

「離散数学・オートマトン」 演習問題 13 (解答例)

2025/1/20

1 プッシュダウンオートマトン: Pushdown Automaton (PDA)

課題 1 式 (1.1) 及び図 1 で定義するプッシュダウンオートマトン M を考える。

Let us consider the pushdown automaton M shown in Eq. (1.1) and Fig. 1.

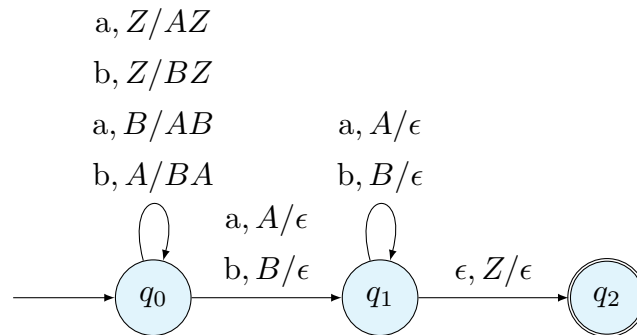


図 1 PDA M

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= \{q_0, q_1, q_2\} \\ \Sigma &= \{a, b\} \\ \Gamma &= \{A, B, Z\} \\ F &= \{q_2\} \end{aligned} \tag{1.1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(q_0, a, Z) &= (q_0, AZ), & \delta(q_0, b, Z) &= (q_0, BZ), \\
\delta(q_0, a, B) &= (q_0, AB), & \delta(q_0, b, A) &= (q_0, BA), \\
\delta(q_0, a, A) &= (q_1, \epsilon), & \delta(q_0, b, B) &= (q_1, \epsilon), \\
\delta(q_1, b, B) &= (q_1, \epsilon), & \delta(q_1, a, A) &= (q_1, \epsilon), \\
\delta(q_1, \epsilon, Z) &= (q_2, \epsilon)
\end{aligned}$$

このとき、入力 ababbaba 及び babaabab に対する動作を示しなさい。

Show the behavior of the PDA M for the input strings ababbaba and babaabab.

解答例

$$\begin{aligned}
(q_0, ababbaba, Z) &\vdash (q_0, babbaba, AZ) \\
&\vdash (q_0, abbaba, BAZ) \\
&\vdash (q_0, bbaba, ABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_0, baba, BABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, aba, BABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, ba, BABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, a, BABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, \epsilon, BABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_2, \epsilon, \epsilon)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(q_0, babaabab, Z) &\vdash (q_0, abaabab, BZ) \\
&\vdash (q_0, baabab, ABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_0, aabab, BABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_0, abab, ABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, bab, ABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, ab, ABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, b, ABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_1, \epsilon, ABABZ) \\
&\vdash (q_2, \epsilon, \epsilon)
\end{aligned}$$

課題 2 式 (1.2) 及び図 2 で定義するプッシュダウンオートマトン M を考える。

Let us consider the pushdown automaton M shown in Eq. (1.2) and Fig. 2.

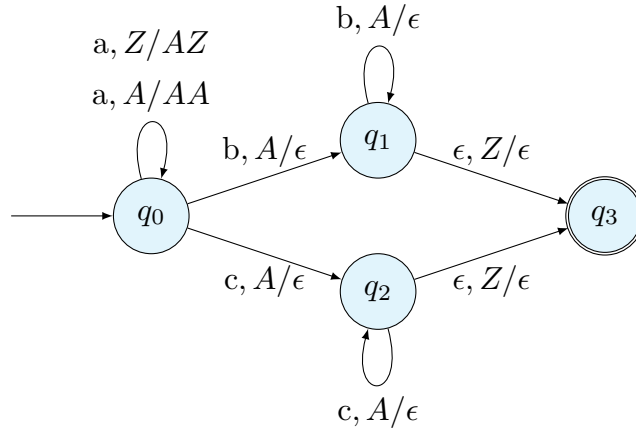


図 2 PDA M

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3\} \\
 \Sigma &= \{a, b, c\} \\
 \Gamma &= \{A, Z\} \\
 F &= \{q_3\}
 \end{aligned} \tag{1.2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta(q_0, a, Z) &= (q_0, AZ), & \delta(q_0, a, A) &= (q_0, AA), \\
 \delta(q_0, b, A) &= (q_1, \epsilon), & \delta(q_0, c, A) &= (q_2, \epsilon), \\
 \delta(q_1, b, A) &= (q_1, \epsilon), & \delta(q_2, c, A) &= (q_2, \epsilon), \\
 \delta(q_1, \epsilon, Z) &= (q_3, \epsilon), & \delta(q_2, \epsilon, Z) &= (q_3, \epsilon)
 \end{aligned}$$

このとき、入力 aaabbb 及び aacc に対する動作を示しなさい。

Show the behavior of the PDA M for the input strings aaabbb and aacc.

解答例

$$\begin{aligned}
 (q_0, aaabbb, Z) &\vdash (q_0, aabbb, AZ) \\
 &\vdash (q_0, abbb, AAZ) \\
 &\vdash (q_0, bbb, AAAZ) \\
 &\vdash (q_1, bb, AAZ) \\
 &\vdash (q_1, b, AZ) \\
 &\vdash (q_1, \epsilon, Z) \\
 &\vdash (q_3, \epsilon, \epsilon)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(q_0, \text{aacc}, Z) &\vdash (q_0, \text{acc}, AZ) \\
&\vdash (q_0, \text{cc}, AAZ) \\
&\vdash (q_2, \text{c}, AZ) \\
&\vdash (q_2, \epsilon, Z) \\
&\vdash (q_3, \epsilon, \epsilon)
\end{aligned}$$