

# Preparatory data Structure (CSCI 591)



**Project - III** 

**Implmenting and Excercising a Linked List** 

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Section - I

**Project – Three** 

Due: January 30, 2020

**Design Document** 

Introduction

A linked list is a linear structure of ordered objects that are stored at random memory locations and

linked together by pointers. An object of a linked list is called a node. Every node in a linked list

contains two fields, the data field and the reference field. The data field stores the data whereas the

reference field is a pointer that connects to the next node. Unlike arrays, linked lists can store an

indefinite number of items that can be accessed by referring to its node.

This project will implement important operations in a linked list using the LinkedList class. The

LinkedList class consists of the List.h header file where all the private and public variables and

functions declared and the List.cpp implementation file. The main.cpp file is the testing file for all

the implemented class functions.

**Data Structure** 

This program has three distinct files. The List. h file contains all the declaration of the required

functions and a few function decoration (implementation). It is the framework for the LinkedList

class implementation. It consists of two private objects, the struct Node object which is used to lold

the two main components of a node and the Node \* getNode(Item entry, Node \* list)

function used to declare and initialize the node. In addition to the two private objects, the header file

contains eleven public functions which include two constructors, one destructor, seven operational

functions, and one friend function.

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#### **Functions**

As mentioned in the Data Structure section, there are eleven functions in this project. The first two functions, the LinkedList() and LinkedList(const LinkedList& source) are constructors. The LinkedList() constructor function is used to initialize the class. The constructor LinkedList(const LinkedList& source) is a copy constructor that is used to copy the elements of the list. The third function, ~LinkedList(), is a destructor. It is used to delete all the nodes, deallocate the memory, and return it to the operating system. The void re Initialize() function is used to re-initialize the linked lists to empty. The void insert(Item item) function is used to insert items into the list. The void remove (Item item) is used to remove a node from the list. The void operator = (LinkedList source) is a function that overloads the assignment operator (=) to be used in the assignment operation involving copying the elements of the list. The bool is Empty() function returns true if the list is empty or false otherwise. The int listLength() function will count each node in the list and return the size of the list (number of nodes). The bool isPresent(Item target) will check if an item is in the list and returns true. If the item is not found it returns false to main(). The Item kthValue(int item) function will return the  $k^{th}$  node of the list. If the node is not found, or the list is empty, it returns nothing. The friend ostream& operator << (ostream& out s, const LinkedList& l) is a friend function that is used to overload the outstream operator (<<) for the purpose of printing all the elements of the list. For convenience reasons, the friend function is implemented in the header file where it was declared but outside of the class LinkedList.

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#### **The Main Program**

As a testing function, where the implementation is tested, there are many things going on in the main() function. To keep things simple, I will talk only about the main components of the main() function. The key frameworks in the main() function are the instantiation of the class LinkedList and representation of the key operations by a menu system. There are ten main menus from which the user can choose to perform an operation. The menus are represented by alphabets that are closely related to the operation followed by the name of the operation as in *I* -- *Insert Item* and *R* -- *Remove Item*. The menus are continuously displayed after each operation until the user chooses to quit the program. A switch statement will track each choice of the user and perform the necessary operation accordingly. It may also worth mentioning the bool searchArray(const char [], int, char) function that is the part of the main() function that is used to search the array of constants that hold the alphabets designated to the menu. This enables that if the user enters a choice that is not available, the program can display the necessary message and exit the program.

# **Code listing**

### a. The header file (List.h)

```
2
        **** This is the "List.h" header file. ****
3
4
       It contain the following three main parts.
            1. The class LinkedList
5
6
                => This class hosts:
                    --> The private data type struct
7
8
                    --> The private function get node()
                        to declare and initialize
9
                        the struct object.
10
                    --> The public constructors
11
                        - LinkedList() declaration and implimentation
12

    LinkedList(const LinkedList& source) declaration.

13
                    --> The declaration of eight public functions & one friend function.
            2. The implementation of the friend function outside the class.
```

```
Precondition for this program to run properly:
15
16
            => The program works for integer data only.
17
       Postcondition for the program
18
           => It can handle any number of items.
19
           => It lists the items from smallest to the largest.
           => It performs the following functions:
20
                -> retaining the copy of the original data
21
22
                -> inserting new item
23
                -> deleting an item
24
                -> re-initializing the list to empty
25
                -> searching and returning the kth value of the list
26
                -> looking up for an item in the list
27
               -> checking if the list content for emptiness
28
                -> print the list on the screen
29
                -> counting the number of items in the list.
30 */
31 #include <iostream>
32 #ifndef _LIST
33 #define LIST
34 #include <ostream>
                           //for the implementation of the friend function.
35 using namespace std;
36 		 class LinkedList{
                           //type defination decoration.
37
       typedef int Item;
38
       private:
39
           struct Node{
                           // for the linked lists
                Item item;
```

```
41
               Node * next;
42
            };
43
           Node * first;
44
           Node * getNode(Item entry, Node * list);
45
       public:
46
           LinkedList(){
                               //default constructor
47
               first = NULL;
48
49
           LinkedList(const LinkedList& source); // copy constructor
50
           ~LinkedList(); // destructor
51
           // to re-initialize the list to empty. The make empty() function
52
           // is absent becouse it will have the same function as re initialize()
53
           void re Initialize();
54
           void insert(Item item);
                                          //to insert items to the list
55
                                          //to remove items from the list
           void remove(Item item);
56
           void operator = (LinkedList source); //"="Operator overloading
57
           bool isEmpty();
                                        //to check if the list is empty or not
           int listLength();  //to get the number of nodes in the list
58
           bool isPresent(Item target); //to check if an item is in the list
59
60
           Item kthValue(int item); //to access the kth item of the list
61
           //the friend function is used for the purpose of
62
           //"<<" operator overloading.
63
           friend ostream& operator << (ostream& out s, const LinkedList& 1);</pre>
64 <sup>L</sup> };
65 // Implimentation of the friend function.
66 postream& operator << (ostream& out s, const LinkedList& 1){
```

```
LinkedList::Node * ptr;
67
68
      ptr = 1.first;
69
      while(ptr!=NULL){
70
         out s << ptr -> item << ' ';
71
         ptr = ptr -> next;
72
73
      return out s;
74 L
75 #endif //end of header file definition.
     ______
```

# b. The implementation file (List.cpp)

```
2
        **** This is the "List.cpp" implementation file
        This file implements all the functions defined in the
        "List.h" header file. Hence it is the file for class
        implimentation.
 5
 6 */
 7 #include <iostream>
 8 #include "List.h"
 9 #include <cstddef>
10
11 using namespace std;
12 ■ LinkedList::Node * LinkedList::getNode(Item entry, Node * list){
        Node * temp;
13
        temp = new Node;
14
15
        temp->item = entry;
16
        temp->next = list;
17
        return temp;
18 <sup>[</sup> }
19 ■ LinkedList::LinkedList(const LinkedList& source){
        Node * ptr;
20
        Node * last;
21
        if(source.first == NULL)
22
            first = NULL;
23
        else{
24
25
            first = getNode(source.first -> item, NULL);
            last = first;
26
```

```
ptr = source.first -> next;
27
            while(ptr != NULL){
28
                 last->next = getNode(ptr->item, NULL);
29
                 last = last->next;
30
31
                 ptr = ptr->next;
32
33
34 <sup>L</sup> }
35 ■ LinkedList::~LinkedList(){
36
        Node * temp;
        while(first != NULL){
37 🗆
            temp = first;
38
39
            first = first->next;
            delete temp;
40
41
42 <sup>L</sup> }
43 ▼ void LinkedList::operator =(LinkedList source){
        Node * ptr;
44
        Node * last;
45
46
        LinkedList empty;
47
        if(&source != this){
48
            empty.~LinkedList();
49
            first = getNode(source.first -> item, NULL);
50
            last = first;
51
            ptr = source.first -> next;
```

```
while(ptr != NULL){
53...
                 last->next = getNode(ptr->item, NULL);
54
55
                 last = last->next;
56
                 ptr = ptr->next;
57
58
59
        else return;
60 L }
61 ■ int LinkedList::listLength(){
62
        Node * ptr;
        int count = 0;
63
        ptr = first;
64
        while(ptr != NULL){
65
66
            ++count;
67
             ptr = ptr->next;
68
69
        return count;
70 <sup>L</sup> }
71 pool LinkedList::isEmpty(){
        Node * ptr;
72
        ptr = first;
73
        if(ptr == NULL)
74
75
             return true;
        else return false;
76
77 <sup>L</sup> }
78 pool LinkedList::isPresent(Item target){
```

```
Node * ptr;
 79
 80
         ptr = first;
         while(ptr != NULL && ptr -> item != target){
 81
 82
             ptr = ptr -> next;
 83
 84
         return ptr != NULL;
 85 L
 86 ▼ void LinkedList::insert(Item newItem){
 87
         Node* prev;
         if(first == NULL | | newItem < first -> item)
 88
 89
             first = getNode(newItem, first);
 90
         else{
 91
             prev = first;
 92
             while(prev -> next != NULL && prev -> next -> item < newItem)</pre>
                 prev = prev ->next;
 93
 94
             prev -> next = getNode(newItem, prev -> next);
 95
 96 <sup>L</sup> }
 97 ▼ void LinkedList::remove(Item oldItem){
         Node * prev;
 98
 99
         Node * temp;
100
         prev = first;
101
         if(first -> item == oldItem){
102
             first = first -> next;
103
             delete prev;
104
```

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```
105
         else{
106
              while(prev -> next ->item < oldItem)</pre>
107
                   prev = prev -> next;
108
              temp = prev -> next;
109
              prev -> next = temp -> next;
110
              delete temp;
111
112 <sup>[</sup> }
113 ■ LinkedList::Item LinkedList::kthValue(Item k){
114
         Node * prev;
115
          prev = first;
116
          for(int i = 0; i < k; i++)
117
              prev = prev -> next;
118
          return prev -> item;
119 <sup>L</sup> }
120 ▼ void LinkedList::re_Initialize(){
         Node * prev;
121
122
         prev = first;
          if(prev == NULL){}
123
124
         else{
125
              LinkedList empty;
126
              empty.~LinkedList();
127
128 <sup>L</sup>
129
```

# c. The testing file (main.cpp)

```
1
 2
        **** This is the "main.cpp" testing file
 3
        This file tests the validity of the class implimentation
       functions. The "main.cpp" has the following major duties:
 4

    It provides the user with a menu choice to enable them

 5
 6
            to choose from the available menus. It repeats the menu
 7
            once the choosen task is completed and waits for the second
 8
            choce until the user chooses to quit the program.
 9
       It intializes the class LinkedList and calls its member functions
10
            to perform the desired operations. Once the operation is over,
11
            it anounces the result of that particular operation (choice).
12
       3. It declare, implement, and run a function called
            searchArray(const char [], int, char) that searches for the the
13
           presence of the choice entered by a user in a constant array.
14
           If the search is successful, the choice is performed.
15
           If the search is unsuccessful, it displays a message accordingly.
16
17
```

```
18 #include <iostream>
19 #include "List.h"
20 #include <iomanip>
21 #include "List.cpp"
22 #include<ostream>
23 using namespace std;
24 bool searchArray(const char [], int, char);
25 int main(int argc, const char * argv[]){
26
       char ch;
       const char array[] = {'c', 'e', 'i', 'm', 'l', 'n', 's', 'q', 'r', 'w'};
27
28
       int item;
       bool in, ck;
29
       LinkedList source, list, list2;
30
       cout << " This program will perform the following"</pre>
31
32
            << "tasks.\n You must choose and enter the task"</pre>
            << "\n you want to perform according to the \n instructions"</pre>
33
            << "in the lists\n";</pre>
34
35
       cout << " ======== " << endl;
       cout << " Please choose from the list below." << endl;</pre>
36
37
       cout << " ======== " << endl;
       cout << " => I -- Insert Item"<<setw(30)<<"=> R -- Remove Item\n"
38
            << " => E -- Check Emptiness"<<setw(25)<<"=> C -- Copy Items\n"
39
            << " => L -- Lookup an Item"<<setw(27)<<"=> N -- Count Items\n"
40
            << " => S -- Search Value"<<setw(32)<<"=> W -- Print Contents\n"
41
            << " => M -- Make Empty"<<setw(31)<<"=> Q -- Exit Program" << endl;</pre>
42
       cout << " ======== " << endl;
43
```

```
44
        cin >> ch;
45
        in = searchArray(array, sizeof(array), ch);
46
        if(in == false){
47
            cout << " The choice you entered doesn't exist.\n";</pre>
            cout << " See you later.\n Goodby!"<< endl;</pre>
48
            exit(0);
49
50
51
        else{
            while(ch){
52
                 switch(ch){
53
54
                     case 'i':
                         cout << "Enter an item to insert: ";</pre>
55
56
                         cin >> item;
                         list.insert(item);
57
58
                         list2.insert(item);
                         cout << "Item "<< item<<" inserted successfully."<<endl;</pre>
59
60
                         break;
61
                     case 'r':
                         cout << "Enter an item to remove: ";</pre>
62
63
                         cin >> item;
64
                         list.remove(item);
                         cout << "Item "<< item<<" removed successfully."<<endl;</pre>
65
                         if(list.isEmpty() == true)
66
                             list.~LinkedList();
67
68
                         break;
```

```
case 'e':
69
                          ck = list.isEmpty();
70
                          if(ck == true)
71
72
                               cout << "List is empty."<<endl;</pre>
73
                          else
                               cout << "List is not empty."<<endl;</pre>
74
75
                          break;
                      case 'c':
76
77
                          cout << "Copy of the initial list:\n";</pre>
                          source = list2;
78
79
                          cout << source << endl;</pre>
                          break;
80
                      case 'l':
81
                          cout << "Enter an item to check: ";</pre>
82
                          cin >> item;
83
                          if(list.isPresent(item) == true)
84
                               cout << "Item "<<item <<" is in the list.\n";</pre>
85
                          else
86
                               cout << "Item "<<item <<" is not in the list.\n";</pre>
87
                          break;
88
                      case 'n':
89
                          cout << "The list has "<<li>listLength()<<" items"<<endl;</pre>
90
91
                          break;
```

```
case 's':
 93
                            cout << "Enter the index of the item you want to access: ";</pre>
 94
                            cin >> item;
 95
                            cout << "The element at index "<<item<<" is: ";</pre>
                            cout << list.kthValue(item);</pre>
 96
 97
                            break;
 98
                       case 'w':
 99
                            if(list.isEmpty())
100
                                cout << "The list is empty\n";</pre>
101
                            else{
102
                                cout << "Here are the items in the current list:\n";</pre>
103
                                cout << list << endl;</pre>
104
105
                            break;
106
                       case 'm':
107
                            list.~LinkedList();
108
                            cout << "List is re-initialized to empty.\n";</pre>
109
                            break;
110
                       case 'q':
                            cout << "You chose to quit the program.\n";</pre>
111
                            cout << "See you later!";</pre>
112
113
                            exit(0);
114
                            break;
115
```

```
cout << " Please choose from the list below." << endl;</pre>
116
117
                 cout << " ======== " << endl;</pre>
118
                 cout << " => I -- Insert Item"<<setw(30)<<"=> R -- Remove Item\n"
119
                      << " => E -- Check Emptiness"<<setw(25)<<"=> C -- Copy Items\n"
                      \langle \langle " = \rangle L -- Lookup an Item" \langle \langle setw(27) \langle \langle " = \rangle N -- Count Items \rangle n"
120
121
                      << " => S -- Search Value"<<setw(32)<<"=> W -- Print Contents\n"
                      << " => M -- Make Empty"<<setw(31)<<"=> Q -- Exit Program" << endl;</pre>
122
123
                 cout << " ========" << endl;</pre>
124
                 cin >> ch;
125
126
127
128
         return 0;
129
```

```
130 pool searchArray(const char A[], int n, char ch){
131
         int i = 0;
132
         bool found = false;
         while (i < n){
133
              if (ch == A[i] || tolower(ch) == A[i])
134
135
                  found = true;
136
              i++;
137
138
         return found;
139 <sup>L</sup>
```

#### **Test Results**

1. Tests result for insert() function.

```
This program will perform the followingtasks.
You must choose and enter the task
you want to perform according to the
instructionsin the lists
____
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
                     => C -- Copy Items
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => N -- Count Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
______
Enter an item to insert: Item 22 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                     => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
Enter an item to insert: Item 23 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                     => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
______
```

```
i 32
Enter an item to insert: Item 32 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                       => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
                       => Q -- Exit Program
=> M -- Make Empty
_____
i 33
Enter an item to insert: Item 33 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                       => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> S -- Search Value
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
_____
i 18
Enter an item to insert: Item 18 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                       => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => 0 -- Exit Program
______
```

```
i 17
Enter an item to insert: Item 17 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                        => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                        => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                        => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => 0 -- Exit Program
______
i 15
Enter an item to insert: Item 15 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                        => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                        => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                        => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => O -- Exit Program
______
Enter an item to insert: Item 40 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                        => C -- Copy Items
                        => N -- Count Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
=> S -- Search Value
                        => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => 0 -- Exit Program
______
Enter an item to insert: 45
Item 45 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
                        => C -- Copy Items
=> E -- Check Emptiness
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                        => N -- Count Items
                        => W -- Print Contents
=> S -- Search Value
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => Q -- Exit Program
```

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#### 2. Tests result for remove() function.

```
15
Enter an item to remove: Item 15 removed successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                      => Q -- Exit Program
______
Enter an item to remove: Item 23 removed successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                     => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
                      => O -- Exit Program
=> M -- Make Empty
_____
45
Enter an item to remove: Item 45 removed successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
                      => Q -- Exit Program
=> M -- Make Empty
______
```

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#### 3. Tests result for isEmpty() function.

```
List is not empty.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
                      => Q -- Exit Program
=> M -- Make Empty
______
Here are the items in the current list:
17 18 22 32 33 40
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> S -- Search Value
                      => Q -- Exit Program
=> M -- Make Empty
______
```

4. Tests result for copy () function.

```
Copy of the initial list:
15 17 18 22 23 32 33 40 45
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
                       => C -- Copy Items
=> E -- Check Emptiness
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
______
Here are the items in the current list:
17 18 22 32 33 40
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => Q -- Exit Program
```

5. Tests result for isPresent() function.

```
Enter an item to check: 22
Item 22 is in the list.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
______
Enter an item to check: 17
Item 17 is in the list.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => 0 -- Exit Program
______
Enter an item to check: Item 34 is not in the list.
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
______
```

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### 6. Tests result for listLength() function.

```
The list has 6 items
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                             => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                            => C -- Copy Items
                             => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value => W -- Print Content
=> M -- Make Empty => Q -- Exit Program
                             => W -- Print Contents
_____
Here are the items in the current list:
17 18 22 32 33 40
Please choose from the list below.
=> I -- Insert Item
                             => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item => N -- Count Items
                            => N -- Count Items
=> L -- Lookap
=> S -- Search Value => W -- | Lookap
=> Q -- Exit Program
                             => W -- Print Contents
Enter an item to insert: 35
Item 35 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item => R -- Remove Item

=> E -- Check Emptiness => C -- Copy Items

=> L -- Lookup an Item => N -- Count Items

=> S -- Search Value => W -- Print Contents

=> M -- Make Empty => Q -- Exit Program
______
```

```
Enter an item to insert: 15
Item 15 inserted successfully.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                       => Q -- Exit Program
______
Here are the items in the current list:
15 17 18 22 32 33 35 40
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                       => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                      => Q -- Exit Program
_____
The list has 8 items
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
                      => N -- Count Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                      => Q -- Exit Program
______
```

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# 7. Tests result for kthValue() function.

```
Enter the index of the item you want to access: 4
The element at index 4 is: 32 Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                        => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                        => N -- Count Items
                        => W -- Print Contents
=> S -- Search Value
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => 0 -- Exit Program
_____
Here are the items in the current list:
15 17 18 22 32 33 35 40
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                        => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => Q -- Exit Program
______
Enter the index of the item you want to access: 6
The element at index 6 is: 35 Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                       => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                       => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                       => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                        => Q -- Exit Program
_____
Enter the index of the item you want to access: 9
The element at index 9 is:
Process exited after 1626 seconds with return value 3221225477
Press any key to continue . . .
```

**Note**: If we try to access an index that is not in the list the function will exhaust searching that index and exit the program as shown in the above screenshoot.

### 8. Tests result for write () function

I am not running a separate test for the write () function since I am running it for almost every other step as part of checking the program to see if it is doing what it supposed to do. Please look at the end of the other programs where I occasionally run the write() function.

# 9. Tests result for makeEmpty () function

```
Here are the items in the current list:
12 15 26 35 44
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                     => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                      => Q -- Exit Program
_____
List is re-initialized to empty.
Please choose from the list below.
_____
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                    => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                      => Q -- Exit Program
______
The list is empty
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                      => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                      => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item
                      => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                      => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                      => Q -- Exit Program
______
```

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#### 10. **Tests result for quit**

```
You chose to quit the program.
See you later!
Process exited after 134.7 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Moreover, if the user enters a choice that is not listed the program will announce that and exit as shown below.

```
This program will perform the followingtasks.
You must choose and enter the task
you want to perform according to the
instructionsin the lists
_____
Please choose from the list below.
_____
                   => R -- Remove Item
=> I -- Insert Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value => W -- Print Contents
=> M -- Make Empty
                         => O -- Exit Program
______
The choice you entered doesn't exist.
See you later.
Goodby!
Process exited after 3.24 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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### **User document**

This program can perform different tasks on a linked list as shown in the menu below. In order to run the program, you must perform the following steps.

The program name is main.cpp. on the terminal enter the following command to compile and run the program.

```
q++ -o main main.cpp
```

The program will compile and open the following window:

```
This program will perform the following tasks.
You must choose and enter the task
you want to perform according to the
instructions in the lists
_____
Please choose from the list below.
______
=> I -- Insert Item
                        => R -- Remove Item
=> E -- Check Emptiness
                       => C -- Copy Items
=> L -- Lookup an Item => N -- Count Items
=> S -- Search Value
                        => W -- Print Contents
                        => Q -- Exit Program
=> M -- Make Empty
```

Once the window opens, make a choice from the displayed menu. For example to insert an item type i or I and then enter.

```
i
Enter an item to insert:
```

Next, type the item you want to insert and then enter. For example, type 15 and enter.

```
i
Enter an item to insert: 15
```

The program will announce that the item is entered successfully and display the menu to make the next choice.

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- If you want to repeat the insert repeat the above procedure; otherwise make the next selection.
- The program will perform in the same manner for all other tasks as for insert. Hence, all the other eight functions will perform in the same manner.
- Feel free to play around with the other choices (alphabets) and see what the program is meant to do.
- If you wish to exit the program, type q (Q) and enter.

```
q
You chose to quit the program.
See you later!
-----
Process exited after 794.8 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Now you can close the window.

Here are very important points while using this program

- 1. You must insert integer values only. If you try to enter something else other than an integer, the program may crash.
- 2. Do not try to access the ends of the list. If your list has 3 nodes only and you try to access the 4<sup>th</sup> node, the program will stop and exit.
- 3. The program will save a copy of the current list you are working with. You can just type c(C) and access that copy. Of course, once you exit the program that copy will not exits.

**Taddese Erba** 

Section - I

Project – Three

Due: January 30, 2020

**Summery** 

The project implements a linked list operation such as inserting a new item, removing an item from the

list, making the list empty, checking for the presence of an item, displaying a copy of the original item

that contains all the elements of the list and so on. The knowledge of linked lists and their

implementation is very crucial because data are often stored and retrieved as lists.

This program can further be improved by making the necessary changes to make the program

accommodate various types of data such as characters and strings. This will make the program a more

useful data structure where we can store important records such as student records. Furthermore, data

could also be made available as a file and a permanent copy of that file is kept with all current updates

included while we still have the old data for reference.

I have gained a significant level of confidence and the necessary knowledge to work with linked lists by

completing this project. I believe, this project is one of the projects I would keep working on and refer to

the most even the future programming computations.