Project 5 README

NO HELP. Online source indicated in the source code. I worked at Vangogh lab, but on gl server.(at shin7@gl.umbc.edu)

Program Usage Example>

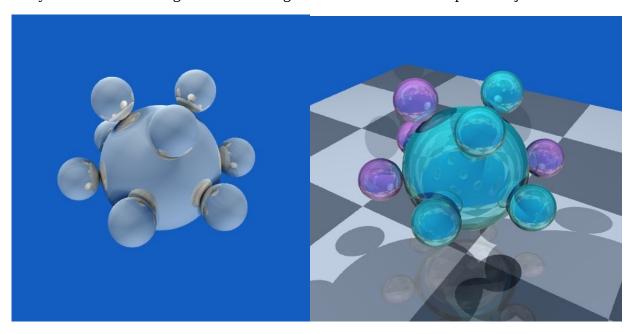
I apologize but you must specify supersampling and haze option even if you don't want to use it. You still must specify -supersampling:no -haze:no.

It has reflect and refraction. The thing is that it uses blinn phong to specify colors. It considers shadows even when reflected and refracted.

It supports other than reflection and refraction. :

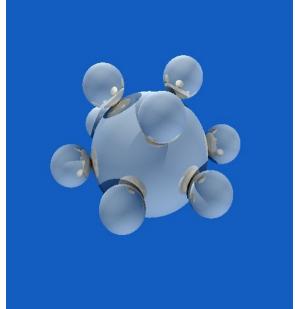
- 1. Shadow Lights
 - 1. It creates 8 light rays to render natural shadow.
 - 2. Usage > In NFF file, you specify radius of light using l option.
 - 1. For example > l < x > < y > < z > < color.R > < color.G > < color.B > < radius > color.G > < color.B > < radius > color.G > < color.B > < radius > color.B > color.B > < radius > color.B > color.B > < radius > color.B > color.
 - 2. For example > 1 0.9 1.3 1.8 1.0 1.0 1.0 0.8 ==> This specifies Light Radius = 0.8
- 2. Super sampling
 - 1. It uses <u>gaussian reconstruction</u> from <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Normal_distribution</u>.
 - 1. It picks a <u>random position</u> in the pixel and apply gaussian interpolation to derive a natural color.
 - 2. The random position is based on <u>pseudo-poisson distribution</u>.(Also, <u>jitter</u> at the same time.)
- 3. Haze
 - 1. I solved the linear equation of how to attenuate light depending on distance.
 - 1. A * distance $^2 + B *$ distance + C = T
 - 2. Color = Color / T
 - 2. In conclusion, I found A, B, C to properly attenuate light to display haze effect.
- Sometimes I have to be aware of stack overflow. I use static allocation(Not Malloc() or new).
 That means that when the pool gets too big, it might overflow the stack assigned in the
 machine. In that case, it might cause a segmentation fault. It should not happen if you do not
 use shadow rays / supersampling turned on at the same time for big objects such as
 balls3_transparent.nff

Example 1> Balls1.nff <Supersampling-on> <Shadow Lights-on> Example 2> Balls1_transparent.nff <Supersampling-on> <Shadow Lights-off> <I turned on the refraction transmission as well.> I did not change anything except the tile plane, and the color of 4 spheres. Sorry that it takes too long to do shadow light. I turned it off for transparent object.

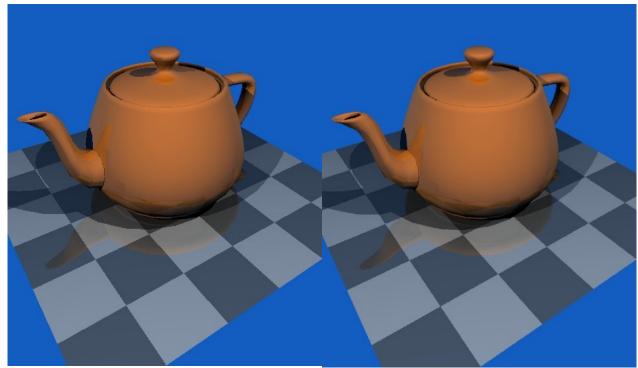


The same balls1.nff but without shadow lights ${}^{<}$ Shadow Lights ${}^{-}$ OFF ${}^{>}$

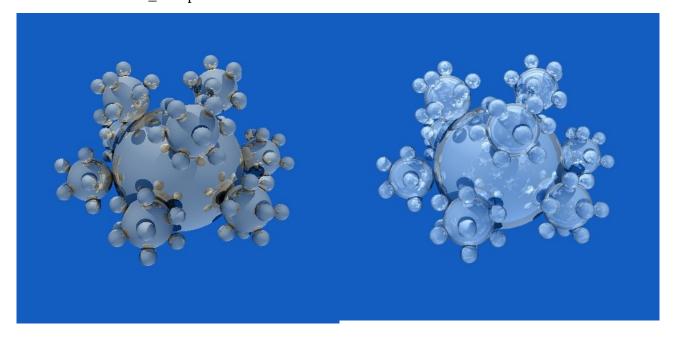
You can see many obvious shadow this time.



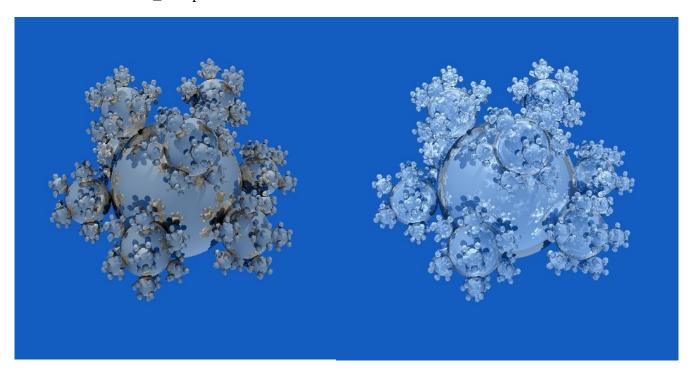
Example 1> Teapot.nff <super-sampling-off> <Shadow lights-off> Example 2> Teapot.nff <SUPER SAMPLING ON> <shadow lights- off>



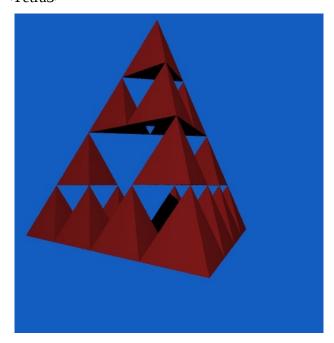
<balls2.nff> <Balls2_transparent.nff>



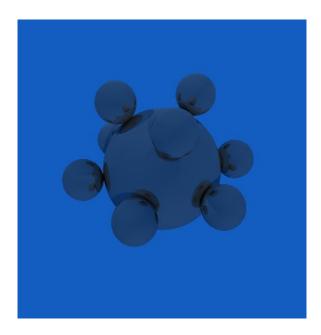
<balls3.nff> / <balls3_transparent.nff>



<Tetra3>



<Balls1> Haze turned on



<Teapot2.nff> Shadow lights turned ON. Everything else off.
Notice the natural shadow.

