$$Q(0) = (P_t(p) \ s')$$
  $Q(s) = V_s(P_t(p)) = (P_t(V_s(p)))$  口(ii)  $\Rightarrow$  (i)

両辺を Sで微分し 
$$\frac{d}{ds} \varphi_t (\gamma \psi_s(p)) = \frac{d}{ds} \psi_s (\varphi_t(p))$$

$$D \varphi_t (\frac{d}{ds} \psi_s(p)) = S = 0$$

$$D \varphi_t (\frac{dp}{ds}) = \frac{d}{ds} \varphi_t(p)$$

$$D \varphi_t (W(P)) = W(\varphi_t(P))$$

両近に D午を掛ける W(p) = D + W(f(p))

$$[V, W] = \lim_{t \to 0} \frac{D \varphi_{-t} W (\varphi_{t}(\rho)) - W}{t} = 0$$

(e) ユークリッド合同変換群の無限小変換

$$\mathbb{R} \to \mathsf{E}(3): t \mapsto (A(t), \mathcal{V}(t)) \quad \tau$$

 $(A(t), \mathcal{V}(t)) \cdot (A(s), \mathcal{V}(s)) = (A(t+s), \mathcal{V}(t+s))$ 

をみたすもの、巨(3)の部分粉で、Rと同型のものについて

。平行秒動 
$$V \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$(A(t), \psi(t)) = (I, t\psi)$$

$$\varphi_t(p) = (I, tv)(p) = p + tv$$

に対えまる無限小変換は