

Lesson 1

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1 Prerequisite Knowledge

1.1 Units & Dim

$[\dots] = \text{"Units of"}$

$[\text{mass}] = \text{kg}$

$[\text{length}] = \text{m}$

$[\text{time}] = \text{s}$

Physics 1A has 3 unit systems

| Sys | $[L]$ | $[T]$ | $[M]$ |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Mks | m | s | kg |
| CGS | cm | s | g |
| US Customary | ft | s | slug |

$$[v] = \frac{\text{length}}{\text{time}}$$

$$[v]_{\text{CGS}} = \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$$

$$[v]_{\text{MKS}} = \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$[v]_{\text{US}} = \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}$$

$$[F] = [m][a]$$

$$[F] = [m] \frac{[v]}{[T]}$$

$$[F] = [m] \frac{[L]}{[T]^2}$$

$$[F]_{\text{MKS}} = \text{kg} \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = \text{N}$$

$$[F]_{\text{CGS}} = \text{g} \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}^2} = \text{dyne}$$

$$[F]_{\text{US}} = (\text{sl}) \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2} = \text{lb}$$

$$[C] = 1$$

$$[p] = \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$[A] = \text{m}^2$$

$$[v] = \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

1.2 SI Units

| Prefix | Symbol | Power | Amount |
|--------|--------|------------|---------------------------|
| giga | G | 10^9 | 1,000,000,000 |
| mega | M | 10^6 | 1,000,000 |
| kilo | k | 10^3 | 1,000 |
| base | - | 10^0 | 1 |
| centi | c | 10^{-2} | $\frac{1}{100}$ |
| milli | m | 10^{-3} | $\frac{1}{1,000}$ |
| micro | μ | 10^{-6} | $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ |
| nano | n | 10^{-9} | $\frac{1}{1,000,000,000}$ |
| pico | p | 10^{-12} | - |

1.3 Unit Conversion

Given: $mi = 1609m$ $hr = 3600s$

$$\left(\frac{60mi}{1hr}\right)\left(\frac{1609m}{1mi}\right)\left(\frac{1hr}{3600s}\right) = 27m/s$$

Find $9.8 m/s^2$ in mph/s

$$\left(\frac{9.8m}{s^2}\right)\left(\frac{1mi}{1609m}\right)\left(\frac{3,600s}{1hr}\right) = 22mph/s$$

1.4 Notable Derivatives

$$\frac{d(x^n)}{dx} = nx^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{d\left(\frac{1}{x^n}\right)}{dx} = \frac{d(x^{-n})}{dx} = -nx^{-n-1}$$

$$\frac{d(Ae^{kx})}{dx} = Ake^{kx}$$

1.5 Notable Integrals

$$\int (x^n) dx = \frac{1}{n+1} x^{n+1} + C$$

$$\int (x^{-n}) dx = \frac{1}{-n+1} x^{1-n} + C \implies (n \neq 1)$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx = \ln |x| + C$$