Exercise 2 – Tapio Koskinen (Remember to fill your first and last name both here and in the file name)

1. Explain the following terms:

a. Pseudocode:

The definition of pseudo is "not genuine". The idea behind pseudocode is that it can illustrate the ideas for a function, program, structure etc. Pseudocode contains the logic, but not the syntax of a real program.

b. Algorithm:

Algorithm is a set of instructions designed to achieve a solution to a problem. It can be simple or complicated. An example would be "grab a book from shelf". Do you know where it is? -> take it, if not-> figure out where it is.

c. Data attribute

Data attribute represents characteristics or features of a data object. Attribute types can vary, but they all tell something about the object, for example and object can have a data attribute color that could have "yellow" as a value, or gender with a value "alien"

d. Method

Method is a set of instructions that can perform a task and it is called via an object of a class. Unlike a function, it requires a class to work.

2. Pseudocode

```
Exercise 2 - Part 2

Pseudocode

NumberOfExercises = user input

if NumberOfExercises is less than 9
    print out "Fail"

else if NumberOfExercises is 9
    print out "Your grade is 1"

else if NumberOfExercises is 10
    print out "Your grade is 2"

else if NumberOfExercises is 11
    print out "Your grade is 3"

else if NumberOfExercises is 12
    print out "Your grade is 4"

else if NumberOfExercises is 13
    print out "Your grade is 5"
```

3. Code

```
#Exercise 2 - Part 3
#Tapio Koskinen

asking = True
while asking:
    try:
        number_of_exercises = int(input("How many exercises did you do: "))
        break
    except ValueError:
        continue

grade_book = {9:1,10:2,11:3,12:4,13:5}

if number_of_exercises < 9:
    print("You did not pass the course")
elif number_of_exercises > 13:
    print("Your grade is 5")
else:
    print("Your grade is:",grade_book[number_of_exercises])
```

output

```
= RESTART: C:\\ Kevå
\CodeFiles\part3.py
How many exercises did you do: 11
Your grade is: 3
= RESTART: C:\\\C:\\\C:\\\
\CodeFiles\part3.py
How many exercises did you do: 4
You did not pass the course
= RESTART: C:\U------\Kevä
\CodeFiles\part3.py
How many exercises did you do: -2
You did not pass the course
= RESTART: C:\ ( ) \ Keva
\CodeFiles\part3.py
How many exercises did you do: 25
Your grade is 5
>>>
```

4. Pseudo

```
Part 4 pseudocode

student list = a list
student grade list = a list

Student list = User inputs name
Sudent grade list = User inputs grade

the_average = sum of grades in grade list/lenght of student list

print out: "the average score of the class is [the_average]"
```

5. Code

```
#their grades
def student grade dictionary():
   student_list = {}
   asking = True
    while asking:
        student = input("Student name:")
        student_list[student] = int(input("Grade:"))
        add_more = input("Add more?(y/n): ")
        if add_more == "y":
        elif add more == "n":
    return student list
def average grade(your dict):
   sum of grades = 0
   #sum their grades
   for key in your_dict:
        sum_of_grades += your_dict[key]
   average = sum_of_grades/len(your dict)
    return average
def main():
   print("Create your class with grades\n")
   my_students = student_grade_dictionary()
   print("The average grade of this class is", average grade(my students))
#Run the program
main()
```

Output

```
= RESTART:
                                  \Kevät2021\Obj
\CodeFiles\part5.py
Create your class with grades
Student name: Maija
Grade: 4
Add more?(y/n): y
Student name: Mikko
Grade:2
Add more?(y/n): y
Student name:Liisa
Grade:5
Add more?(y/n): y
Student name:Lauri
Grade:3
Add more?(y/n): n
The average grade of this class is 3.5
```

6. I'm not sure if I'm right, but I would consider having 5 attributes: actual time(this could be divided into hours minutes and seconds, but that would be unnecessary work), time of alarm(same as previous), state of the alarm(boolean), ringing(boolean) and a displayscreen. Everything is restricted except setting the alarm. Methods included would be users input for the time and weather it is on or off and these would also be public.

7. Coin code

```
import random
    def __init__(self):
       self.sideup = 'Heads'
    def toss(self):
        if random.randint(0,1) == 0:
           self.sideup = 'Heads'
            self.sideup = 'Tails'
    def get_sideup(self):
       return self.sideup
def main():
    my_coin = Coin()
    print('This side is up:', my_coin.get_sideup())
    print('I am tossing the coin...')
    my_coin.toss()
    print('This side is up:', my_coin.get_sideup())
main()
```

Coin output

```
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Tails
>>>
= RESTART: C:
coin_demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Tails
>>>
= RESTART: C:
coin_demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Heads
```

8. Modified coin code

```
def toss(self):
        index = random.randint(0,3)
        if index = 0:
           self.sideup = 'Heads'
        elif index == 1:
           self.sideup = 'Tails'
        elif index == 2:
            self.sideup = 'Upright'
        elif index -- 3:
            self.sideup = 'None'
    # The get_sideup method returns the value referenced by sideup
   def get_sideup(self):
        return self.sideup
def main():
   my_coin = Coin()
    print('This side is up:', my_coin.get_sideup())
    print('I am tossing the coin...')
   my_coin.toss()
    if my_coin.get_sideup() == 'Heads' or my_coin.get_sideup() == 'Tails':
       print('This side is up:', my_coin.get_sideup())
    elif my_coin.get_sideup() == 'Upright':
        print('The coin landed', my_coin.get_sideup())
    elif my_coin.get_sideup() == 'None':
        print("The coin dropped into a rabbit hole")
main()
```

```
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Heads
= RESTART: C:\
coin_demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Tails
= RESTART: C:\.
coin demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Tails
= RESTART: C:'
coin demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
The coin dropped into a rabbit hole
= RESTART: C:
coin demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
The coin landed Upright
= RESTART: C:
coin demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
The coin dropped into a rabbit hole
= RESTART: C:
coin demo.py
This side is up: Heads
I am tossing the coin...
This side is up: Tails
```

9. Pseudocode for an alarm clock

```
Pseudocode for alarmclock
import necessary modules
define class clock:
    define actual time:
        real time = time in hour minute second
        return real time
   define alarm state:
        on or off = user input boolean
        return on or off
   define alarm(alarm time, alarm state) method:
        if alarm state is true
            while looping
                current time = time in hours, minutes and seconds
                if alarm time == current time:
                    print out: "Wake up!"
                    ringing sound
                    break out of loop
   define alarm time method:
        time = user input(hour,minute,second)
        return time
```

```
define the main program:

tkinter widget

loop with while

time to gui:

clock actual time

display alarm setting:

clock alarm time
clock alarm state

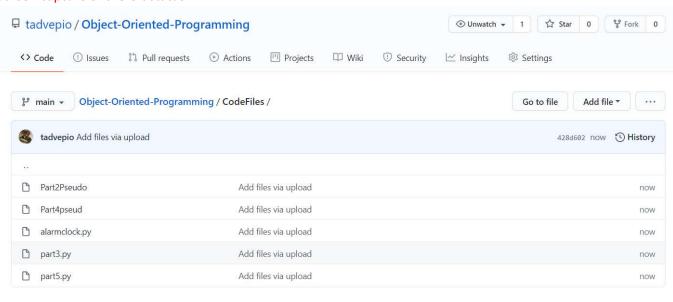
alarm method()

main program
```

10. Alarm clock

I can't get the code to work similarly as in the pseudocode.

Screen capture of the Git status:



Self-assessment:

The alam clock task was by far hardest for me. I'm still unsure what object oriented programming is and making classes and objects limits the way I can code. I felt like the alarm clock task was way harder than the 8 other tasks. I'm not sure how to implement tkinter as an object or a class so I gave up after hours of problemsolving. I atleast got some training on tkinter. I'm disappointed on myself on this one.