Assumption University of Thailand Vincent Mary School of Science and Technology

QUIZ II (online) Semester 1/2022

Subject: ITX 2006/CSX 2006 - Mathematics and Statistics for Data Science

Date: Monday, September 19, 2022 Time: 09:00 – 11:00 (2 hours)

Lecturer: Dr. Khaing Sandar Htun (Full-time Lecturer) Section 541

Instructions:

- 1. Read the questions carefully and answer each question completely, legibly, and concisely.
- 2. Show detail of your calculation.
- 3. Submit your answer in one single PDF file and name it as "YourName-YourID"
- 4. This examination is **open-book** and the use of books and lecture notes is allowed.

Marking Scale:

The total number of marks for the 5 questions on the exam paper is 80 marks.

The total of 80 marks for this examination corresponds to 5% of the final score.

3.6.1	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Marks						
Awarded						

Student Name:	ID:	

Total: 1 Page (excluding this page)

There are 5 questions for the total of 80 marks.

1. (10 marks) Is the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -6 \\ 3 & -2 & -8 \\ 1 & -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ singular or nonsingular matrix? If it is nonsingular

matrix, find its inverse by using the method of Gauss-Jordan elimination.

- 2. (10 marks) Determine whether the vector (6, -5, -6) is a linear combination of the vectors (3, 3, 1), (-1, -2, -1), and (-6, -8, -3) in \mathbb{R}^3 .
- 3. (10 marks) Determine that the set of vectors (3, 3, 1), (-1, -2, -1), and (-6, -8, -3) are linearly dependent or independent in \mathbb{R}^3 .
- 4. **(30 marks)** Given matrix $\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
 - a) (15 marks) Show that the given matrix **B** is diagonalizable.
 - b) (3 marks) Find a diagonal matrix **D** that is similar to **B**.
 - c) (12 marks) Determine the similarity transformation that diagonalizes B.
- 5. **(20 marks)** Using your admission number (ABCDEFG) to create the elements for the vector **u** and **v** in **R**⁵. (If your ID number is 6238001, use A=6, B=2, etc.) Let vector **u** = (A B, 2C, D + E, -F, 5G) and vector **v** = (-F, -G, A+B, -(C+D), E+F). For each pair of vector **u** and **v** determine the following values.
 - a) (2 marks) Dot product of vector \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .
 - b) (4 marks) Norm of the vector **u** and normalized vector.
 - c) (4 marks) Norm of the vector v and normalized vector.
 - d) (5 marks) Are the vector \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} orthogonal vectors in \mathbf{R}^5 ? Use the <u>Pythagorean</u> <u>Theorem</u>.
 - e) (5 marks) Angle between the vector **u** and **v**.

End of Examination Paper