

Analysis of the exponential distribution in R and comparing it with the Central Limit Theorem

Vadim K.

2017-01-08

Overview

This project is aimed to investigate the exponential distribution in R and compare it with the Central Limit Theorem. We make a simulation of 1000 averages of 40 exponentials and illustrate the properties of the obtained distribution (sample mean and variance are compared with theoretical ones). We also show that the obtained distribution is approximately normal.

Simulations

We take the rate parameter 'lambda' for the exponential distribution equal 0.2.

```
lambda <- 0.2
```

Theoretical mean of exponential distribution is $1/\lambda$ and the standard deviation is also $1/\lambda$.

```
mu <- 1/lambda  
sigma <- 1/lambda
```

Sample size is 40

```
n <- 40
```

And the number of simulations is 1000

```
nosim <- 1000
```

We generate a matrix called 'sample' of random exponentials with given parameters.

```
set.seed(11142)  
sample <- matrix(rexp(nosim * n, rate = lambda), nosim, n)
```

The dimensions of the matrix are 1000 rows by 40 columns

```
dim(sample)
```

```
## [1] 1000 40
```

Sample Mean versus Theoretical Mean

From simulated data we generate a vector called 'sample_means' of 1000 averages of 40 exponentials

```
sample_means <- apply(sample, 1, mean)
```

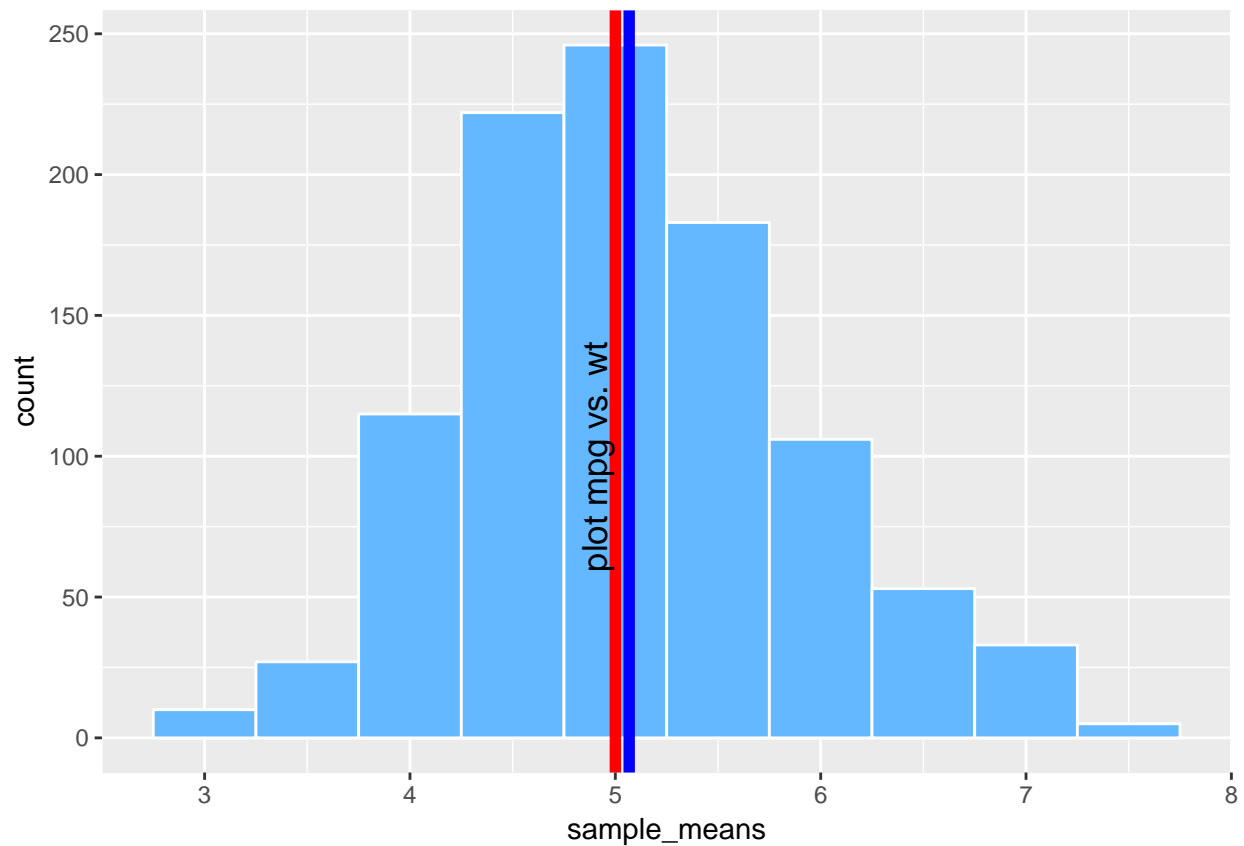
Now we can plot the histogram of sample means overla

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.3.2
```

```
g <- ggplot(data.frame(sample_means), aes(x = sample_means)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.5, color = "white", fill = "steelblue1") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = mu, color = "red", size = 2) +
  geom_vline(xintercept = mean(sample_means), color = "blue", size = 2) +
  annotate("text", label = "plot mpg vs. wt", x = 4.9, y = 100, size = 4.5, angle = 90)

print(g)
```



```
length(colors())
```

```
## [1] 657
```

So our sample mean is equal 5.067

```
mean(sample_means)
```

```
## [1] 5.067507
```

Which is very close to theoretical means