undel = fdain ... ndxik nd (8 dxin ... ndxie) = $\int dx i \wedge \dots \wedge dx i \wedge (\sum \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} dx i \wedge dx^{i} \wedge \dots \wedge dx^{i\ell})$ = I.f 20 dain n dait n dain dain non n dail = (-1) & 5: f oxi dai ndxi n... ndxik ndxindxindxi d(UNV) = dUNV+(-1)* UNdV. 問4 $W = dx^1 \wedge dx^2 + \dots + dx^{2n-1} \wedge dx^{2n}$ のとき (微分2形式) $W^n = \underbrace{W_{\Lambda_{m,\Lambda}} W}_{n,t}$ 支計算せよ。 [解] $W^{n} = (dx^{1} \wedge dx^{2} + \cdots + dx^{2n-1} \wedge dx^{2n})^{n}$ nケのWの中からdxzi-1人dxziを 1つずう選ぶことになるが $dx^{2i-1} \wedge dx^{2i} \wedge dx^{2i-1} \wedge dx^{2i} = 0$ であるから、Oにならない項の選び方はか!通り。 $u^{i} = dx^{2i-1} \wedge dx^{2i}$ Exist $u^{i} \wedge u^{j} = (-1)^{4} u^{j} \wedge u^{i} = u^{j} \wedge u^{i}$ で結合法則を用いると、 $W^{n} = m! dx^{1} \wedge dx^{2} \wedge dx^{3} \wedge dx^{4} \wedge \cdots \wedge dx^{2n-1} \wedge dx^{2n}$ 衣