1 Solve graphically

Find two positive numbers that minimize the sum of twice the first number plus second if product of two is 288.

- Assume that the first and second numbers are a and b, respectively.
- Using the given information, we already know:

$$a > 0$$

$$b > 0$$

$$ab = 288$$

$$b = \frac{288}{a}$$

$$f(x) = 2a + b$$

$$f(x) = 2a + \frac{288}{a}$$

and we need to find out the number a that minimizes the function:

$$f(x) = 2a + \frac{288}{a}$$

We can tell from the below graph that f(x) has a local minimum of (12, 48) and since a > 0 in this case, it is also the global minimum of f(x).

$$a = 12$$

$$b = \frac{288}{a}$$

$$b = \frac{288}{12}$$

$$b = 24$$

The two positive numbers the minimize the sum of twice the first number plus the second number if the product of the two is 288 is: a=12,b=24 ANSWER: a=12,b=24

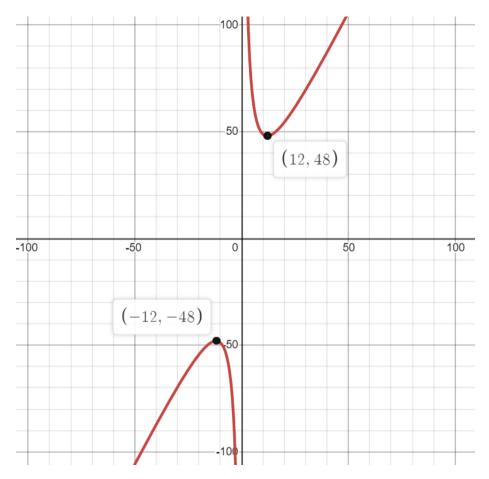


Figure 1: Graph of $f(x) = 2a + \frac{288}{a}$

2 Solve algebraically

Find two positive numbers whose product is 750 and for which the sum of one and 10 times the other is a minimum.

- Assume that the first and second numbers are a and b, respectively.
- Using the given information, we already know:

$$a > 0$$

$$b > 0$$

$$ab = 750$$

$$b = \frac{750}{a}$$

$$f(x) = a + 10b$$

$$f(x) = a + \frac{7500}{a}$$

To algebraically determine the minimum in this case, we have to find which point on the function does its tangent line have a slope of zero. Although this sounds fairly complicated, this point is found by finding the derivative of the function and setting it equal to zero since the derivative $\frac{d}{dx}$ represents rate of change at any given point and we're looking for a slope of zero at a particular point.

$$f(a) = a + 7500a^{-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{da}f(a) = \frac{d}{da}(a) + 7500 * \frac{d}{da}(a^{-1})$$

$$\frac{d}{da}f(a) = 1 + 7500 * (-a^{-2})$$

$$\frac{d}{da}f(a) = 1 + \frac{-7500}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{da}f(a) = 0$$

$$1 + \frac{-7500}{a^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{-7500}{a^2} = -1$$

$$-7500 = (-a)^2$$

$$a = 50\sqrt{3}$$

$$a = -50\sqrt{3}[rejected]$$

$$b = \frac{750}{50\sqrt{3}}$$

$$b = 5\sqrt{3}$$

The answer to the question "What two positive numbers whose product is 750 and for which the sum of one and 10 times the other is a minimum?" is: $a=50\sqrt{3},b=5\sqrt{3}$