## **EXPERIMENT-16**

224G1A0552 Pavan T

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE customers(
2 id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
3 name VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
4 age NUMBER NOT NULL,
5 salary NUMBER NOT NULL
6 );

Table created.

SQL> INSERT ALL
2 INTO customers VALUES(1.'HARSHA'.1
```

```
SQL> INSERT ALL

2 INTO customers VALUES(1, 'HARSHA', 18, 50000)

3 INTO customers VALUES(2, 'ARUN', 19, 60000)

4 INTO customers VALUES(3, 'BASHA', 19, 65000)

5 INTO customers VALUES(4, 'DINESH', 20, 55000)

6 SELECT * FROM DUAL;

4 rows created.
```

```
SQL> DECLARE

2 tot_rows NUMBER;

3 BEGIN

4 UPDATE customers SET salary=salary*1.5;

5 IF sql%notfound THEN

6 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No customers updated');

7 ELSIF sql%found THEN

8 tot_rows :=sql%rowcount;

9 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(tot_rows||' customers updated');

10 END IF;

11 END;

12 /

4 customers updated

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
SQL> DECLARE
 2 c_id customers.id%type;
 3 c_name customers.name%type;
 4 c_age customers.age%type;
 5 CURSOR c_customers IS
 6 SELECT id, name, age FROM customers;
 7 BEGIN
 8 OPEN c_customers;
 9 LOOP
 10 FETCH c_customers INTO c_id,c_name,c_age;
 11 EXIT WHEN c_customers%notfound;
 12 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(c_id||' '||c_name||' '||c_age);
 13 END LOOP;
 14 CLOSE c_customers;
 15 END;
16 /
1 HARSHA 18
2 ARUN 19
3 BASHA 19
4 DINESH 20
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```