

$$3) \text{ Put } \vec{\nabla} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \hat{i}$$

eq

$$1. \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\rho \vec{u}) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = - \frac{\partial (\rho u_x)}{\partial x} = - \rho \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} - u_x \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial x}$$

2. First term

$$\frac{\partial \rho \vec{u}}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial t} \hat{i} + \frac{\partial \rho u_y}{\partial t} \hat{j} + \frac{\partial \rho u_z}{\partial t} \hat{k}$$

second term

$$\nabla \cdot (\rho \vec{u} \otimes \vec{u}) = \nabla \cdot \rho \begin{bmatrix} u_x^2 & u_x u_y & u_x u_z \\ u_y u_x & u_y^2 & u_y u_z \\ u_z u_x & u_z u_y & u_z^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \rho u_x^2}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \frac{\partial (\rho u_y u_x)}{\partial x} \hat{j} + \frac{\partial (\rho u_z u_x)}{\partial x} \hat{k}$$

$$= \left( \rho u_x \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + u_x \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial x} \right) \hat{i}$$

split more?

$$+ \left( \rho u_x \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial x} \right) \hat{j}$$

$$+ \left( \rho u_x \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial x} + u_z \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial x} \right) \hat{k}$$

Third term

$$-\nabla P_g = - \frac{\partial P_g}{\partial x} \hat{i}$$

Fourth term

$$\vec{J} \times \vec{B} = (\nabla \times \vec{B}) \times \vec{B}$$

$$= (\epsilon_{ijk} \hat{e}_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} B_k) \times \vec{B} = (\epsilon_{ijk} \hat{e}_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B_k) \times \vec{B}$$

$$= (\epsilon_{213} \hat{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B_z + \epsilon_{312} \hat{k} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} B_y) \times \vec{B}$$

$$= (-\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x} \hat{j} + \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} \hat{k}) \times \vec{B}$$

$$= \epsilon_{i2k} \hat{e}_i (-\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x}) B_k + \epsilon_{i3k} \hat{e}_i \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} B_k$$

$$= \epsilon_{123} \hat{i} (-\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x}) B_z + \epsilon_{321} \hat{k} \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} B_x$$

$$+ \epsilon_{132} \hat{i} \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} B_y + \epsilon_{231} \hat{j} \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} B_x$$

$$= -\left(B_z \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x} + B_y \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x}\right) \hat{i} + B_x \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} \hat{j} - B_x \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} \hat{k}$$

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Giving eqs in  $\hat{i}, \hat{j}, \hat{k}$ :

$$\hat{i}: \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial t} = -\left(\rho u_x \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + u_x \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial x}\right) - \frac{\partial P_g}{\partial x} - \left(B_z \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x} + B_y \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x}\right)$$

$$\hat{j}: \frac{\partial \rho u_y}{\partial t} = -\left(\rho u_x \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial x}\right) + B_x \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x}$$

$$\hat{k}: \frac{\partial \rho u_z}{\partial t} = -\left(\rho u_x \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial x} + u_z \frac{\partial \rho u_x}{\partial x}\right) - B_x \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x}$$

$$3. \frac{\partial e}{\partial t} = -\frac{\partial e u_x}{\partial x} - P_g \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} \\ = -u_x \frac{\partial e}{\partial x} - e \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} - P_g \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x}$$

4. Here I don't put negative sign, after perfectly conducting limit from wikipedia on induction eq.

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \nabla \times (\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{B}) \\ = \nabla \times ((u_y B_z - u_z B_y) \hat{i} - (u_x B_z - u_z B_x) \hat{j} + (u_x B_y - u_y B_x) \hat{k})$$

$$= \epsilon_{213} \hat{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (u_x B_y - u_y B_x) + \epsilon_{312} \hat{k} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (u_x B_z - u_z B_x)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{B}}{\partial t} = \left( -\frac{\partial u_x B_y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u_y B_x}{\partial x} \right) \hat{j} + \left( \frac{\partial u_x B_z}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u_z B_x}{\partial x} \right) \hat{k}$$

This gives 3 eqs:

$$\hat{i} : \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$\hat{j} : \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial t} = -B_y \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} - u_x \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} + B_x \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x}$$

$$\hat{k} : \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial t} = B_z \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + u_x \frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x} - u_z \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial x} - B_x \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial x}$$