# Fundamentals of Data Science

Coding assignment - spring 2023 (20 points, 20%)

### Data

You are given a dataset containing weights of newborns in certain regions of Europe, observed over a certain period of time. Each set contains around 400 entries, and, hence, is large enough to be considered statistically representative.

The data is provided to you in a CSV file (an ASCII file that can be verified by opening it with any basic text editor such as Notepad). Each entry in the file shows the weight of one newborn baby in kilograms.

## What needs to be done?

### Write a Python code, which

- reads the data from a datafile located at the same directory as the Python code, and stores it in an array;
- creates another array, representing the distribution of newborn weights in a given dataset;
- plots this array as a histogram;
- uses the distribution to calculate  $\tilde{W}$ , the average weight of newborn babies in the given region;
- uses the distribution to calculate another value, X (see section 'Your data file and required value' below to find out what value X you are required to calculate), and
- prints both values,  $\tilde{W}$  and X, on the graph.

The code should create one graph only. This graph must have adequate axis labels, titles and a legend.

#### Write a short report (1 page maximum), addressing following points

- Describe the data you are given;
- Describe the distribution you get;
- How do you calculate the mean weight? What value do you get?
- How do you calculate required value X? What value do you get?

You should include mathematical formulae where appropriate. You can add your own comments.

#### What to submit and where?

Submit **your code** as a single file.

- This must be a single \*.py file containing Python code. (A script submitted as Jupyter/Colab/other notebook file, or a code submitted as a part of another document is not considered a Python code);
- The code must read data from the file located at the same directory as the code, i.e. the command reading data from the file must not contain the full path to the file.
- The code must be executable using Spyder (https://www.anaconda.com/products/distribution) without the need for additional libraries.

• The file must be named < *IDnumber* >.py, where < *IDnumber* > is your student ID number. Do not include any other elements in the file name.

You are strongly advised to test your code using Spyder before submitting it. Submit your report as a single file.

- This must be a single PDF, MS Word or Open Office document (PDF is preferred).
- It should have no more than 3000 characters (approximately, one page of Arial 12pt font).
- Your file must be named < IDnumber >.pdf, < IDnumber >.docx or < IDnumber >.odt, where < IDnumber > is your student ID number. Do not include any other elements in the file name.

# Your data file and required value

The data file you have to use and the value X your code should be producing (in addition to the average weight) depend on the last digit of your student ID number.

If it ends with '0' then you have to use file data0.csv. The value of X should be such that 75% of newborns from the distribution are born with a weight above X.

If it ends with '1' then you have to use file data1.csv. The value of X should be such that 33% of newborns from the distribution are born with a weight above X.

If it ends with '2' then you have to use file data2.csv. The value X should be the fraction of babies born weighting between  $\tilde{W}$  (average weight in your distribution) and  $1.2\tilde{W}$ .

If it ends with '3' then you have to use file data3.csv. The value X should be the fraction of babies born weighting between  $0.85\tilde{W}$  and  $\tilde{W}$  (where  $\tilde{W}$  is the average weight in your distribution).

If it ends with '4' then you have to use file data4.csv. The value X should be the fraction of babies born weighting between  $0.9\tilde{W}$  and  $1.1\tilde{W}$  (where  $\tilde{W}$  is the average weight in your distribution).

If it ends with '5' then you have to use file data5.csv. Calculate the value X, which is the fraction of babies born weighting between  $0.8\tilde{W}$  and  $1.2\tilde{W}$  (where  $\tilde{W}$  is the average weight in your distribution).

If it ends with '6' then you have to use file data6.csv. Calculate the value of X such that 10% of newborns from the distribution are born with a weight above X.

If it ends with '7' then you have to use file data7.csv. Calculate the value X such that 75% of newborns from the distribution are born with a weight below X.

If it ends with '8' then you have to use file data8.csv. Calculate the weight value X such that 33% of newborns from the distribution are born with a weight below X.

If it ends with '9' then you have to use file data9.csv and calculate the weight value X such that 10% of newborns from the distribution are born with a weight below X.