over ground in knots
- 8 = Track made good in degrees True
- 9 = UTC date of fix
- 10 = Magnetic variation degrees (Easterly var. subtracts from true course)
- 11 = E or W of magnetic variation
- 12 = Mode indicator, (A=Autonomous, D=Differential, E=Estimated, N=Data not valid)
- 13 = Checksum

## \$GPRTE

Routes

eg.

\$GPRTE,2,1,c,0,PBRCPK,PBRTO,PTELGR,PPLAND,PYAMBU,PPFAIR,PWARRN,PMORTL,PLISMR  
\*73

\$GPRTE,2,2,c,0,PCRESY,GRYRIE,GCORIO,GWERR,GWESTG,7FED\*34  
1 2 3 4 5 ..

- 1 Number of sentences in sequence
- 2 Sentence number
- 3 'c' = Current active route, 'w' = waypoint list starts with destination waypoint
- 4 Name or number of the active route
- 5 onwards, Names of waypoints in Route

## \$GPTRF

TRANSIT Fix Data

Time, date, position, and information related to a TRANSIT Fix. The \$GPTRF and \$GPGXA sentences became obsolete when the TRANSIT satellite navigation system was replaced with GPS in 1996, refer to [Wikipedia](#) for further details.

\$--TRF,hhmmss.ss,xxxxxx,lll.ll,a,yyyyy.yy,a,x.x,x.x,x.x,x.x,xxx

hhmmss.ss = UTC of position fix

xxxxxx = Date: dd/mm/yy

lll.ll,a = Latitude of position fix, N/S

yyyyy.yy,a = Longitude of position fix, E/W

x.x = Elevation angle

x.x = Number of iterations

x.x = Number of Doppler intervals

x.x = Update distance, nautical miles

x.x = Satellite ID

## \$GPSTN

Multiple Data ID.

This sentence is transmitted before each individual sentence where there is a need for the Listener to determine the exact source of data in the system. Examples might include dual-frequency depth sounding equipment or equipment that integrates data from a number of sources and produces a single output.

\$--STN,xx

xx = Talker ID number, 00 to 99

---

## \$GPVBW

Dual Ground / Water Speed

Water referenced and ground referenced speed data.

\$--VBW,x.x,x.x,A,x.x,x.x,A

x.x = Longitudinal water speed, knots

x.x = Transverse water speed, knots

A = Status: Water speed, A = Data valid

x.x = Longitudinal ground speed, knots

x.x = Transverse ground speed, knots

A = Status: Ground speed, A = Data valid

---

## \$GPVTG

Track Made Good and Ground Speed.

eg1. \$GPVTG,360.0,T,348.7,M,000.0,N,000.0,K\*43

eg2. \$GPVTG,054.7,T,034.4,M,005.5,N,010.2,K\*41

054.7,T	True course made good over ground, degrees
034.4,M	Magnetic course made good over ground, degrees
005.5,N	Ground speed, N=Knots
010.2,K	Ground speed, K=Kilometers per hour

eg3. for NMEA 0183 version 3.00 active the Mode indicator field  
is added at the end

\$GPVTG,054.7,T,034.4,M,005.5,N,010.2,K,A\*53

A	Mode indicator (A=Autonomous, D=Differential, E=Estimated, N=Data not valid)
---	---

---

## \$GPWPL

Waypoint location

eg1. \$GPWPL,4917.16,N,12310.64,W,003\*65

4917.16,N	Latitude of waypoint
12310.64,W	Longitude of waypoint
003	Waypoint ID



When a route is active, this sentence is sent once for each waypoint in the route, in sequence. When all waypoints have been reported, GPR00 is sent in the next data set. In any group of sentences, only one WPL sentence, or an R00 sentence, will be sent.

eg2. \$GPWPL,5128.62,N,00027.58,W,EGLL\*59

1 2 3 4 5 6

1	5128.62	Latitude of nth waypoint on list
2	N	North/South
3	00027.58	Longitude of nth waypoint
4	W	East/West
5	EGLL	Ident of nth waypoint
6	*59	checksum

## \$GPXTE

Cross Track Error, Measured

eg1. \$GPXTE,A,A,0.67,L,N

A	General warning flag V = warning (Loran-C Blink or SNR warning)
A	Not used for GPS (Loran-C cycle lock flag)
0.67	cross track error distance
L	Steer left to correct error (or R for right)
N	Distance units - Nautical miles

eg2. \$GPXTE,A,A,4.07,L,N\*6D

1 2 3 4 5 6

1	A	validity
2	A	cycle lock
3	4.07	distance off track
4	L	steer left (L/R)
5	N	distance units
6	*6D	checksum

## \$GPZDA

UTC Date / Time and Local Time Zone Offset

Example 1: \$GPZDA,hhmmss.ss,xx,xx,xxxx,xx,xx

hhmmss.ss = UTC

xx = Day, 01 to 31

xx = Month, 01 to 12

xxxx = Year

xx = Local zone description, 00 to +/- 13 hours

xx = Local zone minutes description (same sign as hours)

Example 2: \$GPZDA,024611.08,25,03,2002,00,00\*6A

Field	Example	Comments
Sentence ID	\$GPZDA	
UTC Time	024611.08	UTC time
UTC Day	25	UTC day (01 to 31)
UTC Month	03	UTC month (01 to 12)
UTC Year	2002	UTC year (4 digit format)
Local zone hours	00	Offset to local time zone in hours (+/- 00 to +/- 59)
Local zone minutes	00	Offset to local time zone in minutes (00 to 59)
Checksum	*6A	

[ [Top](#) ]

## 12 interpreted Garmin proprietary sentences transmitted by GPS

### unit

- [\\$HCHDG](#) - Compass Heading
- [\\$PGRMB](#) - DGPS Beacon Information
- [\\$PGRMC](#) - Sensor Configuration Information
- [\\$PGRMC1](#) - Additional Sensor Configuration Information
- [\\$PGRME](#) - Estimated Position Error
- [\\$PGRMF](#) - GPS Position Fix Data
- [\\$PGRMI](#) - Sensor Initialization Information
- [\\$PGRMM](#) - Map Datum
- [\\$PGRMT](#) - Sensor Status Information
- [\\$PGRMV](#) - 3D Velocity Information
- [\\$PGRMZ](#) - Altitude Information
- [\\$PSLIB](#) - Tune DPGS Beacon Receiver

[[Top](#)]

## \$HCHDG

### Compass Heading

This sentence is used on Garmin eTrex summit, Vista and GPS76S receivers to output the value of the internal flux-gate compass. Only the magnetic heading and magnetic variation is shown in the message.

\$HCHDG,101.1,,,7.1,W\*3C

where:

HCHDG	Magnetic heading, deviation, variation
101.1	heading
,,	deviation (no data)
7.1,W	variation

## \$PGRMB

### DGPS Beacon Information

\$PGRMB,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\*HH

1 = Tune frequency, Kilohertz (283.5 - 325.0 in 0.5 steps)

2 = Bit rate, Bits / second (0, 25, 50, 100, 200)

3 = SNR (Signal to Noise Ratio), 0 - 31

4 = Data Quality, 0 - 100

5 = Distance to beacon reference station

6 = Distance unit (K=Kilometres)

7 = Receiver communication status (0=Check wiring, 1=No signal, 2=Tuning, 3=Receiving, 4=Scanning)

8 = Fix source (R=RTCM, W=WAAS, N=Non-DGPS fix)

9 = DGPS Mode (A=Automatic, W=WAAS only, R=RTCM Only, N=None; DGPS disabled)

HH = Checksum

## \$PGRME

### Estimated Position Error

eg. \$PGRME,15.0,M,45.0,M,25.0,M\*22

15.0,M	Estimated horizontal position error (HPE), M=metres
45.0,M	Estimated vertical position error (VPE), M=metres
25.0,M	Overall spherical equivalent position error, M=metres

## \$PGRMF

### GPS Position Fix Data

\$PGRMF,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15\*HH

1 = GPS week number  
 2 = GPS seconds in current week  
 3 = UTC date, ddmmyy format  
 4 = UTC time, hhmmss format  
 5 = GPS leap second count  
 6 = Latitude, dddmm.mmmm format  
 7 = Latitude hemisphere, N or S  
 8 = Longitude, dddmm.mmmm format  
 9 = Longitude hemisphere, E or W  
 10 = Mode (M=Manual, A=Automatic)  
 11 = Fix type (0=No fix, 1=2D fix, 2=3D fix)  
 12 = Speed over ground, kilometres / hour  
 13 = Course over ground, degrees true  
 14 = PDOP (Position dilution of precision), rounded to nearest integer  
 15 = TDOP (Time dilution of precision), rounded to nearest integer  
 HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMM

Map datum

Example 1: \$PGRMM,Astrln Geod '66\*51

'Astrln Geod 66' = Name of currently active datum

Example 2: \$PGRMM,NAD27 Canada\*2F

'NAD27 Canada' = Name of currently active datum

---

## \$PGRMT

Sensor Status Information

\$PGRMT,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\*HH

1 = Garmin product model and software version (eg. GPS 16 VER 2.10)

2 = ROM checksum test (P=Pass, F=Fail)

3 = Receiver failure discrete (P=Pass, F=Fail)

4 = Stored data lost (R=Retained, L=Lost)

5 = Real time clock lost (R=Retained, L=Lost)

6 = Oscillator drift discrete (P=Pass, F=Excessive drift detected)

7 = Data collection discrete (C=Collecting, Null=Not Collecting)

8 = GPS sensor temperature (Degrees C)

9 = GPS sensor configuration data (R=Retained, L=Lost)

HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMV

## 3D Velocity Information

\$PGRMV,1,2,3\*HH

1 = True east velocity, metres / sec

2 = True north velocity, metres / sec

3 = Upward velocity, metres / sec

HH = Checksum

**\$PGRMZ**

## Altitude Information

eg1. \$PGRMZ,246,f,3\*1B

eg2. \$PGRMZ,93,f,3\*21

93,f

Altitude in feet

3

Position fix dimensions 2 = user altitude

3 = GPS altitude

This sentence shows in feet, regardless of units shown on the display.

eg3. \$PGRMZ,201,f,3\*18

1 2 3

1 201 Altitude

2 F Units - f-Feet

3 checksum

**\$PSLIB**

## Tune DPGS Beacon Receiver

Proprietary Differential Control sentences to control a Starlink differential beacon receiver, assuming Garmin's DBR is made by Starlink.

eg1. \$PSLIB,290.5,100,J\*22

eg2. \$PSLIB,300.0,200,K\*23

These two sentences are normally sent together in each group of sentences from the GPS.

The three fields are: Frequency, bit Rate, Request Type. The value in the third field may be: J = status request, K = configuration request, blank = tuning message.

When the GPS receiver is set to change the DBR frequency or baud rate, the "J" sentence is replaced (just once) by (for example): \$PSLIB,320.0,200\*59 to set the DBR to 320 KHz, 200 baud.

To tune a Garmin GBR 21, GBR 23 or equivalent beacon receiver.

\$PSLIB,1,2\*HH

1 = Beacon tune frequency, Kilohertz (283.5 - 325.0 in 0.5 steps)

2 = Beacon bit rate, Bits / second (0, 25, 50, 100, 200)

HH = Checksum

[ [Top](#) ]

## 8 interpreted Garmin proprietary sentences received by GPS unit

- [\\$PGRMC](#) - Sensor Configuration Information
- [\\$PGRMCE](#) - Sensor Configuration Information Enquiry
- [\\$PGRMC1](#) - Additional Sensor Configuration Information
- [\\$PGRMC1E](#) - Additional Sensor Configuration Information Enquiry
- [\\$PGRMI](#) - Sensor Initialization Information
- [\\$PGRMIE](#) - Sensor Initialization Information Enquiry
- [\\$PGRMO](#) - Output Sentence Enable / Disable
- [\\$PSLIB](#) - Tune DPGS Beacon Receiver

A few Garmin GPS receiver units are known to receive these sentences, including the GPS 16 and GPS 17 modules.

[[Top](#)]

## \$PGRMC

Sensor Configuration Information

Used to configure the GPS sensor's operation. The GPS will also transmit this sentence upon receiving this same sentence or the \$PGRMCE sentence.

\$PGRMC,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14\*HH

1 = Fix mode (A=Automatic, 2=2D exclusively; host system must supply altitude, 3=3D exclusively)

2 = Altitude above/below mean sea level, metres

3 = Earth datum index. If the user datum index is specified (96), fields 4 to 8 must contain valid values, otherwise they must be blank.

4 = Semi-major axis, metres, 0.001 metre resolution

5 = Inverse flattening factor, 285 to 310, 10e-9 resolution

6 = Delta X earth centred coordinate, metres, -5000 to 5000, 1 metre resolution

7 = Delta Y earth centred coordinate, metres, -5000 to 5000, 1 metre resolution

8 = Delta Z earth centred coordinate, metres, -5000 to 5000, 1 metre resolution

9 = Differential mode (A=Automatic; output DGPS fixes when available otherwise non-DGPS, D=Only output differential fixes)

10 = NMEA 0183 baud rate (1=1200, 2=2400, 3=4800, 4=9600, 5=19200, 6=300, 7=600)

11 = Velocity filter (0=None, 1=Automatic, 2-255=Filter time constant; seconds)

12 = PPS mode (1=None, 2=1 Hertz)

13 = PPS pulse length, N = 0 to 48. Length (milliseconds) = (N+1)\*20

14 = Dead reckoning valid time, 1 to 30, seconds

HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMCE

Sensor Configuration Information Enquiry

The unit will respond by transmitting a \$PGRMC sentence containing the current default values.

\$PGRMCE\*HH

HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMC1

Additional Sensor Configuration Information

Used to configure additional aspects of the GPS sensor's operation. The GPS will also transmit this sentence upon receiving this same sentence or the \$PGRMC1E sentence.

\$PGRMC1,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\*HH

1 = NMEA 0183 output time, 1-900, seconds (Not applicable to GPS16A)

2 = Binary phase output data (1=Off, 2=On)

3 = Position pinning (1=Off, 2=On)

4 = DGPS beacon frequency, Kilohertz, 283.5 to 325.0 in 0.5 steps

5 = DGPS beacon bit rate (0, 25, 50, 100, 200)

6 = DGPS beacon scanning (1=Off, 2=On)

7 = NMEA 0183 version 3.00 mode indicator (1=Off, 2=On)

8 = DGPS mode (A=Automatic, W=WAAS only, R=RTCM only, N=None; DGPS disabled)

9 = Power save mode (P=Activated, N=Normal)

HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMC1E

Additional Sensor Configuration Information Enquiry

The unit will respond by transmitting a \$PGRMC1 sentence containing the current default values.

\$PGRMC1E\*HH

HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMI

Sensor Initialization Information

Used to set the GPS sensor's set time and position and then commences satellite acquisition. The GPS will also transmit this sentence upon receiving this same sentence or the \$PGRMIE sentence.

\$PGRMI,1,2,3,4,5,6,7\*HH

1 = Latitude, dddmm.mmm format

2 = Latitude hemisphere, N or S  
3 = Longitude, dddmm.mmm format  
4 = Longitude hemisphere, N or S  
5 = Current UTC date, ddmmyy format  
6 = Current UTC time, hhmmss format  
7 = Receiver command (A=Auto locate, R=Unit reset)  
HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMIE

Sensor Initialization Information Enquiry

The unit will respond by transmitting a \$PGRMI sentence containing the current default values.

\$PGRMIE\*HH

HH = Checksum

---

## \$PGRMO

Output Sentence Enable / Disable

\$PGRMO,xxxxx,n\*HH

xxxxx = Target sentence name (eg. GPGGA, GPGSA)

n = Target mode (0=Disable specified sentence, 1=Enable specified sentence, 2=Disable all output sentences except PSLIB, 3=Enable all output sentences except GPALM, 4=Restore factory defaults)

HH = Checksum

[ [Top](#) ]

---

## Format of latitudes and longitudes

Where a numeric latitude or longitude is given, the two digits immediately to the left of the decimal point are whole minutes, to the right are decimals of minutes, and the remaining digits to the left of the whole minutes are whole degrees.

eg. 4533.35 is 45 degrees and 33.35 minutes. ".35" of a minute is exactly 21 seconds.

eg. 16708.033 is 167 degrees and 8.033 minutes. ".033" of a minute is about 2 seconds.

[ [Top](#) ]

---

## References

This information on [NMEA](#) sentences has been sourced from all over the 'net and I make no apologies for any inaccuracies or errors. Still, it's useful stuff. I wish to thank all the sources, which are [listed](#) on my GPS Links page. Please [contact me](#) if you know of freely available interpretations of sentences which are not on this page.



[\[Top\]](#)

---

*Copyright © Glenn Baddeley 2007, 2009*

*<http://home.pacific.net.au/~gnb/gps/nmea.html> was last updated 5th July 2009.*

*Report problems and send comments to [Glenn Baddeley](#).*