Week 01 and Week 02 Participation Assignment (1 of 4)

Corey Mostero 24 February 2023

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1 Part 1

Directions: For the following differential equations (given along with the field or problem area in which it arises. FYI), 1) classify each as ordinary differential equation (ODE) or a partial differential equation (PDE); 2) give the order; 3) indicate the independent and dependent variables. 4) If the equation is an ordinary differential equation, indicate whether the equation is linear or nonlinear. (No calculation required)

$$1.1 \qquad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 2x\frac{dx}{dt} + 2y = 0$$

- 1. ODE
- 2. Second-order equation
- 3. Independent Variable(s): tDependent Variable(s): x
- 4. Linear

1.2
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y(2-3x)}{x(1-3y)}$$

- 1. ODE
- 2. First-order equation
- 3. Independent Variable(s): xDependent Variable(s): y
- 4. Nonlinear

1.3
$$\frac{\partial N}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 N}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial N}{\partial r} + kN$$
, where k is a constant

- 1. PDE
- 2. Second-order equation

- 3. Independent Variable(s): t, r Dependent Variable(s): N
- 4. -
- 1.4 $\frac{dx}{dt} = k(4-x)(1-x)$, where k is a constant
 - 1. ODE
 - 2. First-order equation
 - 3. Independent Variable(s): tDependent Variable(s): x
 - 4. Nonlinear

1.5
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

- 1. PDF
- 2. Second-order equation
- 3. Independent Variable(s): x, y, zDependent Variable(s): u
- 4. -

1.6
$$8\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} = x(1-x)$$

- 1. ODE
- 2. Fourth-order equation
- 3. Independent Variable(s): xDependent Variable(s): y
- 4. Linear

$$8\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} = x(1-x)$$

$$\left(\frac{8d^4}{dx^4}\right)y = -x^2 + x$$

which is in the form Ly = f : linear