## 1 Planetary Constants

## 1.1 Kepler's Laws

Kepler's 1 Law: Planetary orbits are elliptical

Kepler's 2 Law: The radial line between a central object and an object in

## 1.2 Constants

Key Terms

- Aphelion Farthest from sun
- Perihelion Closest approach to sun

Astronomical Symbols

- $\oplus$   $\leftarrow$ earth
- ⊙ ←sun
- $\mathbb{C} \leftarrow \text{moon}$

$$R_{P_{\oplus}} = 147 \times 10^6 \, \mathrm{km}$$
  
 $R_{A_{\oplus}} = 152 \times 10^6 \, \mathrm{km}$   
 $V_{P_{\oplus}} = 30.29 \, \mathrm{km \, s^{-1}}$ 

What is  $V_{A_{\oplus}}$ ?

$$\mathbf{L}_{A} = \mathbf{L}_{P}$$

$$R_{A_{\oplus}} M_{\oplus} V_{A_{\oplus}} = R_{P_{\oplus}} M_{\oplus} V_{P_{\oplus}}$$

$$V_{A_{\oplus}} = \frac{R_{P_{\oplus}}}{R_{A_{\oplus}}} v_{P_{\oplus}} = 29.29 \,\mathrm{km}\,\mathrm{s}^{-1}$$