# Homework 5 - 2D Motion

Corey Mostero - 2566652

 $4~\mathrm{April}~2023$ 

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# 1 Problems

## 1.1 A

**a**)

Initial speed = 
$$v_0$$
  
Initial angle =  $\theta$   

$$d = R$$

$$\Delta x = R$$

$$\Delta y = 0$$

$$\Delta x = v_{0x}t + \frac{1}{2}a_xt^2$$

$$R = v_0\cos(\theta)t + \frac{1}{2}(0)t^2$$

$$R = v_0\cos(\theta)t$$

$$\Delta y = v_{0y}t + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

$$0 = v_0\sin(\theta)t + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

 $(x_0, y_0) = (0, 0)$ 

 $t = 0, \frac{2v_0\sin(\theta)}{g}$ 

$$R = v_0 \cos(\theta) \left( \frac{2v_0 \sin(\theta)}{g} \right)$$

$$R = \frac{\sin(2\theta)v_0^2}{g}$$

$$R = \frac{\sin(2\theta)v_0^2}{g}$$

b)

$$R(\theta) = \frac{\sin(2\theta)v_0^2}{g}$$

$$R'(\theta) = \frac{2v^2\cos(2\theta)}{g}$$

$$R'(\theta) = 0$$

$$\frac{2v^2\cos(2\theta)}{g} = 0$$

$$2v^2\cos(2\theta) = 0$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}(+\pi n)$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} = 45^{\circ}$$

# 2 Book

## $2.1 \quad 3.38$

$$\begin{split} \Delta x_{\rm B,A} &= 1500\,\mathrm{m} = 1.5\,\mathrm{km} \\ v_{\frac{b}{w}} &= 4.00\,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1} \\ v_{\frac{p}{w}} &= 4.00\,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1} \\ a &= 0 \\ v_{w} &= 2.80\,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1} \end{split}$$

$$\Delta x = v_f t_{b_0} - \frac{1}{2} a t_{b_0}^2$$
  
$$1.5 \,\mathrm{km} = (4.00 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1} + 2.80 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1}) t - \frac{1}{2} (0) t^2$$
  
$$t_{b_0} = 0.221 \,\mathrm{h}$$

$$\Delta x = v_f t_{b_1} - \frac{1}{2} a t_{b_1}^2$$

$$1.5 \,\text{km} = (4.00 \,\text{km h}^{-1} - 2.80 \,\text{km h}^{-1})t - \frac{1}{2}(0)t^2$$

$$t_{b_1} = 1.25 \,\text{h}$$

$$t_b = 0.221 \,\mathrm{h} + 1.25 \,\mathrm{h}$$
 
$$t_b = 1.471 \,\mathrm{h}$$

$$2\Delta x = v_f t_{p_1} - \frac{1}{2} a t_{p_1}^2$$

$$2(1.5 \,\mathrm{km}) = (4.00 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1}) t_{p_1} - \frac{1}{2} (0) t_{p_1}^2$$

$$t_p = 0.75 \,\mathrm{h}$$

$$\boxed{t_b = 1.471 \,\mathrm{h}, t_p = 0.75 \,\mathrm{h}}$$

## 2.2 3.41

$$\begin{split} \Delta x_r &= 500 \, \mathrm{m} \\ v_{w/e} &= 0 \hat{x} + 2.0 \, \mathrm{m \, s^{-1}} \hat{y} \\ v_{b/r} &= 4.2 \, \mathrm{m \, s^{-1}} \hat{x} + 0 \hat{y} \\ v_{b/e} &= 4.2 \, \mathrm{m \, s^{-1}} \hat{x} + 2.0 \, \mathrm{m \, s^{-1}} \hat{y} \end{split}$$

(a)

$$v_{b/e} = \sqrt{(v_{r_x} + v_{b_x})^2 + (v_{r_y} + v_{b_y})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(0 + 4.2 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}})^2 + (2.0 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}} + 0)^2}$$

$$v_{b/e} = 4.652 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}$$

$$\tan(\theta) = \frac{v_{b/e_y}}{v_{b/e_x}}$$

$$\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{v_{b/e_y}}{v_{b/e_x}}\right)$$

$$\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{2.0 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}}{4.2 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}}\right)$$

$$\theta = 25.46^{\circ}$$

$$v_{b/e} = 4.652 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}, \theta = 25.46 \,^{\circ} \,\mathrm{S} \,\mathrm{of} \,\mathrm{E}$$

$$\Delta x_r = v_{b/e_x} t - \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$500 \,\mathrm{m} = (4.2 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}) t - \frac{1}{2} (0) t^2$$

$$t = 119.0 \,\mathrm{s}$$

$$t = 119.0 \,\mathrm{s}$$

(c)

$$y_0 = 0$$

$$\Delta y = v_{b/e_y} t - \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$y_1 - 0 = (2.0 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}})(119.0 \,\mathrm{s}) - \frac{1}{2}(0)(119.0 \,\mathrm{s})$$

$$y_1 = 238.0 \,\mathrm{m}$$

$$\Delta y = 238.0 \,\mathrm{m}$$

#### 2.3 3.42

(a)

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{v_{w/e}}{v_{b/w}}$$

$$\theta = \arcsin\left(\frac{v_{w/e}}{v_{b/w}}\right)$$

$$\theta = \arcsin\left(\frac{2.0 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}}{4.2 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}}}\right)$$

$$\theta = 28.44 \,\mathrm{^{\circ}}\,\mathrm{N}\,\mathrm{of}\,\mathrm{E}$$

$$\theta = 28.44 \,\mathrm{^{\circ}}\,\mathrm{N}\,\mathrm{of}\,\mathrm{E}$$

(b)

$$\begin{split} v_{b/e} &= \sqrt{(v_{b/w_x} + v_{w/e_x})^2 + (v_{b/w_y} + v_{w/e_y})^2} \\ v_{b/e} &= \sqrt{((4.2\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}})\cos(28.44^\circ) + 0)^2 + ((4.2\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}})\sin(28.44^\circ) + 2.0\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}})^2} \\ v_{b/e} &= 3.693\,\mathrm{m\,s^{-1}} \end{split}$$

$$v_{b/e} = 3.693 \,\mathrm{m \, s}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta x_r = v_{b/e}t - \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$500 \,\mathrm{m} = (3.693 \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-1}})t - \frac{1}{2}(0)t^2$$

$$t = 135.4 \,\mathrm{s}$$

$$\boxed{t = 135.4 \,\mathrm{s}}$$

## 2.4 3.43

$$v_{w/e} = (0)\hat{x} + (80.0 \,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1})\hat{y}$$

$$v_{a/w} = 320.0 \,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1}$$

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{v_{w/e_y}}{v_{a/w}}$$

$$\theta = \arcsin\left(\frac{80.0 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1}}{320.0 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1}}\right)$$

$$\theta = 14.48\,^{\circ} \,\mathrm{N} \,\mathrm{of} \,\mathrm{W}$$

$$\theta = 14.48\,^{\circ} \,\mathrm{N} \,\mathrm{of} \,\mathrm{W}$$

(b)

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{v_{a/e}}{v_{a/w}}$$

$$v_{a/e} = (v_{a/w})\cos(\theta)$$

$$v_{a/e} = (320.0 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1})\cos(14.48^{\circ})$$

$$v_{a/e} = 309.8 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1}$$

$$v_{a/e} = 309.8 \,\mathrm{km} \,\mathrm{h}^{-1}$$

## 3 Lab Manual

#### 3.1 473

$$\begin{aligned} v_{r/b} &= v \\ d_A &= d \\ v_{A/r} &= c \\ a_A &= 0 \\ d_B &= d \\ v_{B/r} &= c \\ a_B &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

(a) First find  $t_A$ . Subscripts 0, 1 denote the first and second trip (0-indexed).

$$\Delta x_0 = v_{A/r}t_0 + \frac{1}{2}a_A t_0^2$$

$$d_A = (c - v)t_0 + \frac{1}{2}(0)t_0^2$$

$$t_0 = \frac{d_A}{c - v}$$

$$\Delta x_0 = v_{A/r}t_0 + \frac{1}{2}a_A t_0^2$$

$$d_A = (c+v)t_1 + \frac{1}{2}(0)t_1^2$$

$$t_1 = \frac{d_A}{c+v}$$

$$\begin{split} t_A &= t_0 + t_1 \\ t_A &= \frac{d_A}{c - v} + \frac{d_A}{c + v} \\ t_A &= d_A \left( \frac{1}{c \left( 1 - \frac{v}{c} \right)} + \frac{1}{c \left( 1 + \frac{v}{c} \right)} \right) \\ t_A &= \frac{d_A}{c} \left( \frac{1}{1 - \frac{v}{c}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{v}{c}} \right) \\ t_A &= \frac{d_A}{c} \left( \frac{1 + \frac{v}{c}}{(1 - \frac{v}{c})(1 + \frac{v}{c})} + \frac{1 - \frac{v}{c}}{(1 + \frac{v}{c})(1 - \frac{v}{c})} \right) \\ t_A &= \frac{2\frac{d_A}{c}}{-(\frac{v}{c})(\frac{v}{c}) + \frac{v}{c} - \frac{v}{c} + 1} \\ t_A &= \frac{2\frac{d_A}{c}}{1 - (\frac{v}{c})^2} \end{split}$$

$$t_A = \frac{2\frac{d}{c}}{1 - (\frac{v}{c})^2}$$

Find  $t_B$ . Subscripts 0, 1 denote the first and second trip (0-indexed).

$$v_{B/r}^2 - v_{r/b}^2 = v_{B/b}^2$$
 
$$v_{B/b} = \sqrt{c^2 - v^2}$$

$$2\Delta x = v_{B/b}t_B + \frac{1}{2}a_B t_B^2$$

$$2d_B = \left(\sqrt{c^2 - v^2}\right)t_B + \frac{1}{2}(0)t_B^2$$

$$t_B = \frac{2d_B}{\sqrt{c^2\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)}}$$

$$t_B = \frac{2d_B}{c\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$$

$$t_B = \frac{2\frac{d_B}{c}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2}}$$

$$t_B = \frac{2\frac{d}{c}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2}}$$

(b) Utilize the negative binomial series  $(x+1)^{-n} = 1 - nx + \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)x^2 - \cdots$  as the prompt states that  $\frac{v}{c} << 1$ .

$$\begin{aligned} t_A - t_B &\approx \frac{v^2 d}{c^3} \\ 2\frac{d}{c} \left(1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2\right)^{-1} - 2\frac{d}{c} \left(1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2\right)^{-1/2} &\approx \frac{v^2 d}{c^3} \\ 2\frac{d}{c} \left(\left(1 + \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2\right) - \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2\right)\right) &\approx \frac{v^2 d}{c^3} \\ \frac{v^2 d}{c^3} &\approx \frac{v^2 d}{c^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_A - t_B \approx \frac{v^2 d}{c^3}$$

#### 3.2 475

(a)

$$v_{p/e} = (8 \operatorname{mih}^{-1} \sin(\theta))\hat{x} + (8 \operatorname{mih}^{-1} \cos(\theta))\hat{y}$$
$$v_{w/e} = (0)\hat{x} + (20 \operatorname{mih}^{-1})\hat{y}$$

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{v_{p/e}}{v_{w/e}}$$

$$\theta = \arcsin\left(\frac{v_{p/e}}{v_{w/e}}\right)$$

$$\theta = \arcsin\left(\frac{8 \min h^{-1}}{20 \min h^{-1}}\right)$$

$$\theta = 23.58^{\circ}$$

$$\theta = 23.58^{\circ}$$

(a)

distance = 
$$D$$
  
 $\frac{dV}{dx} = v_{r/g} \cdot A$   
wetness =  $\frac{dV}{dx}t$ 

wetness = 
$$(v_{r/g} \cdot A)t$$
  
 $t = \frac{\Delta D}{v_{r/g}}$   
wetness =  $(v_{r/g} \cdot A) \left(\frac{D}{v_{r/g}}\right)$   
wetness =  $AD$ 

wetness = 
$$AD$$

In the end, the angle that the rain hits the engineer ends up having no effect whether they are running or walking. More specifically, when the engineer walks, the value of theta is closer to  $90^{\circ}$  meaning the rainfall per distance  $\frac{dV}{dx}$  is of smaller volume. As the engineer runs faster, more rainfall will hit the engineer, though the speed at which they're traveling makes the total volume of rain hit the same (given adequate/perfectly consistent variables).

#### $3.3 ext{ } 477$

$$v_{A/e} = 50 \,\mathrm{mi}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1}$$
  
 $v_{B/e} = 50 \,\mathrm{mi}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1}$   
 $d = 100 \,\mathrm{mi}$   
 $t = 0.5 \,\mathrm{h}$ 

#### (a) Reference

$$(v_{A/e} + v_{B/e})t_n = d - 2v_{A/e} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i$$

$$(50 \,\mathrm{mi}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1} + 50 \,\mathrm{mi}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1})t_n = 100 \,\mathrm{mi} - 2(50 \,\mathrm{mi}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1}) \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i$$

$$(100 \,\mathrm{mi}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1})t_n = 100 \,\mathrm{mi} - 100 \,\mathrm{mi}\,\mathrm{h}^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i$$

$$t_n = 1 - \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i$$

$$t_n - t_{n-1} = -t_{n-1}$$

$$t_n = \frac{1}{1}t_{n-1}$$

## 3.4 670

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\text{adj.}}{v_o}$$

$$\text{adj.} = (v_o)(\cos(\theta))$$

$$\cos(\beta) = \frac{x}{\text{adj.}}$$

$$\cos(\beta) = \frac{x}{(v_o)\cos(\theta)}$$

$$x = (v_o)\cos(\theta)\cos(\beta)$$

$$x = (v_o)\cos(\theta)\cos(\beta)$$

#### 3.5 672

$$\theta = 60^{\circ}$$

$$\phi = 40^{\circ}$$

$$v_o = 200 \,\text{ft s}^{-1}$$

$$a_x = 0$$

$$v_{f_x} = v_{o_x} + a_x t$$
  
 $v_{f_x} = (200 \,\text{ft s}^{-1})\cos(60^\circ) + (0)t$   
 $v_{f_x} = (200 \,\text{ft s}^{-1})\cos(60^\circ)$ 

$$v_{f_y} = v_{o_y} + gt$$
  
 $v_{f_y} = (200 \,\text{ft s}^{-1}) \sin(60^\circ) + (-32.17 \,\text{ft s}^{-2})t$ 

$$\tan(\phi) = \frac{v_{f_y}}{v_{f_x}}$$

$$\tan(40^\circ) = \frac{(200 \,\text{ft s}^{-1}) \sin(60^\circ) + (-32.17 \,\text{ft s}^{-2})t}{(200 \,\text{ft s}^{-1}) \cos(60^\circ)}$$

$$t = 2.78 \,\text{s}$$

$$t = 2.78 \, \mathrm{s}$$

#### (b)

$$\Delta y = v_o t + \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$\Delta y = (200 \,\text{ft s}^{-1})(2.78 \,\text{s}) + \frac{1}{2} (-32.17)(2.78 \,\text{s})^2$$

$$\Delta y = 431.7 \,\text{ft}$$

$$\Delta y = 431.7 \, \mathrm{ft}$$

#### 3.6 676

$$v_{o_x} = v_o \cos(\theta) = v_o \cos(37^\circ)$$
$$v_{o_y} = v_o \sin(\theta) = v_o \sin(37^\circ)$$
$$a_x = 0$$
$$q = -32.17 \text{ ft s}^{-2}$$

$$\Delta y = v_{oy}t + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

$$0 = (v_o \sin(37^\circ))t + \frac{1}{2}(-32.17 \,\text{ft s}^{-2})t^2$$

$$t = \frac{2\sin(37^\circ)}{-32.17 \,\text{ft s}^{-2}}v_o$$

$$\Delta x = v_{o_x} t - \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2$$

$$192 \text{ ft} = (v_o \cos(37^\circ)) \left(\frac{2 \sin(37^\circ)}{-32.17 \text{ ft s}^{-2}} v_o\right) - 0$$

$$v_o = 80.16 \text{ ft s}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta y = v_{o_y}t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$
 
$$-160\,\text{ft} = (80.16\,\text{ft}\,\text{s}^{-1})\sin(37^\circ)t - \frac{1}{2}(32.17\,\text{ft}\,\text{s}^{-1})t^2$$
 
$$t = 4.992\,\text{s}$$

$$\Delta x = v_o \cos(\theta) t - \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2$$

$$\Delta x = (80.16 \,\text{ft s}^{-1}) \cos(37^\circ) (4.992 \,\text{s}) - \frac{1}{2} (0) (4.992 \,)^2$$

$$\Delta x = 319.6 \,\text{ft}$$

$$\Delta x = 319.6 \, \mathrm{ft}$$

#### 3.7 678

$$v_0 = 160 \,\mathrm{ft \, s^{-1}}$$
$$\theta = 53^{\circ}$$
$$\phi = 45^{\circ}$$

(a)

$$v_{o_x} = v_{f_x}$$

$$v_o \cos(53^\circ) = v_f \cos(45^\circ)$$

$$v_f = \frac{(160 \text{ ft s}^{-1}) \cos(53^\circ)}{\cos(45^\circ)}$$

$$v_f = 136.2 \text{ ft s}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{split} v_{f_y} &= v_{o_y} + gt \\ t &= \frac{v_{f_y} - v_{o_y}}{g} \\ t &= \frac{-136.2 \, \mathrm{ft \, s^{-1} \, sin(45^\circ) - (160 \, \mathrm{ft \, s^{-1}}) \, sin(53^\circ)}}{-32.17 \, \mathrm{ft \, s^{-2}}} \\ t &= 6.967 \, \mathrm{s} \end{split}$$

$$t = 6.967 \,\mathrm{s}$$

$$\Delta x = v_{o_x} t + \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2$$

$$\Delta x = (160 \,\text{ft s}^{-1} \cos(53^\circ))(6.967 \,\text{s}) + \frac{1}{2}(0)(6.967 \,\text{s})$$

$$\Delta x = 670.9 \,\text{ft}$$

$$\Delta y = v_{o_y} t + \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$
 
$$\Delta y = (160 \,\mathrm{ft \, s^{-1} \, sin(53^\circ)}) (6.967 \,\mathrm{s}) + \frac{1}{2} (-32.17 \,\mathrm{ft \, s^{-2}}) (6.967 \,\mathrm{s})^2$$
 
$$\Delta y = 109.5 \,\mathrm{ft}$$

(670.9 ft, 109.5 ft)