

TABLE 2. WORK STOPPAGES INVO

Period	Number	
1935-39 average -----	11	
1947-49 average -----	18	
1945 -----	42	
1946 -----	31	
1947 -----	15	
1948 -----	20	
1949 -----	18	
1950 -----	22	
1951 -----	19	
1952 -----	35	
1953 -----	28	
1954 -----	18	
1955 -----	26	
1956 -----	12	
1957 -----	13	
1958 -----	21	
1959 -----	20	

¹ Includes idleness in stoppages beginning

TABLE 3. WOR

Month	Number of st	
	Beginning in month	I
1958		
January -----	208	
February -----	159	
March -----	195	
April -----	293	
May -----	360	
June -----	374	
July -----	399	
August -----	403	
September -----	471	
October -----	391	
November -----	305	
December -----	136	
1959		
January -----	217	
February -----	206	
March -----	305	
April -----	406	
May -----	442	
June -----	460	
July -----	420	
August -----	380	
September -----	322	
October -----	277	
November -----	161	
December -----	112	

LIVING 10,000 OR MORE WORKERS, SELECTED PERIODS

Stoppages involving 10,000 or more workers

	Workers involved		Man-days idle	
	Number (thousands)	Percent of total for period	Number (thousands) ¹	Percent of total for period
	365	32.4	5,290	31.2
	1,270	53.4	23,800	59.9
	1,350	38.9	19,300	50.7
	2,920	63.6	66,400	57.2
	1,030	47.5	17,700	51.2
	870	44.5	18,900	55.3
	1,920	63.2	34,900	69.0
	738	30.7	21,700	56.0
	457	20.6	5,680	24.8
	1,690	47.8	36,900	62.6
	650	27.1	7,270	25.7
	437	28.5	7,520	33.3
	1,210	45.6	12,300	43.4
	758	39.9	19,600	59.1
	283	20.4	3,050	18.5
	823	40.0	10,600	44.2
	845	45.0	50,800	73.7

in earlier years.

WORK STOPPAGES BY MONTH, 1958-59

Stoppages in effect during month	Workers involved in stoppages			Man-days idle during month	
	Beginning in month (thousands)	In effect during month		Number (thousands)	Percent of estimated total working time
		Number (thousands)	Percent of total employed		
307	83	98	0.23	595	0.06
262	36	52	.12	404	.05
309	159	182	.43	1,240	.14
411	82	122	.29	1,100	.12
519	156	200	.48	1,940	.22
552	156	247	.58	1,850	.21
596	159	238	.56	2,160	.23
638	162	288	.67	2,160	.24
712	324	414	.96	2,400	.26
637	463	531	1.23	5,420	.55
497	224	296	.68	2,210	.27
357	58	169	.39	2,430	.25
378	76	168	.39	1,800	.20
347	74	130	.31	1,360	.16
462	103	159	.37	1,270	.13
593	149	233	.54	2,380	.25
688	167	294	.67	3,010	.33
722	183	330	.74	2,890	.29
681	668	787	1.78	9,230	.95
636	161	757	1.71	13,400	1.44
624	109	781	1.76	13,800	1.48
548	125	775	1.75	14,100	1.45
402	41	652	1.47	4,300	.48
285	23	101	.22	1,430	.14

TABLE 4. MAJOR ISSUES INVOLV

Major issues	Stoppage	
	Number	F
All issues -----	3,708	
Wages, hours, and supplementary benefits -----	1,872	
Wage increase ¹ -----	1,209	
Wage decrease -----	14	
Wage increase, hour decrease -----	51	
Wage decrease, hour increase -----	2	
Wage increase, pension, and/or social insurance benefits -----	280	
Pension and/or social insurance benefits -----	27	
Other ² -----	289	
Union organization, wages, hours, and supplementary benefits -----	361	
Recognition, wages, and/or hours -----	261	
Strengthening bargaining position, wages, and/or hours -----	17	
Union security, wages, and/or hours -----	83	
Union organization -----	303	
Recognition -----	204	
Strengthening bargaining position -----	19	
Union security -----	55	
Discrimination -----	5	
Other -----	20	
Other working conditions -----	761	
Job security -----	388	
Shop conditions and policies -----	324	
Workload -----	38	
Other -----	11	
Interunion or intraunion matters -----	350	
Sympathy -----	53	
Union rivalry ⁴ -----	38	
Jurisdiction ⁵ -----	257	
Union administration ⁶ -----	2	
Not reported -----	61	

¹ This group includes the nationwide steel stoppage. benefit increases, the issues in the steel strike also included.

² Issues such as retroactivity, holidays, vacations, other related matters unaccompanied by proposals to effect category. Slightly less than a third of the stoppages in this category.

³ Less than 0.05 percent.

⁴ Includes disputes between unions of different affiliations, AFL-CIO and nonaffiliates.

⁵ Includes disputes between unions of the same affiliation.

⁶ Includes disputes within a union over the administration.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

ED IN WORK STOPPAGES, 1959

Pages beginning in 1959			Man-days idle during 1959 (all stoppages)	
Percent of total	Workers involved			
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
100.0	1,880,000	100.0	69,000,000	100.0
50.5	1,320,000	70.5	61,200,000	88.6
32.6	924,000	49.2	49,100,000	71.1
.4	1,650	.1	86,100	.1
1.4	33,600	1.8	695,000	1.0
.1	2,510	.1	44,300	.1
7.6	167,000	8.9	7,030,000	10.2
.7	63,200	3.4	1,880,000	2.7
7.8	134,000	7.1	2,390,000	3.5
9.7	95,500	5.1	2,470,000	3.6
7.0	17,900	1.0	411,000	.6
.5	2,280	.1	39,000	.1
2.2	75,300	4.0	2,020,000	2.9
8.2	58,400	3.1	1,700,000	2.5
5.5	14,100	.8	251,000	.4
.5	25,100	1.3	1,190,000	1.7
1.5	11,800	.6	226,000	.3
.1	2,560	.1	5,140	(³)
.5	4,880	.3	27,000	(³)
20.5	362,000	19.3	3,400,000	4.9
10.5	212,000	11.3	2,210,000	3.2
8.7	134,000	7.1	908,000	1.3
1.0	12,800	.7	224,000	.3
.3	2,790	.1	53,400	.1
9.4	32,000	1.7	222,000	.3
1.4	8,990	.5	64,600	.1
1.0	5,590	.3	42,400	.1
6.9	17,400	.9	111,000	.2
.1	90	(³)	210	(³)
1.6	5,760	.3	30,500	(³)

In addition to the unions' demand for wage and/or fringe included company proposals for changes in working rules. job classification, piece rates, incentive standards, or effect general changes in wage rates are included in this is group occurred over piece rates or incentive standards.

iliation such as those between unions affiliated with the

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tration of union affairs or regulations.

ms may not equal totals.

TABLE 5. WORK STOPPAGE

Industry group	Stoppage
	Number of man-days
All industries -----	^a 3,700
Manufacturing -----	^a 2,040
Primary metal industries -----	230
Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment -----	270
Ordnance and accessories -----	10
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies -----	90
Machinery, except electrical -----	210
Transportation equipment -----	100
Lumber and wood products, except furniture -----	50
Furniture and fixtures -----	100
Stone, clay, and glass products -----	160
Textile mill products -----	70
Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials -----	120
Leather and leather products -----	30
Food and kindred products -----	160
Tobacco manufactures -----	50
Paper and allied products -----	50
Printing, publishing, and allied industries -----	90
Chemicals and allied products -----	100
Petroleum refining and related industries -----	60
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products -----	60
Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks -----	20
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries -----	60
Nonmanufacturing -----	^a 1,670
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries -----	10
Mining -----	180
Contract construction -----	770
Wholesale and retail trade -----	310
Finance, insurance, and real estate -----	10
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services -----	230
Services -----	1280
Government -----	250

¹ Man-days of employment in the primary metal industry on the basis of average employment throughout the affected pay period ending nearest the fifteenth of each month in the pay period ending the fifteenth, and was presumed to be the same as in the pay period ending the fifteenth of November, employment was 1,196,000 in the pay period ending the fifteenth of November, but was not at this level in the last 3 weeks of the month, but was during which time the steel strike was in progress.

If the percentage of time lost were calculated on the basis of the percentage of time lost, the percentages would have been 12.12 in primary metal industry and 12.12 in nonmanufacturing.

² Stoppages extending into 2 or more industry groups were allocated to the industry group in which the workers involved and man-days idle were allocated to the industry group.

³ Excludes government.

⁴ Not available.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

BY INDUSTRY GROUP, 1959

Stoppages beginning in 1959		Man-days idle during 1959 (all stoppages)	
Industry	Workers involved	Number	Percent of estimated total working time ¹
8	1,880,000	69,000,000	0.61
3	1,280,000	55,500,000	1.34
6	575,000	39,000,000	13.77
6	100,000	3,150,000	1.14
3	8,290	125,000	.34
6	48,100	820,000	.25
7	82,700	2,820,000	.68
8	76,500	1,390,000	.32
8	14,100	210,000	.12
1	16,000	422,000	.43
5	50,800	1,230,000	.87
0	23,500	229,000	.09
2	19,100	253,000	.08
8	5,570	53,300	.05
9	80,000	1,720,000	.45
1	900	6,300	.02
9	18,700	442,000	.30
8	24,400	352,000	.15
7	19,600	422,000	.19
8	18,000	550,000	.92
2	76,800	1,930,000	2.90
6	8,680	158,000	.18
8	11,300	179,000	.14
2	600,000	13,500,000	³ 1.19
0	2,230	65,700	(⁴)
7	120,000	5,650,000	3.26
1	251,000	4,120,000	.58
1	72,200	1,570,000	.05
1	770	4,310	(⁴)
8	140,000	1,910,000	.19
8	12,700	190,000	(⁴)
5	2,050	10,500	(⁴)

Industries group during the steel strike have been computed on the basis of months, rather than on the usual basis of employment. In July, employment in primary metals was 1,266,000 and is estimated to be 778,000 during the second half of the month. In August, employment nearest the fifteenth, and was presumed to hold at 778,000, reduced by 476,000 in the first week of the month.

On the basis of ratio of time lost to time worked plus time worked in the metal industries and 1.33 in the manufacturing group. Stoppages have been counted in each industry group affected; the respective groups.

These figures may not equal totals.