# Campus Network Design and Implementation Computer Network-1 Course Project

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Contributors:

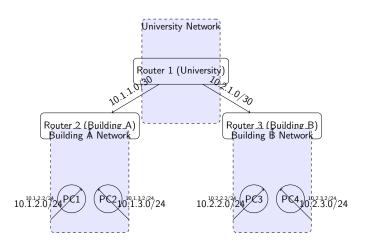
April 23, 2025

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## Network Diagram



## **Network Configuration**

- ► The network is configured using MikroTik RouterOS commands
- ► Each router has a unique identity and IP addressing scheme
- PCs are configured with static IP addresses and default gateways
- The network follows a hierarchical design with:
  - ▶ 10.1.x.x for Building A networks
  - ▶ 10.2.x.x for Building B networks

## Router Configuration: University Router (R1)

1 Configure interfaces ip address add address=10.1.1.1/30 interface=ether1 ip address add address=10.2.1.1/30 interface=ether2

Address	Network	Interface
10.1.1.1/30	10.1.1.0	ether1
10.2.1.1/30	10.2.1.0	ether2

- ► The central university router connects to Building A and B routers
- ► Point-to-point links use /30 subnets (2 usable addresses)

## Router Configuration: Building A Router (R2)

2 Configure interfaces ip address add address=10.1.1.2/30 interface=ether1 ip address add address=10.1.2.1/24 interface=ether2 ip address add address=10.1.3.1/24 interface=ether3

Address	Network	Interface
10.1.1.2/30	10.1.1.0	ether1
10.1.2.1/24	10.1.2.0	ether2
10.1.3.1/24	10.1.3.0	ether3

- ether1: Uplink to University Router
- ether2: First LAN subnet for PC1
- ether3: Second LAN subnet for PC2

## Router Configuration: Building B Router (R3)

3 Configure interfaces ip address add address=10.2.1.2/30 interface=ether1 ip address add address=10.2.2.1/24 interface=ether2 ip address add address=10.2.3.1/24 interface=ether3

Address	Network	Interface
10.2.1.2/30	10.2.1.0	ether1
10.2.2.1/24	10.2.2.0	ether2
10.2.3.1/24	10.2.3.0	ether3

#### **Explanation:**

ether1: Uplink to University Router

ether2: First LAN subnet for PC3

ether3: Second LAN subnet for PC4

## PC Configuration: Building A

- Test connectivity PC1> ping 10.1.2.1 84 bytes from 10.1.2.1  $icmp_seq=1ttl=64time=0.245ms84bytesfrom10.1.2.1icmp_seq=2ttl=64time=0.303ms...$
- 5 PC2 Configuration PC2> ip 10.1.3.2/24 10.1.3.1 Checking for duplicate address... PC2 : 10.1.3.2 255.255.255.0 gateway 10.1.3.1
- 6 Test connectivity PC2> ping 10.1.3.1 84 bytes from 10.1.3.1  $icmp_seq = 1ttl = 64time = 0.222ms...$

- Each PC is configured with a static IP and gateway
- ▶ Basic connectivity test confirms links are active

## PC Configuration: Building B

- 7 Test connectivity PC3> ping 10.2.2.1 84 bytes from 10.2.2.1  $icmp_s eq = 1ttl = 64time = 0.187ms...$
- 8 PC4 Configuration PC4> ip 10.2.3.2/24 10.2.3.1 Checking for duplicate address... PC4 : 10.2.3.2 255.255.255.0 gateway 10.2.3.1
- 9 Test connectivity PC4> ping 10.2.3.1 84 bytes from 10.2.3.1  $icmp_seq=1ttl=64time=0.211ms84bytesfrom10.2.3.1icmp_seq=2ttl=64time=0.510ms84bytesfrom10.2.3.1icmp_seq=3ttl=64time=0.625ms$

- ▶ PC3 and PC4 are configured in their respective subnets
- Ping tests confirm connectivity to their respective gateways
- ► All PCs are properly configured with the correct IP settings

## Static/Dynamic Routing

# **DHCP** Configuration

# **VLAN** Configuration

## **Network Testing**

#### Conclusion

#### Current Progress:

- Network design has been completed
- Basic configuration implemented
- Local connectivity established

#### Next Steps:

- Configure routing between subnets
- Set up DHCP for automatic IP assignment
- Configure VLANs for network segmentation
- Test full network connectivity