

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\epsilon^2 C_k^2 \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)}{\sqrt{1 + \epsilon^2 C_k^2 \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\epsilon^2 C_k^2 \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)}{1 + \epsilon^2 C_k^2 \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon^2 C_k^2 \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)$$

$$1 = \epsilon^2 C_k^2 \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon^2} = C_k^2 \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\epsilon} = C_k \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right) = \cos \left(3 \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right) \right)$$

$$\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\epsilon} \right) = 3 \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c} \right)$$

$$\cos \left(\frac{\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\epsilon} \right)}{3} \right) = \frac{\omega_s}{\omega_c}$$

$$\omega_s = \omega_c \cos \left(\frac{\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\epsilon} \right)}{3} \right) = 100 \cos \left(\frac{\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\epsilon} \right)}{3} \right)$$