

# Martin-Löf's type theory

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## 1 Core type theory

The core infrastructure of type theory is presented on Figure 1.

## 2 Universes

Extension with a hierarchy of universe is obtained with the rules on Figure 2.

## 3 Identity type

Extension with an identity type is obtained with the rules on Figure 3.

## 4 Dependent function type

Extension with a dependent function type is obtained with the rules on Figure 4. One assumes given a function  $\Pi(l_1, l_2)$  on universe levels.

## 5 Dependent sum type

Extension with a dependent sum type is obtained with the rules on Figure 5. One assumes given a function  $\Sigma(l_1, l_2)$  on universe levels.

## 6 Natural numbers

Extension with Peano natural numbers is obtained with the rules on Figure 6. One assumes given a universe level  $l_{\mathbb{N}}$  where  $\mathbb{N}$  lives.

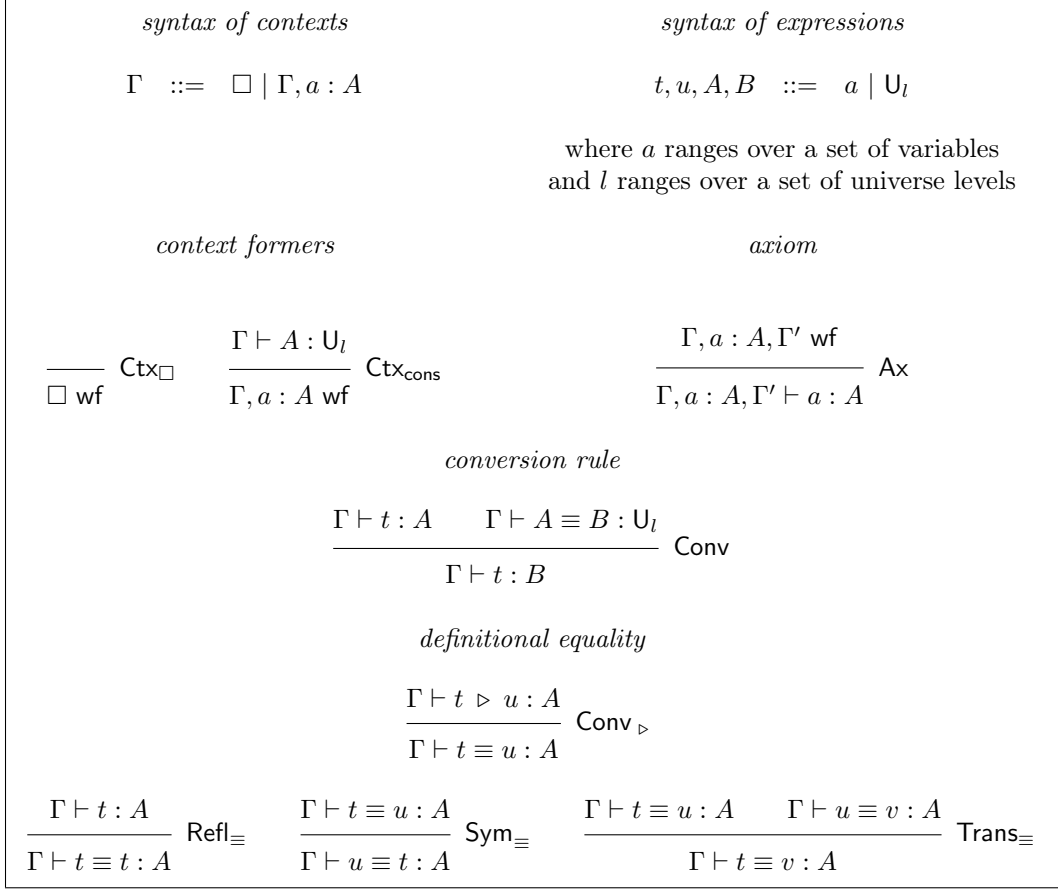


Figure 1: Core structure of type theory

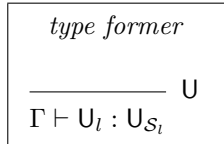


Figure 2: Universes in type theory

*extended syntax of expressions*

$t, u, v, A, B, p, q ::= \dots \mid t =_A u \mid \text{refl } t \mid \text{subst } p \text{ in } v$

*type former*

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma \vdash u : A}{\Gamma \vdash t =_A u : \mathbb{U}_l}$$

*introduction rule*

*elimination rule*

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A}{\Gamma \vdash \text{refl } t : t =_A t} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash p : t =_A u \quad \Gamma, a : A, b : t =_A a \vdash P : \mathbb{U}_l \quad \Gamma \vdash v : P[t/a][\text{refl } t/b]}{\Gamma \vdash \text{subst } p \text{ in } v : P[u/a][p/b]}$$

*reduction rule*

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma, a : A, b : t =_A a \vdash B : \mathbb{U}_l \quad \Gamma \vdash v : B[t/a][\text{refl } t/b]}{\Gamma \vdash \text{subst refl } t \text{ in } v \triangleright v : B[t/a][\text{refl } t/b]}$$

*congruence rules*

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' \quad \Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : A \quad \Gamma \vdash u \equiv u' : A}{\Gamma \vdash (t =_A u) \equiv (t' =_{A'} u') : \mathbb{U}_l}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : A}{\Gamma \vdash \text{refl } t \equiv \text{refl } t' : t =_A t} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash p \equiv p' : t =_A u \quad \Gamma, a : A, q : t =_A a \vdash B : \mathbb{U}_l \quad \Gamma \vdash v \equiv v' : B[t/a][\text{refl } t/q]}{\Gamma \vdash \text{subst } p \text{ in } v \equiv \text{subst } p' \text{ in } v' : B[u/a][p/q]}$$

Figure 3: Identity type

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <i>extended syntax of expressions</i>  |  |
| $t, u, v, A, B, p, q ::= \dots \mid \Pi a:A. B \mid \lambda a:A. u \mid vt$  |  |
| <i>type former</i>   |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : \mathbb{U}_{l_1} \quad \Gamma, a : A \vdash B : \mathbb{U}_{l_2}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi a:A. B : \mathbb{U}_{\Pi(l_1, l_2)}}$   |  |
| <i>introduction rule</i>   | <i>elimination rule</i>  |
| $\frac{\Gamma, a : A \vdash u : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda a:A. u : \Pi a:A. B}$   | $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v : \Pi a:A. B \quad \Gamma \vdash t : A}{\Gamma \vdash vt : B[t/a]}$                     |
| <i>reduction rule</i>  | <i>observational rule</i>  |
| $\frac{\Gamma, a : A \vdash u : B \quad \Gamma \vdash t : A}{\Gamma \vdash (\lambda a:A. u) t \triangleright u[t/a] : B[t/a]} \beta_{\Pi}$   | $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v : \Pi a:A. B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda a:A. v a \triangleright v : \Pi a:A. B} \eta_{\Pi}$ |
| <i>congruence rules</i>  |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' : \mathbb{U}_{l_1} \quad \Gamma, a : A \vdash B \equiv B' : \mathbb{U}_{l_2}}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi a:A. B \equiv \Pi a:A'. B' : \mathbb{U}_{\Pi(l_1, l_2)}}$ |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' : \mathbb{U}_l \quad \Gamma, a : A \vdash u \equiv u' : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda a:A. u \equiv \lambda a:A'. u' : \Pi a:A. B}$                            |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v \equiv v' : \Pi a:A. B \quad \Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : A}{\Gamma \vdash vt \equiv v' t' : B[t/a]}$  |  |

Figure 4: Typing and computational rules for  $\Pi$

|   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <i>extended syntax of expressions</i>   |  |   |
| $t, u, v, A, B, p, q ::= \dots \mid \Sigma a : A. B \mid \langle t, u \rangle \mid v.1 \mid v.2$  |  |   |
| <i>type former</i>  |  |   |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : \mathbb{U}_{l_1} \quad \Gamma, a : A \vdash B : \mathbb{U}_{l_2}}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma a : A. B : \mathbb{U}_{\Sigma(l_1, l_2)}}$  |  |   |
| <i>introduction rule</i>  | <i>elimination rules</i>   |   |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma \vdash u : B[t/a]}{\Gamma \vdash \langle t, u \rangle : \Sigma a : A. B}$   | $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v : \Sigma a : A. B}{\Gamma \vdash v.1 : A}$  | $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v : \Sigma a : A. B}{\Gamma \vdash v.2 : B[v.1/a]}$  |
| <i>reduction rules</i>  |  | <i>observational rule</i>   |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma \vdash u : B[t/a]}{\Gamma \vdash (\langle t, u \rangle).1 \triangleright t : A} \beta_{\Sigma}^1$   | $\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma \vdash u : B[t/a]}{\Gamma \vdash (\langle t, u \rangle).2 \triangleright u : B[t/a]} \beta_{\Sigma}^2$ | $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v : \Sigma a : A. B}{\Gamma \vdash \langle v.1, v.2 \rangle \triangleright v : \Sigma a : A. B} \eta_{\Sigma}$ |
| <i>congruence rules</i>   |  |   |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' : \mathbb{U}_{l_1} \quad \Gamma, a : A \vdash B \equiv B' : \mathbb{U}_{l_2}}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma a : A. B \equiv \Sigma a : A'. B' : \mathbb{U}_{\Sigma(l_1, l_2)}}$ |  |   |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : A \quad \Gamma, a : A \vdash u \equiv u' : B}{\Gamma \vdash \langle t, u \rangle \equiv \langle t', u' \rangle : \Sigma a : A. B}$                                   |  |   |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v \equiv v' : \Sigma a : A. B}{\Gamma \vdash v.1 \equiv v'.1 : A}$   | $\frac{\Gamma \vdash v \equiv v' : \Sigma a : A. B}{\Gamma \vdash v.2 \equiv v'.2 : B[v.1/a]}$   |   |

Figure 5: Typing and computational rules for  $\Sigma$

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <i>extended syntax of expressions</i>   |  |
| $t, u, v, A, B, p, q ::= \dots \mid \mathbb{N} \mid 0 \mid \text{succ } t \mid \text{rec}[0 \mapsto t \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b u] v$   |  |
| <i>type former</i>  |  |
| $\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{N} : \mathbb{U}_{l_{\mathbb{N}}}}$   |  |
| <i>introduction rules</i>   |  |
| $\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash 0 : \mathbb{N}} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \mathbb{N}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{succ } t : \mathbb{N}}$  |  |
| <i>elimination rule</i>   |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma, a : \mathbb{N} \vdash B : \mathbb{U}_l \quad \Gamma \vdash t : B[0/a] \quad \Gamma, a : \mathbb{N}, b : B[n/a] \vdash u : B[\text{succ } n/a] \quad \Gamma \vdash v : \mathbb{N}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}[0 \mapsto t \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b u] v : B[v/a]}$   |  |
| <i>reduction rules</i>  |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma, a : \mathbb{N} \vdash B : \mathbb{U}_l \quad \Gamma \vdash t : B[0/a] \quad \Gamma, a : \mathbb{N}, b : B[n/a] \vdash u : B[\text{succ } n/a]}{\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}[0 \mapsto t \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b u] 0 \triangleright t : B[0/a]} \beta_{\mathbb{N}}^0$  |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma, a : \mathbb{N} \vdash B : \mathbb{U}_l \quad \Gamma \vdash t : B[0/a] \quad \Gamma, a : \mathbb{N}, b : B[n/a] \vdash u : B[\text{succ } n/a] \quad \Gamma \vdash v : \mathbb{N}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}[0 \mapsto t \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b u] \text{succ } v \triangleright u[v/a][\text{rec}[0 \mapsto t \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b u] v/b] : B[\text{succ } v/a]} \beta_{\mathbb{N}}^{\text{succ}}$ |  |
| <i>observational rule</i>   |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma, a : \mathbb{N} \vdash E[a] : A \quad \Gamma \vdash v : \mathbb{N}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}[0 \mapsto E[0] \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b E[\triangleright a]] v \triangleright E[v] : A} \eta_{\mathbb{N}}$  |  |
| where $E[a]$ is made only from elimination rules applied to $a$   |  |
| <i>congruence rules</i>   |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \equiv A' : \mathbb{U}_{l_1} \quad \Gamma, a : A \vdash B \equiv B' : \mathbb{U}_{l_2}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{succ } t \equiv \text{succ } t' : \mathbb{N}}$   |  |
| $\frac{\Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : B[0/a] \quad \Gamma, a : \mathbb{N}, b : B[n/a] \vdash u \equiv u' : B[\text{succ } n/a] \quad \Gamma \vdash v \equiv v' : \mathbb{N}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{rec}[0 \mapsto t \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b u] v \equiv \text{rec}[0 \mapsto t' \mid \text{succ } a \mapsto_b u'] v' : B[v/a]}$  |  |

Figure 6: Typing and computational rules for  $\mathbb{N}$