

Partial Differential Equations

(Semester II; Academic Year 2024-25)

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Assignment - 3

Given Date: January 22, 2025

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Number of questions: 3

Maximum Marks: 50

1. Determine the types of the following equations, and reduce them to canonical form. (20)

(a) $u_{xx} + 2e^{x+y}u_{xy} + e^{2y}u_{yy} = 0.$

(b) $u_{xx} + 2u_{xy} + 4u_{xz} + 5u_{zz} + u_x + 2u_y = 0$ (in \mathbb{R}^3).

(c) $u_{xx} - 2 \sin xu_{xy} - \cos^2 xu_{yy} - \cos xu_y = 0.$

(d) $\sin^4(2x)u_{xx} + 4 \sin^4(2x)u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}.$

2. Use Gauss-Divergence Theorem to drive the following integration by parts formula (10)

(a) $\int_{\Omega} v \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} = - \int_{\Omega} u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x_i} + \int_{\partial\Omega} uv \nu^i$

(b) $\int_{\Omega} v \Delta u = - \int_{\Omega} \nabla u \nabla v + \int_{\partial\Omega} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} v$

3. Let Ω be a open bounded subset of \mathbb{R}^n with ν the outward unit normal vector at $\partial\Omega$, A be an $n \times n$ matrix and $L = \text{div}(A\nabla u)$ be an elliptic operator on Ω . Discuss the uniqueness of solution (if it exists) for the following PDEs: (20)

(a)

$$\begin{cases} Lu = f \text{ in } \Omega \\ u = g \text{ on } \partial\Omega. \end{cases}$$

(b)

$$\begin{cases} Lu = f \text{ in } \Omega \\ A\nabla u \cdot \nu = g \text{ on } \partial\Omega. \end{cases}$$

(c)

$$\begin{cases} Lu - u = f \text{ in } \Omega \\ A\nabla u \cdot \nu = g \text{ on } \partial\Omega. \end{cases}$$