## Modern Tkinter - reference card

Pack geometry	.pack(side=TOP, anchor=W, fill=X, expand=YES, padx=5, pady=5) side=LEFT,TOP,RIGHT,BOTTOM; anchor=NEWS or CENTER; fill=X, Y, BOTH, NONE; expand=YES, NO ipadx, ipady – internal padding; padx, pady – external padding
Grid	ipadx, ipady – internal padding; padx, pady – external padding  .grid(row=1, column=2, rowspan=2, columnspan=2, sticky=NEWS or CENTER, padx=5, pady=5)
Place	.place(x=5, y=5, relwidth=1, relheight=1, width=-10, height=-10)

# import tkinter as tk

Dutton	th Button/solf toolbox tout-tout imaga-imag valiaf-th FLAT quarraliaf-th CDOOVE compound-th LEFT		
Button	tk.Button(self.toolbar, text=text, image=img, relief=tk.FLAT, overrelief=tk.GROOVE, compound=tk.LEFT,		
	command=item.action); btn.image = img # assign image to button to avoid it garbage collected		
Canvas	tk.Canvas(parent)		
	id = canvas.create_rectangle((10, 10, 30, 30), fill="red", tags=("palette", "palettered"))		
	canvas.tag_bind(id, " <button-1>", lambda x: setColor("red"))</button-1>		
	canvas.itemconfigure('palette', width=5)		
	if self.canvas.find_withtag(tk.CURRENT): self.canvas.itemconfig(tk.CURRENT, fill="blue")		
<del>Listbox</del>	Do not use Listbox. Use ttk.Treeview instead, looks native, covers almost all Listbox features + more.		
PhotoImage	tk. PhotoImage(file="openfile.gif") # GIF or PNG, images get GCollected if left not assigned (!)		
ScrolledText	scrolledtext.ScrolledText(parent) # in many cases prefer this over tk.Text widget		
Spinbox	tk.Spinbox(parent, from_=1, to=10, width=5, textvariable=varint)		
Text	tk.Text(parent, background="#101010", foreground="#D6D6D6", borderwidth=18, relief="sunken",		
	width=16, height=5)		
tkMessageBox showwarning("Beware", "You are warned"); showinfo("FYI", "This is FYI", icon='question');			
	showerror("Err", "its leaking."); askquestion("?", "Can you read this ?"); askokcancel("OK", "Quit		
	Postponing ?"); askyesno("Yes or No", " What Say ?"); askretrycancel("Retry", "Load Failed")		
tkFileDialog	askopenfile, askopenfilename, asksaveasfile, asksaveasfilename, askdirectory		
Toplevel	tk.Toplevel(parent) # main class for windows and dialogs		

from tkinter import ttk – when possible, always prefer ttk widgets over tk

Button	Button(parent, text="Search", image=photoimage, compound=tk.LEFT, command=func)	
	btn.image = photoimage # assign image to button to avoid it garbage collected	
Checkbutton	Checkbutton(parent, text="Remember me", variable=varint, onvalue=3, offvalue=44)	
Combobox	Combobox(parent, values=["one", "two"], state="readonly")	
	cm.current(newindex=None); cm.get(); cm.set(value)	
Entry	Entry(parent, width=30, textvariable=varstr); entry.set("value"); var = entry.get()	
Frame	Frame(parent, height=25, bg="light sea green")); # use it to hold widgets for toolbars, sidebars	
Label	Label(parent, text="I am a label widget"); label["text"] = "reset text"	
LabelFrame	LabelFrame(text="some label", height=200, width=200); # used in dialogs to group items	
Menubutton	Menubutton(parent, text="some text", menu=mymenu)	
Notebook	Notebook(parent); note.add(child, text="tab 1", state="normal")	
OptionMenu	OptionMenu(parent, var, "Select Country", "USA", "UK", "India") # similar to readonly Combobox	
PanedWindow	PanedWindow(master, orient=HORIZONTAL, sashwidth=8); paned.add(child, width=300)	
Progressbar	Progressbar(parent); prog.step(amount=None); prog.start(interval=None); prog.stop()	
Radiobutton	Radiobutton(parent, text="one", variable=varint, value=1)	
Scale	Scale(root, variable=varint, from_=0, to=10)	
Scrollbar	Scrollbar(parent, orient=VERTICAL, command=mytext.yview)	
Separator	Separator(parent, orient=HORIZONTAL)	
Sizegrip	Sizegrip(root).pack(side=BOTTOM, anchor=E)	
Treeview	ttk.Treeview(parent, columns=("size", "modified"))	
	tree.column("size", width=100, anchor=NEWS or CENTER); tree.heading("size", text="Size")	
	tree.set("widgets", "size", "12KB")	
	# tree.insert() if id = "" then inserts as a root item, if id has value then inserts as child of node id	
	tree.insert(id, "end", text="button", tags=("one", "simple"), values=("15KB", "Yesterday"))	
	tree.tag_configure("one", background="yellow")	
	tree.tag_bind("one", "<1>", itemClicked); # the item clicked can be found via tree.focus()	

root = Tk() # root is instance of Toplevel class
root.title("title of my program")
root.geometry("142x280+150+200")
root.iconbitmap("mynewicon.ico") # seems to work only on Windows OS
root.configure(background="#4D4D4D") # top level styling
root.mainloop()

### Adding Menubar in the widget

menubar = Menu(root)
filemenu = Menu(menubar, tearoff=0) # File menu
mymenu.add\_command(label="Mylabel", accelerator="<F5>", compound=LEFT, image=myimage,
underline=0, command=callback)
viewmenu.add\_checkbutton(label="Show Line Number", variable=showIn)
viewmenu.add\_cascade(label="Themes", menu=themesmenu)
themesmenu.add\_radiobutton(label="Default White", variable=theme)
root.config(menu=menubar) # this line actually displays menu

#### Adding Pop-up menu

self.context\_menu = Menu(self.root, tearoff=0)
self.context\_menu.add\_command(label="Play", command=self.identify\_track\_to\_play)
self.context\_menu. add\_checkbutton(label="checkmark\_here", variable=myvar)
def show\_context\_menuContext\_menu(self, event):
 self.context\_menu.tk\_popup(event.x\_root+45, event.y\_root+10,0)

mystring = StringVar()
ticked\_yes = BooleanVar()
option1 = IntVar()
volume = DoubleVar()

myvar.set("Wassup Dude") # setting value of variable
myvar.get() # Assessing the value of variable from say a callback

Tie scrollbar to widget:

tree = TreeView(root, height=6, width=15)
scroll = Scrollbar(root, command=tree.yview)
tree.configure(yscroll=scroll.set)

#### **Validation**

Works on Entry, Combobox, Spinbox	
%P – entered value	vcmd = (self.master.register(self.validate email), "%P")
%s - value prior to editing	invcmd = (self.master.register(self.invalid_email), "%P")
%S - text string being inserted/deleted, {}	self.emailentry = tk.Entry(self.master, validate =
otherwise.	"focusout", validatecommand=vcmd, invalidcommand=invcmd)
none - no validation	def invalid_email(self, P):
focus - combines focusin and focusout	self.errormsg.config(text="Invalid Email Address")
<b>focusin</b> - validate when the widget receives focus	self.emailentry.focus_set()
focusout - validate when the widget loses focus	
key - validate when the entry is edited	
all - validate called in all the above cases	
	def validate_email(self, P):
Return False if validation fails	self.errormsg.config(text="")
	x = re.match(r"[^@]+@[^@]+\.[^@]+", P)
	return (x != None) # True/False valid email/invalid email

## **Widget Events**

An application-level binding: Application-level bindings will let you use the same binding across all windows and widgets of the application, as long as any one window of the application is in focus. The syntax for application-level bindings is:

root.bind\_all("<F1>", show\_help)

mouse buttons	<button-1>, <button-3></button-3></button-1>		
double click	<double-button-1>, <double-button-3></double-button-3></double-button-1>		
mouse movement	<focusin>, <focusout>,</focusout></focusin>		
over widget	<motion>, <enter>, <leave></leave></enter></motion>		
keyboard events	<return>, <escape>, <a>, <f5>, <key> , <shift-up></shift-up></key></f5></a></escape></return>		
button released	<buttonrelease-1></buttonrelease-1>		
drag like motion	<b1-motion> The mouse is moved, with mouse button 1 being held down (use B2 for the</b1-motion>		
	middle button, B3 for the right button)		
widget invalidated	<expose></expose>		
widget changed size	<configure></configure>		
connect to event	widget.bind(event)		
disconnect from event	widget.unbind(event)		
emit event	widget.event_generate(" <expose>")</expose>		
Button, Checkbutton,	Use <b>command=func</b> parameter for default action, read value of the variable attached to the		
Radiobutton,	button if it has state.		
menu.add_command			
Combobox	< <comboboxselected>&gt; virtual event when the user selects an element from the list of values</comboboxselected>		
Notebook	< <notebooktabchanged>&gt; virtual event after a new tab is selected</notebooktabchanged>		
Treeview	< <treeviewselect>&gt; Generated whenever the selection changes.</treeviewselect>		
	< <treeviewopen>&gt; Generated just before settings the focus item to open=True.</treeviewopen>		
	< <treeviewclose>&gt; Generated just after setting the focus item to open=False.</treeviewclose>		
	.focus() and .selection() methods can be used to determine the affected item or items		
TopLevel	root.protocol("WM_DELETE_WINDOW", self.exit_app) # handle closing via "X" button		
,	root.bind(" <return>", self.ok)</return>		
	root.bind(" <escape>", self.cancel)</escape>		

# **Widget State**

active	The mouse cursor is over the widget and pressing a mouse button will cause some action to occur
disabled	Widget is disabled under program control
focus	Widget has keyboard focus
pressed	Widget is being pressed
selected	"On", "true", or "current" for things like Checkbuttons and radiobuttons
background	Windows and Mac have a notion of an "active" or foreground window. The background state is set for
	widgets in a background window, and cleared for those in the foreground window
readonly	Widget should not allow user modification
alternate	A widget-specific alternate display format
invalid	The widget's value is invalid

A state is a **sequence of state names**, optionally prefixed with an **exclamation point** indicating that the bit is off.