Emissions-aware Electricity Network Expansion Planning via Implicit Differentiation

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Upgrading the Electricity Grid

- Transmission upgrades
- Today
 - Renewables
 - Storage
 - EV Chargers









Transmission Line. Eddie Fouse. From Public Domain Pictures. Solar Farm. Photon-Photos / iStock / Getty Images Plus. From Ecowatch. Battery Farm. Reuters. From BBC. EV Fast Chargers. From Bloomberg

Expansion Planning

Planning / Outer Problem

 minimize_{θ}

Investment Cost

Electricity Network

(transmission capacity, storage capacity, renewable generation, etc)

Dispatched Generation

 $Q(\theta) + J(u^*(\theta))$

Operation Cost

Traditional focus: monetary costs

$$J(u) = D(u)$$



Dollar Cost of Electricity

$$u^*(\theta) = \underset{u \in \mathcal{C}(\theta)}{\operatorname{arg\,min}} J(u)$$

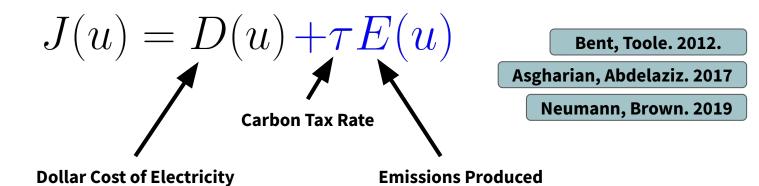
Dispatch / Operation / Inner Problem

Can we use these tools

to build a low-emissions electricity grid?

Traditional Method: Carbon Tax

- Planning problem remains the same: $\min i e_{\theta} = Q(\theta) + J(u^*(\theta))$
- Use operations problem $u^*(\theta)$ (electricity market) with carbon tax
- <u>Indirectly</u> penalizes emissions through marginal market incentives
 - Planner is still "unaware" of emissions



Could the planner <u>directly</u> reduce emissions?

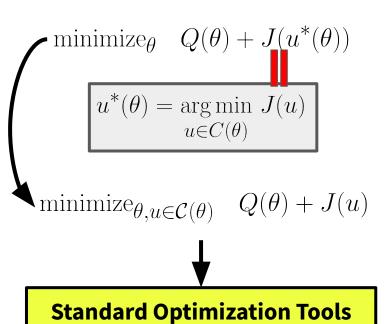
New Proposal: Emissions-aware Expansion Planning

- <u>Directly</u> penalize emissions in (outer) planning problem
- $u^*(\theta)$ still defined using tax-free dispatch model

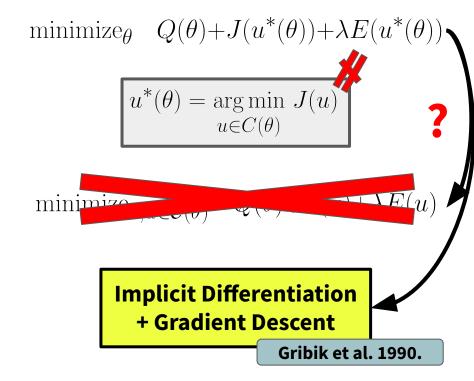
Solving the Emissions-aware Problem

$$f(\arg\min_{x} f(x)) = \min_{x} f(x)$$

Standard Formulation (including carbon tax)



Emissions-aware



Good tutorial: implicit-layers-tutorial.org

Carbon Tax vs Emissions-Aware Planning

Carbon Tax

- <u>Indirect</u> (inner) market penalty
- Consumer incurs fixed investment cost & marginal carbon tax cost

Emissions-Aware Problem

- <u>Directly</u> (outer) reduce emissions
- Consumer only incurs fixed investment cost

NOT MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE

Experiment: IEEE 14-bus network

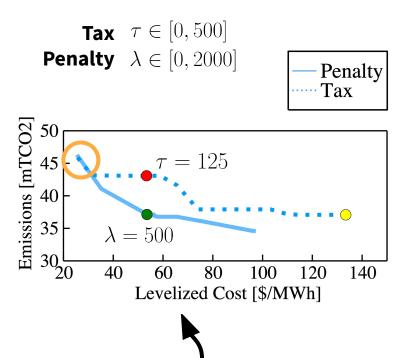
Compare carbon tax and emissions-aware

• 50% renewable penetration

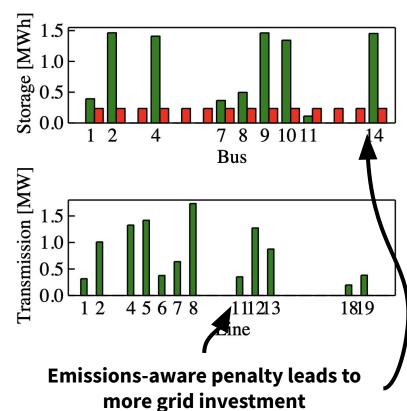
• **Planning Problem:** Expand transmission and storage

Experiment: IEEE 14-bus network





Total Cost / Total Electricity Consumption



Conclusion

- Emissions-aware planning finds high impact investments for reducing emissions
- Using just a carbon tax may be overly expensive
- Pathway to impact
 - Practical investment constraints
 - Real world case studies