SmoothTurret 2.0 - Tutorials

Setting up a turret for player control

To make one or more turrets player controlled, you need an object in the scene to represent the player. This object doesn't have to be visible, or be controllable, it just needs to exist to hold the ST_Player script.

- 1. Attach the ST Player script to the player object.
- 2. Assign a prefab or objects in the scene to the Aim Object and Fire Object fields to represent the aim point, and fire point. If these are prefabs, they will be created at runtime. If these are left blank, blank objects will be created.
- 3. Make sure Turret Control is checked.
- 4. On the turret(s), in the ST_TurretController script, change the control menu to "Player_Mouse" or "Player_Click".
- 5. Then, drag the player object into the Player field. You may assign multiple turrets to a player, but you may not assign more than one player to a single turret.

Additionally, an aim object can be assigned in the ST_Turret script that will show where the turret is actually pointing. If the aim object of the turret is given a fixed range, it won't both point at the impact point unless the player view is also aligned with the mount object of the turret.

Creating your own turret

A blank turret prefab with the proper hierarchy has been provided to make things easier.

- 1. From the Prefabs > Turrets folder, drag the Blank Turret Template prefab into your scene.
- 2. From the GameObject menu, select Break Prefab Instance, so you don't accidentally modify the template prefab.

In the inspector, you can see the object hierarchy:

Blank Turret Template

Rotator

Elevator

Mount

The root object, Blank Turret Template, has the ST_Turret and ST_TurretControl scripts attached. Next, we'll add mesh objects to represent the turret parts.

Instead of placing mesh components directly to the parts, it is highly recommended to give these their own GameObjects placed as children of the part. This will allow you to freely move, scale, or rotate the mesh object.

- 1. Place your base mesh as a child of the Blank Turret Template, and move, scale, or rotate it as desired.
- 2. If needed, move the Rotator object so that it's pivot represents the center of rotation for your turret. It need not be centered with the root object, but don't change its rotation.
- 3. Place the mesh associated with the rotation part as a child of of the Rotator. Move, scale, or rotate the mesh object as desired. Match the direction you want to be forward to the positive z axis.
- 4. Move the elevator object so that its pivot is where its elevation movement should be centered. This need not be centered with the Rotator, but don't change its rotation.
- 5. Place the mesh associated with the elevator part as a child of the Elevator. Move, scale, or rotate the mesh object as desired. Match the direction you want to be forward to the positive z axis.
- 6. Now drag your weapon object as a child of the Mount object. Keep the weapon's rotation at (0,0,0) and it should be centered on the Mount object.

If you want to add more than one weapon, make the mount's pivot centered between the weapons.

In the inspector, your object hierarchy should look something like this:

Blank Turret Template
GameObject (with mesh)

Rotator

GameObject (with mesh)
Elevator
GameObject (with mesh)
Mount

Weapon Object

If this is a weapon turret, you'll need the ST_TurretControl script to bridge communication between the weapon and the turret. This is already on the root object of your turret.

- 1. Change the weapons field size to the number of weapons on the turret.
- 2. For each weapon, drag and drop it into the new corresponding object fields.

This completes the basic set-up of the GameObjects, but a few decisions must still be made.

See the Target Selection tutorial below for the next steps.

Automatic and Manual Target Selection

There are a number of ways the turret can detect targets.

- Designate the target manually, or have another script provide the target.
- MF_B_Targeting can pick a target for the turret from an MF_B_TargetList. And MF_B_Scanner will
 place targets on the list.

Note, that if multiple turrets are to use the same target list, they can all point to a single list, and they may all pick different targets. In this way you can have less scanners running, and improve performance.

If the MF_B_TargetList script is higher in the hierarchy of the turret object, you can leave the Target List Script field of MF_B_Targeting blank. The script will search up the tree and use the first target list found.

If the list is somewhere else, you'll have to drag and drop the object holding the script into the Target List Script field.

For now, we'll set up the turret to choose its own targets.

- 1. In the Prefabs > Targets folder, you can drag a target into the scene. Alternately, you can use an object you already have in your scene.
- 2. Create a new tag called, "Side1" and change the tag of this target object to the new tag.

 Tags may be created using the Unity3D menu: Edit > Project Settings > Tags and Layers.
 - You can rename the tags SmoothTurret uses, but more on that below.

3. Duplicate this target a few times, if you want, and move them around.

- 4. From the _MobFarm Basics > Scripts folder, drag MF_B_Targeting to the root object of your turret. You won't need to change anything on this script just yet.
- 5. Next, drag MF B TargetList to the root object of your turret.
- 6. And then drag MF B Scanner to the root object of your turret.
- 7. On MF_B_Scanner, change the Targetable Factions field size to 1, and notice that a new drop-down menu appears. Change it to Side 1, so it will target factions tagged Side1.
- 8. Set the Scan Range to a range that will reach at least one of your target objects.
- 9. Set Scan Interval to 1 second.

10. Press Play, and the turret should now track the closest target. You can change the target priority to the farthest target (in range of the scanner) by selecting it from the drop-down menu of the Priority variable on MF B Targeting.

Customizing Tag and Layer names

At some point you may wish to add or change the tag or layer names that MF_B_Scanner and MF_B_Targeting uses.

1. Open the MF_StaticUtilities script located in _MobFarm Basics > Scripts > Abstract_Statics in the editor. Simply change the following line near the top of the list:

```
public enum FactionType { Side0, Side1, Side2, Side3 };
```

Add or replace Side0, Side1, etc. with whatever names you want to use.

2. Save the script with your changes.

Component Set-up Strategies

There are a number of ways to combine scanners, target lists, targeting scripts, and turrets. The strategy employed will depend on the functionality you wish to simulate, and the performance you need. Here are some examples, listed as object hierarchies, where each line is a separate object.

```
Scanner - TargetList - Targeting - Navigation
Scanner - TargetList - Targeting - Turret 1
Scanner - TargetList - Targeting - Turret 2
```

Each turret and navigation script in this example has its own scanner, target list, and target. If you have scanners and turrets of very different capabilities, this can be useful. However, there may be a better way to get similar results more efficiently.

Scanner - TargetList - Targeting - Navigation

Turret 1

Turret 2

On this set-up, both turrets and navigation will all target the same target.

Scanner - TargetList

Targeting - Navigation

Targeting - Turret 1

Targeting - Turret 2

Here all turrets and navigation use the same target list, but they can all choose different targets. However, if the scanner gets destroyed, they'll all stop targeting.

Scanner - TargetList - Targeting - Navigation

Targeting

Turret 1

Turret 2

Scanner - TargetList - Targeting - Turret 3

In this example, turrets 1 and 2 pick the same target, and navigation picks its own. Turret 3 is completely independent, and will continue to function even if the root scanner is non-functional.