TABLE 2.—Work stoppages involving 10,000 or more workers, selected periods

Period	Stoppages involving 10,000 or more workers							
	Number	Percent of total for period	Workers	involved	Man-days idle			
			Number (thousands)	Percent of total for period	Number (thousands)	Percent of total for period		
1935-39 average	11 18 42 31 15 20 18 22 19 35 28 18 26	0.4 .5 .9 .6 .4 .6 .5 .4 .7 .5	365 1, 270 1, 350 2, 920 1, 030 870 1, 920 738 457 1, 690 650 437 1, 210	32. 4 53. 4 38. 9 63. 6 47. 5 63. 2 30. 7 20. 6 47. 8 27. 1 28. 5 45. 6	5, 290 23, 800 19, 300 66, 400 17, 700 18, 900 34, 900 21, 700 5, 680 36, 900 7, 270 7, 520 12, 300	31. 2 59. 9 50. 7 57. 2 51. 2 55. 3 69. 0 24. 8 62. 6 25. 7 33. 3 43. 4		

TABLE 3.—Monthly trends in work stoppages, 1954-55

	Number of stoppages		Workers	involved in s	Man-days idle		
•				In effect during month		during	month
Month	Beginning in month	In effect during month	Beginning in month (thousands)	Number (thousands)	Percent of total employed	Number (thousands)	Percent on estimated working time of all workers
1954							
January	208 249 268 330 384 358 370 328 315 285 220 153	341 400 420 501 559 577 580 525 526 488 387 293	71 59 113 113 208 196 238 143 126 164 71 29	127 104 160 187 244 281 376 300 304 259 129 78	0.31 .25 .39 .45 .59 .68 .91 .72 .73 .62 .31	1,020 886 1,490 1,220 2,010 2,390 3,800 3,740 2,410 1,820 1,310 486	0.12 .11 .16 .13 .24 .26 .44 .41 .27 .21 .15
January	229 255 310 352 432 506 464 496 453 431 242 150	322 347 435 497 616 734 718 740 717 654 451 303	49 92 164 211 177 487 637 236 234 214 84 61	69 122 212 308 324 593 776 384 381 292 201 178	. 17 . 30 . 51 . 74 . 77 1. 39 1. 82 . 89 . 88 . 67 . 46	386 610 1,680 2,730 2,820 3,380 3,320 3,060 2,770 2,470 2,630 2,340	.04 .07 .18 .31 .32 .36 .39 .31 .30 .27 .29

TABLE 4. - Major issues involved in work stoppages, 1955

	S	itoppages beg	Man-days idle during 1955			
Major issues			Workers	involved	(all stoppages)	
	Number	Percent of total ¹	Number 1	Percent of total 1	Number 1	Percen of total 1
All issues	4,320	100.0	2,650,000	100.0	28,200,000	100.0
					1	
Wages, hours, and supplementary benefits 2	2,154	49.9	1,780,000	67.2	17,900,000	63.3
Wage increase	1,291	29.9	854,000	32.3	7,500,000	26.6
Wage decrease	25	. 6	29,400	1.1	980,000 320,000	3.5 1.1
Wage increase, hour decrease	55 2	1.3 (3)	25,200 3,850	1.0 .1	7,700	(3)
Hour increase	۷	(,)	3,000	. 1	[','00	\ /
Wage increase, pension and/or social insurance benefits	284	6.6	207,000	7.8	4,280,000	15.2
henefits	32	. 7	29,600	1.1	1,050,000	3.7
Other 4	465	10.8	627,000	23.7	3,720,000	13.2
Union organization, wages, hours, and supplementary benefits ²	305	7. 1	143,000	5.4	4,590,000	16.3
	303	1.1	113,000	J	1,5,0,00	
Recognition, wages, and/or	210	4.9	22,800	•9	371,000	1.3
Strengthening bargaining position,	210	4. /	22,000	• /	317,000	
wages, and/or hours	26	. 6	76, 100	2.9	3,440,000	12.2
and/or hours	69	1.6	44,200	1.7	784,000	2.8
Discrimination, wages, and/or hours	-	-	-	-	680	(3)
Jnion organization	539	12.5	101,000	3.8	2,840,000	10.1
Recognition	385	8.9	23,200	.9	682,000	2.4
Strengthening bargaining position	51	1.2	67,200	2.5	2,090,000	7.4
Closed or union shop	69	1.6	6,350	.2	48,300	
Discrimination	11	.3	640	$(\overset{3}{})$	10,900	(³)
Other	23	.5	3,610	`. í	11,800	(3)
Other working conditions	964	22.3	550,000	20.8	2,590,000	9.2
Job security	452	10.5	201,000	7.6	1,160,000	4.1
Shop conditions and policies	438	10.1	260,000	9.8	942,000	3.3
Workload	54	1.2	31,700	1.2	288,000	1.0
Other 5	20	. 5	58,000	2.2	200,000	. 7
nterunion or intraunion matters	299	6.9	65,700	2.5	295,000	1.0
Sympathy	69	1.6	36,000	1.4	128,000	. 5
Union rivalry or factionalism	55	1.3	6,540	. 2	62,200	. 2
Turisdiction b	171	4.0	23,000	. 9	105,000	. 4
Union regulations Other	4 -	.1	150	(3)	180	(3)
Not reported	59	1.4	9,240	. 3	26,200	. 1

¹ In this and subsequent tables, the sum of the individual items may not equal the totals for the group, be-

cause the individual figures have been rounded.

2 "Supplementary benefits" has been added to the title only for purposes of clarification. There has been no change from previous years in definition or content of these groups.

Less than 0.05 percent.

Includes stoppages in which the major issue was retroactivity, holidays, vacations, job classification, piece

stoppages each involving more than 10,000 longshoremen are included in this group. (See table 11.)

rates, incentive standards, or other related matters unaccompanied by efforts to change wage rates. More than a third of the stoppages in this group occurred over piece rates or incentive standards.

5 This group includes protest strikes against action or lack of action by Government agencies. The 2 major

Because many jurisdictional stoppages are small, brief, and local in scope, they frequently are not reported either by cooperating agencies or by newspapers; hence, it is probable that these figures do not include all such stoppages occurring during the year.

TABLE 5.-Work stoppages by industry group, 1955

		s beginning 1955	Man-days idle during 1955 (all stoppages)		
Industry group	Number	Workers involved	Number	Percent of estimated working time of all workers	
All industries	14,320	2,650,000	28, 200, 000	0. 26	
MANUFACTURING	¹ 2,420	3 000 000	16 800 000	0.45	
WANGFACT URING	2,420	2,000,000	18,800,000	0.45	
Primary metal industriesFabricated metal products (except ordnance,	279	535,000	1,570,000	.47	
machinery, and transportation equipment) Ordnance and accessories Electrical machinery, equipment, and	282 13	131,000 10,800	1,590,000 140,000	. 57	
supplies	147	202,000	3, 300, 000	1. 15	
Machinery (except electrical) Transportation equipment	306 200	230,000 440,000	3, 800, 000	.95	
Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	81	11,800	1,910,000 227,000	. 12	
Furniture and fixtures	121	26,000	287,000	. 31	
Stone, clay, and glass products	110	32,600	495,000	. 35	
Textile mill productsApparel and other finished products made	96	47, 800	1,400,000	.51	
from fabrics and similar materials	139	15,000	136,000	.04	
Leather and leather products	50	40,400	542,000	. 56	
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures	169	40,400	974,000	25	
Paper and allied products	3 67	340 13, 000	1,220 197,000	(²) .14	
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	29	7,660	176,000	.08	
Chemicals and allied products	105	40,000	634,000	. 31	
Products of petroleum and coalRubber products	18 105	3, 190 124, 000	51,000 490,000	. 08	
Professional, scientific, and controlling	103	124,000	170,000		
instruments; photographic and optical					
goods; watches and clocks Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	30 99	34,000 14,300	694,000 191,000	. 87	
NONMANUFACTURING	¹ 1,913	646,000	9,390,000	. 14	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	11	3,080	14, 200	(³)	
Mining	343	114,000	1,080,000	. 57	
ConstructionTrade	733 409	204,000 52,300	1,810,000	. 28	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	8	550	1,090,000 27,300	(3)	
Transportation, communication, and					
other public utilitiesServices—personal, business, and other	275	253,000	4,860,000	(³)	
Government—administration, protection,	121	17, 800	488,000	(-)	
and sanitation 4	17	1,470	7,210	(3)	

¹ This figure is less than the sum of the figures below, because a few stoppages extending into 2 or more industry groups have been counted in this column in each industry group affected; workers involved and man-days idle were allocated among the respective groups.

2 Less than 0.05 percent.

³ Not available.

Municipally operated utilities are included under transportation, communication, and other public utilities.