

Name:.....  
ID:.....

## PART 1: LOC

### Exercise 1: Estimation for Function A

Description:

```
include <stdio.h>
int main(void) {
    printf("Hello World");
    return 0;
}
```

How many LOC in this function (Conte)? **05**

### Exercise 2: Estimation for Projects

| Project | LOC    | People | Error | PP.Doc | Time      | Effort  | Quality | Document |
|---------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-----------|---------|---------|----------|
| A       | 15,000 | 3      | 135   | 356    | 1 month   | 5000    | 9       | 23.73    |
| B       | 28,200 | 5      | 250   | 1232   | 2 month   | 2820    | 8.6     | 43.68    |
| C       | 30,000 | 6      | 256   | 980    | 1.5 month | 3333.33 | 8.5     | 32.66    |

$$\text{Effort} = \text{LOC}/(\text{People} * \text{month}) = 15000/3*1 = 5000$$

$$\text{Quality} = \text{Error}/\text{KLOC} = 135/15 = 9$$

$$\text{Document} = \text{PP.Doc}/\text{KLOC} = 356/15 = 23.73$$

### Exercise 3: Estimation for Projects

Assuming

- Estimated project LOC = MSSV (**VD: 1800234**)
- Organisational productivity (similar project type) = 620 LOC/p-m
- Burdened labour rate = 5000 \$/p-m

Then

$$\text{Effort} = 1800234/620 = 2903.60 \text{ p-m}$$

$$\text{Cost per LOC} = 5000/620 = (12.9) = 8 \text{ \$/LOC}$$

$$\text{Project total Cost} = 5000 * 2903.60 = 14518000 \text{ \$}$$

### Exercise 4: Estimation for Projects

A system is composed of 7 subsystems as below.

Given for each subsystem the size in LOC and the 2 metrics: productivity LOC/pm (pm: person month), Cost \$/LOC.

Calculate the system **total cost** in \$ and **effort** in months .

$$\text{Cost} = (\text{Estimated LOC}) * (\$/\text{LOC}) = 2340 * 14 = 32760$$

$$\text{Effort} = (\text{Estimated LOC}) / (\text{LOC/pm}) = 2340 / 315 = 7.43$$

| Function | estimated LOC | LOC/pm | \$/LOC | Cost   | Effort (months) |
|----------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------|
| UICF     | 2340          | 315    | 14     | 32760  | 7.43            |
| 2DGA     | 5380          | 220    | 20     | 107600 | 24.45           |
| 3DGA     | 6800          | 220    | 20     | 136000 | 30.91           |
| DSM      | 3350          | 240    | 18     | 60300  | 13.96           |
| CGDF     | 4950          | 200    | 22     | 108900 | 24.75           |
| PCF      | 2140          | 140    | 28     | 59920  | 15.29           |
| DAM      | 8400          | 300    | 18     | 151200 | 28              |
| Total    |               |        |        | 656680 | 144.79          |

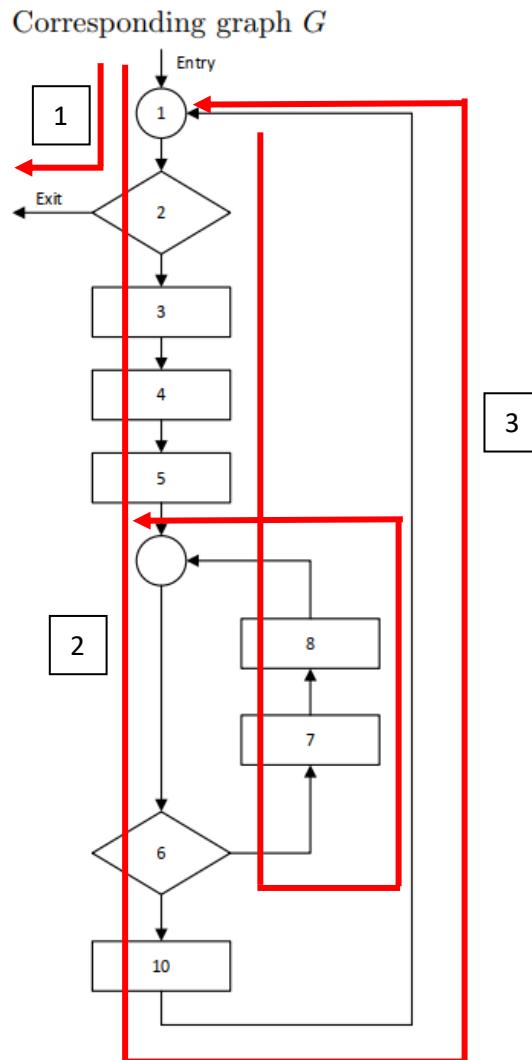
## PART 2: CYCLOMATIC COMPLEXITY

### Code of Program

```

1 void insertionSort(int[] array) {
2     for (int i = 2; i < array.length; i++) {
3         tmp = array[i];
4         array[0] = tmp;
5         int j = i;
6         while (j > 0 && tmp < array[j - 1]) {
7             array[j] = array[j - 1];
8             j--;
9         }
10        array[j] = tmp;
11    }
12 }
```

1. Draw Corresponding graph G



2. Calculate Cyclomatic complexity

$$V(G) = P + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$$

## PART 3: COCOMO MODEL

### **Exercise 1:** Estimation for Projects

Suppose a project was estimated to be 400 KLOC. Calculate the **effort** and **development time** for each of the three model i.e., **organic, semi-detached & embedded**.

#### **(i) Organic Mode**

$$E = 2.4 * (400)^{1.05} = 1295.31 \text{ PM}$$

$$D = 2.5 * (1295.31)^{0.38} = 38.07 \text{ PM}$$

#### **(ii) Semidetached Mode**

$$E = 3.0 * (400)^{1.12} = 2462.79 \text{ PM}$$

$$D = 2.5 * (2462.79)^{0.35} = 38.45 \text{ PM}$$

#### **(iii) Embedded Mode**

$$E = 3.6 * (400)^{1.20} = 4772.81 \text{ PM}$$

$$D = 2.5 * (4772.8)^{0.32} = 38 \text{ PM}$$

### **Exercise 2:** Estimation for Projects

A project size of 200 KLOC is to be developed. Software development team has average experience on similar type of projects. The project schedule is not very tight. Calculate the **Effort, development time, average staff size, and productivity** of the project in **semidetached mode**.

$$E = 3.0 * (200)^{1.12} = 1133.12 \text{ PM}$$

$$D = 2.5 * (1133.12)^{0.35} = 29.3 \text{ PM}$$

$$\text{Average Staff Size (SS)} = \frac{E}{D} \text{ Persons}$$

$$= \frac{1133.12}{29.3} = 38.67 \text{ Persons}$$

$$\text{Productivity} = \frac{\text{KLOC}}{E} = \frac{200}{1133.12} = 0.1765 \text{ KLOC/PM}$$

$$P = 176 \text{ LOC/PM}$$