HW06 109061641 林庭寬

problem

In this homework we will Cross-compile Gaussian Blur to RISC-V VP platform.

Solution algorithms

we use systemC and TLM2.0 to implement this gaussian blur at the platform we set fifo channel

```
sc_fifo<unsigned char> i_r;
sc_fifo<unsigned char> i_g;
sc_fifo<unsigned char> i_b;
sc_fifo<int> o_result_r;
sc_fifo<int> o_result_g;
sc_fifo<int> o_result_b;
```

TLM read and write

```
case tlm::TLM READ COMMAND:
  switch (addr) {
    case GAUSSIAN BLUR RESULT ADDR:
      buffer.uc[0] = o_result_r.read();
      buffer.uc[1] = o_result_g.read();
      buffer.uc[2] = o_result_b.read();
      buffer.uc[3] = 0;
     break;
    default:
      std::cerr << "READ Error! gaussianFilter::blocking transport: address 0x"</pre>
                << std::setfill('0') << std::setw(8) << std::hex << addr
                << std::dec << " is not valid" << std::endl;
  data_ptr[0] = buffer.uc[0];
  data_ptr[1] = buffer.uc[1];
  data ptr[2] = buffer.uc[2];
 data_ptr[3] = buffer.uc[3];
case tlm::TLM_WRITE_COMMAND:
 switch (addr) {
    case GAUSSIAN BLUR R ADDR:
     i_r.write(data_ptr[0]);
      i_g.write(data_ptr[1]);
      i_b.write(data_ptr[2]);
     break;
      std::cerr << "WRITE Error! gaussianFilter::blocking_transport: address 0x"</pre>
                << std::setfill('0') << std::setw(8) << std::hex << addr
                << std::dec << " is not valid" << std::endl;
```

set address in main.cpp

```
addr_t gaussianFilter_start_addr = 0x75000000;
addr_t gaussianFilter_size = 0x01000000;
addr_t gaussianFilter_end_addr = gaussianFilter_start_addr + gaussianFilter_size - 1;
```

create new bus port and socket

```
bus.ports[14] = new PortMapping(opt.gaussianFilter_start_addr, opt.gaussianFilter_end_addr);

bus.isocks[14].bind(gaussian_filter.tsock);
```

at the software

check start address and read address

```
static char* const gaussianFILTER_START_ADDR = reinterpret_cast∢char* const>(0x75000000);

static char* const gaussianFILTER_READ_ADDR = reinterpret_cast∢char* const>(0x750000004);
```

we also use direct mapping access to read and write data

```
void write data to ACC(char* ADDR, unsigned char* buffer, int len){
  if(_is_using_dma){
    // Using DMA
    *DMA_SRC_ADDR = (uint32_t)(buffer);
    *DMA_DST_ADDR = (uint32_t)(ADDR);
    *DMA_LEN_ADDR = len;
    *DMA_OP_ADDR = DMA_OP_MEMCPY;
  }else{
    // Directly Send
   memcpy(ADDR, buffer, sizeof(unsigned char)*len);
void read_data_from_ACC(char* ADDR, unsigned char* buffer, int len){
  if(_is_using_dma){
    // Using DMA
    *DMA_SRC_ADDR = (uint32_t)(ADDR);
    *DMA DST ADDR = (uint32 t)(buffer);
    *DMA LEN ADDR = len;
    *DMA_OP_ADDR = DMA_OP_MEMCPY;
  }else{
   memcpy(buffer, ADDR, sizeof(unsigned char)*len);
```

Experimental results

```
Reading from array
 _____
input_rgb_raw_data_offset = 54
width = 256
                          = 256
length
bytes_per_pixel
                          = 3
Info: /OSCI/SystemC: Simulation stopped by user.
simulation time: 3494287520 ns
zero (x0) =
               0
   (x1) =
ra
            10696
   (x2) = 1ffffec
sp
gp
   (x3) =
           508f0
            0
20
tр
    (x4) =
    (x5) =
t0
    (x6) = 30000
t1
t2
    (x7) =
            1
0
s0/fp(x8) =
s1
    (x9) =
              0
              0
0
a0
   (x10) =
a1
   (x11) =
a2
a3
   (x12) =
            4c1
             0
0
0
   (x13) =
a4
a5
   (x14) =
   (x15) =
a6
   (x16) =
a7
   (x17) =
              5d
  (x18) =
s2
               0
s3
   (x19) =
              0
  (x20) =
s4
s5
  (x21) =
               0
s6 (x22) =
               0
s7 (x23) =
               0
s8 (x24) =
               0
s9 (x25) =
               0
s10 (x26) =
               0
s11 (x27) =
               0
   (x28) =
   (x29) =
t4
                2
  (x30) =
t5
             8800
t6 (x31) =
pc = 1b6a8
num-instr = 94200746
```

Discussions and conclusions

Before this homework I do lab08 to learn the architecture of riscv, and this homework I learn about riscv architecture and implement in C and systemC. I think riscv is very useful to application. I derive much benefit in this class, thanks.